Documentation of the Bundesbank Consumer Expectations Survey

Wave 1

Deutsche Bundesbank Research Centre

Version: 1.1 (28.01.2020)

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Several internal and external researchers contributed questions to the Bundesbank Consumer Expectations Survey. This version of the questionnaire includes core questions of the BBk survey team as well as questions submitted by internal and external researchers.

Notes

1. General coding:

For all questions, the following codes apply.

-9999	Dropout: The respondent did not answer the question due to dropout
-9998	No answer: The respondent clicked on "keine Angabe" instead of answering the question
-9997	Don't know: The respondent clicked on "weiß nicht" instead of answering the question
-6666	Does not apply: The question or response option was not shown to the respondent due to
-0000	filters or prior item-nonresponse
-5555	Recoded by BBk: A coding or data error that was recorded by the Bundesbank

2. Legend for question header:

Each question header includes information on the name of the question, whether it was part of the core questionnaire ("CORE") or was specifically included for a research project ("PRO"), the broad topic and the variable name(s).

Legend	Question name	Question source	Topic	Variable name
Example 1	001	CORE	Current policy issue	currsit
Example 2	101	Pro	Risks owning/renting	rentorbuy_[a-i, _other]

3. Question filtering and coding:

Coding details, filters and conditional redirects are highlighted by Courier. If questions are posed to all respondents, this is not explicitly stated. For filtered questions, the filter at the top and refers to the question name, e.g.:

003B	CORE	Intention to buy property	intbuyprop_owner
Input fil	ter: 002 = 2 3	4	

4. Variable names

Variable names are indicated in the top right corner. In case the question has multiple items, the items are indicated by underscores and a letter. Enumeration letters correspond to variable names. The coding of the variables is numeric and indicates the scale.

004	CORE	Expectations qualitative	expmacroquali_[a-f]	
After the term "inflation rate", an info box (i) with the following definition is				
shown	shown: "Inflation is the percentage increase of the general price level. It is			
mostly	mostly measured using the consumer price index."			
Order	Order of items a-f is generated randomly for each respondent.			

Now we would like to ask you about your assessment of general economic developments in Germany over the next twelve months.

QUESTION: What developments do you expect in the following areas over the next twelve months? Will ...

- 1 = decrease significantly
- 2 = decrease slightly
- 3 = stay roughly the same
- 4 = increase slightly
- 5 = increase significantly

For more information, please click on the (i) button.

- a the unemployment rate in Germany
- b rents in your area
- c lending rates
- d interest rates on savings accounts
- e the inflation rate (i)
- f property prices in your area

Structure of the questionnaires and the dataset

Variable name	Topic	Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3	Origin
currsit_text	Current policy issue	001	001	001	Core
currtop[1,2,3]	Wave specific policy issue	100	200	300	Core
homeown	Home ownership	002	002	002	Core
intbuypro_renters	Intention to buy property	003A	003A	003A	Core
intbuypro_owners	Intention to buy property	003B	003B	003B	Core
rentorbuy_[a-i, other]	Risk owning vs. renting	101			Pro 03
reasonnobuy_[a-l]	Reason for not buying property		201A		Core
reasonnobuy_[a-l]	Reason for not buying property		201B		Core
lastrelocation	Moving house			301	Pro 08
devhp	House price development			302	Pro 08
expmacroquali_[a-f]	Expectations qualitative	004	004	004	Core
infexp_others	Inflation expectations others	102			Pro 12
hpperc	Perception current house prices	103	205A		Pro 03
hpexp12m	Perception future house prices	104			Pro 03
hpexp5y	Perception future house prices	104			Pro 03
hpexpprob12m_[a-e]	House price expectations probabilistic	105			Pro 03
hpexpprob5y_[a-e]	House price expectations probabilistic	106			Pro 03
rentperc	Expectations rent	107			Pro 03
rentexp12m	Expectations rent	107			Pro 03
rentexp5y	Expectations rent	107			Pro 03
exphp_point	House price expectations quantitative		202	303	Core
exphp_probtrend_[a-c]	House price expectations probabilistic		203	304	Core
exphp_prob_[a-j]	House price expectations probabilistic		204A	305A	Core
exphp_prob_[a-j]	House price expectations probabilistic		204B	305B	Core
exphp_prob_[a-j]	House price expectations probabilistic		204C	305C	Core
hphighlow	House price perception		205B		Core
source_hp[a-g]	House price information source			306	Pro 23
devinfpoint	Inflation development			307	Core
infdef	Inflation expectations qualitative	005A	005A	005A	Core
inflexppoint	Inflation expectations quantitative	005B	005B	005B	Core
infexpprobrange	Inflation expectations interval	108A			Pro 13
infexprob	Inflation expectations interval	108B1			Pro 13
infexprange_[1-2]	Inflation expectations interval	108B2			Pro 13
infexphighlow	Inflation perception high/low	109			Pro 02
prefhigherinf	Preference higher inflation	110A			Pro 02
preflowerinf	Preference lower inflation	110B			Pro 02
infexprob_[a-j]	Inflation expectations probabilistic		207	308	Core
infexp_[min/max]	Inflation expectations min/max		208	309	Pro 09
infexp_abovemean	Inflation expectations		209	310	Pro 09
expint_sav	Interest rate expectations		210		Core
expint_mort	Interest rate expectations		211		Core
expint_highlow	Interest rate expectations		212		Pro 02A
expint_low	Interest rate expectations		213A		Pro 02A
expint_high	Interest rate expectations		213B		Pro 02A

