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Commentaries

Economic conditions

Manufacturing

According to the data available so far, seasonally adjusted demand for German manufacturing products and services recovered somewhat in April following a weak performance in March. Some major orders from abroad contributed to this. If March and April are taken together to offset random fluctuations, there was a rise of just over ½ % compared with the preceding two-month period – which had likewise benefited from some large orders. The slight upward trend witnessed since the beginning of the year has thus continued. However, the volume of orders was still around 3 % lower than the average of March and April 1998.

> Domestic orders

Orders received

There was scarcely any rise in domestic orders on an average of March and April in seasonally adjusted terms. Only the manufacturers of intermediate goods recorded significant rises, whereas the inflow of orders in the capital goods and consumer goods sectors was weaker than in the two-month period at the start of the year. Compared with the level twelve months previously, there was a decline of just over 3 %.

Foreign orders

The volume of orders from abroad in March and April, seasonally adjusted, rose by just over 1% compared with January and February, whereas it was 2³/₄% lower than the volume of orders twelve months previously. As with domestic orders, demand for capital goods was comparatively weak; here, too, the focus was on intermediate goods.

Economic conditions in Germany *

Seasonally adjusted

Seasonally ac	ajusted			
	New orde	rs (volume)	; 1995 = 10	0
	Manufact	uring 1		
		of which		Con-
Period	Total	Domestic	Foreign	struction
1998 3rd qtr 4th qtr	110.4 106.5	103.5 99.2	122.6 119.7	89.5 85.1
1999 1st qtr	107.1	99.7	120.4	87.9
Feb. March	107.2 106.4	98.9 99.2	122.1 119.3	89.4 85.7
April	109.9	101.4	125.4	91.4
	Output; 1	995 = 100		
	Manufact	uring		
		of which		
	Total	Inter- mediate goods industry 2	Capital goods industry	Con- struction
1998 3rd qtr 4th qtr	110.7 108.7	111.9 108.6	114.5 113.8	87.0 84.3
1999 1st qtr	108.1	109.4	110.0	87.5
Feb. March	107.1 107.2	108.1 108.6	108.9 107.9	83.2 85.1
April	108.2	109.2	111.5	85.2
	Labour ma	arket		2- Hule de Francisco de Constantino de Constantino de Constantino de Constantino de Constantino de Constantino
	Em- ployed 3	Vacancies	Un- employed	Un- employ- ment
	Number ir	thousands	;	rate in % 4
1998 3rd qtr 4th qtr	34,019 34,061	446 435	4,210 4,132	10.9 10.7
1999 1st qtr		432	4,092	10.6
March		451	4,079	10.6
April May		457 455	4,090 4,101	10.6 10.5
	Prices; 199	Lucional company of the		
	Import prices	Producer prices of industrial prod- ucts ⁵	Overall construc- tion price level 6	Con- sumer price index 7
1998 3rd qtr 4th qtr	100.0 97.9	99.5 98.6	98.9 98.8	104.5 104.5
1999 1st qtr	97.1	97.8	98.7	104.2
March	97.7	97.8		104.3
April	98.5	98.3		104.7
May				104.7

* Data in many cases provisional. -1 Excluding the food and drink industry, and tobacco products. -2 Excluding energy supply and excluding mining and quarrying. -3 Work-place concept. -4 In terms of the total civilian labour force. Calculated from May 1999 on the basis of revised labour force data. -5 Domestic sales. -6 Calculated by the Bundesbank. Mid-quarter level. -7 All households.

Deutsche Bundesbank

According to initial data supplied by the *Output* Federal Statistical Office, seasonally adjusted manufacturing output in April was no higher than on an average of the first three months of 1999. This signified a year-on-year decline of just over 1%, after a fall that had amounted to 1.5% in the first quarter.

Construction

In seasonally adjusted terms and at constant Orders received prices, there was a sharp increase in demand for construction work in April; in this, a number of major contracts from the public sector in eastern Germany played a significant role. In addition, more orders for residential buildings were being placed again. Taking March and April together - which is advisable to smooth out fluctuations due to the awarding of major contracts - the volume of orders was almost just as high as it had been in the months of January and February, which had benefited from the mild winter weather. Demand was no higher than in the comparable period last year.

According to initial data, seasonally adjusted *Output* construction output in April was at a similarly high level as in March. However, it was distinctly down on the level of the first quarter, which had benefited from the extremely favourable weather conditions. Compared with the figure twelve months previously, output only fell by less than 1%; in the first quarter the decline had been 2 ½ %.

Labour market

The labour market did not show any further Unemployment improvement in May either. The seasonally adjusted number of unemployed registered at the Federal Labour Office at the end of the month had risen to 4.10 million, which was still 200,000 persons fewer than a year before. The fact that the seasonally adjusted unemployment rate at the end of May (10.5%) was lower than at the end of April (10.6%) is due solely to a change in the statistics. Owing to a now higher number of wage and salary earners, the Federal Labour Office, in making its annual adjustment, raised the labour force figure in the denominator of the unemployment rate by just under 500,000 between April and May.

Labour market policy measures Altogether around 830,000 persons were participating in job-creation schemes or attending training courses at the end of May. Although this number was somewhat lower than at the end of April, it was just over 145,000 higher than the previous year's level.

Employment There is no current information on employment as no new base data are available for the group of wage and salary earners on account of the lack of figures on employees liable to social security contributions.

Prices

Consumer prices In seasonally adjusted terms, consumer price inflation came to a standstill in May, after consumer prices had risen sharply in April as a result of the increase in energy taxes. The year-on-year rate of price increases shrank to 0.4 % in May, compared with 0.7 % in April. This was due to a base effect in connection with the rise in VAT as of April 1, 1998. This was not fully translated into prices until May 1998, which means that it is only now that this spike ceases to have an effect on the year-on-year rate.

The upward trend in prices on the international commodity markets in March and April, which was mainly concentrated on the crude oil sector, flattened out perceptibly in May. The increase in raw material prices and the depreciation of the euro also had an effect on import prices in spring. Calculated on the new statistical base of 1995 = 100. import prices in April rose by a seasonally adjusted 0.8% compared with March. In a year-on-year comparison, however, this was still a fall of 3.9%. In the wake of rising import prices and higher energy taxes, there was also a sharp seasonally adjusted rise in industrial selling prices in April; 12 months previously the producer prices of German industry were still 1.7 % lower overall.

Public finance

Federal cash trends

In May the Federal Government's cash deficit amounted to just over $\in 2\frac{1}{2}$ billion, i.e. almost DM 5¹/₂ billion. Thus the Federal cash result deteriorated by around DM 7 billion visà-vis the corresponding level last year. This was mainly attributable to the fact that the share of the Bundesbank profit appropriated by the Federal Government was distributed in

7

May

Raw materials

prices, import

prices, producer prices

Federal finance on a cash basis *

1999ItemJan May PJan May PJan May PMay PCash receipts235.3643.56120.3422.27Cash expenditure269.0648.92137.5725.01Cash surplus (+) or deficit (-) 1-33.70- 5.36-17.23- 2.74Financing1-33.70- 5.36-17.23- 2.741. Change in cash resources 2+ 0.95- 1.82+ 0.49- 0.932. Change in capital market debt, total a) Treasury discount paper- 0.59 0.303. Change in capital market debt, total a) Treasury financing paper- 0.94- 0.15- 0.48- 0.08C) Federal Treasury notes- 7.11- 3.90- 3.64- 2.00-d) Special Fed- eral bonds+ 10.71+ 1.63+ 5.48+ 0.83-e) Federal sav- ings bonds- 3.86- 0.02- 1.97- 0.01-f) Federal bonds- 1.09- 0.06- 0.56- 0.03-h) Loans from social security fundsi) Loans from other non-banks- 0.20 0.10i) Loans from other- 33.70- 5.36- 17.23- 2.74-Memo items Increase or decrease from the previous year in %- 33.70- 5.36- 17.23- 2.74		DM billi	DM billion € billion						
ItemMay PMay PMay PMay PMay PCash receipts Cash expenditure235.3643.56120.3422.27Cash surplus (+) or deficit (-) 1-33.70-5.36-17.23-2.74Financing-33.70-5.36-17.23-2.74I. Change in cash resources 2+0.95-1.82+0.49-0.932. Change in money market debt+6.31+4.48+3.23+2.293. Change in capital market debt, total paper-0.590.30-3) Treasury discount paper-0.590.30-b) Treasury financing paper-0.94-0.15-0.48-0.08c) Federal treasury notes-7.11-3.90-3.64-2.00d) Special Fed- eral bonds+10.71+1.63+5.48+0.83e) Federal sav- ings bonds-3.86-0.02-1.97-0.01f) Federal bonds+31.46+1.55+16.09+0.79g) Bank advances-1.09i) Loans from other non-banks-0.01j) Other debt-0.00j) Other debt-0.002.74Memo items Increase or decrease from the previous year in % Cash receipts+9.8									
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capital market debt, total a) Treasury discount 	debt	+ 6.31	+ 4.48	+ 3.23	+ 2.29				
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bonds + 31.46 + 1.55 + 16.09 + 0.79 g) Bank advances - 1.09 - 0.06 - 0.56 - 0.03 h) Loans from social security - - - - - i) Loans from other - - - - - - - i) Loans from other - 0.00 - - 0.10 - <	ings bonds	- 3.86	- 0.02	- 1.97	- 0.01				
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	bonds	+ 31.46	+ 1.55	+ 16.09	+ 0.79				
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Increase or decrease from the previous year in % Cash receipts + 9.8 - 7.1 + 9.8 - 7.1	(1 less 2 less 3	- 33.70	- 5.36	- 17.23	- 2.74				
	Increase or decrease from the previous year in %								
	Cash receipts Cash expenditure	+ 9.8 + 7.5	- 7.1 + 7.8	+ 9.8 + 7.5	- 7.1 + 7.8				

* The transactions recorded here as cash receipts and cash expenditure comprise payments into and out of the accounts carried by the Bundesbank for the Federal Government. The cash receipts and cash expenditure differ from those shown in the official financial statistics primarily because these transactions are recorded not at the time they are entered in the budgetary accounts but at the time of the actual inflow or outflow, and because transactions on behalf of the European Union (which are not entered in the Federal budget) are conducted through the accounts of the Federal Government. — 1 Including special transactions. — 2 Deposits at the Bundesbank and in the money market.

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April this year, whereas in 1998 it had been distributed in May. In the first five months of 1999, taken together, the deficit declined somewhat compared with the same period of 1998 to around \in 17 billion. Both receipts (+ 10%) and expenditure (+ 7½%) grew sharply, partly owing to the additional Federal grants to the statutory pension insurance scheme, which are being financed through increases in value added tax and energy taxes.

January to May

April

Public sector borrowing

In April the central, regional and local authorities reduced their debt by slightly more than €1 billion on balance. While the capital market was tapped for \in 3 billion (net), money market indebtedness, which had been stepped up in March, was reduced by just over € 4 billion in April. The Federal Government obtained slightly more than € 12 billion (gross) in the capital market, predominantly through bond sales, which yielded just over \in 5 billion, and Treasury discount paper (Bubills), which was sold in order to refinance an issue of October in the amount of € 5 billion. With redemptions amounting to $\in 8\frac{1}{2}$ billion, net borrowing in the capital market came to \in 3 ½ billion. This was offset by the reduction of money market debt by just over € 4 billion. The special funds redeemed loans worth slightly more than \in 3½ billion (net); the debt of the Redemption Fund for Inherited Liabilities was cut by € 3 billion thanks to an appropriation from the Bundesbank profit. The Länder Governments increased their indebtedness by not quite € 3 billion, primarily by stepping up their loans against borrowers'

8

DM billion €billion 1999 1998 of which Jan.– April Jan. Jan. April pe April pe Total pe Borrower Federal Govern-+ 15 9 + 52.2 +36.4+31.1ment Länder Govern-+28.3+13.5+ 3.8 + 2.0 ments Local autho-rities 1, pe + 1.7 + 0.4 + 0.2 + 2.6 0.4 **ERP Special Fund** + 0.5 + 0.6 0.8 "German Unity - 0.0 - 00 - 0.4 0.4 Fund Federal Railways - 0.0 - 0.3 - 0.8 - 0.4 Fund Redemption Fund for Inherited Liabilities - 18.5 - 3.4 - 11.7 - 6.0 Equalisation Fund for Safeguarding the Use of Coal ² + 0.3 + 0.8 + 0.0 + 05 Central, regional and local autho-+ 65.5 + 48.1 +22.4+ 11.5rities, total

Net borrowing in the market

1 Including special-purpose associations. — 2 Including Indemnification Fund.

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notes and short-term bridging loans from banks. The local authorities appear to have tapped the credit markets only to a small extent.

In May the Federal Government drew exclusively on the money market to finance its cash deficit, reducing its cash resources by $\in 1$ billion and additionally stepping up its money market debt by almost $\in 2 \frac{1}{2}$ billion. By contrast, the Federal Government cut its capital market debt by $\in \frac{1}{2}$ billion. Its gross borrowing came to $\in 5$ billion, mainly comprising the final tender of a series of five-year special Federal bonds and the raising of loans against borrowers' notes. Its redemptions amounted to almost $\in 6$ billion and related primarily to two-year Federal Treasury notes

(€ 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ billion) and to a 1994 issue of five-year special Federal bonds (€ 2 billion).

Securities markets

Bond market

In April, issuing activity in the German bond market was somewhat more buoyant than in the previous month. Domestic borrowers issued bonds to the market value of € 51.5 billion, compared with € 48.0 billion in March. In terms of their amount, two-thirds of gross sales consisted of bonds denominated in euro. Net of redemptions, and after taking account of changes in issuers' holdings of their own bonds, net sales came to € 26.7 billion in April, compared with \in 17.1 billion in March. On balance, it was primarily longerdated paper (with maturities of more than four years) that was sold. Foreign bonds – almost exclusively euro bonds and Deutsche Mark bonds issued by non-residents - were sold in the German market to the tune of € 10.5 billion net. Altogether, sales of German and foreign bonds generated € 37.2 billion in April, compared with € 30.9 billion in the previous month.

Almost all of the funds raised by sales of domestic bonds accrued to credit institutions in April (\in 25.2 billion). About one-third each of this amount accrued to communal bonds (*Öffentliche Pfandbriefe*) and bonds issued by specialised credit institutions (\in 8.9 billion and \in 8.3 billion, respectively). Other bank bonds and mortgage bonds (*Hypotheken*-

Sales of bonds

Sales and purchases of bonds

€ billion

	1999		1998
Item	March	April	April
Sales			
Domestic bonds 1 of which	17.1	26.7	18.6
Bank bonds	11.9	25.2	14.9
Public sector bonds	5.0	1.5	3.5
Foreign bonds 2	13.8	10.5	5.0
Purchases			
Residents	19.0	14.8	16.3
Credit institutions 3	13.7	12.5	11.8
Non-banks 4 of which	5.3	2.4	4.5
Domestic bonds	- 0.1	- 0.7	1.1
Non-residents 2	11.9	22.3	7.3
Total sales/purchases	30.9	37.2	23.6

1 Net sales at market values plus/less changes in issuers' holdings of their own bonds. — 2 Transaction values. — 3 Book values, statistically adjusted. — 4 Residual.

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pfandbriefe) were sold to the amount of \in 6.1 billion and \in 1.9 billion, respectively.

Public sector bonds The public sector had recourse to the bond market to the extent of \in 1.5 billion net in April. The Federal Government expanded its bonded debt by \in 4.4 billion, and increased its ten-year bond issue launched in March, with a nominal interest rate of 4%, by another \in 5 billion by tender; on balance, sales of ten-year Federal bonds yielded \in 3.3 billion. The Federal Government received \in 0.4 billion and \in 0.3 billion, respectively, from sales of two-year Treasury notes and five-year special Federal bonds.¹ The Länder Governments' indebtedness in the bond market rose by \in 0.4 billion. Bonds issued by the Treuhand agency and the former Federal Post Office were redeemed to the extent of \in 2.4 billion and \in 1.0 billion, respectively.

Foreign investors predominated on the buyers' side of the bond market in April. They purchased German bonds to the tune of € 22.3 billion net, acquiring bank bonds $(\in 13.4 \text{ billion})$ to a larger extent than bonds issued by the public sector (€ 9.0 billion). Domestic credit institutions' bond holdings rose by € 12.5 billion. They bought predominantly foreign bonds (€ 7.3 billion). Domestic nonbanks purchased bonds to the tune of $\in 2.4$ billion net, compared with € 5.3 billion in the previous month. This was again due to increases of holdings of foreign bonds (€ 3.2 billion in April, compared with € 5.4 billion a month earlier). Non-banks sold bonds issued by residents to the extent of $\in 0.7$ billion net.

At \in 5.7.billion (nominal value) in April, gross sales of Deutsche Mark/euro bonds issued by non-residents under the lead-management of a German syndicate were down on the previous month' level (\in 9.5 billion). Net of redemptions, \in 3.1 billion was raised in the month under review, compared with \in 7.3 billion in March.

Equity market

Issuing activity in the German equity market increased distinctly in April. Domestic enterprises placed new shares to the market value Deutsche Mark/ euro bonds issued by non-residents

Share sales

¹ The individual items for the Federal Government are shown at nominal values, rather than market values, and without taking account of changes in issuers' holdings of their own bonds. The sum total of these individual figures therefore normally does not tally with the abovementioned net sales of Federal Government bonds.

of \in 3.7 billion, compared with \in 1.2 billion in March. Foreign equities were sold in Germany to the extent of \in 2.4 billion net, almost all of them being portfolio investments. Altogether, \in 6.1 billion was raised in the German equity market in April, compared with \in 5.3 billion in the previous month.

Share purchases Domestic credit institutions' share holdings rose by € 6.6 billion in April, the major part of which was accounted for by German equities (€ 5.6 billion). German non-banks purchased equities worth € 1.3 billion net; on balance they only bought foreign shares (€ 1.3 billion). Foreign investors continued to reduce their holdings of German shares (by € 1.8 billion).

Investment fund certificates

Sales of investment fund certificates In April, German investment funds raised € 8.9 billion, compared with € 5.8 billion in the previous month. About two-thirds of this amount accrued to specialised funds (€ 5.7 billion). Mixed funds were again to the fore, receiving € 3.2 billion. Bond-based funds received € 2.9 billion, while share-based funds among the specialised funds recorded capital outflows amounting to € 0.5 billion. The funds open to the general public sold certificates to the tune of \in 3.2 billion on balance. Of this amount, € 0.8 billion accrued to open-end real estate funds and € 0.7 billion each to share-based funds and bond-based funds. Money market funds received \in 0.6 billion. The mixed funds received € 0.3 billion. Foreign fund certificates were sold in the German market to the extent of \in 0.9 billion net. The total amount raised by sales of investment fund certificates thus came to \in 9.8 billion.

In April, the principal buyers of investment fund certificates were domestic non-banks (\in 8.0 billion), which concentrated on German certificates (\in 7.2 billion); non-banks purchased certificates of domestic and foreign money market funds totalling \in 0.8 billion. Credit institutions' holdings of investment fund certificates rose by \in 1.9 billion. Non-residents sold domestic investment fund certificates worth \in 0.1 billion net.

Purchases of investment fund certificates

Balance of payments

Germany's current account – the combined outcome of foreign trade, services, factor income and current transfers – ran a surplus of \notin 2.8 billion in April 1999 compared with one of \notin 1.7 billion in March. Even after eliminating seasonal factors, current transactions with non-residents recorded a larger surplus in the month under review than in the month before.

Foreign trade

Current account

According to calculations by the Federal Statistical Office, the surplus in foreign trade, at \in 5.8 billion, was much the same as in the previous month (\in 5.9 billion). In seasonally adjusted terms the surplus in each of the two months amounted to \in 6.0 billion. Compared with their performance in the previous month, German exports rose by a seasonally adjusted 2 ½% in April, and imports by 3%. If the results of March and April are taken together, the slightly rising trend observed in exports since the beginning of the year con-

Major items of the balance of payments

€billion

	1998 1	1999 1	5700000 mm 20000 mm 20000 mm
Item	Apr.	Mar. r	Apr.
I. Current account 1. Foreign trade 2 Exports (f.o.b.) Imports (c.i.f.)	42.6 37.2	43.0 37.1	41.4 35.6
Balance Memo item Seasonally adjusted figures	+ 5.5	+ 5.9	+ 5.8
Exports (f.o.b.) Imports (c.i.f.)	42.1 36.3	39.8 33.8	40.8 34.8
 Supplementary trade items 3 Services 	- 0.2	- 0.0	- 0.1
3. Services Receipts Expenditure	5.6 8.5	5.7 8.6	5.6 8.8
Balance	- 2.9	- 2.9	- 3.2
4. Factor income (net)	+ 0.5	+ 0.2	+ 2.2
5. Current transfers from non-residents to non-residents	0.9 2.9	0.8 2.3	1.2 3.1
Balance	- 2.0	- 1.4	- 1.9
Balance on current account	+ 0.8	+ 1.7	+ 2.8
II. Capital transfers (net)	+ 0.1	- 0.1	- 0.1
III. Financial account (net capital exports:) Direct investment German investment	- 7.8	- 3.3	- 4.7
abroad Foreign investment in	- 8.0	- 9.5	- 8.4
Germany Portfolio investment German investment	+ 0.2 - 3.6	+ 6.1 - 27.8	+ 3.7 + 4.7
abroad of which	- 11.6	- 23.0	- 13.9
Shares Bonds and notes Foreign investment in	- 5.2 - 5.0	- 5.8 - 13.8	- 1.7 - 10.5
Germany of which	+ 8.0	- 4.8	+ 18.6
Shares Bonds and notes Financial derivatives Credit transactions Credit institutions of which	+ 2.6 + 6.1 - 0.9 + 1.4 + 3.5	- 16.8 + 11.9 + 1.6 + 8.7 + 6.2	- 1.8 + 18.7 + 2.2 + 3.7 + 2.7
Short-term Enterprises and	+ 1.3	+ 4.6	+ 4.5
individuals General government Bundesbank Other investment	- 3.4 + 1.2 - 0.0 - 0.2	+ 6.3 + 0.3 - 4.1 + 0.0	- 0.5 + 1.5 - 0.0 - 0.2
Overall balance on financial account	- 11.0	- 20.8	+ 5.8
IV. Change in the monetary reserves at transaction values (increase: –) 4	- 0.5	- 0.1	- 0.1
V. Balance of unclassifiable transactions	+ 10.6	+ 19.3	- 8.5

1 Figures subject to major uncertainty owing to changes in the method of data collection in foreign trade. — 2 Special trade according to the official foreign trade statistics (source: Federal Statistical Office). — 3 Mainly warehouse transactions for account of residents and deduction of goods returned. — 4 Excluding allocation of SDRs and changes due to value adjustments.

Deutsche Bundesbank

tinued; compared with January–February, exports rose by just over 2 %. Imports likewise increased in a two-month comparison (by just over $1\frac{1}{2}$ %), but in this case the increase in import prices also played a part.

Invisibles

Portfolio transactions

The overall deficit on invisible transactions with non-residents declined to € 2.9 billion in April compared with a deficit of \in 4.1 billion in March. The decline was largely due to an appreciably greater surplus on factor income, which is subject to significant monthly fluctuations. There was a surplus here of \in 2.2 billion in the month under review whereas in March factor income was almost in balance (plus € 0.2 billion). By contrast, the deficit on service transactions with non-residents grew by $\in 0.3$ billion to $\in 3.2$ billion, especially as a result of the seasonally induced rise in expenditure on foreign travel. Current transfers, too, ran a larger deficit in April (€ 1.9 billion compared with \in 1.4 billion in March).

There were net inflows of funds through statistically recorded financial transactions with non-residents in April 1999.² There were also net capital imports in portfolio transactions for the first time this year. These amounted to \in 4.7 billion compared with net exports of \in 27.8 billion in March. The significant turnaround was the result of brisk foreign investment on the German capital market and of a slight fall in German investors' interest in foreign paper. Non-resident investors purchased

² However, the negative balance of \in 8.5 billion in unclassifiable transactions indicates substantial unrecorded capital exports. This is most likely the result of difficulties in allocating these exports to the correct period, especially in view of the positive balance in the previous month.