Variable name	Topic	Wave 1	Wave 2	Wave 3	Origin
infexchange1	New Fisherian experiment			311A	Pro 08,17
infexchange1	New Fisherian experiment			311B	Pro 08, 17
infexchange2	New Fisherian experiment			312A	Pro 08
infexchange2	New Fisherian experiment			312B	Pro 08
infexchange3	New Fisherian experiment			313A	Pro 08
infexchange3	New Fisherian experiment			313B	Pro 08
source_mpecb_[a-e]	Information sources monetary policy			314	Pro 17
spendintent_[a-i]	Planned expenditure	006	006	006	Core
spentlastmon_[a-i]	Past expenditure	007	007	007	Core
uncertain_[a-f]	Uncertainty of expectations	008	800	800	Pro 14B
qinterest	Feedback questions	009	009	009	Core
qeasy	Feedback questions	009	009	009	Core
qlong	Feedback questions	009	009	009	Core
feedbackopen	Open feedback question	010	010	010	Core
feedbackquant	Feedback on quantitative question	111			Core
feedbackprob	Feedback on probabilistic question	112			Core
feedbackhelp_[a-b]	Feedback on aids used	011	011	011	Core
eastwest1989	Residence in 1989	Х	Х	Х	Core
employ	employment status	Χ	X	X	Forsa
statusnoemploy	Status not working	Χ	X	X	Forsa
eduschool	Education	Χ	X	X	Forsa
eduwork	Professional education		X	X	Forsa
profession	Profession	Χ	X	X	Forsa
hhsize	Household size	Χ	X	X	Forsa
hhchildnum	Household children	Χ	X	X	Forsa
hhinc	Household income	Χ	X	X	Forsa
gender	Gender of respondent	Χ	X	X	Forsa
age	Age of respondent	X	X	Х	Forsa
weights	Sampling weights	X	X	Х	Forsa
citysize	Size of town	X	X	Х	Forsa
bik	Regional classification	Х	X	Х	Forsa
region	Region	Х	X	X	Forsa

000	CORE	OPENING 1

Welcome to a new survey in forsa.omninet.

Important information concerning the study

- To navigate through the survey, please only use the "continue" button at the bottom of the screen. Please do <u>not</u> use the buttons in your browser or the back button on your phone or tablet.
- To ensure that the individual questions are displayed correctly, use an up-to-date browser such as Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox (version 12 or later), Apple Safari (version 6 or later), Opera (version 20 or later) or Microsoft Edge. Using older browsers, particularly Internet Explorer 8 and earlier, can result in limitations in the design and ease of use.

If you have any questions or problems, or comments on the content, operability or look of the survey, you can contact the forsa.omninet Support Team Monday to Friday from 09:00 to 18:00 on the free telephone number: 0800 3677 201 or by email: omninet@forsa.de.

000 CORE OPENING 2

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey that we are conducting on behalf of the Deutsche Bundesbank.

It will take roughly 20 minutes to complete. We would like to ask you about your expectations regarding economic developments. There is no right or wrong answer for most of the questions – we are interested in your views and opinions. Your answers will be treated in a confidential manner. It helps us a great deal if you answer the questions as carefully as possible.

If you are unable or do not want to answer a question, simply click CONTINUE until the next question appears.

000 CORE OPENING 3

We assure you that the data we collect will only be used in anonymised form to assist the Deutsche Bundesbank in its tasks, including in its role as part of the European System of Central Banks. This includes, for example, use of the data for monetary policy and financial stability purposes, including research.

Likewise, the data will only be shared in anonymised form and on a project-by-project basis with research bodies for non-commercial research purposes. The data we collect are stored, processed and shared in such a way as to prevent them being linked to you personally. The data are therefore anonymous. By participating in this survey, you give your consent for your data to be stored, processed and shared for the purposes stated above.

You will find more information, details of contact persons for technical issues and selected results of the survey on the Bundesbank's website: https://www.bundesbank.de/en/bundesbank/research/pilot-survey-on-consumer-expectations/bundesbank-online-pilot-survey-on-consumer-expectations-794568

001	CORE	Current policy issue	currsit_text
Maniahla	is not included i	n the esigntific use file	

Variable is not included in the scientific use file.

To begin with, we would like to ask you a few questions on current economic policy issues.

QUESTION: Have any recent media reports on issues and developments related to the economy caught your eye in particular? Which were the most important topics in your opinion?

Please type your answer in the text field.

[Input field]

100 CORE Current policy issue: Brexit currtop1	
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QUESTION: If you consider the United Kingdom's exit from the European Union (Brexit), do you think that the economic situation in the European Union without the United Kingdom is likely to...

- 1 = significantly deteriorate
- 2 = deteriorate somewhat
- 3 = remain the same on the whole
- 4 = improve somewhat

-9997 | -9998

5 = significantly improve

002	CORE	Home ownership	homeown			
Now we would like to ask you about your expectations regarding the property market. We will start with your personal living arrangements.						
QUESTION	QUESTION: Does your household live in a rented property or do you own an apartment or house?					
1 = rent and c	1 = rent and do not own any other home(s) go to 003A					
2 = rent but o	wn other home(s)		go to 003A			
3 = live in own apartment go to 003B						
4 = live in ow	n house		go to 003B			

003A	CORE	Intention to buy property	intbuyprop_renter		
Input filter: 002 = 1 2					
QUESTION: Do you intend to buy or build property in Germany in the next 10 years? By this we					
QUESTION	: Do you intend to bu	ly or build property in Germany in t	the next 10 years? By this we		

go to 101

1 = yes

2 = no

003B	CORE	Intention to buy property	intbuyprop_owner
Input filt	ter: 002 = 2 3	4	

QUESTION: Do you intend to buy or build at least one more property in Germany in the next 10 years? By this we mean only property which your household plans to <u>rent out</u>.

1 = yes

2 = no

101	PRO 03	Risk owning vs. renting	rentorbuy_[a-i, _other]
Category	rentorbuy other is	s not included in the scienti	fic use file.

Now please think about the decision to rent or to live in your own property. What are the most important aspects to consider in this decision? Please examine the following list and award points from 1 to 10 for the importance of each aspect.

The following aspects play an important/insignificant role in my view:

1 = not at all important

10 = very important

Please select an answer for each row.

- a Expectations regarding future developments of property prices
- b Expectations regarding future rent developments
- c Uncertainty about the resale value of a property
- d Uncertainty about future rent developments
- e The costs of financing your own property
- f The risk of no longer being able to repay the loan for your own property
- g Uncertainty about roll-over financing for a housing loan
- h The share of income that would have to be spent monthly on a housing loan
- i The amount of available capital in relation to the purchase price of a property

Are there any other aspects that you consider important in your decision to rent or to live in your own property?

The question on additional reasons [_other] for owning or renting is shown on the next screen and recorded as a string variable.

Please enter your answer in the text field.

[Input field]

004	CORE	Expectations qualitative	•	expmacroquali_[a-f]
7 C+ +1	L W ! C] !		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- C-11

After the term "inflation rate", an info box (i) with the following definition is shown: "Inflation is the percentage increase of the general price level. It is mostly measured using the consumer price index."

Order of items a-f is generated randomly for each respondent.

Now we would like to ask you about your assessment of general economic developments in Germany over the next twelve months.

QUESTION: What developments do you expect in the following areas over the next twelve months? Will ...