German securities worth \in 18.6 billion net, primarily bonds and notes (\in 18.7 billion) and money market paper (\in 1.8 billion). In March there had been net sales of \in 4.8 billion. By contrast, non-resident investors again sold German shares on balance (minus \in 1.8 billion). German residents invested considerably less abroad in April (\in 13.9 billion) than in March (\in 23.0 billion). Bonds and notes were in greatest demand (\in 10.5 billion), with preference again being given to euro-denominated paper; German residents also purchased foreign shares worth \in 1.7 billion.

DirectOutside the field of portfolio transactionsinvestmentthere were net capital exports of \in 4.7 billionas a result of direct investment (March: \in 3.3billion). In the month under review Germanenterprises invested \in 8.4 billion abroad whileforeign funds amounting to an equivalent of \in 3.7 billion flowed into Germany. In bothcases these funds were mostly in the form ofshort-term credits between affiliated enter-prises. Such credits now count as direct in-

vestment in accordance with the new methodological definitions.

The statistically recorded operations of enterprises and individuals in the field of unsecuritised credit transactions with non-residents resulted in outflows of \in 0.5 billion net in April; by contrast, the cross-border credit transactions undertaken by the state resulted in net capital imports of \in 1.5 billion. Further foreign funds (\in 2.7 billion) accrued to the banking sector. Capital exports arising from long-term credit business were accompanied by inflows of foreign funds at the short end of the market. The external transactions of the Bundesbank, which do not count towards the monetary reserves, balanced out during the month under review.

As in the previous month, there was a minimal rise – at transaction values – in the monetary reserves of the Bundesbank (\in 0.1 billion).

transactions

Credit

Monetary reserves of the Bundesbank

Overall financial flows in 1998

In the following article the Deutsche Bundesbank comments on the results of the financial accounts for 1998 which, for the last time, were compiled according to the currently valid system of national accounts (ESA 79). Starting in 1999, the financial accounts will be based on the methods laid down in the new European System of National and Regional Accounts (ESA 95). At the end of April 1999, the Federal Statistical Office presented the first revised results based on this system of accounts, which is binding at the European level; however, these results do not yet include a sectoral breakdown. In line with the income cycle, the financial accounts must also be adapted to the new statistical scheme. The deadline for transmitting these data to Eurostat is September 2000. An important step towards ESA 95 was already taken in an article in the Monthly Report of January 1999 in which the concept of households' acquisition of assets and saving was extended to include the acguisition and financing of private residential property.¹ This approach is also adopted in the following article in analysing overall asset acquisition and saving and the saving pattern of households, whereas producing enterprises are analysed according to the old method.

¹ See Deutsche Bundesbank, Changes in households' asset situation since the beginning of the nineties, Monthly Report, January 1999, page 33 ff.

Basic trends

Financial flows in 1998 were primarily influenced by the stronger economic growth and the associated shift in economic momentum from external to domestic forces. This was also reflected in enterprises' greater propensity to invest. Together with the persistently high level of stockbuilding, this led to a considerable increase in domestic financing requirements. By contrast, a reduced financial demand was shown both by the private and commercial housing sectors - which remained under adjustment pressure - and by the government sector, owing to a positive revenue trend. Thus the business sector's increased need for funds was met almost entirely from domestic sources, which were boosted, above all, by the general improvement in corporate earnings. Household saving, on the other hand, again tended to decrease. The close symmetry between domestic demand and the supply of savings was aided by the stability of the underlying internal financial conditions, which remained firm despite the at times pronounced turmoil in the international financial markets.

Domestic acquisition of fixed assets

Higher investment in machinery and equipment In 1998, a total of DM 343 billion was used for the acquisition of fixed assets in Germany, which was almost 15 % more than a year before. For the first time since the recession-induced slump in 1993, a major factor in this was the sharp increase in expenditure on new equipment and machinery by producing enterprises². Calculated on an annual basis, the corresponding investment volume is estimated to have exceeded the 1997 figure by more than half, in nominal terms, whereas expenditure on industrial and commercial buildings continued to decline. As a percentage of the aggregate disposable income of all sectors, overall net fixed asset formation only amounted to slightly more than 2 %. Although this ratio was higher than in the two preceding years, it was distinctly lower than the comparable figures recorded in earlier periods. This can also be seen as an indication that the propensity to invest was still not broadly based and remained somewhat muted.

> Stockbuilding again buoyant

Besides investing in machinery and equipment, producing enterprises in 1998 again stepped up their expenditure on stocks. In addition to increased stockbuilding of primary and intermediate products at favourable prices, the higher stocks of end-products owing to unexpected sales difficulties probably also played a role in this. That is indicated inter alia by the results of a survey of the manufacturing industry carried out by the ifo institute. According to the estimates of the Federal Statistical Office, at almost DM 100 billion, the overall increase in stocks was more than twice as high as in 1997. The resulting amount of financial resources locked up in this way, equalling 3 % of aggregate income, was higher than for fixed capital formation. Given the experience of current-end data on the structure of aggregate demand, however, it is doubtful whether this is a statistically accurate portrayal of enterprises' stockbuilding activities.

² Enterprises excluding the housing sector and excluding financial institutions.

Overall asset acquisition, saving and financial balances

DM billion

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996 р	1997 p	1998 pe
Asset acquisition	u dha bhalann		a- Mar 100 A Bar 1	00000110000000000000000000000000000000				
Acquisition of fixed assets 1	307.7	313.8	261.2	307.1	302.1	268.3	299.0	343.4
Households 2	77.7	95.1	107.4	129.9	132.2	127.1	123.8	117.6
Enterprises	175.0	153.4	90.5	115.4	112.9	90.6	132.4	185.3
of which	100.0	1777	60.8	86.1	85.0	57.5	108.2	169.7
Producing enterprises Financial institutions	155.3 9.4	127.2 13.3	18.4	15.0	14.1	19.1	108.2	11.5
Government	55.0	65.3	63.3	61.9	57.0	50.6	42.9	40.6
Net lending to the rest of the world 3	- 34.2	- 30.5	- 24.0	- 43.2	- 37.6	- 27.7	- 9.4	- 11.0
	273.5	283.3	237.2	263.9	264.5	240.6	289.6	332.5
Total	2/3.5	283.3	237.2	203.9	204.5	240.0	205.0	552
Memo item								
Acquisition of fixed assets in % 4	12.5	11.8	9.7	10.9	10.3	9.0	9.7	10.8
Saving ⁵	CHARLES ALL AND A		2 3 X 4 4 4 6 6 8 9 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4					
Households	245.6	256.1	251.1	246.2	255.0	263.2	260.4	260.9
Enterprises 6	67.6	49.1	34.7	43.1	65.8	51.6	87.9	109.9
of which		0.44						
Producing enterprises 7	31.7	14.5	6.2	9.6	46.9	27.4 46.5	57.3 53.6	74.3 51.1
Financial institutions	39.3 - 39.7	34.3 - 21.9	35.4 - 48.5	44.9 - 25.4	43.7 - 56.3	46.5 - 74.1	- 58.7	- 38.4
	- 39.7		<u> </u>				<u>Ex</u>	
Total	273.5	283.3	237.2	263.9	264.5	240.6	289.6	332.5
Memo item	6		2 001 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01 01					
Saving in % 4	11.1	10.7	8.8	9.3	9.1	8.1	9.4	10.4
Financial balances								e davis de la composition
Households	167.9	161.0	143.7	116.3	122.8	136.1	136.6	143.3
Enterprises 6	- 107.4	-104.3	- 55.9	- 72.3	- 47.2	- 39.0	- 44.5	- 75.3
of which		Na 2011	4004					
Producing enterprises 7	- 123.6	-112.7	- 54.6	- 76.5	- 38.1	- 30.1	- 50.9 41.3	- 95.4 39.6
Financial institutions	30.0 - 94.7	21.0 - 87.2	17.0 -111.8	29.9 - 87.3	29.6 -113.3	27.4 -124.8	-101.5	- 78.9
		+				1		
Total 9	- 34.2	- 30.5	- 24.0	- 43.2	- 37.6	- 27.7	- 9.4	- 11.(
Memo item Financial balances in % 4		COUNT DATE MANAGEMENT				And a second		
Households	6.8	6.1	5.3	4.1	4.2	4.6	4.4	4.!
Enterprises 6	- 4.4	- 3.9	- 2.1	- 2.6	- 1.6	- 1.3	- 1.4	- 2.4
of which					indone second	1201 1201 1200	100400404040404040404040404040404040404	-
Producing enterprises 7	- 5.0	- 4.3	- 2.0	- 2.7	- 1.3	- 1.0	- 1.7	- 2.
Financial institutions	1.2	£ .	0.6	1.1	1.0	0.9	1.3	1
Government 6, 8	- 3.8	- 3.3	- 4.2	- 3.1	- 3.9	- 4.2	- 3.3	- 2.
Total 9	- 1.4	- 1.2	- 0.9	- 1.5	- 1.3	- 0.9	- 0.3	- 0.

Sources: Official national accounts and Bundesbank estimates. — 1 Net acquisition of tangible fixed assets and stocks. — 2 Expenditure on new residential buildings including the renovation and maintenance of existing buildings and the acquisition of older buildings; excluding associated transactions involving land. — 3 Corresponds to the difference between saving and the acquisition of fixed assets in Germany. — 4 As % of aggregate disposable income. — 5 Including capital transfers. — 6 In 1991 including partial remission of the Federal Railways' debt by the Federal Government amounting to DM 12.6 billion; in 1995 after eliminating the assumption of the Treuhand agency's debt and part of the old debt of the east German housing enterprises by the Redemption Fund for Inherited Liabilities amounting to around DM 205 billion and DM 30 billion, respectively. — 7 In 1991 including partial remission of the Federal Railways' debt by the Federal Government amounting to DM 12.6 billion; in 1995 after eliminating the assumption of the Treuhand agency's debt by the Redemption Fund for Inherited Liabilities amounting to around DM 205 billion. — 8 Residents' concept of the national accounts. — 9 Corresponds to net lending to the rest of the world.

Decline in investment by the housing and government sectors

By contrast, the acquisition of fixed assets declined in the other sectors of the economy. This was the case both for commercial housing construction investment and for corresponding private investment projects. Although households' demand for housing was shored up by the continuing preference in western Germany for purchasing owner-occupied houses and by the maintenance and renovation of existing buildings, this development was more than counteracted by a sharp decline in interest in purchasing owner-occupied apartments; this particularly affected the privately financed construction of blocks of flats, for which building permits declined by more than one-quarter in 1998. As a result, less funds were used on balance for the acquisition of fixed assets by households (excluding the associated acquisition of real estate); at an estimated DM 118 billion, capital formation of households amounted to 3 ½ % of aggregate disposable income in 1998, compared with 4 % a year earlier. In addition, net capital formation by the government sector also declined further. Its macroeconomic weight was only half as great as in the first half of the nineties, when the pent-up demand and the need for modernisation in the new Länder following German unification temporarily led to a sharp surge in public investment.

Overall supply of savings

Further improvement in corporate profitability Owing to the contrasting trends in the acquisition of fixed assets by producing enterprises, on the one hand, and the other sectors of the economy, on the other, the amount of financial resources required for the acquisition of

fixed assets did not expand faster overall than the volume of domestic savings, which likewise increased by about 15% in 1998 to a total of over DM 330 billion. A large share of this increase was generated by businesses, which benefited from a continuing improvement in profitability last year. With producer prices remaining broadly stable and output expanding, this can be attributed above all to the substantial rationalisation and restructuring measures carried out in the past few years. Overall, enterprises' retained profits (including government investment grants) increased by one-quarter last year. Amounting to 31/2% of aggregate disposable income, this clearly exceeded the enterprise sector's contribution to savings during the unification-related boom. However, this rather positive overall picture masks considerable differences in individual earnings. Financial and commercial service providers and exportoriented producing enterprises, in particular, achieved above-average rates of return, although it is likely that their operating result was increasingly affected in the course of the year by the retarding influences emanating from the global economic crisis regions. By contrast, the ability to generate financial resources internally remained under pressure in industries and regions in which the necessary structural and capacity adjustments have not yet been completed. Another factor which may have tended to depress the level of profit reinvestment in 1998 was the taxfavoured distribution of profits retained in earlier years, a facility (known as "EK 50") which expired at the end of last year and which appears to have been used on a major scale.

Growth-related reduction in government financing gap Domestic savings were additionally boosted by the fact that the government was able to considerably reduce the gap between its current receipts and expenditure on consumption and transfers (as defined in the national accounts) by about one-third compared with 1997. However, this was not solely the result of consolidation efforts in government spending, but was also due to the more robust economic growth, which, for the first time following a prolonged erosion of the tax base, led to an increased inflow of tax revenue for public authorities. The financial situation improved, in particular, at the level of the Länder Governments and the local authorities. Estimates made by the Federal Statistical Office indicate that the net receipts of the social security funds in 1998 were almost twice as high as a year earlier. Besides lower unemployment, this can be attributed to a large extent to the cost-curbing measures implemented in the statutory health insurance scheme from mid-1997 and to the increase in VAT-financed government transfers in order to replenish the fluctuation reserves of the pension insurance schemes.

Despite smaller contribution to savings from households... By contrast, households' savings in 1998 (after taking into account capital transfers) were barely higher, in absolute terms, than a year earlier. With the propensity to save decreasing, the weight of this main source of domestic saving declined further. Whereas in 1991, households' savings had amounted to 10% of the disposable income of all sectors, in 1998 this figure fell to 8%.³ The fall in the household saving ratio was largely offset by an increase in savings in the other sectors of the economy. In this context, the favourable terms of trade also played an important role, among other things, in the improvement of corporate profitability. Thus despite a strong demand for imports and sharply increasing deficits on "invisibles", Germany's net recourse to foreign financing was relatively low last year, amounting to only DM 11 billion, or 1/3 % of aggregate disposable income.

... recourse to foreign resources was reduced

Increase in financial flows

Basic structure of the financial flows

In 1998, the overall pattern of financing was characterised above all by a sharp increase in the external financing requirements of the business sector. The producing enterprises' financial shortfall increased by more than four-fifths in the past year, reaching a level of DM 95 billion. The consequence of this was their relatively heavy recourse to the resources of the other sectors of the economy amounting to 3% of aggregate disposable income. Moreover, the expansion of economic activity was accompanied by increased efforts by enterprises to strategically reorient or streamline their fields of business and by an intensive search for new partners for mergers in order to improve firms' profitability and underlying strength in global competition. As a result, both the liabilities and the financial assets of the domestic non-financial sectors last year grew far more sharply than ever before owing to the volume of transactions. Financial derivatives business probably acted as an add-

³ This should not be confused with the sector-specific saving ratio of households; as a percentage of their own disposable income, households' savings fell from around 13 % to $10\frac{12}{2}$ % during the period under review.

itional spur to this development. In terms of nominal GDP, a similar increase in asset acquisition and financing was last observed at the time of the unification-related boom and the start-up financing for the reconstruction of the east German economy.

Divergent interest rate lock-in preferences

In view of the considerable decline in interest rates, especially at the longer end, borrowers and investors understandably continued to have different preferences regarding interest rate lock-in periods. Longer-term financing arrangements remained the dominant form of borrowing, amounting to over four-fifths.⁴ The fact that shorter-term borrowing likewise expanded sharply in 1998 may be related to the high level of stockbuilding. Regarding the acquisition of financial assets, in which shortterm investment traditionally plays a greater role, enterprises and households substantially increased their cash balances. This no doubt partly mirrors the higher economic growth. But it also presumably reflects the very low opportunity cost of cash holding in the wake of the historically low level of interest rates and the large measure of price stability achieved. Finally, it is likely that the pronounced preference for liquidity also mirrors a wait-and-see attitude with regard to further developments in the financial markets.

Sizeable volume of equity transactions Despite the ups and downs in the share market last year, transactions in equities rose sharply. Boosted by the international surge in share prices and the pending introduction of the euro, an increasing proportion of domestic financial asset acquisition took the form of investment in vehicles with value-adding potential. If equities and investment fund certifi-

cates - a large proportion of which were latterly accounted for by equity share certificates - are taken together, an estimated onequarter of the funds allocated by the domestic non-financial sectors to the acquisition of financial assets in 1998 was invested either directly or indirectly in shares; this percentage was about three times as high as the corresponding ratio at the beginning of the nineties. This picture remains broadly the same even after taking into account the fact that last year's share market activities were heavily influenced by the merger between a large German enterprise and a major foreign firm, and that the Federal Government undertook substantial privatisation operations.

Financial pattern of producing enterprises

The shift in economic momentum from external to domestic driving forces naturally also led to changes in the focus of corporate asset formation in the different industries and regions. Fixed capital formation rose in western Germany, in particular, in the innovative industrial sectors currently fuelling economic growth, namely communications and telecommunications, as also in the case of financial and commercial service providers. The main emphasis was on machinery and equipment, spending on which increased by 10 % last year compared to 1997. The results of a

Shift of emphasis in

fixed capital

formation

⁴ The high proportion of longer-term financing is partly due to the consolidated approach in which credit relationships within a given sector are eliminated. In the case of enterprises, a large part of these relationships are likely to be short-term (e.g. mutual trade credits and advances).

Financial assets and liabilities * of domestic non-financial sectors

DM billion

DM billion		2 200 - 010 100 - 000 120 20 20m -000 100 mm		100.210	F	man en alter automa automas en al
	End-of-year	level	Transactions			
	1980 1	1990	1997 e	1998 e	1997 р	1998 pe
Financial assets	And Programmer and a second and a				voor	
Longer-term	ĺ					
with banks ²	439.1	707.3	766.1	742.6	- 10.4	- 31.5
with other institutional investors	325.7	695.1	1,179.4	1,264.1	86.9	84.6
in the securities market ³	454.5	1,340.5	2,829.4	3,182.9	66.3	157.6
	230.3	526.7	691.8	748.5	30.0	63.0
Subtotal	1,449.7	3,269.5	5,466.7	5,938.1	172.8	273.7
Short-term			della da conserva a me			and a state of the
with banks ²	805.0	1,651.1	2,583.2	2,757.9	89.5	171.4
other investments 4	211.9	496.7	743.9	796.1	56.8	37.8
Subtotal	1,017.0	2,147.9	3,327.1	3,554.0	146.3	209.2
Grand total	2,466.6	5,417.3	8,793.8	9,492.1	319.1	482.9
of which				x	and the second se	
Households	1,483.5	3,198.6	5,361.6	5,682.8	243.2	250.8
Enterprises ⁵	661.9	1,615.4	2,809.4	3,179.0	76.9	241.5
Government	321.2	603.3	622.7	630.2	- 1.0	- 9.5
Memo item		202.0	244.2		90	13.0
Financial assets as % of GDP	167.0	202.9	244.3	255.2	8.9	13.0
Liabilities and shares outstanding					1	
Longer-term						
to banks ²	1,197.9	£	3,918.5	4,180.7	234.2	256.4
to other institutional investors	236.1	358.7	485.8	495.9	5.2	12.9 143.0
in the securities market 6	371.4	3	2,924.8 576.3	3,336.3 613.5	76.1	41.8
to other lenders.	219.7	502.6	and an			
Subtotal	2,025.1	4,277.8	7,905.5	8,626.4	331.7	454.1
Short-term						
to banks ²	335.2	5	859.7	928.6	27.5	70.1
to other lenders 4	110.8	222.5	324.7	347.1	19.3	26.3
Subtotal - Million menuberika seri dalam milakan milakan milakan milakan kelokan seri dalam menuberikan menuberikan menu	446.0	839.6	1,184.5	1,275.7	46.8	96.5
Grand total	2,471.1	5,117.5	9,089.9	9,902.1	378.5	550.6
of which					of the second second	Difference and the second
Households 7	615.2	3 .	1	1,929.1	4	24
Enterprises ⁵	1,397.9	1		5,579.1	1	1
Government	458.0	1,049.1	2,304.3	2,393.9	100.5	69.4
Memo item	400.0	104.7		266.2	10.5	14.8
Liabilities as % of GDP	167.3	191.7	252.5	200.2	10.5	: 14.0

* Including shares outstanding. — 1 Western Germany. —
 2 In Germany and abroad. — 3 Stocks of bonds, investment fund certificates and shares. — 4 Including money market

paper. — 5 Including housing enterprises. — 6 Liabilities arising from bonds and shares outstanding. — 7 Including private financing of housing construction.

survey by the ifo institute indicate that in eastern Germany, on the other hand, the downward trend following the 1994-5 investment peak became clearly evident for the first time. The completion of major restructuring measures in eastern Germany plus the existence of unlet commercial buildings in many areas probably explains the continued decline in spending on industrial and commercial buildings in Germany in 1998. The weight of such spending within overall fixed capital formation fell to the level recorded at the beginning of the nineties before the unification-related construction boom set in. The gross capital formation of producing enterprises was 16% higher in 1998 than a year before, totalling DM 497 billion. The fact that gross capital formation grew at a markedly faster rate than spending on tangible fixed assets alone was due to the substantial increase in stockbuilding mentioned above.

Direct investment abroad

In the case of globally active enterprises, expenditure on tangible fixed assets in Germany merely mirrors the domestic side of investment decisions. These enterprises also invest abroad in order to gain access to foreign markets or to strengthen their position in those markets. This is generally achieved by setting up or expanding subsidiaries or acquiring foreign firms or participating interests which fit into the enterprises' own business strategy and can thus be expected to produce synergy effects. Given today's setting of growing globalisation, such external corporate growth is becoming more and more significant. In 1998 producing enterprises spent approximately DM 105 billion on such external growth. After adding other financial and

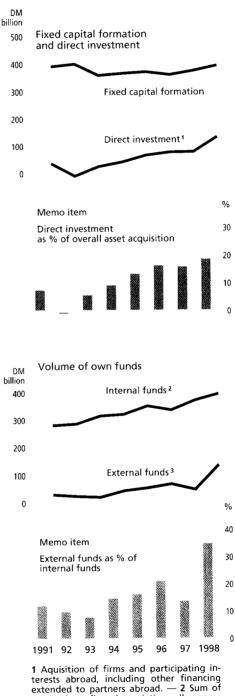
trade credits granted to partners abroad, total external investment came to DM 140 billion, which represented an increase of almost two-thirds compared with 1997. It should be pointed out, however, that twofifths of this sum alone related to the merger of two large international enterprises in the automobile industry. Since the beginning of the nineties, German enterprises have spent almost DM ½ trillion on loans and the acquisition of equity interests abroad. In purely arithmetical terms, this equals more than onetenth of their total allocation of funds.

> Higher liquidity holdings

Besides the increased use of funds for investments at home and abroad, enterprises also substantially built up their liquid reserves last year. This was mirrored, in particular, in a sizeable increase in their cash balances with credit institutions, the growth rate of which increased by about three-guarters compared with 1997. On the one hand, enterprises that showed restraint in their expenditure on tangible fixed assets owing to the deteriorating economic outlook apparently used their surplus cash flow to expand their sight deposits. On the other hand, it seems that resources stemming from capital procurement measures prior to planned acquisitions or from sales of firms or equity holdings in the wake of strategic restructuring moves were temporarily lodged with banks in Germany and abroad on a relatively liquid basis. This observation at least accords with the fact that securities portfolios, especially shorter-term bonds and investment fund certificates, increased again following reductions in the previous two years.

Declining selffinancing ratio Producing enterprises' combined investments in tangible fixed assets and financial assets resulted in financial requirements amounting to DM 734 billion last year; this amount was more than two-fifths higher than the average figure between 1991 and 1997. The enterprises' internally generated resources fell far short of this leap in funding needs. The financial resources provided by depreciation allowances, retained profits and government investment grants increased by only 6% in 1998 to DM 402 billion. This amount sufficed to finance little more than half of the funds used, compared with an average cover ratio of two-thirds in the four previous years. To prevent a further decline in the equity ratio, enterprises therefore had to resort more to raising additional liable capital. Despite strong share price volatility, firms' recourse to the equity market increased considerably. At the same time, there was a record number of initial public offerings. At DM 35 billion, the volume of share issues distinctly exceeded the previous record achieved in 1996, the year of Deutsche Telekom's flotation. If the aforementioned large merger is included, the volume of new equities issued in 1998 reached no less than DM 89 billion. After adding the funds obtained from other direct investment in Germany by non-residents, producing enterprises received almost DM 140 billion in additional capital in this way last year. This amount is more than twice as high as in the previous years, a fact which, like the expansion of the asset side of the balance sheet, can be seen as an expression of an accelerated growth of corporate ties.

Enterprises' capital formation and its financing



extended to partners abroad. — 2 Sum of retained profits, depreciation allowances and investment grants received. — 3 Issues of shares, including other financing received from partners abroad.

Producing enterprises' asset acquisition and its financing

DM billion

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996 р	1997 р	1998 pe
Asset acquisition				***				
Gross capital formation	409.2	403.8	354.9	387.7	395.0	371.9	428.5	496.9
Tangible fixed assets Stocks	396.4 12.8	405.5 - 1.7	364.1 – 9.2	371.3 16.4	376.7 18.3	366.1 5.9	380.9 47.6	399.6 97.3
Acquisition of financial assets	128.0	130.8	159.1	111.5	131.2	127.5	92.3	237.4
Funds placed with banks 1 Short-term Longer-term	49.7 48.8 0.9	104.0 106.1 ~ 2.1	98.4 104.1 - 5.7	- 16.9 - 12.6 - 4.3	51.3 40.6 10.7	90.4 83.7 6.7	39.0 36.1 2.9	69.1 66.8 2.3
Securities ² of which	29.5	22.4	8.6	68.0	11.7	- 32.7	- 19.7	35.0
Investment fund certificates	4.7	4.5	3.5	30.2	5.3	10.8	17.7	20.5
Participating interests ³ in Germany abroad	38.2 5.9 32.3	32.5 5.3 27.2	38.2 13.3 24.9	30.0 4.1 25.9	44.8 - 2.4 47.2	32.7 - 5.3 38.0	27.3 - 15.2 42.5	98.2 - 6.5 104.7
Other claims on residents 4, 5 on non-residents	10.6 1.3 9.3	- 28.1 3.5 - 31.6	13.9 8.5 5.4	30.4 9.3 21.1	23.4 - 0.8 24.2	37.1 - 7.4 44.5	45.7 4.3 41.4	35.1 1.3 33.8
Total	537.2	534.6	514.0	499.2	526.2	499.4	520.8	734.3
Financing								
Internal resources	285.7	291.0	320.3	326.2	356.9	341.8	377.5	401.5
Net retained income 5, 6 Depreciation allowances	31.8 253.9	14.4 276.6	26.2 294.1	24.6 301.6	46.9 310.0	27.4 314.5	57.2 320.3	74.3 327.2
Memo item Internal financing ratio 5, 7	53.2	54.4	62.3	65.3	67.8	68.4	72.5	54.7
Incurrence of liabilities ⁸	242.1	238.5	220.9	195.7	193.8	173.4	151.9	349.9
with banks 1, 5 Short-term Longer-term	172.8 81.6 91.2	137.8 20.8 117.0	97.6 - 18.5 116.1	50.9 13.0 37.9	143.2 70.3 72.9	95.1 24.8 70.3	97.9 24.8 73.1	189.5 60.9 128.6
in the securities market 5, 9	7.5	41.8	91.8	90.5	- 6.4	- 8.6	- 5.8	- 7.3
in the form of participating interests ³	11.4	14.6	15.9	28.7	40.1	40.3	20.8	92.0
with other lenders in Germany abroad	50.4 26.4 24.0	44.3 29.2 15.1	15.6 5.5 10.1	25.6 5.2 20.4	16.9 - 2.3 19.2	46.6 13.7 32.9	39.0 6.8 32.2	75.7 26.5 49.2
Fotal	527.8	529.5	541.2	521.9	550.7	515.2	529.4	751.4
Net acquisition of financial assets Statistical discrepancy 10	-114.1 9.4	-107.7	- 61.8	- 84.2	- 62.6	- 45.9	- 59.6	-112.5
Financial balance 11	-123.5	5.1 	- 27.2 - 34.6	- 22.7 - 61.5	- 24.5 - 38.1	- 15.8 - 30.1	- 8.6 - 51.0	- 17.1 - 95.4

1 In Germany and abroad. — 2 Money market paper, bonds and investment fund certificates. — 3 Shares and other participatory instruments abroad. — 4 Including claims on property insurance enterprises. — 5 In 1995 after the elimination of transactions associated with the transfer of the Treuhand agency's debt to the Redemption Fund for Inherited Liabilities. — 6 Including capital transfers re-

ceived (net). — 7 Internal resources as % of total asset formation. — 8 Including the procurement of investment capital. — 9 Through the sale of money market paper and bonds. — 10 Corresponds to the balancing item in the financial account with the rest of the world owing to unclassifiable payment transactions with non-residents. — 11 Internal resources less gross capital formation.

Greater recourse to the credit markets Like the procurement of equity capital, the incurrence of new short and longer-term liabilities also rose sharply last year. Once again, domestic banks proved to be the enterprises' most flexible source of refinancing. In 1998 they provided more than four-fifths of firms' additional credit requirements. In the core areas of the manufacturing sector and in the expanding field of enterprise-related services, in particular, the need for longer-term loans in order to carry out planned investments in tangible fixed assets or corporate take-overs increased substantially. At the same time, the demand for short-term credits to finance the steep rise in stockbuilding also rose sharply; however, this rise may also have owed something to the need to bridge erratic payment receipts with which self-employed entrepreneurs and freelance professionals often have to contend.

Shifts in the balance sheet structure

The shifts in balance sheet structures that have been evident for some time were sharply reinforced by enterprises' investment and financing behaviour last year. Owing to the expansion of activities abroad and the trend towards more rational stockkeeping, there was a steady decline in the weight of fixed assets vis-à-vis financial assets. One important factor contributing to the greater weight of financial assets was the growth of corporate ties. On the right-hand side of the balance sheet, the weight of liabilities increased, thus tending to depress the equity ratio. In order to make German enterprises fitter to face the challenges of global competition and the risks of new technological developments, the prime need is thus to take suitable measures to help broaden their available capital base.

Households' saving and investment behaviour

Since the beginning of the nineties and up to the most recent past, there has been an overall downward trend in German households' savings - with the exception of a brief interruption in 1995-6. The picture remains broadly the same using the new extended concept of the household sector (i.e. including the private acquisition and financing of residential property). While the ending of the wave of redundancies in industry, the somewhat higher pay settlements and tax relief measures all had a positive effect on households' ability to save, this was counterbalanced by additional burdens resulting from the raising of value added tax on April 1 and, above all, by a greater preference for consumption fuelled by more optimistic expectations. As a result, the saving ratio as defined in this Report probably dropped to 101/2% of households' disposable income in 1998, which was more than 21/2 percentage points below the level recorded at the time of German unification.

Households continued to employ a relatively large proportion of their investible funds (comprising both current savings and government transfers received in connection with saving promotion schemes) for the acquisition of owner-occupied housing. This is indicated, on the one hand, by the construction statistics according to which more than 220,000 dwellings in one and two-family houses were completed in 1998, about 7 % more than a year earlier. On the other hand, the sustained preference for a "home of one's own", particularly of west Germans, Further decline in household savings

Acquisition of fixed assets by households

manifested itself in an increased number of applications for construction permits and a sharp rise in the pay-out of savings with building and loan associations. Besides the favourable credit terms and construction prices, a strong incentive to acquire residential property was provided by the replacement at the start of 1996 of tax incentives for home buyers by direct grants. However, the increased acquisition of owner-occupied houses was more than offset by a steep decline in the completion of owner-occupied flats, especially in eastern Germany, where the over-supply that has arisen in many areas and the cutback in government promotion measures considerably dampened investor interest. The number of owner-occupied apartments put on the market in Germany as a whole declined by more than one-quarter in 1998. Taking these properties into account, households spent DM 118 billion, or 5% of their disposable income, on the acquisition of fixed assets last year, which was far less than in 1997.

Preference for financial assets with potential for capital appreciation The decreasing interest in real estate for tax depreciation and investment purposes benefited the acquisition of financial assets, which increased somewhat despite the decline in saving. The choice of investment vehicles was chiefly determined by the expected rate of return and by investors' increased preference for liquidity, which were both influenced by the continuing low level of interest rates. Financial assets with a potential for capital appreciation promised relatively high yields – also after taking tax considerations into account. When equity prices began to soar again early last year following the turmoil witnessed in 1997, both indirect and direct ac-

quisitions of equities again increased substantially. This preference was not even affected by the share price falls in the summer months. Instead households remained levelheaded on the whole and to some extent took advantage of the lower price level to make additional purchases. Longer-term savings schemes, an increased amount of which were concluded last year, tended to have the same effect. Capital market-based domestic and foreign investment fund certificates raised about DM 60 billion last year, which was approximately 10% more than in 1997, the greater part of which was probably accounted for by investments in equities. In the run-up to monetary union, investors favoured Europe-oriented share-based funds and, to a certain extent, sector-specific funds. Shares were also acquired directly on a substantial scale, owing inter alia to merger plans and take-over rumours. Overall, almost one-guarter of households' newly formed financial assets may have been invested in shares last year, compared with less than one-fifth in 1997.

In addition, households also substantially stepped up their liquid funds placed with banks. For example, the amount of funds placed in sight deposit accounts was twice as high last year as in 1997. At the same time, a substantial amount was invested in money market funds, which had previously registered sizeable outflows. The increase in liquidity holdings probably owed little to greater insecurity regarding employment and income prospects. Rather, it represented accumulated savings lodged temporarily in liquid form prior to their final use owing *inter alia* to

Growing preference for liquidity

Saving by households (plus non-profit organisations) including the private housing sector *

DM billion

	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996 р	1997 p	1998 pe
Disposable income	1,878.2	2,014.7	2,084.1	2,156.3	2,238.1	2,311.3	2,354.7	2,410.5
Consumption	1,630.3	1,755.5	1,829.3	1,906.0	1,975.3	2,046.4	2,095.2	2,156.2
Saving	247.9	259.2	254.8	250.3	262.8	264.9	259.5	254.3
Memo item	-		400-440 100-					
Saving ratio 1	13.2	12.9	12.2	11.6	11.7	11.5	11.0	10.5
Capital transfers							Arrest Arrest	
incoming	4.6	4.6	4.6	4.8	5.2	8.0	10.6	17.0
outgoing	6.9	7.7	8.3	8.9	13.0	9.7	9.7	10.4
Investible funds (net)	245.6	256.1	251.1	246.2	255.0	263.2	260.4	260.9
Amount used for:								
Acquisition of fixed assets						wheel - do-194		
Gross capital formation 2	144.6	168.0	183.0	215.0	219.5	218.5	219.3	216.5
Consumption of fixed capital	66.9	72.9	75.6	85.1	87.3	91.4	95.5	98.9
Net capital formation	77.7	95.1	107.4	129.9	132.2	127.1	123.8	117.6
of which by own resources ³	31.9	22.5	10.8	17.5	31.1	26.1	30.3	28.9
Acquisition of financial assets							777794 E 828 4 10 4 20 4	100.00
with banks	79.8	109.3	151.0	26.5	77.5	85.9	46.0	69.0
Currency and sight deposits	14.2	41.7	35.1	15.7	23.6	33.5	19.3	39.8
Time deposits	55.9	47.5	47.4	- 56.6	- 54.0	- 38.4	- 12.7	6.6
Savings bonds	7.9	3.1	- 20.4	- 13.2	4.8	- 4.4	1.8	- 4.6
Savings deposits	1.8	16.9	88.9	80.6	103.1	95.3	37.5	27.1
with building and loan associations	6.4	6.6	6.8	6.2	3.4	9.5	9.3	4.7
with insurance enterprises	52.0	60.3	69.6	74.6	86.0	87.1	94.8	99.4
in securities	94.1	62.7	17.7	125.3	54.4	51.0	77.4	58.0
Bonds 4	66.6	11.6	- 25.0	38.6	37.1	19.4	19.6	- 15.9
Investment fund certificates	27.0		36.1	84.7	20.7	21.1	49.8	65.9
Shares	0.5	8	6.6	2.0	- 3.4	10.5	8.0	8.0
in other assets	15.9	18.9	10.2	12.3	15.8	15.8	15.8	15.8
	248.1	257.8	255.3	244.8	237.1	249.2	243.2	246.9
Incurrence of liabilities		Www.water-1000		**************************************		Adja classionas	00000	1990009462a
Mortgages	45.8	72.6	96.6	112.4	101.1	101.0	93.5	88.7
Consumer loans	34.4	944	15.0	16.1	13.2	12.1	13.1	14.9
	80.2	96.8	111.6	128.5	114.3	113.1	106.6	103.6
Memo item		Annual State		MARKET A AVA -		·		
Net acquisition of financial assets	167.9	161.0	143.7	116.3	122.8	136.1	136.6	143.3

* Calculation previously used in the national accounts extended to include the acquisition and use of private housing, including the associated funding of loans. — 1 As a percentage of disposable income. — 2 Expenditure on new residential buildings including the renovation and main-

tenance of existing buildings and the acquisition of older buildings; excluding associated transactions involving land. — 3 Difference between net capital formation and mortgages. — 4 Including money market paper.

increased financial market risks, the low level of long-term interest rates and the flat yield curve. To some extent, this probably also holds true for funds maturing in longer-term bank savings accounts or maturing bonds. Thus large amounts of bank bonds, which tend to be held largely by households, were due for repayment last year. In addition, older bonds were sold (presumably fetching good prices) in order to realise tax-free holding gains. On balance, this led to a decline in households' holdings of bonds, although their preference for foreign securities and newer products increased at the same time. So-called reverse-convertible bonds aroused particular interest.

As in the preceding years, saving was positively influenced by the relatively low level of new borrowing. The number of additional consumer loans taken up increased, no doubt in connection with the more buoyant level of consumption. Demand for housing loans, on the other hand, again declined noticeably. The information value of banking statistics data is impaired, however, by the fact that it is no longer possible to differentiate clearly between consumer credit and mortgages granted to households. It is therefore better to consider aggregate new debt, which has been decreasing since reaching its peak in 1994. This downward tendency can be attributed chiefly to the waning of the construction boom. In addition, it is likely that the progressive curbing of tax depreciation allowances granted under the Promotional Area Act also dampened investment on the east German real estate markets and the associated need to borrow.

Development of national wealth

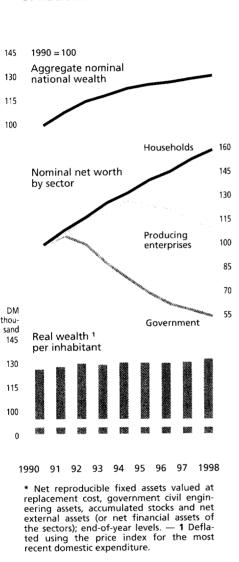
Development of national

wealth

At the end of 1998, German national wealth amounted to an estimated DM 13 trillion.⁵ However, this figure does not include real property owing to the lack of statistical data. The value of the land associated with households' purchases of residential property alone amounted to more than DM 21/2 trillion at the end of 1998. National wealth – according to the narrower definition used in this Report – has increased by an estimated nominal amount of DM 3 trillion since the end of 1990. This equals an average annual increase of almost 3 1/2 %6. This significantly exceeded the aggregate savings accumulated in the same period, which accounted for "only" about two-thirds of the total increase in national wealth. The remaining one-third was principally attributable to a higher valuation of the stock of fixed assets. The share due to changes in valuation would be even greater if

⁵ Just as in corporate accounts, where balance sheets provide information on enterprises' net worth and indebtedness, the national accounts also seek to portray the value, composition and financing of the assets of the various sectors and of the economy as a whole. This is achieved by means of stock accounts in which assets (non-financial assets and claims) and liabilities are recorded as of the end of each business period. The resulting balance is referred to as net worth. The aggregate net worth of all the domestic sectors shows Germany's national wealth, which is used as an indicator of prosperity. Since domestic financial assets and liabilities are offset against each other, national wealth in a narrower sense equals the sum of aggregate net fixed assets and the net external position.

⁶ The value of national wealth changes in the course of time owing to transactions, other changes in volume (e.g. owing to unenforceable claims) and price changes. Transactions are recorded in the capital account and the financial account and manifest themselves in net fixed capital formation, changes in stocks, capital transfers and in the acquisition of financial assets and the incurrence of liabilities. In addition, price-related changes in the value of assets also play a major role, especially in the case of real property and shares, which under ESA 95 must be recorded in a separate revaluation account.



Development

of national wealth'

Deutsche Bundesbank

increases in land value were also taken into account. But even this figure indicates the major significance which changes in the value of existing assets can have for an economy's national wealth alongside accumulated aggregate savings.

Increase in households' assets Households' net worth grew at a faster rate than national wealth; on an average of the years from 1991 to 1998, it increased by 6 %

in nominal terms. By the end of 1998, households' real property and financial assets (excluding the associated value of land) reached a magnitude of the order of DM 101/2 trillion, set against liabilities amounting to almost DM 2 trillion. Since the beginning of the nineties, there has been a sharp rise in the proportion of assets subject to regular revaluation based on market prices. Whereas in 1990, somewhat more than half of aggregate gross wealth had been attributable to housing and equities, this figure increased to almost twothirds at the end of 1998.7 However, the greater preference for investments with a potential for capital appreciation also implies a partial forgoing of current property income in favour of expected holding gains, resulting in a weakening of the tendency for the acquisition of financial assets to grow "automatically" via the reinvestment of income. On the other hand, the accumulation of current savings has been offset by increases in the value of assets, which amounted to an estimated DM 1,100 billion in the period under review, or around DM 150 billion per year. This corresponds to about 60% of households' annual savings or 7% of their disposable income. These figures highlight the importance which value increases have meanwhile assumed in respect of households' net worth in Germany. This could also have implications for saving and the distribution of wealth. Thus in the United States, in particular, increases in the value of assets are regarded as being partly responsible for the fact that households' contribution to overall saving is now negative.

⁷ This proportion would be even higher if land were included in the calculation.

National wealth by sector

DM trillion

			Changes				
	End-of-year lev	/el	Total	Transactions	Other 1 1991–8 2		
ltem	1990	1998 ²	1991-82	1991-8 ²			
Households Fixed assets ³ Net financial assets 4	3.2 2.1	4.7 3.8	1.5 1.7	0.9 1.1	0.6		
Total	5.3	8.4	3.1	2.0	1.1		
Enterprises Fixed assets 3 Net financial assets 4	4.4 - 1.1	5.8 - 1.9	1.5 - 0.8	1.1 - 0.4	0.4 - 0.4		
Total	3.2	3.9	0.6	0.6	0.0		
of which Producing enterprises Fixed assets 3 Net financial assets 4	3.8 - 1.1	5.1 - 2.0	1.2 - 0.9	0.9 - 0.5	0.3 - 0.4		
Total	2.7	3.0	0.4	0.4	- 0.0		
Government Fixed assets 3 Net financial assets 4	2.0 - 0.4	2.6 - 1.8	0.6 - 1.3	0.4 - 1.0	0.2 - 0.3		
Total	1.5	0.8	- 0.7	- 0.6	- 0.1		
All domestic sectors Fixed assets 3 Net financial lassets 4	9.5 0.5	13.1 0.1	3.5 - 0.4	2.4 - 0.3	1.1 - 0.1		
Total	10.0	13.2	3.2	2.1	1.1		

Source: Federal Statistical Office, Subject-Matter Series 18, national accounts and Bundesbank calculations. -1 Difference between total changes in stocks and cumulative transactions. This is largely attributable to valuation adjustments; including errors and omissions. -2 In 1998

Deutsche Bundesbank

Government net worth

Households' increasing share of national wealth went hand in hand with a decline on the part of the government sector, whose net worth decreased at an average annual rate of about 7 % during the same period. Owing to the government sector's chronic dissaving, its share of national wealth (as defined in this Report) has fallen by one-half since German reunification. Although the Constitution and German budget law stipulate that new government borrowing may only exceed gross government investment in exceptional cases, the government sector's net worth has been reduced by the imputed consumption of fixed capital as well as its disposals of fixed and financial assets for the purpose of current budget financing.⁸ In this sectoral analysis, it should be noted that the drastic increase in public debt – by more than double – in effect

rough estimate. — 3 (Net) reproducible fixed assets valued at replacement cost; including (gross) government civil engineering assets and accumulated stock. — 4 Financial assets less liabilities (including shares outstanding); securities valued at market rates.

constitutes a substantial burden on the private sector which will have to be serviced from that sector's future income.

Real net worth

All in all, the aggregate assets and liabilities account for the nineties presents a rather mixed picture. In real terms and in relation to the number of inhabitants, national wealth was barely higher at the end of 1998 than in the year of German unification. If gains in value are disregarded, the stock of national assets actually contracted by approximately 6%. This reflects not only the high level of government debt but also, and above all, a basic tendency towards a weakened accumulation of productive assets. This development

⁸ See Deutsche Bundesbank, Development of public sector investment, and its financing, Monthly Report, April 1999, page 29 ff.

is a cause for concern, not only because of the substantial lack of profitable jobs but also in view of the demographic ageing of the population and the associated growing pension burden.

The tables accompanying this article appear on the following pages.

Note

A new edition of Special Statistical Publication 4, Financial Accounts for Germany, 1990 to 1998, will appear in July 1999. The English language version will be available on the Internet only.