- 1 = decrease significantly
- 2 = decrease slightly
- 3 = stay roughly the same
- 4 = increase slightly
- 5 = increase significantly

For more information, please click on the (i) button.

- a the unemployment rate in Germany
- b rents in your area
- c lending rates
- d interest rates on savings accounts
- e the inflation rate (i)
- f property prices in your area

102 PRO 12 Inflation expectations others infexp_others	
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QUESTION: In your opinion, how <u>do other households</u> in Germany think the inflation rate will change over the next twelve months? Over the next twelve months, most households in Germany expect the inflation rate to ...

- 1 = decrease significantly
- 2 = decrease slightly
- 3 = stay roughly the same
- 4 = increase slightly

5 = increase significantly

103	PRO 3	Perception current house prices	hpperc	
QUESTION: How much do you think a typical property (house/apartment) currently costs in your				
area?				
Please enter the price in the input field.				
Range of valid values: 10 000 - 5 000 000				
[Input field] Euro go to 104				
[-9997	-9998]		go to 107	

PRO 3 Perception future house prices hpexp12m, hpexp5y

QUESTION: You have just estimated the current price of a typical property at around € [Value of 103]. Now please consider the future value of a property like this. How much do you think a property like this would cost.

Please enter a price in every field.

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Range of valid values: 10 000 - 5 000 000
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in a year's time (May 2020)

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[Input field] Euro
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in five years' time (May 2024)

[Input field] Euro

105 PRO 03 Expectations house prices probabilistic hpexpprob12m_[a-e] The programming of the question requires the sum of the five variables to be 100.

The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum is unequal to 100.

QUESTION: You have just estimated the current price of a typical property at around [Value of 103] Euro. How likely do you think it is that in a year's time (in May 2020), a property like this will cost the following:

Note: Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is in future that property prices will lie within the specific ranges given below. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100, with 0 meaning completely unlikely and 100 meaning certain. With the values in between you can graduate your rating. Please note that your answers to all five boxes have to add up to 100.

- a less than [Value of 103 * 0.95] Euro
- b from [Value of 103 * 0.95] Euro to less than [Value of 103] Euro
- c from [Value of 103] Euro to less than [Value of 103 * 1.05] Euro
- d from [Value of 103 * 1.05] Euro to less than [Value of 103 * 1.10] Euro
- e [Value of 103 * 1.10] Euro or more

106 PRO 03 Expectations house prices probabilistic hpexpprob5y [a-e]

The programming of the question requires the sum of the five variables to be 100. The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum is unequal to 100.

QUESTION: And how likely do you think it is that in five years' time (in May 2024), a property like this will cost the following:

Note: Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is in future that property prices will lie within the specific ranges given below. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100, with 0 meaning completely unlikely and 100 meaning certain. With the values in between you can graduate your rating. Please note that your answers to all five boxes have to add up to 100.

- a less than [Value of 103 * 0.90] Euro
- b from [Value of 103 * 0.90] Euro to less than [Value of 103] Euro
- c from [Value of 103] Euro to less than [Value of 103 * 1.20] Euro
- d from [Value of 103 * 1.20] Euro to less than [Value of 103 * 1.40] Euro
- e [Value of 103 * 1.40] Euro or more

107	PRO 3	Expectat	tions rent	rentperc, rentexp12m, rentexp5y
Variable	rentperc was	op-coded at	a value of 10 000.	

QUESTION: Assuming the typical property considered earlier was available to rent in your area, how high do you think the rent would be?

Note: This refers to the rent excluding bills that a new tenant would have to pay when moving into a property like this.

Range of valid values: 100 - 100 000

Today

[Input field] Euro per month

in a year's time (May 2020)?

[Input field] Euro per month

in five years' time (May 2024)?

[Input field] Euro per month

THE INFLATION RATE	
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Now we would like you to think more carefully about the inflation rate.

The inflation rate

Inflation is the percentage increase of the general price level. It is mostly measured using the consumer price index. A drop in the price level is commonly described as "deflation".

005A CORE Inflation expectations qualitative Inflation	005A	CORE	Inflation expectations qualitative	infdef
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QUESTION: Over the next twelve months, do you expect there to be inflation or deflation?

Note: Inflation is the percentage increase of the general price level. It is mostly measured using the consumer price index. A drop in the price level is commonly described as "deflation".