Capital finance account for 1998 Pe

DM billion

		Enterprises			Lu	
		<u> </u>	T	T	1	All domestic
			Producing		Govern-	non- financial
	Households	Total	enterprises	Housing	ment 1	sectors
Acquisition of fixed assets and saving						
Net capital formation		291.37	169.72	121.65	40.57	331.94
Gross capital formation Consumption of fixed capital		735.63 444.26	496.93 327.21	238.70 117.05	67.65 27.08	803.28 471.34
Saving and capital transfers	232.98	86.77	74.31	12.46	- 38.37	281.38
Saving Capital transfers (net)	289.34	- 7.62	45.17	- 52.78	0.58	282.3
	- 56.36	94.38	29.14	65.24	- 38.95	- 0.93
Financial surplus or deficit 3 Statistical discronancy 4	232.98	- 204.60	- 95.41	- 109.19	- 78.94	- 50.56
Statistical discrepancy 4	ŧ.	- 17.10	- 17.10			- 17.10
Acquisition of financial assets						
Funds placed with banks Currency and sight deposits	66.22 39.84	68.97 79.40	66.47 76.90	2.50 2.50	– 1.93 5.09	133.26 124.33
Time deposits	- 0.71	- 11.50	- 11.50	. 2,50	- 7.48	- 19.69
Savings deposits Funds placed with building and loan associations	27.08 4.72	1.07 0.22	1.07 0.22		0.46	28.61
Funds placed with insurance enterprises	99.41	4.91	4.91	•	- 0.11 0.58	4.83 104.90
Purchases of money market paper Purchases of bonds	- 0.36	- 5.70	- 5.70		- 0.07	- 6.12
Purchases of investment fund certificates	- 11.58 65.91	20.17 20.52	20.17 20.52	•	- 0.25 2.81	8.34 89.25
Purchases of shares	8.00	71.80	71.80	•	- 19.79	60.01
External position of the Bundesbank Bank loans	-			•	•	
Short-term bank loans Longer-term bank loans		· ·	•	•	· ·	
Building and loan association loans nsurance enterprise loans	•			•	•	•
Other claims	18.52	60.67	59.04		9.26	88.45
Fotal	250.85	241.54	237.41	2.50	- 9.49	482.90
ncurrence of liabilities and sales of shares						
unds placed with banks		
Currency and sight deposits Time deposits	·		•	·		
Savings deposits			-			
unds placed with building and loan associations unds placed with insurance enterprises						
ales of money market paper		- 1.29	- 1.29	-	- 0.74	- 2.04
ales of bonds ales of investment fund certificates	•	- 6.06	- 6.06		59.89	53.83
ales of shares		89.20	89.08	0.12		89.20
xternal position of the Bundesbank			•			
Bank loans Short-term bank loans	17.68 7.08	292.30 62.08	185.33 59.99	106.97	15.79	325.76
Longer-term bank loans	10.60	230.22	59.99 125.34	2.09 104.88	- 1.52 17.31	67.64 258.12
	x 1	6.04	0.79	6.15	0.41	
Building and Ioan association Ioans		6.94			- 0.41	
Building and loan association loans nsurance enterprise loans Other liabilities	- 0.04 0.23	6.94 6.64 75.52	5.91	- 2.28	- 0.41 - 0.25 - 4.83	6.53 6.35 70.92

1 Including social security funds and special funds. — 2 Credit institutions including the Bundesbank. — 3 Saving and capital transfers (net) less net capital formation. — 4 Corresponds to the balancing item in

the financial account with the rest of the world owing to unclassifiable payment transactions with non-residents.

w war ne warant term address word a		Building					
		and loan			- · · · · ·		
otal	Banks 2	associ- ations	Insurance enterprises	Investment funds	world	All sectors	Item
		E	5	J	L	and a second	Acquisition of fixed assets and saving
11.50	3.03	- 0.14	1.15	7.45		343.43	Net capital formation
22.70	11.12	0.07	4.06	7.45		825.97	Gross capital formation
11.20	8.09	0.20	2.91	-	-	482.54	Consumption of fixed capital
51.10	33.20	0.20	17.70		10.96	343.43	Saving and capital transfers
51.00 0.10	33.20	0.20	17.60 0.10	-	10.13 0.83	343.43 -	Saving Capital transfers (net)
12/16/11/10/12/12/10/16/14/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/10/		0.74	1C EE	- 7.45	10.96		Financial surplus or deficit 3
39.60	30.17	0.34	16.55	- 7.45	17.10	_	Statistical discrepancy 4
•	• •	•	•	s .	* 17.10	ς ,	
							Acquisition of financial assets
55.38		2.50 1.35	30.61 0.28	22.27 3.95	284.93 98.24	473.56 228.17	Funds placed with banks Currency and sight deposits
5.59 49.51		1.35	30.04	18.32	186.40	216.22	Time deposits
0.28			0.28	-	0.28	29.17	Savings deposits
- 0.25	- 0.25				0.11 0.31	4.69 105.21	Funds placed with building and loan associations Funds placed with insurance enterprises
16.81	16.31	· ·		0.50	13.17	23.85	Purchases of money market paper
261.22	199.91	1.14	1.73	58.43	147.87	417.43	Purchases of bonds
104.31	41.76	2.18	60.38	. 04.71	- 2.77 101.18	190.79 294.48	Purchases of investment fund certificates Purchases of shares
133.30 7.28	20.24 7.28	0.06	28.29	84.71	3.59	10.87	External position of the Bundesbank
7.28 507.70	507.70	•	•	•		507.70	Bank loans
169.03	169.03					169.03	Short-term bank loans
338.67	338.67	•			•	338.67	Longer-term bank loans
6.80 6.95		6.80	6.95	•		6.80 6.95	Building and loan association loans
1.89		•		1.89	53.59	143.93	Other claims
	792.95	12.68	127.96	167.80	601.98	2,186.26	
1,101.38	/ /92.93	¥ 12,00	127.50	107.00	, 001.50	2,100.20	
							Incurrence of liabilities and sales of shares
473.56 228.17	473.56 228.17				•	473.56 228.17	Funds placed with banks Currency and sight deposits
216.22	1					216.22	Time deposits
29.17	29.17	•			•	29.17	Savings deposits
4.69 105.21		4.69	105.21		•	4.69 105.21	Funds placed with building and loan associations Funds placed with insurance enterprises
18.64	18.64		103.21		7.25	23.85	Sales of money market paper
254.37	253.94	0.42			109.23	417.43	Sales of bonds
169.75 18.49		0.13	6.49	169.75	21.05 186.80	190.79 294.48	
3.59	1				7.28	10.87	
11.91	-	7.15	- 0.74	5.51	170.02	-	Bank loans
6.22	-	2.67	- 0.70	4.25			Short-term bank loans
5.70		4.48		1	1	-	-
- 0.17 - 0.05		- 0.05	0.00		0.44 0.65		
1.80		1	0.45		71.21	1	Other liabilities
1,061.78	and second and second				573.92	2,186.26	

Capital finance account for 1997 P

DM billion

		Enterprises		<u> </u>	F1	
						All domestic
						non-
Item	Households	Total	Producing enterprises	Housing	Govern- ment 1	financial sectors
Acquisition of fixed assets and saving	nen hannan kana ar ya di in ar ya di an ya di ana ya di ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana ana an	de ana sua mana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang		£		******************
Net capital formation		243.89	108.19	135.70	42.85	286.74
Gross capital formation Consumption of fixed capital	•	677.65 433.76	428.47 320.28	249.18 113.48	69.51 26.66	747.16
Saving and capital transfers			-			460.42
Saving	230.13 287.48	64.58 - 22.00	57.24 31.21	7.34 - 53.21	- 58.66 - 28.12	236.05 237.36
Capital transfers (net)	- 57.35	86.58	26.03	60.55	- 30.54	- 1.31
Financial surplus or deficit 3	230.13	- 179.31	- 50.95	- 128.36	- 101.51	- 50.69
Statistical discrepancy 4		- 8.72	- 8.72			- 8.72
Acquisition of financial assets						
Funds placed with banks	47.66	41.61		- 10.50	3.72	92.98
Currency and sight deposits Time deposits	19.32 - 9.17	52.13	62.63 - 11.25	- 10.50	- 4.85 8.09	66.61 - 12.34
Savings deposits	37.51	0.73	0.73		0.48	38.71
Funds placed with building and loan associations Funds placed with insurance enterprises	9.34 94.77	0.21 9.57	0.21 9.57		0.02 0.90	9.56 105.24
Purchases of money market paper	- 1.05	- 0.85	- 0.85		0.50	- 1.80
Purchases of bonds Purchases of investment fund certificates	20.61 49.82	- 36.59	- 36.59		- 0.10	- 16.08
Purchases of shares	49.82	17.71 14.62	17.71 14.62		2.62	70.15 12.22
External position of the Bundesbank		•		•		
Bank loans Short-term bank loans	-					
Longer-term bank loans	Local Activity of the second se	•			-	
Building and loan association loans Insurance enterprise loans			• •		•	•
Other claims	14.06	30.67	35.50		2.09	46.81
Total	243.21	76.93	92.26	- 10.50	- 1.05	319.09
Incurrence of liabilities and sales of shares						
Funds placed with banks	- 1999			•		
Currency and sight deposits Time deposits	·	•		•		
Savings deposits	-					
Funds placed with building and loan associations Funds placed with insurance enterprises				•	•	
Sales of money market paper		2.13	2.13	•	1.81	0.33
Sales of bonds Sales of investment fund certificates	- market	- 7.93	- 7.93	•	73.70	65.78
Sales of shares	•	10.36	10.31	0.05	•	10.36
External position of the Bundesbank	00000000000000000000000000000000000000					
Bank loans Short-term bank loans	12.90	193.14	90.42	102.71	53.12	259.16
Longer-term bank loans	4.05 8.85	17.10 176.04	18.79 71.64	- 1.69 104.40	- 0.39 53.52	20.75 238.41
Building and loan association loans		6.49	- 0.81	7.30	- 0.16	6.33
Insurance enterprise loans Other liabilities	0.07	0.06	- 3.68	3.75	- 1.28	- 1.15
		60.71	61.48	4.05	- 23.11	37.70
Total	13.08	264.96	151.93	117.86	100.46	378.50

1 Including social security funds and special funds. — 2 Credit institutions including the Bundesbank. — 3 Saving and capital transfers (net) less net capital formation. — 4 Corresponds to the balancing item in

the financial account with the rest of the world owing to unclassifiable payment transactions with non-residents.

and a restriction of the second second second		Building					
		and loan assocí-	Insurance	Investment	Rest of the		
otal	Banks 2	ations	enterprises		world	All sectors	
	бан аланын аланын түүнөн аланын тү	And have an experiment of the second					Acquisition of fixed assets and saving
12.27	3.14	0.05	1.05	8.04		299.01	
23.35	11.11	0.25	3.96	8.04		770.51	Gross capital formation
11.08	7.97	0.20	2.91	-	•	471.50	Consumption of fixed capital
53.58	35.38	0.20	18.00	-	9.38	299.01	Saving and capital transfers
53.48	35.38	0.20	17.90		8.17	299.01	Saving Capital transfers (net)
0.10	-		0.10	-	1.21		
41.31	32.25	0.15	16.95	- 8.04	9.38	-	Financial surplus or deficit ³
				•	8.72	-	Statistical discrepancy 4
							Acquisition of financial assets
63.61		7.04		15.06	208.42		Funds placed with banks
1.82	•	0.02	0.27	1.53 13.53	73.01 135.23	141.44 184.33	Currency and sight deposits Time deposits
61.45 0.35		7.02	40.89 0.35	13.33	0.19	39.24	Savings deposits
0.33	0.43	•			0.13	10.12	
	رہ				0.49	105.73	Funds placed with insurance enterprises
- 2.69	- 2.25	0.07	-	- 0.51	12.24	7.76	
220.49	142.47	- 1.33	1.19	78.16	122.91 - 4.14	327.32 153.88	Purchases of bonds Purchases of investment fund certificates
87.87 88.60	33.34 13.83	2.58 0.12	51.94 32.77	41.88	- 4.14 22.82	123.64	
- 7.14	- 7.14				- 0.64	- 7.78	External position of the Bundesbank
429.21	429.21					429.21	Bank loans
121.46	121.46		•			121.46	Short-term bank loans
307.75	307.75					307.75 6.29	Longer-term bank loans Building and loan association loans
6.29 - 0.54		6.29	- 0.54			- 0.54	Insurance enterprise loans
- 0.86			-	- 0.86	37.17	83.12	Other claims
885.26	609.89	14.77	126.87	133.73	399.40	1,603.75	Total
							Incurrence of liabilities and sales of shares
365.02	365.02	1	1			365.02	
141.44						141.44	Currency and sight deposits
184.33		1			•	184.33 39.24	Time deposits Savings deposits
39.24				•	-	39.24	
10.12 105.73		10.12	105.73	•		10.12	
7.51	1		,		- 0.08		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
184.91					76.63	327.32	Sales of bonds
138.95			. 1 10	138.95	14.94 92.45		
20.82	per ce		1.10		- 7.14	2	
- 0.64		4.25	2.64	2.83	1		
9.72 2.40		- 0.01					Short-term bank loans
7.32		4.26		\$			-
- 0.07			- 0.00		0.03		
0.10		0.10	100 C		0.51	1	
1.80	1.35		0.45		43.62	83.12	
843.95	577.64	14.62	109.92	141.77	381.30	1,603.75	Total

Financial assets and liabilities in 1998 °

End-of-year level; DM billion

		Enterprises	******	T	1	
						All domesti
			Producing		Govern-	non- financial
Item	Households	Total	enterprises	Housing	ment 1	sectors
Financial assets						
Funds placed with banks	2,057.5	984.6	960.9	23.7	313.4	3,355.4
Currency and sight deposits	500.4	773.3	749.7	23.7	38.1	1,311.9
Time deposits	363.5	202.2	202.2	l .	268.9	834.7
Savings deposits	1,193.5	9.0	9.0		6.4	1,208.9
Funds placed with building and loan associations	178.6	3.4	3.4		1.2	183.2
Funds placed with insurance enterprises	1,261.1	115.9	115.9		4.1	1,381.1
Assets in the form of money market paper	2,4	18.4	18.4		0.3	21.1
Assets in the form of bonds	762.8	93.5	93.5		25.4	881.7
Assets in the form of investment fund certificates	566.2	160.3	160.3		17.8	744.3
Assets in the form of shares	491.7	1,002.4	1,002.4		62.8	1,556.9
External position of the Bundesbank				•		
Bank loans			· .	-		
Short-term bank loans						
Longer-term bank loans	•			•		
Building and loan association loans		•				
Insurance enterprise loans				•		
Other claims	362.5	800.6	808.1		205.2	1,368.3
Total	5,682.8	3,179.0	3,162.9	23.7	630.2	9,492.1
Liabilities and shares outstanding						
Funds placed with banks	1.				I .	1.
Currency and sight deposits	· ·			•		
Time deposits Savings deposits	·	•		•		
Savings deposits	•	•	•	•	•	-
unds placed with building and loan associations						
unds placed with insurance enterprises					•	
iabilities arising from money market paper		6.7	6.7		25.8	32.5
labilities arising from bonds.		90.1	90.1		1,395.5	1,485.6
nvestment fund certificates outstanding						
hares outstanding	•	1,850.6	1,842.1	8.5	•	1,850.6
external position of the Bundesbank						
Bank Ioans	390,3	3,733.1	2,155.8	1,577.3	880.5	5,003.9
Short-term bank loans	90.6	726.0	687.4	38.5	55.7	872.3
Longer-term bank loans	299.7	3,007.1	1,468.3	1,538.8	824.8	4,131.7
Building and loan association loans		195.4	0.0	195.4	2.5	198.0
nsurance enterprise loans	19.7	242.3	124.0	118.3	36.0	298.0
Other liabilities	7.4	972.5	954.4	25.7	53.6	1,033.5
otal	417.4	7,090.8	5,173.1	1,925.2	2,393.9	
/ emo item						
let financial assets 3	5,265.5	- 3,911.8	- 2,010.2	- 1,901.6	– 1,763.7 I	- 410.0

1 Including social security funds and special funds. — 2 Credit institutions including the Bundesbank. — 3 Financial assets less liabilities and shares outstanding.

	ctors	Building			AU		
otal	Banks 2	and loan associ- ations	Insurance enterprises	Investment funds	Rest of the world	All sectors	ltem
	Banks -	lations	lencerphoto		L	1	
							Financial assets
	2	* <u>,</u>	629.4	76.8	1,293.8	5 285 7	Funds placed with banks
736.5	-	30.2 4.4	13.9	19.6	377.1	1,726.8	Currency and sight deposits
37.9	-	£	1	57.2	893.5	2,424.7	Time deposits
696.5	•	25.8	613.5 2.0	57.2	23.2	1,234.2	Savings deposits
2.0	•		2.0	•	23.2	1,234.2	Savings deposits
2.4	2.4				1.2	186.8	Funds placed with building and loan associations
					6.2	1,387.3	Funds placed with insurance enterprises
34.4	29.1	_	_	5.3	43.8	99.4	Assets in the form of money market paper
2,299.1	1,526.7	24.8	201.6	545.9	1,140.0	4,320.7	
2,299.1	1,526.7	12.8	371.6	543.3	6.6	1,314.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1,216.0	338.5	0.6	451.5	425.3	514.0	3,286.9	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	AL AND A LA	0.0	451.5	423.3		-	
135.1	135.1				19.0	154.1	External position of the Bundesbank
6,212.2	6,212.2					6,212.2	Bank loans
1,524.7	1,524.7					1,524.7	Short-term bank loans
4,687.5	4,687.5					4,687.5	Longer-term bank loans
	.,	· ·					
200.6		200.6				200.6	
326.8			326.8			326.8	Insurance enterprise loans
28.2			-	28.2	619.8	2,016.3	Other claims
11,754.6	8,423.0	269.1	1,981.0	1,081.5	3,644.5	24,891.2	Total
11,754.0	, 0,42J.V	: 205.1	1,501.0		. 5,671.5	2 .,00	
							Liabilities and shares outstanding
5,385.7	5,385.7	1.			-	5,385.7	Funds placed with banks
1,726.8	1,726.8					1,726.8	Currency and sight deposits
2,424.7	2,424.7					2,424.7	Time deposits
1,234.2	1,234.2					1,234.2	
1,234.2	1,20112						
186.8	· .	186.8				186.8	
1,387.3		•	1,387.3		•	1,387.3	Funds placed with insurance enterprises
48.2	48.2		NTH NAME		18.7	99.4	Liabilities arising from money market paper
48.2 2,277.1	46.2 2,273.5	3.6	-		558.0	1	
1,132.6	2,213.3	3.0	•	1,132.6	181.5		
715.3	284.7	6.8	423.8		721.0		-
19.0	19.0		(ce the descent of th		135.1	154.1	External position of the Bundesbank
	1.0						
72.6	•	50.4	1		1,135.7	1	
21.7	•	10.4					
50.9	•	40.1	3.9	6.9	505.0	4,687.5	
0.4	0.3		0.0		2.3		
1.5		1.5			27.4	326.8	Insurance enterprise loans
42.4	28.1		14.3		940.4	2,016.3	Other liabilities
11,269.0							
11,209.0	1 0,059.0	; L+J.Z	. ,,031.0	,		/20	
							Memo item
							Wento item

Financial assets and liabilities in 1997 °

End-of-year level; DM billion

		Enterprises]	
						All domest
		The second s	Producing		Govern-	non- financial
	Households	Total	enterprises	Housing	ment 1	sectors
Financial assets						
Funds placed with banks	1,990.9	908.5	887.3	21.2	305.0	3,204.4
Currency and sight deposits	461.0	684.8	663.7	21.2	33.0	1 .
Time deposits	363.4	215.7	215.7		266.2	845.
Savings deposits	1,166.5	7.9	7.9	•	5.9	1,180.
Funds placed with building and loan associations	173.9	3.1	3.1		1.3	178.
unds placed with insurance enterprises	1,163.0	106.2	106.2	•	3.8	1,273.
Assets in the form of money market paper	2.8	22.5	22.5		0.4	25.
Assets in the form of bonds	774.7	82.5	82.5	•	25.5	882.
Assets in the form of investment fund certificates	469.3	130.9	130.9		14.6	614.
Assets in the form of shares	443.0	812.5	812.5		76.4	1,331.
External position of the Bundesbank	-			•	-	
3ank loans	-					
Short-term bank loans	-				-	
Longer-term bank loans		•	•	•		
Building and loan association loans						
nsurance enterprise loans						
Other claims	344.1	743.3	752.4	*	195.7	1,283.0
lotal	5,361.6	2,809.4	2,797.4	21.2	622.7	8,793.8
iabilities and shares outstanding						
unds placed with banks				•		1
Currency and sight deposits				•		
Time deposits				-		
Savings deposits	-		•	-		
unds placed with building and loan associations						
unds placed with insurance enterprises						
iabilities arising from money market paper		8.0	8.0		26.6	34.
iabilities arising from bonds		86.6	86.6	•	1,329.1	1,415.
nvestment fund certificates outstanding					.,	.,
hares outstanding		1,509.1	1,501.3	7.8		1,509.
xternal position of the Bundesbank	- 1010					
ank loans	368.2	3,449.8	1,978.2	1,471.6	851.8	4,669.
Short-term bank loans	82.1	662.8	626.4	36.4	57.2	802.
Longer-term bank loans	286.1	2,787.1	1,351.9	1,435.2	794.6	3,867.
uilding and loan association loans		189.3	0.0	189.3	2.9	192.
nsurance enterprise loans	19.7	237.7	119.6	118.1	36.2	293.6
Other liabilities	7.1	910.2	891.4	27.9	57.6	974.9
otal	395.0	6,390.6	4,585.1			
1emo item						-
let financial assets 3	4,966.6	- 3,581.2	- 1,787.7	- 1,793.5	- 1,681.6	- 296.2

1 Including social security funds and special funds. — 2 Credit institutions including the Bundesbank. — 3 Financial assets less liabilities and shares outstanding.

Deutsche Bundesbank

otal	Banks ²	Building and Ioan associ- ations	Insurance enterprises		Rest of the world	All sectors	ltem
energia de la construcción de la c							
							Financial assets
680.8		27.7	598.6	54.5	1,028.1	5 · ·	Funds placed with banks
32.3	•	3.1	13.6	15.7	285.8	1,496.9	Currency and sight deposits Time deposits
646.7	•	24.7	583.2	38.8	719.4	2,211.4	1 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1.8	•	•	1.8	•	22.9	1,205.0	Savings deposits
2.7	2.7	•	4-100 ANNO 100 OV	•	1.1 5.6	182.1 1,278.6	· · · · · · · · · · · ·
17.5	12.7	_		4.8	32.8	75.9	Assets in the form of money market paper
2,015.6	1,327.9	23.6	199.8	464.2	980.3	3,878.6	Assets in the form of bonds
436.6	136.1	10.4	290.1	-102	9.3	1,060.8	
979.3	291.0	0.5	386.8	300.9	356.1	2,667.2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
116.8	116.8	-		•	15.4	132.2	External position of the Bundesbank
5,733.7	5,733.7		and an and an			5,733.7	Bank loans
1,373.4	1,373.4	•	•			1,373.4	Short-term bank loans
4,360.4	4,360.4					4,360.4	Longer-term bank loans
4,000.4	7,300.7	•					
194.6	•	194.6		•	•	194.6	Building and loan association loans
315.6	• •	•	315.6	•	•	315.6	Insurance enterprise loans
26.3		•		26.3	580.6	1,889.9	Other claims
10,519.4	7,620.9	256.9	1,791.0	850.7	3,009.3	22,322.5	Total
							Liabilities and shares outstanding
4,913.3	4,913.3	1	1		-	4,913.3	Funds placed with banks
1,496.9	1,496.9	8			*****	1,496.9	Currency and sight deposits
2,211.4	2,211.4	5				2,211.4	
1,205.0	1,205.0					1,205.0	
						102.1	tunde placed with building and loap associations
182.1	•	182.1		•	•	182.1	
1,278.6	•		1,278.6		•	1,278.6	•
29.5	29.5				11.8	75.9	Liabilities arising from money market paper
2,012.0	2,008.9	5	-		450.8	3,878.6	Liabilities arising from bonds
900.3				900.3	160.5	1,060.8	
645.2	307.0	6.0	332.2		513.0	2,667.2	Shares outstanding
15.4	15.4	•		N-80-40-00-00-00-	116.8	132.2	External position of the Bundesbank
60.8		43.2	7.3	10.3	1,003.1		
15.6	3	7.6	3.3	4.7	555.7	1,373.4	
45.2	1	35.6	4.0	5.6	447.4	4,360.4	Longer-term bank loans
0.5	0.5		0.0		1.8	194.6	Building and loan association loans
0.5	5	1.5	1		20.5		
	-					2009 2009	
40.6	26.8		13.9		874.3	a and a state of the second	
10,079.9	7,301.4	236.0	1,632.0	910.6	3,152.6	22,322.5	Total
							Memo item

Recent developments in electronic money

The use of electronic money in nonbanks' payments poses a series of questions to monetary policy. These issues were already presented in detail and discussed in an earlier Monthly Report of the Deutsche Bundesbank.¹ This article is a follow-on to the earlier Report and deals with current trends in electronic money. In the meantime, initial experience has been gained concerning its use in over-the-counter (OTC) trade in Germany; it has not been used as frequently as was originally expected. However, with the development of electronic commerce on the Internet, new uses for electronic money are emerging. Theoretical considerations indicate that electronic money will most likely assume the role of a payment medium for small amounts.² However, one cannot rule out the possibility that, in the foreseeable future, the potential for the use of electronic money will be capitalised on more strongly than in the past. This is borne out by network effects in OTC trade and the lack of alternative payment instruments with similar features on the Internet. Thus, electronic money may potentially present new challenges to monetary policy. It is therefore appropriate to set clear rules governing the issuance of electronic money.

¹ Deutsche Bundesbank, Monetary policy and payment systems, Monthly Report, March 1997, pages 33 to 46. 2 See: G. Kabelac (1999), Network money as a medium of exchange, Discussion paper 5/99, Economic Research Group of the Deutsche Bundesbank, to be published shortly.

Possible applications of electronic money

Issues of definition

"Electronic money is broadly defined as an electronic store of monetary value on a technical device that may be widely used for making payments to undertakings other than the issuer without necessarily involving bank accounts in the transaction, but acting as a prepaid bearer instrument." 3 According to this definition it is not considered to be electronic money if the issuer and the acceptor are identical and the money units are an advance payment on certain goods and services (singlepurpose schemes). This applies to prepaid telephone cards, for example. Furthermore, electronic money should be distinguished from "access products" which provide electronic access to standard forms of money such as sight deposits. In Germany, it is particularly eurocheque cards, equipped with a debit card function, which enjoy widespread use as payment instruments.

Two forms of electronic money products In general, one can distinguish between two forms of electronic money. One is money units on prepaid cards which the European Central Bank (ECB) calls "card-based products" and defines as "plastic card[s] which contain[s] real purchasing power, for which the customer has paid in advance ...".⁴ The other form is "software-based products" which transmit electronically stored money units through telecommunications networks such as the Internet.

Whereas only card-based money is being used in OTC trade ... Electronic money stored on cards was initially designed for use in traditional OTC trade. This refers to all trading locations which are not part of electronic commerce on the Internet, such as traditional retail trade, but also including vending machines. In this trade sector, a single nation-wide scheme for payment with money on prepaid cards has since been introduced in Germany.