1 = Inflation

2 = Deflation

005B	CORE	Inflation expectations quantitative	inflexppoint
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Both the inflation and deflation rate are entered and stored as a positive value. The value of 005A indicates whether the respondent's input describes an inflation or deflation rate.

If $005A = 1 \mid -9997 \mid -9998$

QUESTION: Roughly what do you expect the rate of inflation to be over the next twelve months?

If 005A = 2

QUESTION: Roughly what do you expect the rate of deflation to be over the next twelve months?}

Inflation is the percentage increase of the general price level. It is mostly measured using the consumer price index. A drop in the price level is commonly described as "deflation".

Please enter a value in the input field (values may have one decimal place).

[Input field] percent

The current rate of inflation reported by the Federal Statistical Office for Germany is 2%.

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that inflation will increase over the next twelve months? You can either enter a probability (__ %) or a probability interval (between __ % and __ %).

I would prefer to ...

 1 = enter a probability (__%)
 go to 108B1

 2 = enter a probability interval (between __% and __%)
 go to 108B2

 -9997 | -9998
 go to 109

108B1	PRO 13	Inflation expectations interval	infexprob
Input filt	ter: 108A = 1		

The current rate of inflation reported by the Federal Statistical Office for Germany is 2%.

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that inflation will increase over the next twelve months?

The probability is

Note: Please enter a number from 0-100.

[Input field] percent

108B2	PRO 13	Inflation expectations interval	infexprange[_1, _2]
Input filter: 108A = 2			

The current rate of inflation reported by the Federal Statistical Office for Germany is 2%.

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that inflation will increase over the next twelve months?

The probability is between ...

[Input field: infexprange_1] and [Input field: infexprange_2] percent

109	PRO 02	Inflation perception high/low	infexphighlow			
QUESTION: In your opinion, is the rate of inflation you expect for the next twelve months appropri-						
ate or would it be better if the rate of inflation were higher or lower in twelve months' time?						
1 = A higher rate of inflation than I expect would be better go to 110						
2 = Overall, th	ne rate of inflation is appr	opriate	go to 006			
3 = A lower rate of inflation than I expect would be better						
-9997 -	9998		go to 006			

110A	PRO 02	Preference higher inflation	prefhigherinf
Input filter: 109 = 1			

QUESTION: Why would a higher rate of inflation be better? What is the main argument in favour of this?

- 1 = Because it would help the economy to invest more and to grow more quickly
- 2 = Because this would result in households being able to pay off their debt more quickly
- 3 = Because it would ensure the European Central Bank's inflation target of below, but close to, 2% is reached

110B	PRO 02	Preference lower inflation	preflowerinf			
Input fil	Input filter: 109 = 2					

QUESTION: Why would a lower rate of inflation be better? What is the main argument in favour of this?

- 1 = Because the prices of goods and services would increase less sharply
- 2 = Because, in my opinion, the Bundesbank and the European Central Bank are not focusing enough attention on the inflation rate
- 3 = Because inflation is in general bad for the economy

006	CORE	Planned expenditure	spendintent_[a-i]
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Here you can see some examples of usual expenditures.

QUESTION: Please indicate if you are likely to spend more or less on the following items <u>over the</u> coming twelve months than in the last year. What about ...

- 1 = plan to spend more
- 2 = plan to spend roughly the same
- 3 = plan to spend less

Please select an answer for each row.

- a major purchases (e.g. car, furniture, electrical devices, etc.)
- b daily essentials (e.g. food and beverages, non-food items such as cleaning products or similar)
- c clothing and footwear
- d entertainment/recreation (e.g. restaurant visits, cultural events, gym)
- e mobility (e.g. fuel, car loans and running costs, bus and train tickets)
- f services (e.g. hairdresser, childcare, medical costs)
- g travel, holidays
- h housing costs (e.g. rent, mortgage, ancillary costs)
- i savings

007	CORE	Past expenditure	spentlastmon_[a-i]

Variables spentlastmon h and spentlastmon i were top-coded at a value of 100 000.

QUESTION: If you think back to <u>last month</u>: roughly how many euros did you spend on the following items last month?

- a major purchases (e.g. car, furniture, electrical devices, etc.)
- b daily essentials (e.g. food and beverages, non-food items such as cleaning products or similar)
- c clothing and footwear
- d entertainment/recreation (e.g. restaurant visits, cultural events, gym)
- e mobility (e.g. fuel, car loans and running costs, bus and train tickets)
- f services (e.g. hairdresser, childcare, medical costs)
- g travel, holidays
- h housing costs (e.g. rent, mortgage, ancillary costs)
- i savings

O08 PRO 14B Uncertainty of expectations uncertain_[a-f]

Order of the six items a-f is generated randomly for each respondent.