> ... both cardbased and

software-based

products can be used on the

Internet

Basically, card-based products can also be used to make payments over the Internet with the aid of card readers linked to the PC of a payer. Thus, electronic commerce, from a technical standpoint, can use both types of electronic money products. Hence, electronic money on the Internet, which will be described in the following as network money or cyber money, includes card-based and/or software-based e-money. For Germany, though, there is no significant practical experience of network money at present.⁵ Regarding software-based products, network money issued in Germany has not yet gotten past the pilot stage. As regards card-based products, their use is currently limited to OTC trade. The Central Credit Committee (Zentraler Kreditausschuß), the federation of the central associations representing the German banking industry, pointed out at the end of May 1999 that once the appropriate terminals have been approved, the German banking industry's card-based product can be used to make payments on the Internet, too.

³ European Central Bank (1998), Report on Electronic Money, Frankfurt am Main, page 7.

⁴ European Central Bank (1998), loc. cit.

⁵ The statements made here refer to network money issued in Germany. The state of the art makes it possible for both the payer and the recipient of an Internet payment to use network money issued abroad for transaction purposes.

	i ci capita				Number of ATMs per 1 million inhabitants ²				Number of POS terminals per 1 million inhabitants ²			
Countries	1994	1995	1996	1997	1994	1995	1996	1997	1994	1995	1996	1997
Belgium	988	1,065	1,092	1,069	313	360	414	492	4,941	5,513	5,973	6,284
Denmark	737	799	798	840	142	207	239	253	4,624	5,016	7,966	11,923
Germany	1,441	1,552	1,578	1,532	361	437	459	504	768	858	1,404	1,984
Greece	563	588	607	672	155	129	185	209	1,085	1,082	1,796	2,831
Spain	1,152	1,179	1,258	1,284	600	680	775	863	10,224	12,275	14,650	16,691
France	663	674	680	673	355	393	420	462	9,343	9,340	9,353	9,555
Ireland	584	632	684	823	241	257	290	286		-	1,213	1,402
Italy	863	791	890	969	321	371	422	444	1,786	2,634	3,741	4,896
Luxembourg	980	1,006	1,017	1,072	374	456	537	613	9,071	8,146	11,218	11,071
Netherlands	1,148	1,177	1,151	1,121	325	355	373	410	3,094	4,747	6,184	7,715
Austria	1,229	1,343	1,355	1,310	381	420	479	533	300	419	632	1,652
Portugal	409	434	446	393	337	372	541	631	3,311	3,862	4,990	6,022
Finland	343	425	455	480	836	474	448	445	9,434	9,593	9,952	10,506
Sweden	853	828	959	972	260	266	269	268	2,908	6,139	6,945	7,778
United Kingdom	414	410	435	571	343	358	376	393	5,997	8,635	9,354	8,984
EU average	909	935	974	972	369	408	448	488	4,577	5,544	6,417	7,146
United States 3	1,126	1,097	1,202	1,464	418	466	524	616	1,320	2,009	3,296	4,853
Japan ³	3,037	2,947	2,985	3,244	978	1,013	1,051	1,115	227	200	183	155
Canada 3	516	504	539	612	576	595	617	645	4,073	6,394	8,408	10,873
Switzerland 3	2,427	2,582	2,496	2,565	481	532	587	678	2,379	3,499	4,747	5,803

An international comparison of structural data of payment systems

NAME INCOMESSION OF A CONTRACTOR O	Number of cards 4 per 1,000 inhabitants 2			Number of card transactions ⁵ per inhabitant				Use of card payments (number of transactions) as a % of the total number of cashless payments				
Countries	1994	1995	1996	1997	1994	1995	1996	1997	1994	1995	1996	1997
Belgium	881	933	1,043	1,116	19	21	25	28	18.0	19.2	21.3	23.4
Denmark	543	563	584	583	41	47	54	59			60.5	62.6
Germany	582	910	982	1,038	4	5	6	6	3.1	3.6	4.2	4.1
Greece	103	136	246	293	3	2	3	2	-	-	78.0	74.0
Spain	819	810	842	897	6	8	7	9	18.1	20.6	19.3	20.9
France	385	406	437	473	29	32	36	39	17.5	19.2	20.2	21.6
Ireland	273	341	272	397	6	8	9	9	8.0	9.0	8.5	8.7
Italy	313	351	393	426	2	2	3	5	5.2	6.6	8.6	11.2
Luxembourg	1,044	1,183	1,286	1,378	-	-	-) –		-	-	
Netherlands	82	97	119	163	13	24	24	31	7.9	15.6	15.1	18.2
Austria	501	548	591	662	2	3	4	5	3.0	3.6	4.4	5.8
Portugal	684	720	787	915	12	14	20	25	25.0	29.4	33.9	38.9
Finland	620	625	638	693	45	48	53	57	34.4	35.4	37.2	38.2
Sweden	1,375	535	636	691	11	13	14	20	13.0	14.1	14.8	19.3
United Kingdom	934	1,012	1,133	1,271	28	33	39	45	23.3	25.9	28.9	31.1
EU average	580	659	722	786	13	16	19	21	12.2	14.9	16.8	18.2
United States 3	-	2,475	2,556	2,628	57	63	70	78	18.7	20.1	21.5	23.0
Japan 3	1,830	1,891	1,864	1,945	3	3	4	5		-	-	-
Canada 3	519	533	552	577	46	56	67	80	35.3	8	1	48.8
Switzerland ³	800	847	921	988	11	13	15	19	16.2	18.4	20.7	22.8

Sources: European Central Bank, Payment Systems in the European Union, various editions; Bank for International Settlements, Statistics on Payment Systems in the Group of Ten Countries, various editions. — 1 Currency in circulation in the United States, Japan, Canada and Switzerland based on US\$ data, recorded as year-end figures, converted into ECU at year-end rates. EU figures also year-end figures, converted into ECU at annual average rates (exception: United Kingdom). — 2 Year-end level. — 3 Information on these countries from the BIS publication, information on the EU countries from the ECB publication. — 4 Credit or debit cards. — 5 Credit, debit or bank customer cards. In some cases (non-EU G-10 countries) Bundesbank calculations. Japan: credit cards. Switzerland: credit, debit and prepaid cards.

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Card-based payment schemes and electronic money in OTC trade

Cash still predominates

Credit card and debit card payments have risen sharply in Germany over the past few years. All the same, in comparison to some other European countries, these payment forms - in terms of their number - account for a relatively low share of cashless payment transactions, the figure for 1997 being just over 4% (the EU average amounted to just over 18%; see table on page 43 with country data).⁶ The use of cash continues to dominate in OTC trade. By international standards, the volume of currency in circulation⁷ and the number of ATMs per one million inhabitants are both higher than average. So is the number of cards issued; however, that is probably due to the function of the eurocheque card as a cash card in ATMs and, up to now, as a guarantee card for the eurocheque. The fact that eurocheque cards and bank customer cards equipped with microchips are widespread indicates a great potential for debit card payments and for the use of electronic money.

Scarce statistical data In the following, the card-based cashless payment instruments in Germany will be examined in some more detail. An overview of the number of transactions and the amounts involved is contained in the table on page 46. However, these data are in some cases estimates, since there are no statistical reporting requirements. They are based mainly on information provided voluntarily by the associations.

Debit cardRegarding the debit card procedures, whereasschemesthe two schemes being operated by the bank-

ing industry, electronic cash (PIN⁸, payment guarantee) and POZ (German abbreviation for Point of Sale Without Payment Guarantee, with signature and security check) are relatively well covered in statistical terms, this is not the case for electronic direct debiting.⁹ Chip card technology now makes "electronic cash offline authorisation" possible, whereby, for payments at OTC terminals, the debit card can be "opened" in advance by PIN for a given total amount of DM worth of transactions.¹⁰ This should make the debit card faster and more comfortable to use than in the electronic cash procedure (PIN must be entered for each transaction).

By contrast, the statistical recording of electronic money stored on cards (card-based e-money) in Germany is relatively simple, since prepaid card and network money business is restricted exclusively to banks, which must submit reports on their prepaid card loading values in the monthly balance sheet statistics. This reporting requirement has been in effect since the beginning of 1996. Once the German banking industry's Geld-Karte project left the pilot stage to go into operation at the beginning of 1997, e-money was included in the money stock. The total volume of electronic money rose moderately up to mid-1998 and has been virtually stag-

Statistical recording of

electronic

money

⁶ More up-to-date, internationally comparable information is not available at present.

⁷ The high volume of currency in circulation is also attributable to its use for transactions abroad and to hoarding. 8 PIN: Personal Identification Number.

⁹ Scheme developed by the trade (debit authorisation via signature, without PIN, security check and payment guarantee) which triggers a debit on the basis of the data on the card.

¹⁰ Authorisation does not contain a transfer from the customer's cheque account but shortens the duration of the verification procedure at the retailer's terminal.

nant since then. In April 1999 this figure amounted to roughly \in 60 million. The sluggish trend up to now corresponds to that in other countries, where the use of electronic money has likewise not quite lived up to expectations.

Determinants of the use of electronic money

The reasons generally cited for the relatively sluggish development of electronic money up to now are the fees charged by the banking industry, which merchants still consider to be too high,¹¹ the fact that potential users have been provided with insufficient information, and apparently also the lack of diversity of possible and additional uses. Furthermore, a certain inertia on the part of customers in their willingness to change their payment habits, and also network effects, probably play a role. The term "network effects" is used to describe the experience that an innovation will be more beneficial to a potential user the more widespread this innovation already is and the more it is used by third parties. In this context, the apparently still insufficient proliferation of loading terminals and GeldKarte terminals in trade, which depends particularly on the concomitant costs and additional revenue opportunities, plays a key role.

Potential increase in the use of the GeldKarte The expectation voiced in the market that nonetheless the use of the GeldKarte will probably increase sharply is primarily based on the fact that card phones are now being outfitted with the GeldKarte function, that the GeldKarte is increasingly being tried out and used in public commuter transport, and that the date for the introduction of euro notes and coins and the concomitant adapta-

Value of electronic money stored on prepaid cards

Figures in	DM million	from 1999	in € million
Floures in	DIVERTINION,	11011113333	III C IIIIIIOII

Month	1997	1998	1999
January	13	92	59
February	16	96	61
March	23	101	61
April	28	102	60
Мау	34	100	•
June	39	101	
July	46	100	
August	48	112	
September	51	103	**************************************
October	58	108	de managemente de la constance
November	72	110	
December	83	113	

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tion of vending machines is approaching. Furthermore, it is expected that the significance of additional functions of the GeldKarte will increase (e.g. electronic transport ticket that automatically calculates the fare and credits it to associated public transport authorities, bonus points, identification card function, etc.). The GeldKarte is likely to receive additional impetus from the possibility of its cross-border use based on the open standard CEPS (Common Electronic Purse Specifications). As the banking industry is still charging fees for the exchange of national currency in the euro area, and will probably do so until

¹¹ Bibow and Wichmann cite the study of a chain of retailers according to which the overall cost of a payment by GeldKarte totals 1.7 % of the turnover, as opposed to around 1% in the case of cash payment. See J. Bibow and T. Wichmann (1997), Elektronisches Geld: Funktionsweise und wirtschaftspolitische Konsequenzen, in: RWI-Mitteilungen, Vol. 47, pages 115–139, here: page 129.

Structure of card-based payment systems in Germany

ltem	1991	1992	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998
Cash dispensers and ATMs (thousands) Purchase terminals in retail trade and the like	13.8	19.0	25.0	29.4	35.7	37.6	41.4	44.0
(thousands) E-money loading machines (thousands)	34.7	51.8	28.0	62.5	70.0	115.0	160.4	204.7
E-money purchase terminals (thousands)	-		-			4.8 1.0	20.3 50.0	22.0 60.0
Number of cards in circulation (millions)			000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-000-00					
Debit cards 1 Memo item: eurocheque cards	27.4 30.3	31.9 33.4	35.9 35.3	37.1	62.6	66.9	71.0	
Credit cards	6.1	53.4 7.4	35.3 8.9	36.6 10.2	37.7 11.7	39.3 13.5	40.8 14.2	43.1 15.2
Retailer cards	1.5	-	-	-	-	3.0	-	3.9
E-money cards (eurocheque cards, bank customer cards)	_	_	_	_	-	25.0	35.0	50.0
Credit card transactions					1100000		55.0	50.0
Number (millions) Value (DM billion)	150.1 28.2	186.0	224.4	246.5	266.7	289.9	303.4	
Debit card transactions 2	20.2	33.8	42.1	46.4	45.1	49.2	52.7	
Number (millions)	20.2	28.0	69.1	104.0	149.4	214.2	225.8	360.7
Value (DM billion)	1.8	1.9	6.2	10.8	20.5	32.7	29.0	56.7 (110)
Number of e-money transactions at loading								
machines (millions)	-	-	-	-	-	0.08	1.6	2.2
Value of e-money transactions at loading machines (DM million)	_	_	-	-	-	10.3	_	229.2
Number of e-money transactions at purchase								
terminals (millions)	-	-	-	-	-	0.22	4.2	12.1
Value of e-money transactions at purchase terminals (DM million)	_	-	_	_	-	5.7	85.0	159.9

Source: Bundesbank surveys (see also "Payment Systems in the European Union") and information provided by associations. — 1 Eurocheque cards which can be used as debit cards if they are issued with a personal identification number (PIN). Including bank customer cards after 1993. — 2 In 1991 and 1992 electronic cash and other

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euro notes are issued, the GeldKarte and other debit cards that can be used across borders ("edc") are likely to constitute attractive alternatives.

Number and value of card-based payments As regards credit and debit cards, which, unlike electronic money on the GeldKarte, are not a new form of money but only products providing access to scriptural money, particularly the significance of the debit card has risen sharply. Whereas the number (300 million) and value (just over DM 50 billion) of credit card payments roughly doubled between 1991 and 1997,¹² the number of debit card transactions (electronic cash and POZ) went up by a factor of 18 between 1991 and 1998, rising from 20 million to over 360 million; the value of those transactions, at an estimated DM 57 billion, was 30 times the 1991 figure. If debit card procedures. In 1993-6 and 1998 electronic cash and "POZ" procedures. In 1997 only electronic cash procedure. All information not including electronic direct debiting (estimated at around DM 52 billion for 1998; overall, including electronic direct debiting, value estimated at just under DM 110 billion).

debit card payments in electronic direct debiting are also included, the numbers grow even larger (the value of all debit card transactions for 1998 is estimated at a total of slightly less than DM 110 billion).¹³ By contrast, the number and value of electronic money transactions in 1998, at 12 million transactions and a turnover of around DM 160 million, are much lower (in 1997, this figure only amounted to around DM 85 million, given just over 4 million transactions).

¹² No figures are available for 1998 at present.

¹³ According to information provided by Source magazine, No. 5, of May 15, 1999, page 6, signature-based debiting schemes involving eurocheque cards (POZ and electronic direct debiting) accounted for a retail turnover of DM 72 billion altogether, or around 10 % of total retail turnover. According to Bundesbank calculations, electronic direct debiting alone accounted for DM 52 billion, and POZ for just under DM 20 billion.

Market segmentation If it is assumed that those credit institutions participating in card-based payments are striving towards a certain vertical market segmentation in the transaction amounts paid using their products, the credit card should tend towards the top, and the GeldKarte towards the bottom, of the spectrum. The available figures actually do point to a type of specialisation. Between 1991 and 1997 the average amount per credit card transaction went down slightly from around DM 180 to DM 170. In the case of debit cards (electronic cash and POZ), these figures rose between 1991 and 1998 from around DM 90 to an average of roughly DM 155. Within the various debit card schemes, electronic direct debiting is likely to be used for smaller payments, on average. In the case of the Geld-Karte, in 1998 an average of DM 104 per loading procedure was stored on the electronic purse; between the beginning of 1997 and the end of 1998 the average amount per transaction dropped from DM 33 to just under DM 10 and, as envisaged by the banking industry, approached the area of lowvalue payments which had previously been made using cash.

On the expected use of network money

Payment instruments on the Internet ... There is no broadly based empirical evidence on the use of network money for Germany at present. However, that does not imply that the spread of network money will remain muted over the long run. Its use in Internet trade will depend not only on whether a satisfactory security solution is found but also, and in particular, on which alternative payment instruments are available to customers. This raises the question of the payment system on the Internet.¹⁴

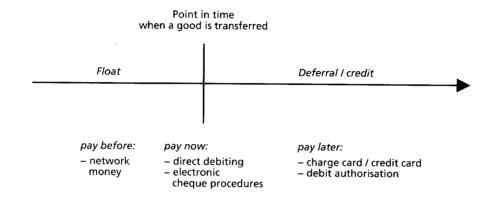
Analogously to the way the payment system for OTC trade is usually presented in the literature, the payment system on the Internet can be basically classified as shown by the chart on page 48.15 In the literature, the different payment instruments are classified by the point in time when the liquidity effect sets in from the point of view of the payer, i.e. the purchaser of a good or service. In that sense, network money is a "pay before" type of payment instrument. From the point in time when electronic money units are obtained, i.e. before the time of the actual purchase, the payer forfeits the opportunity to invest his funds in an alternative interestbearing manner. As opposed to cash, though, electronic money basically offers the issuer the technical wherewithal to pay interest on balances. This is true at least in a system where the operator centrally records the balances of all participants. Part of the yield

.. can be

¹⁴ For a more detailed description of the payment system on the Internet see, for example: A. Furche and G. Wrightson (1997), Computer Money, Heidelberg; R. Schuster, J. Färber and M. Eberl (1997), Digital Cash, Berlin; M. Stolpmann (1997), Elektronisches Geld im Internet: Grundlagen, Konzepte, Perspektiven, Cologne; or A. Weisshuhn (1998), Digitale Zahlungsverfahren im Internet, Wiesbaden.

¹⁵ See, for example, H.-E. Büschgen (1998), Bankbetriebslehre, Wiesbaden, 5th edition, page 432 for a description of the payment system in OTC trade. When describing the Internet payment system, it must be borne in mind that not all goods or services purchased on the Internet are necessarily paid within this medium. For instance, in Internet mail order trade, most payments are probably made by invoicing or c.o.d. By contrast, the chart only shows instruments which can be used for payments on the Internet. Furthermore, it must be pointed out that not all payment schemes described are operated by German companies. Since domestic consumers can also use payment services provided by foreign issuers, it seems appropriate to include them in this survey.

Payment system on the Internet



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could thus be returned to the network money holders.

Payment instruments available in all three categories

Basically, instruments belonging to all three liquidity effect categories are available to a person making a payment via the Internet. This corresponds to the options available in OTC trade. The category of payment instruments where the liquidity effect sets in after the time of purchase includes protected and unprotected access to existing credit card systems. This procedure only provides access via a new medium. In addition, there are debit authorisation systems specially designed for the Internet with (usually monthly) collective debiting. They are based on a concept similar to that of the charge card where, unlike the credit card, there is no credit option but only a deferral of payment until the settlement

date. For payment instruments where the liquidity effect sets in around the time of purchase, electronic types of conventional payment instruments in OTC trade either already exist or will probably be introduced in the near future. Apart from electronic cheque procedures, they include electronic direct debiting, for instance.

Within the category of prepaid payment instruments on the Internet, the buyer's only option is e-money. That makes this payment system different from OTC trade, where the payer can use cash as an alternative prepaid bearer instrument. Hence, unlike in OTC trade, the use of network money does not necessarily imply the displacement of other payment instruments. That means one cannot rule out the possibility that certain transactions on the Inter-

net will not be executed until small amounts can be paid finally and definitely and at low cost. This applies mainly to purchases of lowpriced electronic products. A typical example in this context is trade in information or the selling of software on the Internet.

Opportunity costs of various payment instruments In view of the alternative payment instruments available on the Internet, the future spread of network money will basically depend on the relative costs and benefits of its use.¹⁶ From the payers' perspective, classifying the payment into one of the three categories of payment instruments reflects a major part of the costs of a transaction. If the liquidity effect sets in prior to receipt of the good, the buyer incurs opportunity costs in the form of lost interest income. If the good is paid for after receipt, interest gains should be taken into account. To the providers of payment services, classification into the three liquidity effect categories also plays a key role. Thus, a prepaid payment instrument enables the issuer to invest the funds at interest, whereas the use of a payment instrument where the liquidity effect sets in only after the transfer of the good involves a deferral or a loan to the buyer.

Different risks of payment instruments In addition, a decision on one of the available payment instruments must take fees (if any) into account. Finally, it should be borne in mind that the use of each payment instrument may harbour a different degree of risk. Unlike other payment instruments, the use of network money as a prepaid bearer instrument involves transferring purchasing power in the form of stored money units via the Internet. As in a cash payment, this type of transaction also (at least in general) carries the risk of loss, theft and counterfeit¹⁷.

The aforementioned costs of network money transactions contrast with the benefits resulting from the special features of electronic money. As a bearer instrument, network money is the only payment instrument on the Internet which involves definite and final settlement of a payment. In addition, the anonymity of the transaction (to be ensured by cryptographic methods) which is particularly associated with software-based network money may promote the use of cyber money as a payment instrument.

The question as to the potential effects of the special costs and benefits associated with electronic money on its spread has been the subject of several theoretical studies.¹⁸ Basically, they all expect payment instruments in OTC trade to become specialised according to the transaction value.¹⁹ Electronic money is likely to be used primarily in the segment of small-value payments. As stated above, these findings are confirmed by initial experience of

payments using

network money

Benefits of

Theoretical considerations ...

¹⁶ See, for instance: Bank for International Settlements (1996), Implications for Central Banks of the Development of Electronic Money, Basle, page 3.

¹⁷ Besides, other risks may arise in banks' network money business such as special operational or legal risks. **18** For a general analysis of the cost-benefit structure of electronic money and its role, see, for instance: H.-E. Büschgen (1998), Innovative elektronische Zahlungssysteme, Finanzierung – Leasing – Factoring, Vol. 45, No. 3, May 1998, pages 106–112; D. Dickertmann and R. Feucht (1997), Zahlungskarten: Erscheinungsformen, Funktionen und Bewertung aus einzelwirtschaftlicher Sicht, Das Wirtschaftsstudium, Vol. 26, 1/97, pages 65–70; or D. K. Herreiner (1997), Die volkswirtschaftliche Bedeutung elektronischen Geldes, Datenschutz und Datenverarbeitung, Vol. 21, No. 7, pages 390–395.

¹⁹ For a comprehensive model which includes all decision-makers, see: O. Shy and J. Tarkka (1998), The Market for Electronic Cash Cards, Bank of Finland Discussion Papers, 21/98.

the use of electronic money in German OTC trade.

... indicate that network money will be used for low-value payments

Similar considerations hold for electronic commerce. A simple model with two payment instruments shows that on the Internet electronic money will likewise probably play the role of a payment instrument for smallvalue payments (see the Annex, page 54 ff.). This is due mainly to the fact that major cost components of network payments rise as the transaction amount increases. This applies both to the risks associated with network money payments and to the opportunity costs of holding network money. Compared to alternative payment instruments with constant costs per transaction, using network money becomes more and more unattractive as the transaction value increases. If payers seek to minimise their costs, the result will be a vertical market segmentation: small amounts will be paid with network money. while credit cards, for instance, will be used to pay large amounts. However, since network money issuers can pay interest on the stored value, they are able to influence the extent to which their product is used. If the interest paid on network money balances increases, the opportunity costs of holding them will decrease. In that case, the payment amount above which alternative payment instruments are used will rise. However, for the issuers, this extension of the market for network money will reduce the profit per stored money unit. The revenue from the interestbearing investment of the float is passed on at least in part to the network money holders. If the network money issuers in the model seek to maximise their profits, they will remunerate the stored value of the network money below the market rate, thus limiting the use of electronic money on the Internet.

Implications of electronic money for monetary policy

Implications of electronic

monetary policy

money for

Realising that electronic money may become widespread in payments by non-banks, the central banks studied the implications for monetary policy and described them in detail at an early stage.²⁰ Whereas those studies initially focused on the use of electronic money in OTC trade, more recent studies also include the phenomenon of network money. This was one of the reasons why the ECB presented its Report on Electronic Money last year.²¹ According to this report, the findings regarding the monetary policy implications of a general, more widespread use of electronic money, which were described in an earlier Monthly Report²², also apply to network money. These findings are of special relevance to monetary policy strategy and money market management. For instance, one of the problems in this area is how to effectively distinguish between monetary aggregates and liabilities of non-banks which also wish to issue electronic money but are not supervised as strictly and are not subject to statistical reporting requirements. In addition, the economisation of transaction balances may be enhanced by the payment of interest on

²⁰ See: European Monetary Institute (1994), Prepaid Cards, Frankfurt/Main; Bank for International Settlements (1996), loc. cit.; or Deutsche Bundesbank (1997), loc. cit. 21 European Central Bank (1998), loc. cit.

²² See: Deutsche Bundesbank (1997), loc. cit., here: page 43 ff.

the electronic money issued. The resulting increase in the specific interest of the money stock is likely to make it more difficult to control monetary aggregates owing to lower negative interest rate elasticity. Finally, money market management could also become somewhat more complicated if a significant amount of the currency in circulation were replaced by electronic money. This would result in a drop in the refinancing volume of the banking industry provided by the central banks. Influence on the money market rate would decrease, and the transmission of monetary policy stimuli via the banking system could change.

Network money poses additional challenges to monetary policy Furthermore, network money poses additional challenges to monetary policy, first of all due to the possibility of the cross-border use and issuance of network money. It is conceivable, particularly with software-based products, that residents will use money issued by a nonresident for domestic purchases. If such transactions increase significantly and if they coincide with rising holdings of money abroad, the link between the domestic money stock and the domestic transaction volume is likely to become less pronounced. Consequently, monetary aggregates would probably lose some of their predictive power regarding future inflation trends. In addition, one cannot rule out the possibility of network money circulation becoming independent of monetary policy. This is all the more likely if network money schemes are not subject to minimum reserve requirements and electronic money is not issued in exchange for traditional forms of money such as sight deposits, but in connection with lending.23 Against the background of the theoretical studies on the decision between various payment instruments, such a scenario does not seem very likely, since the extent to which customers are expected to use network money for payment purposes is limited to small-value payments in electronic commerce. However, exact forecasts of the evolution of this market segment in electronic commerce are hardly possible.

The legal framework for electronic money

The monetary policy analyses described above call for a certain legal framework for electronic money which, however, has not yet been clearly defined. Minimum requirements drawn up by the EU central banks were published in the reports by the European Monetary Institute (May 1994) and the European Central Bank (August 1998). According to these reports, issuers of e-money should, for instance, be subject to banking supervision; it should be possible to impose minimum reserve requirements on them; they should be required to submit statistical reports; and they should be obligated to redeem electronic money against central bank money. Further objectives mentioned in the ECB's report are the interoperability of e-money schemes and the introduction of adequate guarantee and insurance schemes to protect e-money holders.

The ECB's minimum requirements

²³ Given the assumptions mentioned above, it can be shown that the money multiplier, i.e. the ratio, say, of the broad monetary aggregate M3 (which must include electronic money) and the base money issued by the central bank, is infinite. See, for instance: F. Söllner and A. Wilfert (1996), Elektronisches Geld und Geldpolitik, List Forum für Wirtschafts- und Finanzpolitik, Vol. 22, No. 3, pages 389-405, here: page 401.

International coordination desirable

German

legislation

In addition, increased international coordination is desirable since it is technically possible to geographically delocate the issuance of money, particularly as regards software-based network money. This also applies to matters such as payment systems oversight and banking supervision.²⁴

Legislation in Germany largely complies with the ECB's minimum requirements. The Sixth Act Amending the Banking Act, much of which entered into force on January 1, 1998,²⁵ extends the list of banking business to include prepaid card and network money business. Pursuant to section 1 (1), sentence 2, Nos. 11 and 12 of the Banking Act, banking business also comprises "... 11. the issuance of prepaid cards for payment purposes, unless the card issuer is also the service provider and hence the recipient of the payment made using the card (prepaid card business), and 12. the creation and administration of units of payment in computer networks (network money business)". At the same time, section 2 (5) of the Banking Act specifies that in the event of limited use and dissemination, this business may be exempt from several – in some cases, key – provisions of the Banking Act.²⁶ In Germany, e-money is therefore issued exclusively by credit institutions, pursuant to the provisions of the Banking Act.

EU legislation Credit institutions based in other EU countries as defined by European law which issue e-money and conduct deposit and lending business pursuant to Article 1 (1) of the First Banking Co-ordination Directive also largely comply with the ECB's minimum requirements, since they are subject to banking supervision and minimum reserve requirements. Apart from that, there are no supervisory regulations governing e-money business at the Community level as yet. Therefore, both banks and non-banks may conduct cross-border business with electronic money unless it contravenes national regulations such as Germany's Banking Act. As regards e-money issued by credit institutions, the influence of monetary policy has even grown since the start of Stage Three of European monetary union, because now minimum reserves must be held on e-money, too; since then these reserves are interest-bearing.²⁷

Regarding e-money issued by non-banks outside Germany, it should be noted that they are not classified as "European credit institutions" and hence are not subject to banking supervision pursuant to Community law. On July 29, 1998 the European Commission adopted a proposal on this subject for a "Directive on the taking up, the pursuit and the prudential supervision of the business of electronic money institutions" ("E-money Direct-

²⁴ See: European Central Bank (1998), loc. cit., here: page 35 f.

²⁵ For a critical assessment of these prudential provisions in the Banking Act, see: H. Godschalk (1999), E-Geld aus Sicht der Regulatoren, Eine kritische Würdigung der 6. KWG-Novelle, in: M. Erlei et al. (eds.), Beiträge zur angewandten Wirtschaftstheorie, Regensburg, pages 255–276.

²⁶ Section 2 (5) of the Banking Act states that: "The Federal Banking Supervisory Office may rule in particular cases, in consultation with the Deutsche Bundesbank, that an enterprise which solely conducts prepaid card business is not subject to the provisions of sections 10 to 18, 24, 32 to 38, 45, 46 to 46c and 51 (1) of this Act or of section 112 (2) of the Composition Code (Vergleichsordnung), taken as a whole, if the prepaid cards have a limited use and dissemination which suggests that they are unlikely to pose a threat to the payment system."

²⁷ The minimum reserve provisions applicable in Germany up to the end of 1998 did not permit the inclusion of money units stored on prepaid cards in the minimum reserves.

ive") which is still being discussed by the relevant advisory committees.²⁸

Equal treatment of non-bank issuers and credit institutions in supervisory and monetary terms In the end, the Commission chose the option preferred by the ECB, according to which the issuance of e-money is to be restricted to credit institutions as defined by European law. Although the draft E-money Directive is addressed to non-banks issuing e-money ("e-money institutions"), these non-banks are put on the same footing as traditional credit institutions through the planned simultaneous extension of the definition of banks provided by the First Banking Co-ordination Directive, which will then include e-money institutions. This means that non-banks which intend to issue e-money pursuant to the E-money Directive are subject to banking supervision. However, the draft directive provides for a derogation in the light of their limited business, or it envisages special provisions for e-money business. Therefore, as "credit institutions" under Community law, they would be subject to minimum reserve reguirements but would also have access to central bank refinancing. In practice, the extension of the First Banking Co-ordination Directive's definition of banks would create two categories of credit institutions: "traditional credit institutions" subject to comprehensive banking supervision, and "e-money institutions" subject to the provisions of the E-money Directive.

Redemption commitment Another issue still being debated is whether e-money issuers should be legally obliged to redeem e-money at the holder's request against central bank money at any time. This redemption commitment, which could also be limited to scriptural money subject to the customer's consent, would improve the link between e-money and central bank money and would facilitate the central bank's control of the money market. In addition, this commitment would reduce the potential threat which could be posed to the unit-of-account function of money if the issuers did not exchange e-money at par. In the final analysis, the monetary function of e-money, like that of the banks' scriptural money, will probably depend on the possibility of exchanging it against cash at any time.

Another legal aspect of the issuance of e-money is the regulation of the involved parties' relationships under private law. For instance, when paying with an electronic purse in the form of the German GeldKarte, the applicable rights and obligations of the credit institutions involved are governed by an interbank agreement, those between the merchants and the banking industry in the respective terms and conditions for merchants. and those between the credit institutions and their customers by the terms and conditions of the eurocheque cards. So far, the literature on this subject has largely described the legal characteristics of the contractual relationships created by using the GeldKarte by falling back on the principles developed by established case law and literature for other cardbased payment schemes.

Private-law aspects

²⁸ See: Deutsche Bundesbank, Annual Report 1998, page 131 ff. ("Electronic money") and European Central Bank (1999), Annual Report 1998, page 105 f. ("Report on electronic money").

Annex

Network money in a model with two payment instruments

Based on a simple theoretical model, this Annex deals with the role network money plays in Internet payments.²⁹ The analysis takes into account both the cost calculations of e-money holders and the profit considerations of the providers of these innovative payment products.

Demand for payment media is largely modelled along the lines of Whitesell (1992).³⁰ It is a simple cash-in-advance model where, at the beginning of a period, the payers must decide which payment instruments to hold. The payment instruments differ as to the costs they involve. Each individual in the model in guestion is provided with a fixed income which is evenly spent on all types of goods (Y per type of good). The goods have different prices. Given the equal shares of expenditure on each good, they also differ as to their trading frequency (n): during the period, expensive goods are purchased less often (low trading frequency) than low-priced products (high trading frequency). In the model considered here, the individual's decision problem is reduced to minimising the transaction costs associated with purchasing these goods.

For simplicity, only two payment instruments will be discussed here: credit cards and network money. The costs per type of good are specified as follows:

	Transaction	Opportunity
	costs	costs
	per period	per period
Network money	kΥ	(r–r _E)Y
Credit card	β _K n	_

where k represents the risk of loss, theft or counterfeit (at least generally) associated with network money payments, $\beta_{\rm K}$ the fixed transaction costs (fees) of a payment by credit card and r-r_E the difference between the market rate and the interest paid on holdings of network money.

If N denotes the maximum trading frequency and μ the borderline between payments by credit card and network money for which $0 \le \mu \le N$, the consumer then faces the following optimisation problem:

$$\underset{\mu}{\text{Min}} \int_{0}^{\mu} \langle \beta_{K} n \rangle dn + \int_{\mu}^{N} \langle k + (r - r_{E}) \rangle Y dn$$

The first-order condition yields the following borderline which minimises transaction costs:

$$\mu = \frac{kY + (r - r_E)Y}{\beta_K}$$

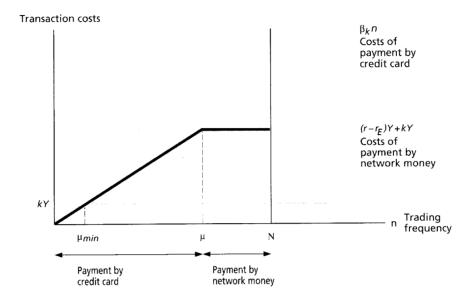
The optimisation problem faced by individuals can be portrayed in the form of the chart on page 55.

 μ_{min} is the lowest possible borderline of the segment of transactions settled using network money, which is not undershot if a positive risk of loss, theft and counterfeit k exists. For r=r_E, depending on the fee levied for the credit card transaction, this borderline is:

 $^{{\}bf 29}$ For a detailed description of the model, see: G. Kabelac (1999), loc. cit.

³⁰ W. C. Whitesell (1992), Deposit Banks and the Market for Payment Media, Journal of Money, Credit and Banking, Vol. 21, pages 483–498.

Distribution of payment media



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$$\mu_{\min} = \frac{kY}{\beta_K}$$

In the following, a credit card issuer and a network money issuer on the supply side will be considered, both of whom have a monopoly in their respective market. As far as the issuers' optimisation problem is concerned, the simplest cost structure possible is assumed. The credit card issuer produces his services at constant costs of $c_K>0$ per transaction. No further costs exist. By contrast, the costs of issuing network money are negligible ($c_E=0$).

Hence, the credit card issuer's profit, depending on the value of $\boldsymbol{\mu}$ is:

$$\Pi_{\mathsf{K}} = \int_{0}^{\mu} \langle (\beta_{\mathsf{K}} - c_{\mathsf{K}}) \mathsf{n}) \mathsf{d}\mathsf{n}$$

The profit equation for the issuer of network money is:

$$\Pi_{E} = \int_{\mu}^{N} ((r{-}r_{E})Y)dn$$

The credit card issuer can maximise his profit by choosing a value for β_{K} . The network money issuer maximises his profit by choosing a value for r_{E} . A (Nash) equilibrium is reached in the model if neither of the two has an incentive to change his decision parameter in response to the other's choice. The equilibrium fee per credit card transaction maximises the credit card issuer's profit if the network money issuer selects the equilibrium rate of interest, and vice versa. Therefore, the next step is to derive the best decision parameter a monopolist can select in response to the other's decision parameter choice. We obtain the following response

functions of the two monopolists depending on the other's strategy variable:

$$\beta_{\rm K} = 2c_{\rm K}$$
$$r - r_{\rm E} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{\beta_{\rm K} N}{\gamma} - k \right)$$

It turns out that the credit card issuer selects the fee to be charged regardless of the behaviour of the network money issuer. By contrast, the lower the fee per credit card transaction, the higher the rate of interest on network money holdings or the lower the spread r-r_E selected by the network money issuer will be. Furthermore, the interest on e-money holdings will rise in line with an increase in the transaction volume per type of good Y, a decline in the transaction segment N, and a rise in the risk parameter k. This means an indirect compensation for a rising loss risk. In addition, it proves to be worthwhile for the network money issuer to strive for a greater market share as expenditure per type of good rises, despite the fact that he will have to hand over a larger percentage of the (then rising) interest income from the float to the e-money holders. Ultimately, the issuer reacts to a reduction in the transaction segment being analysed here by making his payment instrument more attractive to customers so as not to let the remaining market share become too small.

The equilibrium results as:

$$\beta_{K}^{*} = 2c_{K}$$
 and $r-r_{E}^{*} = \frac{c_{K}N}{Y} - \frac{1}{2}k$

which yields the following borderline μ between the segments of the two payment media:

$$\mu = \frac{1}{2} \left(N + \frac{1}{2} \frac{kY}{c_{K}} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left\langle N + \mu_{min} \right\rangle$$

Consequently, in equilibrium, a division of the market occurs in this simple model such that both issuers each serve exactly half of the market for payment media when the loss risk of network money is negligible. Otherwise, this risk then leads to the market share of network money being less than half of the market. However, it accounts for half of the remaining market when taking into consideration the fact that the segment up to μ_{min} is left to the credit card issuer anyway. This segment is determined by the transaction fee chosen by the credit card issuer and is hence not exogenous.

Even if the loss risk is negligible, the network money issuer in this model has no incentive to cover the entire market through the choice of his cost parameter. To this end he would have to offer his customers an interest rate that does not maximise his profit. So, even in this case, the result remains a segmentation of the market for payment services such that network money assumes the role of a medium of exchange for small-value payments.

Glossary of technical terms used in this article

Acceptor: any trading or service establishment that accepts, on its own behalf or on behalf of its network, the payment of goods or services via an electronic money instrument.

Access products: payment instruments that allow customers to access their deposit accounts and to transfer the deposits therein. These include electronic funds transfers at the point of sale and home banking facilities. In a broader sense they also include all cashless payment instruments, since they provide access to an account (e.g. cheques, transfers, debits, credit and debit cards).

Authentication: the process of checking and verifying authorisation to conduct a transaction.

Card-based e-money: e-money stored on a portable DP medium issued to the customer, typically a smart card equipped with a microchip.

Cash card: card used to obtain cash from an automated teller machine (ATM). The vast majority of cards used as cash cards in Germany are eurocheque cards (used also as debit cards) and cards issued by banks to customers. Credit cards may generally be used for this purpose as well.

Charge card: credit card with a limited deferral period prior to the final debiting of the card-holder's account.

Cryptography: the application of mathematical theory to develop techniques and algorithms to encrypt data so as to ensure confidentiality and data integrity.

Debit card: card enabling the holders to make payments directly from their deposit accounts, e.g. by directly charging a purchase at the point of sale (POS) or withdrawing cash from an ATM. Debit card procedures in Germany include electronic cash with PIN numbers, the POZ procedure, electronic direct debiting and electronic cash offline.

electronic cash: a debit card procedure devised by the German banking industry in which authorisation to make a payment is verified at the purchase terminal using a personal identification number (PIN) through a direct link with a corresponding file. The banking industry then guarantees the acceptor that payment of the amount thus settled will be made.

Sources: European Central Bank (1998), loc. cit., here: Annex 1, page 37 ff.; European Central Bank (1999), Payment

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Electronic direct debiting: a method developed by merchants themselves whereby a debit is triggered using the data on the card. Through their signature, the customers give the merchant a once-only authorisation to withdraw the amount to be paid by debiting the customer's account. The merchant does not check whether the card is blocked, and the banking industry does not guarantee payment.

Network money: e-money transmitted via telecommunication networks such as the Internet.

Offline authentication: verification of the authorisation to execute a transaction (e.g. electronic cash offline) is carried out not by directly accessing a remote file (online authentication) but at the point of sale by checking the authorisation (to conduct the transaction) previously stored in the microprocessor itself, e.g. by having used a PIN.

PIN: personal identification number used to verify authorisation. It acts as a signature for electronic transactions.

POS: Point of Sale: retail location where a card is used for payment. Payment information is captured by means of a paper voucher or electronic terminals. If the payment data are forwarded electronically, the term "electronic funds transfer at the point of sale" ("EFTPOS") is used.

POZ: (German abbreviation for) Point of Sale Without Payment Guarantee. This is a debit card procedure where cardholders give authorisation to debit their account through their signature at the merchant. A check is run to see whether the card is blocked, yet the acceptor receives no guarantee of payment from the issuing institution.

Prepaid single-purpose card: a memory card where the card issuer and the merchant (card acceptor) are identical. The money units stored are an advance payment for certain goods or services offered by the issuer.

Software-based e-money: a form of electronic money which is based on a special form of software stored on a PC and which is characterised by the transfer of electronically stored money units via telecommunication networks such as the Internet.

Systems in the European Union, Addendum Incorporating 1997 Figures, Annex 2.

Trends in international capital links between enterprises from the end of 1995 to the end of 1997

Spurred by globalisation the pace of cross-border corporate mergers has accelerated in recent years. Amid other evidence the latest results of the stock survey on direct investment also confirm this trend. According to the survey, German investors increased their corporate assets abroad by more than a third from the end of 1995 to the end of 1997; given the inordinate size of the increase, however, allowance must be made for exchange rate movements during this period, especially with regard to the dollar. Altogether, German corporate assets rose very sharply, above all in the industrial countries outside the European Union. At the same time foreign shareholders substantially increased their participating interests in German enterprises. Even so, foreign investment in Germany has not, by any measure, risen as steeply as German direct investment abroad, owing to the considerably lower level of investment from which it began; here investors from European Union countries were especially prominent. The picture presented by foreign investment in Germany appears even less positive if primary and secondary direct investment are taken together.

Overview of the trends from the end of 1995 to the end of 1997

The stock of primary German direct investment abroad, which consists of investment

German corporate assets abroad

capital, loans from German investors and additional intra-group loans from German enterprises, rose by DM 133 billion to DM 503 billion in the period under review (see the adjacent chart). However, this rise cannot be ascribed exclusively to heightened interest on the part of German investors; increases in the exchange rates of important currencies vis-à-vis the Deutsche Mark have also contributed, to a certain extent, to the rise by bringing about an upward revaluation of direct investment stocks (which are recorded in foreign currency). The British pound sterling (+ 35 %) and the US dollar (+ 25 %) - the currencies of two countries which account for approximately one-third of German corporate assets abroad - rose steeply and thus corrected the strong appreciation of the Deutsche Mark that had been the norm until the spring of 1995.

Influence of exchange rates

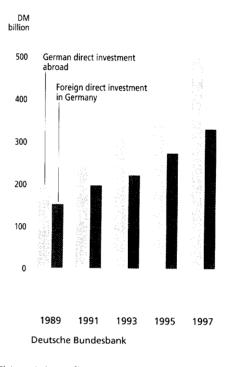
Foreign

corporate

assets in Germany Such dramatic exchange rate fluctuations not only result more or less automatically in a change in the value of direct investment stocks abroad, but they have increasingly provided internationally operating enterprises with an incentive to invest in countries whose currencies vary strongly vis-à-vis the Deutsche Mark. The parallel trends towards strong export growth and increased direct investment abroad continued during the period under review.

From the end of 1995 to the end of 1997 foreign direct investment in Germany also increased substantially, rising by DM 57 billion to DM 333 billion. Even so, it did not rise as steeply as did German corporate assets abroad but again lagged considerably behind.

Primary direct investment stocks from the end of 1989 to the end of 1997



This might reflect the view of foreign investors who find Germany as a business location comparatively unattractive, relatively high production costs and heavy tax and social security burdens contributing, among other factors, to this view. However, institutional conditions such as the small number of listed corporations in Germany also play a role. In comparison with other countries, the opportunities in Germany for acquisitions, takeovers, and mergers are limited. The creation of the "new market" may offset this trend as it is intended to facilitate access to the stock exchange - especially in the case of young and innovative firms - and has been positively received.

The extensive purchase of enterprises by German investors as well as their new invest-

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Comparison with balance of payments statistics ments in already existing enterprises are also clearly reflected in the balance of payments (the balance of payments only records transactions, some of which have, in addition, been defined and assessed differently than in the statistics on direct investment stocks). For 1996 and 1997 the balance of payments posts net transactions relating to the acquisition of participating interests in enterprises at DM 77.5 billion altogether (see the table on page 62); this was approximately three-fifths of the total increase in German corporate assets abroad (DM 133 billion). The net acquisition of participating interests in the period under review was 10% higher than in the preceding two years. A significant part of this asset growth came from reinvested earnings (+ DM 15 billion). The positive economic conditions in most countries - but probably also the successful restructuring measures of many enterprises - brought these enterprises large profits for the year. As a result, profits carried forward and retained income in 1996 and 1997 could be considerably increased despite profit distributions totalling DM 28 billion.

Intra-group lending Also worthy of note was the fact that loans from shareholders increased by DM 18 billion to DM 76.5 billion. Other intra-group loans from German enterprises to direct investment enterprises abroad rose by just under DM 9 billion to DM 28 billion. By contrast, net lending posted in the balance of payments statistics on direct investment at DM 59 billion also contains loans to enterprises abroad that have no direct capital links to German investors and which are thus omitted from the stock survey on direct investment. The increase of foreign investment capital in German enterprises is reflected only inadequately in the balance of payments entries. In the period under review net transactions relating to the acquisition of participating interests were booked at DM 10 billion. This is in keeping with the balance of new investments in participating interests, which totalled DM 55 billion, and the liquidation of primary participating interests amounting to DM 45 billion. This decrease in primary participating interests in 1996 and 1997 shows up in the stock survey as a decline in investment capital of only DM 27 billion. Indeed these primary participating interests were often sold to foreign majority-owned holding companies in Germany; from that point on they continue to exist in Germany as secondary foreign participating interests. The purchasing price, which had to be paid to the parent company, often exceeded the reported value of the participating interest.

On the whole, the earnings position of German enterprises in 1996 and 1997 had again improved, especially that of the large enterprises; as a result, dividends amounting to DM 26.5 billion were distributed among foreign shareholders. These extraordinarily high dividend payments may also be explained by pointing out that prior to 1998 it was possible to release retained income that had hitherto been taxed in a way that minimised the tax burden. In addition, the widely accepted notion of shareholder value in the US has become more and more important for German corporate policy as well; consequently, the distribution of dividends is increasingly being given preference over the retention of profits. Low net transfers for participating interests in Germany

High dividend payments

Trend in the stock of and flows in primary direct investment from end-1995 to end-1997

DM billion

	Primary Ger direct inves		Primary fore direct invest	-
Type of capital, capital flows	abroad		in Germany	
Direct investment stocks at the end of 1995				
Investment capital	292.5		137.0	
Loans from shareholders Loans from other affiliated enterprises	58.2		64.8	
	19.4		74.7	******
Direct investment stocks, total		370.0		276.5
Payments for participating interests, according to the balance				
of payments statistics				
New investment in participating interests	+ 116.3		+ 54.9	
Liquidation of participating interests	- 38.8		- 45.1	
Balance		+ 77.5		+ 9.8
Changes in the value of stocks as a result of exchange rate fluctuations pe	Nerson and a second	+ 25.5		-
Changes in stocks as a result of the retained profits and losses of enterprises in which the participating interests are held (Reinvested earnings) Pe		+ 15.4		- 7.6
Changes in the loans from shareholders	+ 18.3		+ 5.3	
Changes in the loans from other affiliated enterprises	+ 8.7		+ 20.2	
Memo item				
Loans shown in the balance of payments	(+ 59.2)		(+ 29.1)	
Balance		+ 27.0		+ 25.5
Discrepancies between flows values and the book values of participating				
interests, as shown in the balance sheets, and other factors		- 12.2		+ 29.1
Direct investment stocks at the end of 1997		503.2		333.3
Investment capital	398.6		168.2	
Loans from shareholders	76.5		70.1	
Loans from other affiliated enterprises	28.1	ganaan oo ahaa	94.9	

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In themselves, the large dividend distributions – but also the losses of some enterprises for the financial year – led to a decrease in the investment capital in Germany held by foreign investors that amounted to just under DM 8 billion.