Now, another question regarding your assessment of economic developments in Germany in the broader sense. This question concerns how confident you feel about making an estimate for individual developments.

QUESTION: How confident are you when estimating ...

- 1 = very uncertain
- 2 = rather uncertain
- 3 = neither particularly certain nor particularly uncertain
- 4 = rather certain
- 5 = very certain

Please select an answer for each row.

- a the unemployment rate in twelve months' time
- b real gross domestic product growth over the next twelve months
- c stock price developments over the next twelve months
- d inflation over the next twelve months
- e the interest rate level (overnight money) in twelve months' time
- f property price developments over the next twelve months

009 CORE Feedback questions qinterest, qeasy, qlong

Now please answer a few questions regarding your assessment of the survey.

QUESTION: How interesting did you find the survey overall?

- 1 = very interesting
- 2 = interesting
- 3 = partly interesting / partly uninteresting
- 4 = not so interesting
- 5 = not interesting at all

QUESTION: How easy or difficult was it to answer the questions?

- 1 = very difficult
- 2 = rather difficult
- 3 = partly difficult / partly easy
- 4 = rather easy
- 5 = very easy

QUESTION: How did you find the length of the survey?

- 1 = far too long
- 2 = a little too long
- 3 = just right
- 4 = a little too short
- 5 = far too short

010	CORE	Open feedback question	feedbackopen

Variable is not included in the scientific use file.

QUESTION: Did you have problems answering any of the questions? If yes: which questions or topics?

Please type your answer in the text field.

[Input field]

111	CORE	Feedback on quantitative questions	feedbackquant				
QUESTION: How easy or difficult was it to express your expectations in exact figures?							
1 = very difficult							
2 = rather difficult							
3 = rather easy							

112	CORE	Feedback on point estimate questions	feedbackprob
		lice in the second seco	

QUESTION: How easy or difficult was it to express your expectations by distributing points across multiple categories?

1 = very difficult

4 = very easy

- 2 = rather difficult
- 3 = rather easy
- 4 = very easy

011	CORE	Feedback on aids used	feedbackhelp_[a-b]
The input	field for feedba	ckhelp_b is activated if feed	backhelp_a=1. Variable
feedbackh	elp_b is not incl	uded in the scientific use fi	le.

QUESTION: Did you use any devices or other aids to answer the questions and, if so, which ones?

- 1 = yes, [Input field]
- 2 = no

eastwest1989	CORE	RESIDENCE IN 1989	eastwest1989
<pre>Input filter: age > 28</pre>			

QUESTION: Which part of Germany were you living in shortly before the fall of the Berlin Wall on 9 November 1989?

- 1 = in eastern Germany, the former GDR
- 2 = in western Germany, in the Federal Republic of Germany
- 3 = I moved to Germany after 1989

employ	FORSA	EMPLOYMENT STATUS	employ				
QUESTION	QUESTION: Are you currently employed? Employment refers to all paid activities, or activities for						
which you i	receive an income, re	egardless of the number of working	hours. Are you				
1 = in full-time	e employment		go to eduschool				
2 = in part-tim	ne employment		go to statusnoemploy				
3 = in a partia	l retirement scheme		go to eduschool				
4 = in minor e	mployment, in a "mini Jo	b"	go to statusnoemploy				
5 = in a "one-	euro job" (when claiming	unemployment benefit II)	go to eduschool				
6 = in casual c	or irregular employment		go to eduschool				
7 = in vocation	nal training		go to statusnoemploy				
8 = currently i	re-training		go to statusnoemploy				
9 = undertakii	ng national service / fede	ral volunteer service / doing a voluntary yea	ar go to eduschool				
10 = unemplo	yed		go to statusnoemploy				

statusnoemploy	FORSA	STATUS IF NOT EMPLOYED	statusnoemploy			
Input filter: em	Input filter: employ = 2 4 6 8 10					
QUESTION: Which	QUESTION: Which of the following groups would you assign yourself to?					
1 = Pupil at a school of	general educati	on				
2 = Student						
3 = Pensioner, retired c	ivil servant, in e	arly retirement				
4 = Seeking work						
5 = On maternity leave,	5 = On maternity leave, parental leave or other period of leave					
6 = Homemaker						
7 = Not in work for another reason						
8 = None of the above a	8 = None of the above apply (e.g. if part time)					