Foreign shareholders extended DM 5 billion in additional loans for direct investment enterprises in Germany. The increase in loans from other affiliated enterprises abroad was quite substantial in comparison, amounting to DM 20 billion. By the end of 1997 these outstanding loans, totalling DM 95 billion, made up almost 30% of foreign primary direct investment stock in Germany.

Holding companies and secondary participating interests

Holding companies at the top of group structure increasingly more important Globalisation has led to the creation of new group structures in the corporate world. The organisation, administration and intra-group financing of different business areas in various countries is now being conducted almost exclusively at group headquarters, which is usually domiciled in the form of a legally independent holding company in a country with favourable tax laws. At the end of 1997 DM 142 billion or just under 30 % of primary German direct investment was in foreign holding companies. At DM 180 billion, even more than one-half of foreign direct investment in Germany was concentrated in German holding companies. In order to be able to break down the results for direct investment by country and by economic sector, it is necessary to include the secondary participating interests that lie behind the holding companies in the analysis.¹ The following remarks are based on this consolidated analysis.

Thanks to this consolidation the size and structure of direct investment stocks have altered considerably (see chart on page 64). Whereas German investors at the end of 1997 made 93 % of their direct investment available to their dependent holding companies abroad in the form of investment capital, the share of direct investment stock that is taken up by investment capital held by foreign investors in German holding companies was only 55 %. More than one-quarter of direct investment stocks was made available to these enterprises in the form of loans from other affiliated enterprises abroad.

The consolidation of primary and secondary direct investment increased German corporate assets abroad by DM 41 billion to DM 544 billion, since the holding companies abroad secured additional financing and channelled these funds to their investment targets. In the case of foreign direct investment in Germany, consolidation causes direct investment stocks to decrease by DM 59 billion to slightly more than DM 274 billion. This is largely attributable to the fact that the balance sheet values of secondary direct investment enterprises are considerably smaller than the participating interests shown in the balance sheets of the holding companies, owing to undisclosed reserves.

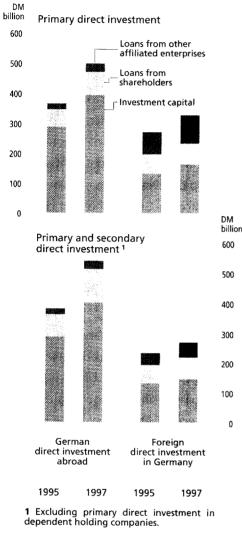
Primary and

secondary

direct investment

¹ To avoid duplication, primary participating interests in dependent holding companies are not included in consolidation.

Structure of direct investment stocks



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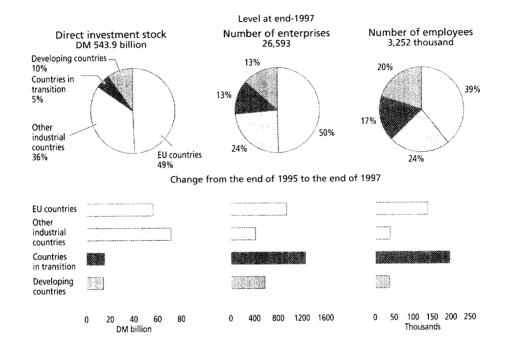
Regional distribution

German direct investment abroad

German direct investment ... As is the case with foreign trade, international links in the area of direct investment tend to centre on industrial countries. This is also true of Germany. From the end of 1995 to the end of 1997 the industrial countries accounted for four-fifths of the growth in German direct investment abroad. The remaining 20% led in almost equal measure to an increase in direct investment stocks in the countries in transition and in the developing countries (see the chart on page 65).

Direct investment stocks in the European Union countries increased by just under DM 57 billion to DM 268 billion in the period under review. It was a below-average increase (see the table on page 66). This trend suggests that in the period under review direct investment, after having reached extraordinary proportions in the preceding years in response to the completion of the single European market, returned to its normal level. However, the number of reported new direct investment enterprises in this economic area rose considerably – by 950 (to around 13,200). The reason may be that mediumsized enterprises are now increasingly investing across borders, as well.

Among the EU countries, the United Kingdom posted, with DM 21 billion, the largest growth in direct investment stocks in the period under review - albeit partially owing to exchange rate changes. German investors have participating interests in more than 200 additional investment projects there, a fact which speaks in favour of the attractiveness of the UK as a business location. German direct investment stocks in Italy increased by DM 7 billion to DM 23 billion, which mainly benefited the manufacturing industry as well as distribution outlets. German direct investment in Luxembourg increased by DM 6 billion, about half of which consisted of a single major transaction. At DM 5 billion, the



Primary and secondary German direct investment abroad

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amount invested in Belgium was of comparable proportions. At the end of 1997, the stock of German direct investment in Belgium was, at DM 33 billion, only slightly less than Germany's direct investment in France, their larger common neighbour. More than half of German direct investment in Belgium is in financial institutions, which large enterprises have established in response to tax benefits in order to coordinate their financial flows.

... in the US From the end of 1995 to the end of 1997, German direct investment stocks increased in non-EU industrial countries by DM 72 billion to DM 192 billion. Direct investment in the USA accounted for over four-fifths (DM 60 billion) of that amount. The consistently positive economic situation in that country is mainly responsible for this result, but also the rise in the dollar's exchange rate in the period under review, which resulted in the already high level of German direct investment in the US becoming even higher. German corporate assets increased primarily in the financial intermediation sector (+ DM 42 billion) as well as in the manufacturing industry (+ DM 16.5 billion). Non-EU industrial countries accounted for 307 of the direct investment enterprises making up new investment and thus three-quarters of all investment projects.

Prior to the nineties, direct investment in countries in transition was almost impossible for private Western investors. Starting from an extraordinarily low level, investment has grown very rapidly in the last few years. From the end of 1995 to the end of 1997 dir... in countries in transition

Primary and secondary direct investment stocks, by major country and branch of economic activity of the investment enterprises, at end-1995 and end-1997

DM billion

	German dir	ect investme	ent abroad	Foreign dir Germany	nt in	
	End-year le	vel		End-year le	[
Country/Branch of economic activity	1995	1997	Change	1995	1997	Change
Total direct investment	384.8	543.9	159.1	237.8	274.4	36.6
by investment/investor country						
EU countries	211.2	268.0	56.8	119.3	141.7	22.4
of which						
Belgium France	27.7	32.6	4.9	4.0	5.7	1.7
Italy	31.4	34.8 22.8	3.4 7.1	22.1	27.8	5.7
Luxembourg	16.1	22.8	5.8	4.2 4.3	4.4 5.0	0.2
Netherlands	25.7	21.5	3.2	4.5	56.9	8.2
United Kingdom	37.1	58.1	21.0	15.2	18.0	2.8
Other industrial countries	120.4	192.2	71.8	107.8	121.3	13.5
of which						
Canada	6.0	8.5	2.5	3.2	1.3	- 1.9
Japan	7.7	9.3	1.6	15.5	15.3	- 0.2
Switzerland	16.2	20.4	4.2	27.3	33.5	6.2
United States	83.4	143.8	60.4	58.4	68.0	9.6
Countries in transition of which	13.6	29.4	15.8	3.0	2.8	- 0.2
China (excluding Hong Kong)	1.6	5.1	3.5	0.1	0.2	0.1
Czech Republic	4.2	6.7	2.5	0.2	0.1	- 0.1
Hungary	3.5	7.4	3.9	0.1	0.0	- 0.1
Poland	2.0	5.6	3.6	0.3	0.2	- 0.1
Developing countries of which	39.6	54.3	14.7	7.8	8.5	0.7
in America of which	24.6	35.0	10.4	2.4	2.1	- 0.3
Argentina	2.1	3.7	1.6	0.4	0.1	- 0.3
Brazil	12.4	15.9	3.5	0.2	0.2	0.0
Mexico	3.0	6.5	3.5	0.0	0.0	0.0
in Asia and Oceania	10.6	14.2	3.6	5.1	6.3	1.2
by economic sector activity of the investment enterprises						
Manufacturing sector of which	150.7	205.7	55.0	103.5	113.1	9.6
Chemical industry	51.5	66.0	14.5	21.7	28.0	6.3
Mechanical engineering Manufacture of electrical machinery and	15.1	20.5	5.4	11.2	13.1	1.9
apparatus Manufacture of radio, television and	15.0	21.7	6.7	4.6	4.1	- 0.5
communication equipment and apparatus	2.3	4.3	2.0	4.0	6.2	2.2
Manufacture of motor vehicles	23.8	37.2	13.4	9.4	7.7	- 1.7
Trade and repair	60.9	84.6	23.7	48.8	55.4	6.6
Financial intermediation of which	115.0	178.8	63.8	27.9	33.6	5.7
Credit institutions	38.1	53.0	14.9	19.9	18.4	4 5
Other financial institutions	54.2	92.0	37.8	19.9	18.4 7.4	– 1.5 6.2
Insurance companies	21.7	32.5	10.8	6.7	7.6	0.2
Real estate renting and business activities of which	44.9	51.6	6.7	47.5	61.2	13.7
Holding companies	21.0	35.1	14.1	32.3	42.3	10.0
Other economic sectors	13.3	23.2	9.9	10.1	11.1	1.0

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ect investment stocks more than doubled (+ DM 16 billion to DM 29 billion). Now enterprises are also increasingly being purchased in connection with the privatisation of state-owned enterprises. Direct investment is of considerable importance for these countries since economic change is promoted by the transfer of technology associated with it, trust in the reform process is created, and at the same time foreign indebtedness is avoided. Whereas at first the central and eastern European countries were, owing to their geographical proximity to Germany, almost exclusively regarded as subcontractor and production locations, they have now also become interesting as sales markets. New production ideas continue to enhance the attractiveness of countries with a well-trained workforce, a developed infrastructure, and a sufficiently stable political environment.

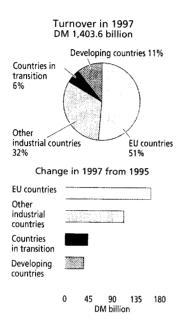
As a result, the bulk of German direct investment was limited in the period under review to a few recipient countries: Hungary (+ DM 3.9 billion), Poland (+ DM 3.6 billion) and the Czech Republic (+ DM 2.5 billion). In the Czech Republic the rise in direct investment to just under DM 7 billion was significantly less than in the other countries mentioned. The reasons for this presumably lie in the special form of privatisation practised, the weaker economic growth and the monetary crisis in the spring of 1997. The stock of German direct investment in China (excluding Hong Kong), one of the most rapidly growing economies in the world, rose to DM 5 billion and so more than trebled in the period under review.

If the number of new direct investment enterprises abroad is taken as a criterion, then the countries in transition rank very high in the hierarchy of German investment priorities. German investors participated in 3,200 additional capital projects during the period under review, countries in transition accounting for 40 % of that figure. On the whole, the number of employees in foreign enterprises with German participating interests increased by around 420,000; almost half of these jobs were in countries in transition. The turnover of enterprises with German participating interests more than doubled during the two years under review (see the chart on page 68).

Geographical distance, cultural differences and a relatively low level of professional qualification, along with low labour productivity, have traditionally combined to ensure that only a minor share of German direct investment went towards the developing countries. In many countries these problems were compounded by political uncertainties. As a rule, these disadvantages outweighed the benefits of low wage costs; at the same time the sales incentive for direct investment in these countries was often only of secondary importance given the limitations of the home market in many of these countries. German corporate assets in the developing countries have up to the present time remained exceptionally low (DM 40 billion). From the point of view of German investors, however, the investment environment seems, in the period under review, to have improved in some developing countries. At all events, the direct investment figures up to the end of 1997, which increased by DM 15 billion relative to 1995, ap-

... in developing countries

Turnover of enterprises abroad with German participating interests



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pear to confirm this assessment. The rise is also noteworthy in the light of the fact that German foreign assets were partly devalued following the economic and financial crises in Asia. Although German direct investment stocks in the emerging and developing markets of this region continued to rise sharply in 1996, they actually fell in absolute terms the next year, owing to losses in individual countries.

As a result, a few developing and emerging markets in Central and South America, which in the period under review were marked by political and economic stability, accounted for more than two-thirds of total new investment. German corporate assets more than doubled to DM 6.5 billion in Mexico, which has signed a free trade agreement with the United States and a political and economic partnership agreement with the European Union and is also seeking a free trade agreement with the EU. Similarly, German investment in Argentina increased significantly. Until the end of 1997, fairly stable economic conditions also prevailed in South America's most populous country, Brazil. The increase in German direct investment there, which in the period under review amounted to DM 3.5 billion, is to be seen in this context; at the close of the period, German assets in Brazil had grown to DM 16 billion. Still, the most recent events in Brazil are not reflected in these figures, which extend only as far as 1997.

Foreign direct investment in Germany

Once again, in the period under review, foreign investors were demonstrably less interested in Germany than German investors in opportunities abroad. From the end of 1995 to the end of 1997 foreign enterprises increased their primary and secondary corporate assets in Germany by just under DM 37 billion to slightly over DM 274 billion; the comparable direct investment stock of German enterprises in other countries rose by DM 159 billion to DM 544 billion – albeit partially owing to exchange rate changes.

Investors from EU countries provided slightly more than 60 % of the additional foreign direct investment. At the end of 1997 they accounted for about half of foreign direct investment stocks in Germany or DM 142 billion. Investors from the Netherlands increased their direct investment stocks by DM 8 billion to DM 57 billion with a decided focus on the Foreign direct investment in Germany

Investors from the European Union

chemical industry and on distribution. However, this figure must be understood to reflect the fact that the Netherlands – not least for tax reasons – are a popular domicile for the holding companies of internationally operating groups. Thus a breakdown according to country of the parent company or ultimate beneficial owner reveals that approximately DM 25 billion of the corporate assets in Germany are to be attributed not to investors from the Netherlands but from other countries, for example, from the United Kingdom (DM 7 billion), the USA (DM 3 billion) and France (DM 2 billion).

French investors increased their direct investment stocks by almost DM 6 billion to DM 28 billion, investors from the United Kingdom by DM 3 billion to DM 18 billion. In 1996 and 1997 Belgium and Luxembourg, in particular, enlarged their presence in Germany significantly, as measured in terms of new participating interests.

Investors from the US Among the investors from other industrial countries, those from the US once again played a significant role, increasing their corporate assets in Germany by almost DM 10 billion to DM 68 billion. The exchange rate for the Deutsche Mark, which was low vis-àvis the dollar, offered US investors a special incentive. Holding companies in Germany accounted for almost half of the increase. Direct investment stocks by economic sector

German direct investment abroad

German direct investment abroad is concentrated to a large extent on the manufacturing industry. This is true in a two-fold sense: German industrial enterprises are more strongly represented abroad than are firms from other sectors of the German economy, and the foreign assets of German enterprises are to be found predominantly in the manufacturing sectors of the recipient countries. Nothing happened in the period under review to change this situation appreciably (see the chart on page 70).

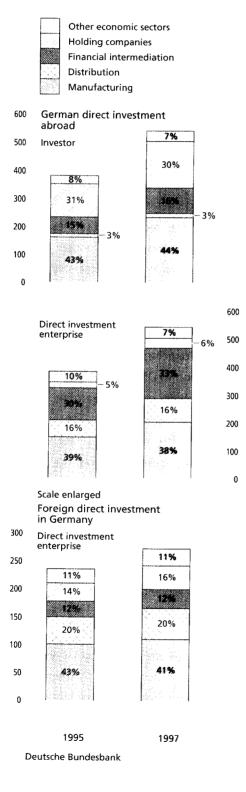
The German manufacturing industry increased its direct investment stocks abroad by DM 72 billion to DM 237 billion; at the end of 1997 its share in total German corporate assets abroad amounted to 44 % (as compared with 43 % at the end of 1995). The ten largest investors from the domestic manufacturing industry (according to the 1997 balance sheet total) accounted for more than one-fifth of that figure (the total number of investors from all economic sectors amounting to over 8,000). At the end of 1997, these enterprises alone had participating interests in over 1,200 establishments abroad.

Direct investment abroad by German industrial firms is not confined to manufacturing industries abroad but also involves other economic sectors. This is evidenced by the fact that the share of these enterprises in total corporate assets abroad (44 % at the end of Manufacturing industry

Concentration in the hands of a few investors

Direct investment stocks by economic sector

DM billion



1997, as mentioned) is larger than the share of direct investment capital tied up in the manufacturing industries of other countries (38%). In the period under review the latter increased by DM 55 billion (to just under DM 206 billion). The chemical and the vehicle manufacturing industries were major beneficiaries of this development, followed by the electrical and mechanical engineering industries.

Between the end of 1995 and the end of 1997 investors involved in German financial intermediation increased their foreign corporate assets by DM 30 billion to DM 90 billion. A major factor presumably contributing to this increase was European economic and monetary union, already foreseeable during the period under review. In addition the liberalisation of the European insurance market likely played a role in the increase.

Conversely, German investment in the financial intermediation sectors of foreign economies increased by DM 64 billion to DM 179 billion in the period under review. It ultimately attained a share of total German direct investment stocks abroad equivalent to 33% (as opposed to only 30% at the end of 1995). Part of this gain may undoubtedly be attributed to the fact that a major enterprise shifted the focus of its business activities and was assigned to another economic sector. However, a comparative study of these shares that breaks down foreign direct investment enterprises into individual sectors and according to investor origin reveals that – apparently unlike manufacturing firms - German enterprises not obviously belonging to the same

Financial intermediation economic sector hold considerable corporate assets in financial intermediation abroad for the purpose of financing their global activities.

A similar situation exists with respect to in-Distribution vestment in distribution abroad. Direct investment by German distribution enterprises increased in the period under review by DM 2 billion to DM 15 billion, corresponding at the end of 1997 to a share in total German corporate assets abroad of about 3 %. At the same time trade and repair accounted for nearly 16% of the entire German investment abroad. One of the reasons for this discrepancy is to be found in the fact that German firms not directly belonging to the same economic sector - including those in the manufacturing industry - have trading establishments in other countries. Here, too, as in the case of financial intermediation, the role played by holding companies (that cannot be assigned to any sector of the German economy) must be recognised: at the end of 1997 they had considerable corporate assets tied up in various sectors of foreign economies, amounting to DM 165 billion and thus a solid 30 % share.

Foreign direct investment in Germany

Foreign investor interest in the German manufacturing industry... From the end of 1995 to the end of 1997, foreign investors undertook just under DM 10 billion in additional investments in the domestic manufacturing industry, which is arguably the area of the German economy most directly exposed to international competition. Industrial corporate assets held by nonresidents in Germany amounted to DM 113 billion and made up 41% of total direct investment stocks of investors from abroad (compared with as much as 43 % at the end of 1995). However, German investment in manufacturing firms abroad was considerably higher, amounting to DM 206 billion, as already noted. The decline in the share of foreign direct investment in German industrial firms must be seen in conjunction with the fact that non-residents have continued to increase their participating interests in German holding companies. Foreign ownership of this type of corporate asset simultaneously rose in the period under review by DM 10 billion to DM 42 billion (in 472 enterprises). Partly in the wake of restructuring attempts by German enterprises, whole chains of participating interests were built up, and real investor interest was directed towards the "third-tier subsidiaries" of foreign shareholders (which are no longer subject to reporting requirements). Finally, it should be noted in connection with direct investment by non-residents in German industry that some of the investment ultimately targeted for the manufacturing industry is not assigned to this industrial sector at all, but, for example, to bought-in services.

Within the manufacturing industry, foreign investors were mainly interested in the chemical industry (+ DM 6.3 billion), followed at some remove by the manufacture of radio, television and communication equipment and apparatus (+ DM 2.2 billion) and mechanical engineering (+ DM 1.9 billion). At the end of 1997 one-quarter of industrial corporate assets held by non-residents (DM 28 bil-

lion) was concentrated in the German chemical industry.

... and in the financial intermediation sector At 12%, the share of direct investment by non-residents in German financial intermediation amounted to somewhat more than one-third of the corresponding German corporate assets abroad at the end of 1997. The stock rose by a mere DM 6 billion to just under DM 34 billion. Whereas the foreign investment capital in credit institutions in Germany even decreased in the period under review by DM 1.5 billion, direct investment in other financial institutions increased six-fold to DM 7.4 billion, primarily through loans.

Note

A new edition of the Special Statistical Publication 10, International capital links, will appear in a few days; however, only the headings and explanatory notes for the data contained in the German originals are available in English. It contains more detailed statistical information broken down by type of capital link, asset and liability position, operating variable, country and economic sector as well as methodological notes. The special publication will be enclosed with the Statistical Supplement to the Monthly Report 3, Balance of payments statistics, June 1999.

Statistical Section

Note

The start of Stage Three of European economic and monetary union (EMU) has led to a changed presentation of the Statistical Section of the Monthly Report. As monetary policy is now conducted and analysed in the context of the single currency area, the tables relating to monetary policy are geared to the geographical area comprising the monetary union; the relevant figures for Germany are shown as additional information. The changes result, on the one hand, from the altered composition of the range of monetary policy instruments and, on the other, from the harmonisation of national banking statistics in the EMU member countries. The newly defined reporting population for the production of banking statistics includes "monetary financial institutions (MFIs)", i.e. central banks, credit institutions as defined by Community law and certain other financial institutions which meet the MFI definition. In Germany the redefinition of the reporting population means that data reported by building and loan associations and (in the subsection "Overall monetary survey") money market funds will also have to be incorporated in the statistical presentations. The statistical breaks resulting from the changed reporting population and modified contents of individual items, which should be taken into account when examining time series for the turn of 1998-9, are reported in footnotes and are eliminated - as far as possible - from the flow figures in the time series.

In the balance of payments, further items have been harmonised on the basis of internationally binding concepts. This applies, in particular, to direct investment and portfolio investment. In addition, the changes in the monetary reserves are now shown as a separate item. The changes in all other external assets and liabilities of the Bundesbank are recorded under other financial account movements. The launch of monetary union has also resulted in a changed definition of the monetary reserves. In addition to gold holdings and the IMF position, this item now only comprises claims on non-euro-area residents in foreign currency. This in turn results in a changed presentation of the Bundesbank's external position.

Finally, the adoption of the euro is reflected in the statistics in that amounts are shown in D-Mark for the reporting periods up to the end of 1998 and in euro from January 1999, which means that the time series are continued with the denomination changing from D-Mark to euro. Only a few synoptic tables will show values in both D-Mark and euro for a transitional period.

Further information on the modifications to the Statistical Section of the Monthly Report will appear on the Internet.

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Abbreviations and symbols

- e Estimated
- p Provisional
- pe Partly estimated
- r Revised
- ... Figure available at a later date
- . Figure unknown or not to be published or not meaningful
- 0 Less than 0.5 but more than nil
- Nil

Discrepancies in the totals are due to rounding.