eduschool	FORSA	EDUCATION SCHOOL	eduschool				
QUESTION: Wh	QUESTION: What is your highest level of educational attainment?						
1 = No school-leavi	ng certificate						
2 = Secondary scho	ol-leaving certificate	e					
3 = Intermediate se	condary school cert	ificate					
4 = Polytechnical se	condary school cert	tificate (8th/10th grade)					
5 = University of ap	5 = University of applied sciences entrance diploma / completed technical school						
6 = Senior school-leaving certificate/ general or subject-specific university entrance diploma							
7 = College / university degree							
8 = Other school-lea	aving certificate						

profession	FORSA	PRC	FESSION		profess	ior	1		
Input filter	: employ = 1	2	(employ!=10	& statusnoem	ploy=5)		(employ!=10	&	sta-

QUESTION: Which employment status currently applies to you?

- 1 = Farmer or cooperative farmer
- 2 = Freelancer

tusnoemploy=8)

- 3 = Self-employed (trade, craft trade, industry, service)
- 4 = Civil servant, judge, career soldier
- 5 = White collar worker
- 6 = Blue collar worker
- 7= Contributing family worker
- 8 = Other

hhsize	FORSA	HOUSEHOLD SIZE	hhsize
Variable v	was top-coded at	a value of 6.	

QUESTION: How many persons live permanently in your household, including yourself? Please also consider all children living in your household.

[Input field]

hhchildnum	FORSA	HOUSEHOLD CHILDREN	hhchildnum
If hhchildnum	> hhsize, bo	th hhsize and hhchildnum are	asked again. Variable was
top-coded at	a value of 3.		

QUESTION: And how many children under 18 live in your household?

[Input field]

hhinc FORSA H	OUSEHOLD INCOME	hhinc
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QUESTION: How high is the total monthly net income of your household?

This refers to the total amount, comprising wages, salaries, income from self-employment and pensions, in each case after deducting tax and social security contributions.

In this amount, please include any income received through public aid, earnings from rental or leasing, housing allowance, child benefits and any other sources of income.

- 1 = Under 500 Euro
- 2 = 500 Euro to less than 1,000 Euro
- 3 = 1,000 Euro to less than 1,500 Euro
- 4 = 1,500 Euro to less than 2,000 Euro
- 5 = 2,000 Euro to less than 2,500 Euro
- 6 = 2,500 Euro to less than 3,000 Euro
- 7 = 3,000 Euro to less than 3,500 Euro
- 8 = 3,500 Euro to less than 4,000 Euro
- 9 = 4,000 Euro to less than 4,500 Euro
- 10 = 4,500 Euro or more

	FORSA	Automatically recorded		
Information that is included by forsa.				
Description	Variable name			
Age of respond	age			
Gender of respo	Gender of respondent			
1 = male				
2 = female				
Sampling weigh	nts		weights	
Day of interviev	N		day	
Month of interv	view		month	
Survey wave			wave	
Region			region	
1 (north) =Nied	lersachsen, Schlesw	ig-Holstein, Hamburg, Bremen		
2 (west) = Nord	2 (west) = Nordrhein-Westfalen, Rheinland-Pfalz, Saarland			
3 (south) = Bay	3 (south) = Bayern, Baden-Württemberg, Hessen			
4 (east) = Meck	4 (east) = Mecklenburg-Vorpommern, Sachsen-Anhalt, Brandenburg, Berlin, Thüringen, Sachsen			
Size of town where respondent lives			citysize	
1 = < 5 000				
3 = 5 000 - 20	000			
4 = 20 000 - 10	4 = 20 000 - 100 000			
6 = 100 000 - 5	6 = 100 000 - 500 000			
7 = > 500000	7 = > 500000			
Regional classif	Regional classification according to bik			
1 = < 50 000	1 = < 50 000			
5 = 50 000 - 50	5 = 50 000 - 500 000 type 2/3/4			
6 = 50 000 - 50	6 = 50 000 - 500 000 type 1			
9 = > 500 000 t	9 = > 500 000 type 2/3/4			
10 = >500 000	10 = >500 000 type 1			