I. Key economic data for European monetary union

1. Monetary developments and interest rates

New table 7

Т

Peri 1998 1999

	Money stock in	various definitior	1 s 1	Determinants of	the money stock 1		Interest rates			
	M1	M2	МЗ	MFI lending, total	MFI lending to enterprises and individuals	Monetary capital formation 2	EONIA 3, 5	3-month EURIBOR 4, 5	Yield on Euro- pean govern- ment bonds outstanding 6	
riod	Change from pr	evious year,in %	7				% p. a. as a mont	thly average	J	
98 Feb. Mar.	8.3 8.8	4.2 4.4	4.6 4.7					-	5.1	
Apr. May June	10.3 10.1 9.6	5.1 5.3 5.3	5.2 5.0 4.9						5.0 5.1 4.9	
July Aug. Sep.	8.2 8.2 7.8	4.4 4.3 4.5	4.8 4.5 4.4	7.3	9.7	5.2			4.8 4.6 4.3	
Oct. Nov. Dec.	7.9 8.2 9.4	4.4 4.9 5.9	4.8 4.6 4.7	7.4 7.5 7.4	9.7 10.0 9.8	4.7 4.4 3.2	-		4.2 4.3 4.0	
99 Jan. Feb. Mar.	14.4 12.3 11.1	7.3 6.1 6.5	5.6 5.1 5.2	8.1 7.7 7.7	10.5 9.9 10.1	4.4 4.0 4.3	3.14 3.12 2.93	3.13 3.09 3.05	3.8 3.9 4.2	
Apr. May	11.2 	6.1 	5.0 	7.3 	10.0 	5.2 	2.71 2.55	2.70 2.58	4.0	

 $1~{\rm Source:}~{\rm ECB.}-2~{\rm Longer-term}~{\rm liabilities}~{\rm to}~{\rm euro}~{\rm area}~{\rm non-MFIs.}-3~{\rm Euro}~{\rm OverNight}~{\rm Index}~{\rm Average.}-4~{\rm Euro}~{\rm InterBank}~{\rm Offered}~{\rm Rate.}-5~{\rm See}~{\rm also}~{\rm footnotes}~{\rm to}~{\rm table}~{\rm VI.5.},~{\rm p.}~40^{*}.-6~{\rm GDP}{\rm weighted}~{\rm yield}~{\rm on}~{\rm ten-year}$

government bonds; excluding Luxembourg. — 7 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1^*).

2. Foreign trade and payments

	Selected items of the EMU balance of payments *												Euro exchange rates				
	Curre	nt accoun		Capital account 1											Effective excha	nge rate	
	Balan	Balance of which: Trade balance Until the end of 1998 ECU mill					1				Credit transactions		Monetary reserves				real
Period	Until			f 1998 ECU milli		on, from 1999 ei		uro million							US-\$/Euro	1990=100	
1998 Feb. Mar.	++	2,818 7,131	+++	7,978 9,965	- +	17,619 2,459	-	4,547 1,504	-	22,034 28,539	+	12,890 32,339		3,928 162		89.5 88.9	89.6 88.9
Apr. May June	+ + +	5,479 6,398 10,377	+ + +	9,865 10,818 11,160	- + +	28,989 19,498 13,586		8,195 1,343 5,217	- + +	22,801 7,657 9,322	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	2,889 12,282 9,478	- + +	882 902 2	· ·	89.6 92.2 92.2	89.4 91.9 92.0
July Aug. Sep.	+ +	12,258 4,511 2,524	+ + +	15,333 8,236 8,880	+ + -	23,814 8,608 35,674		8,556 7,943 6,602	+ + ~	13,257 10,768 10,497	+ + -	17,796 8,324 22,597	+ - +	1,318 2,542 4,022		92.0 93.3 95.2	92.1
Oct. Nov. Dec.	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	5,396 5,010 7,527	+ + +	12,201 11,641 11,049	- + +	12,285 4,662 16,315	-	16,616 33,763 728		36,467 615 15,291	+ + +	44,142 45,117 16,220	- - +	3,344 6,078 16,114		95.8 94.1 94.0	95.3 93.6 93.5
1999 Jan <i>.</i> Feb. Mar.	++	188 3,877 5,484	+ + +	4,011 7,221 7,845	+ + -	11,825 6,733 40,171	-	5,222 2,003 2,637	+ - -	5,915 17,039 32,320	+ + -	13,552 21,152 7,016	- + +	2,420 4,623 1,802	1.1608 1.1208 1.0883	92.7 90.9 89.5	92.1 90.5 89.1
Apr. May								 							1.0704 1.0628	88.4 88.0	87.7 87.3

* Source: ECB. — 1 Series fo which data from January 1999 are not closely comparable with earlier observations. — 2 Including financial derivatives.

I. Key economic data for the euro area

3. General economic indicators

Period	Belgium	Germany	Finland	France	Ireland	Italy	Luxembou	rg Netherlands	Austria	Portugal	Spain	EMU
	Real gros	s domestic	product ¹									
1996 1997 1998	1.3 3.0 2.9	7 0.8 1.8 2.3	6.0 ·	1. 2. 3.	3 9. 2	. 1.	4	.0 3. .7 3.1 . 3.1	6 2.5 8 3.3	5 3.5 3 .	2.4 3.5 3.8 3.8	1 2 2 3
1997 4th qtr 1998 1st qtr	3.4 4.2	1.9 3.9	7.0	3. 3. 3.	8	2. 2. 1.	2	4. 4. 3.	9 4.2	2 3.7	3.9 3.9	3
2nd qtr 3rd qtr 4th qtr 1999 1st qtr	3.3 2.1	1.2 2.0 2.0 0.7	4.8	2. 2. 2.	9	1.		3. 3. 3.	2 2.7 3 2.7	7 3.3	3.8 3.6	2
1999 Ist qu	Industria	l productio										
1996 1997	0.2	0.6	 3.7 9.1	0.	8 15.	3 3	97	.9 2. 2.1 2. 1.6 1.	0 5.	7 2.4	6.8	0 4 3
1998 1997 4th qtr	- 3.5 12.0	1	2	4. 6.	1	ŧ	1		1			an i nan waa cida tiin
1998 1st qtr	- 0.6	6.9	10.2	7.	5 16.	8 4).1 1. I.5 1.		4 4.9	3.6	
2nd qtr 3rd qtr 4th qtr	- 2.9 - 5.4 - 5.0	4.4 1.5	7.5 4.2	3	5 15.	6 0 3 - 2	5 3 7 C	8.4 1.).3 0.	5 3.	5 3.3	5.2 3.0	All on the Carl Carl Carl Carl Carl Carl Carl Carl
1999 1st qtr	- 1.0 Capacity	utilisation		1 0	0, 11.	1 ž — 1	0	• •	• •			
1996	79.5	82.2	- 83.3	83	6 77.	2 76		9.0 83 2.8 84				
1997 1998	81.6 82.6			83 84	.9 76	.6 78	3 87	7.8 85	.3 83.	7 81.4	1 80.4	
1998 1st qtr 2nd qtr	82.4 82.9			84 85	.4 76	.8 78	6 87	8.5 85 7.6 85	.9 84.	3 83.1	80.6	5
3rd qtr 4th qtr	83.0 82.3	85.8	3 89.9	85 84		.4 79 .6 77		7.5 85 8.2 84		8 81.0 7 81.4	\$ 80.6	8
1999 1st qtr 2nd qtr	79.6 80.8	84.3 83.7	85.1 86.5	85 85				5.5 84 3.1 84				
	Unemplo	oyment rat	te ⁴						2	4 . 7	3 22.2	1
1996 1997	9.7 9.4	1 9.9	9 12.7	12	.3 9	.6 12 .8 12	.1	2.8 5	.3 4. .2 4. .0 4.		3 20.8	- International Provider International Provid
1998	9.5 9.5	1	Contract of the second s	1	1	.8 12 .5 12	1	1	.0 4. .7 4.		1	2
1998 Sep. Oct.	9.3	3 9.	1 10.9	11	.6 7	.4 12	.3		.6 4. .6 4.	.7 4.5 .6 4.4		
Nov. Dec.	9.1 9.1					.3 12	.2	2.6 3	.6 4	.6 4.4	4 18.0	
1999 Jan. Feb.	9.1 9.1			/ 11	.4 7	.2 12 .0		2.8 3	.6 4	.6 4. .6 4. .5 4.	3 17.6	5
Mar.	9.1	1 9.	0 10.7		1	.9	1	2.8 3 2.9	1	.5 4.1 .5 4.1	-	8
Apr.	9.0 Harmon	ised index					.,					
1996	1.8	8 1.	2 1.1		— 1.1 2					.8 2. .2 1.	9 3.6 9 1.9	
1997 1998	1.! 0.9			1 ().7 2	2.1	0	1.0	.8 0	.8 2.	2 1.8	3
1998 Oct. Nov.	0.1	6 0.	4 0.9	9 ().2 2	2.2	.7	0.5 1	1.5 0	.7 2. .5 2. .5 2.	6 1.4	1
Dec.	0.	7 0.	.2 0.8	в (i i	ł	.5 –	1.4 2	2.1 0	.3 2.	5 1.5	5
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar	1.1 1.1	0 0.	.1 0.9	9 0	0.3	2.3	.4	0.6		0.2 2. 0.2 2.		
Mar. Apr. May	1.	1 0.		3 1).6	1	.3		1.9 O 2.1	1.1 2.	.7 2.3	3
Мау	General	governme										
1997 1998		9 – 2 3 6 – 2		21 -	3.0	1.1 – 2.3 –	2.7 2.7	2.9 – 1 2.1 – 1	0.9 – 1 0.9 – 2	1.9 - 2 2.1 - 2	.5 – 2.1 .3 – 1.1	6 – 8 –
		governme										
1997	123.	4 61 3 6 61	.5 54. .1 49.	9 5	8.1 6 8.5 5	1.3 12 2.1 11	2.4 3.7				.7 67. .8 65.	

Sources: National data, European Commission, Eurostat, European Central Bank. Latest data are partly based on press reports and are provisional. — 1 Annual percentage changes; GDP of France, Portugal, Spain and EMU are calculated from seasonally adjusted data. — 2 Manufacturing, mining, gas and electricity; adjusted for working-day variations (except France and Spain). — 3 Manufacturing, in %; seasonally adjusted;

data are collected in January, April, July and October. — 4 Standardised, as a percentage of persons in civilian employment; seasonally adjusted. — 5 As a percentage of GDP; Maastricht Treaty definition. — 6 GDP results of March 1999. — 7 For the reason for the revisions see section IX, table 1.

II. Overall monetary survey in the European monetary union

1. The money stock and its counterparts*)

	l. Lending to in the euro a		(non-MFis)			II. Net claims non-euro-ar			III. Monetai financial in	y capital for ititutions (N	mation at n IFIs) in the e	nonetary euro area	
		Enterprises and individ		Public authorities			Claims on non-	Liabil- ities to non-euro-		Deposits with an agreed maturity	Deposits at agreed notice of over	Debt securities with maturities of over 2	Capital
Period	Total	Total	of which: Securities	Total	of which: Securities	Total	euro-area residents	area residents	Total 4	of over 2 years 4,X	3 months	years (net) 5	and reserves
	Europea	n moneta	ary unior	i (euro bi	llion) ¹								
1998 Feb. Mar.	50.6 66.7	39.4 53.5	13.3 20.6	11.1 13.1	8.8 15.1	- 4.7 - 2.0	33.2 40.5	37.9 42.5	23.7 21.5	7.8 1.2	- 0.2 - 0.8	15.6 8.5	0.5 12.5
Apr. May June	55.6 28.2 63.7	43.1 28.3 47.1	8.9 9.3 – 13.8	12.5 - 0.1 16.6	7.4 11.0 10.7	- 2.7 13.6 4.7	- 6.5 14.9 9.8	- 3.8 1.3 5.1	- 4.1 11.2	1.9 1.9	- 2.0 - 1.7	7.2 3.6	- 11.2 7.4
July Aug.	21.4 - 5.6	43.0 - 7.1	- 1.2 - 6.2	- 21.6 1.5	- 17.3 - 0.9	- 13.1 4.3	- 17.2 - 3.1	- 4.0 - 7.5	27.7 5.3 11.4	- 2.3 1.9 4.5	- 1.0 - 1.2 - 0.9	15.5 5.6 7.9	15.5 - 1.0
Sep. Oct.	54.8 53.1	57.1 38.8	2.7	- 2.4	- 5.7	- 15.8	46.6	62.4	9.9	- 0.4	- 0.9 - 0.6	7.9	- 0.1 3.8
Nov. Dec.	63.2 39.9	54.8 72.5	4.5 8.0 10.2	14.4 8.4 - 32.6	8.5 1.7 - 33.7	- 44.5 - 16.5 18.7	- 1.5 26.2 - 57.5	43.0 42.7 - 76.3	- 10.6 1.6 - 2.4	- 4.2 - 4.4 5.9	- 0.2 0.4 5.5	- 4.8 7.6 - 6.1	- 1.4 - 1.9 - 7.7
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	91.4 20.8	73.6 8.3	9.5 1.6	17.8 12.6	16.9 12.2	- 46.4 - 50.6	112.2 - 134.0	158.7 - 83.4	43.2 14.0	4.7 3.7	- 1.0 - 1.3	28.2 12.3	11.3 - 0.7
Apr.	74.5 26.8	70.2 38.2	21.0 15.8	4.3 - 11.4	8.1 - 4.7	27.2 - 28.5	66.4 - 18.2	39.2 10.3	30.4 28.1	3.5 3.4	- 0.8 - 2.2	13.3 14.9	14.4 12.1
	German	contribut	ion (eur	billion)	2		1	I	1]	,	
1998 Feb. Mar.	18.8 27.8	12.6 20.0	6.0 11.4	6.2 7.8	- 2.5 10.9	3.4 0.7	5.1 13.8	1.7 13.2	19.7 8.3	5.8 1.4	- 0.1 - 0.8	11.5 6.4	2.5 1.4
Apr. May June	22.2 12.2 10.8	16.3 10.3 5.4	6.9 1.6 – 7.1	5.9 1.9 5.4	3.5 7.8	- 5.2 - 3.9	- 1.6 8.1	3.6 12.0	10.1 5.3	4.3 3.1	- 2.1 - 1.7	7.0 2.0	1.0 1.9
July Aug.	5.3 9.6	4.3 9.3	- 1.9 0.3	5.4 1.0 0.3	5.4 - 3.7 - 2.3	- 2.6 0.4 12.5	- 1.9 - 7.4 19.6	0.6 - 7.8	4.1 14.7	0.5 2.6	- 0.9 - 1.1	2.5 12.6	2.0 0.6
Sep. Oct.	6.2	15.1	0.1	- 8.9	- 6.6	- 0.9	- 8.9	7.1 - 8.0	- 0.6 4.1	3.5 - 1.9	- 1.0 - 0.6	- 2.8 6.8	- 0.3 - 0.1
Nov. Dec.	25.3 28.2 41.2	10.6 20.0 51.7	2.2 8.6 11.4	14.6 8.2 - 10.5	11.3 6.3 - 15.5	- 21.9 6.3 - 6.3	- 1.5 26.2 - 2.8	20.4 19.9 3.5	- 7.8 4.7 - 1.0	- 2.1 - 1.9 - 3.4	- 0.2 0.2 5.4	- 6.8 5.2 - 3.5	1.2 1.1 0.5
1999 Jan. Feb.	20.1 11.5	16.3 5.4	- 1.5 - 0.2	3.9 6.1	0.2 1.4	- 19.3 - 25.2	17.4 - 29.8	36.7 - 4.7	20.0 16.4	4.1 3.7	- 1.3 - 1.7	16.7 11.1	0.5
Mar. Apr.	31.1 16.6	29.1 13.3	20.2 8.6	2.0 3.3	3.7 6.7	25.6 – 1.5	33.4 9.3	7.8 10.8	11.9 13.8	3.6 0.2	- 0.5 - 2.3	5.1 11.3	3.7 4.5
	German	ontribut	ion (DM	, billion) ²	1	E	1	1	1		1	1	
1998 Feb. Mar.	36.7 54.3	24.7 39.1	11.7 22.2	12.1 15.2	- 4.9 21.3	6.6 1.3	10.0 27.1	3.4 25.8	38.5 16.3	11.3 2.7	- 0.1 - 1.5	22.5 12.5	4.9
Apr. May June	43.5 23.9 21.1	31.9 20.1 10.6	13.5 3.1 - 13.9	11.6 3.7 10.5	6.8 15.3 10.6	- 10.2 - 7.7 - 5.0	- 3.2 15.9 - 3.8	7.0 23.5 1.2	19.8 10.4 8.1	8.4 6.2 0.9	- 4.2 - 3.3 - 1.7	13.6 3.8 5.0	1.9 3.7 3.9
July Aug. Sep.	10.3 18.8 12.1	8.4 18.2 29.6	- 3.8 0.6 0.3	1.9 0.6 – 17.5	- 7.3 - 4.5 - 12.9	0.7 24.5 - 1.8	- 14.4 38.4 - 17.4	- 15.2 13.8 - 15.6	28.7 - 1.2 8.1	5.1 6.8 - 3.8	- 2.2 - 1.9 - 1.2	24.6 - 5.5 13.3	1.2 - 0.6 - 0.3
Oct. Nov. Dec.	49.4 55.2 80.6	20.8 39.1 101.2	4.2 16.8 22.2	28.6 16.0 - 20.6	22.1 12.3 - 30.2	- 42.9 12.2 - 12.4	- 3.0 51.2 - 5.5	39.9 39.0 6.9	- 15.3 9.1 - 2.0	- 4.1 - 3.7	- 0.4 0.5	- 13.2 10.2	2.4 2.2
1999 Jan. Feb.	39.4 22.5	31.8 10.6	- 3.0 - 0.3	7.6 12.0	0.4 2.8	- 37.8 - 49.2	34.0 - 58.4	71.8 - 9.2	- 2.0 39.1 32.1	- 6.6 7.9 7.2	10.6 - 2.6 - 3.3	- 6.9 32.7 21.7	1.0 1.1 6.5
Mar. Apr.	60.8 32.5	57.0 26.1	39.5 16.8	3.8 6.4	7.2 13.0	50.0 - 3.0	65.2 18.2	15.2 21.2	23.4 26.9	7.1 0.4	- 1.0 - 4.5	10.0	7.3 8.9

* The data in this table are based on the consolidated balance sheet of monetary financial institutions (MFIs) (table II.2); statistical breaks have been eliminated from the flow figures. — 1 Source: ECB. — 2 Owing to changes in the definitions of the items and differences in the range of reporting institutions, the figures are not comparable with those published for Germany up to end of 1998. — 3 For the German contribution: up to

December 1998, including loans on a trust basis and bill-based lending instead of bill holdings. — 4 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, including liabilities arising from loans on a trust basis. — 5 Excluding MFIs portfolios. — 6 For the European monetary union: including the counterparts of monetary liabilities of central governments. — 7 Excluding

New table 12

II. Overall monetary survey in the European monetary union

		VI. Money st	ock M3 (bala	nce I plus II le	ss III less IV les	ss V)						
			Money stock	M2		an a a canada da ba range na ang kanada ang ka				Money		
V. De- posits of central gov- ernments	V. Other factors 6	Total	Total	Money stock	M1 Currency in circu- lation 7	Overnight deposits ⁸	Deposits with an agreed maturity of up to 2 years 8.9	Deposits at agreed notice of up to 3 months 8,10	A	market fund certificates and money market paper (net) ⁵	Debt securities for up to 2 years (net) 5	Period
		A					Euro	opean mo	netary un	ion (euro	billion) ¹	
13.3 - 20.4	0.8 55.8			1.1 29.3	0.4	0.7 29.3	– 3.1 – 26.9			1.8 1.3	4.9 6.2	1998 Feb Mai
2.0 - 6.5	16.6 12.8 9.6	38.3 24.3 18.0	20.7	16.1 19.9 46.4	3.0 2.4 - 1.7	13.0 17.5 48.1	15.0 - 3.2 - 18.1	4.1	1.6	10.1 - 1.3 - 4.4	0.9 3.3 – 1.0	Apr Maj Jun
13.1 8.2 8.8	0.3 - 6.6	- 5.6 - 14.8	- 31.1 - 5.7	- 34.1 - 15.2	5.2 - 5.7	- 39.2 - 9.4 20.8	6.3	3.2	- 7.3	7.4 3.8 - 3.0	- 5.6	July Aug Sep
- 1.8 - 1.6 - 6.7	35.3 - 9.5 24.4	- 4.4 30.2 27.3	10.6		1.5 0.9	3.5 40.9	2.1 2.8	3.5 3 2.5	10.6 – 19.9	6.0 3.0	3.1 - 2.9	Oct Nov Dec
1.2 - 6.3 8.3	- 16.7 - 26.3 - 36.1	76.4 34.4 - 16.0	23.5	14.8	- 9.4	24.2	- 6.9 - 15.2	2 15.6 2 4.2	– 1.4 12.1	13.6 14.9	- 1.3 1.3	1999 Jan Feb
- 5.3 - 17.1	62.9 - 38.3	13.8	21.1	15.9	4.8				1		-	Ma Api
								German	contribut	ion (euro	billion) ²	
0.2 - 0.1	- 6.5 22.1					§		2 – 0.5	; -	2.3 0.8	- 0.2	1998 Fel Ma
- 0.8 0.3 0.8	- 1.7	4.4	1 3.4	↓	0.3	- 0.1	3.6	6 0.2	2 -	0.6	i 0.3	Ap Ma Jur
- 0.2 0.3	- 6.7 8.2	– 2. 14.	2 – 2.2 3 – 11.2	2 8.4	- 1.3	9.7	2.0	6 0.2	2 -		5 1.5	Jul Au Se
0.1 - 0.4 0.2	- 1.2 - 0.2	2 12.1 2 29.1	3 11.4 7 27.9	4 8.1 9 26.4	1 0.4 1 1.1	1 7.1 1 25.1	3 – 0,	1 1.0	5 -	1 .	2 - 0.4	
1.6 0.9 0.9	- 18.9	2 – 1. 2 – 7.	2 – 0.4 3 3.	4 – 8.9 1 – 2.2	- 2.5 2 - 2.5 0.3	5 – 6.4 3 1.1	4 6. 9 - 1.	8 2.	3 0.!	5 2.0	5 1.1	Fe
- 1.2 0.1								-			5 2.3	A¢
	*	1	ş	R.	1	4	*	Germa	n contrib	ution (DM	l billion) ²	
0.4 - 0.3										- 4		
- 1.5 0.6	5 2. 5 - 3.	9 12. 4 8.	1 12. 6 6.	6 14. 7 – 0.	2 1.1 7 – 0.1	6 – 0.	1 7.	.1 0.	4	- 1. - 1. - 1 <i>.</i>	3 0.7	Ma
1.: - 0.: 0.!	3 – 13. 5 16.	1 – 4. 1 27.	2 – 4. 9 21.	4 – 12. 9 16.	6 2. 4 – 2.	3 – 14. 5 19.	9 9. 0 5.	.1 – 0. .1 0.	9	1. - 3. 0.	0 3.0) Αι
0.3 - 0.4 0.4	в – 2.	4 25.	0 22. 2 54.	3 15. 6 51.	8 0. 7 2.	7 15. 1 49.	1 3. 6 – 0	.3 3 .2 3	3	- 1. - 4.	4 1.3 3 – 0.8	8 Oo 8 No
3. 1. 1.	1 – 26. 7 – 36.	4 93 9 – 2	.4 – 0.	.7 – 17.	5 – 5.	0 – 12 6 3	5 12 7 – 3	.7 4. .6 5	0 0. 5 1.	2 – 4. 0 5.	0 2.2 0 2.2	2 1999 Ja 1 Fe
- 2. 0.	3 88	1 1	.7 – 6	1	7 4.	5 – 7 8 14		.9 – 4 .8 2	.2 - 0. .1 - 1.		3 3. 8 4.	-

euro-area MFIs cash in hand denominated in euros or in currencies of the euro area. — 8 For the European monetary union: including the monetary liabilities of central governments (Post Office, Treasury). — 9 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, with maturities of less than 4 years. — 10 In Germany, only savings deposits. — 11 For the German contribution:

data collected separately only from 1999. — 12 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*). — X For the German contribution: from 1999 including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see table IV.12). — XX For the German contribution: up to the end of 1998 including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see also footnote X).

II. Overall monetary survey in the European monetary union

New table ¹⁴

2. Consolidated balance sheet of monetary financial institutions (MFIs) *

		Assets 3				falline false and share to be according					
			on-banks (non-	MFIs) in the eu	Iro area 4			Land Carl and Carl an		1	
			Enterprises an				Public authori	ities			
						<u> </u>			[
										Claims	
	Total assets 3 or				Debt	Shares and other			Debt	on non- euro-area	Other
Period	liabilities 5	Total	Total	Advances 4	securities 5	equities	Total	Advances 4	securities 6	residents	assets
1000 1			union (eu	ro billion)	1						
1998 Jan. Feb.	10,149.4 10,230.3	7,173.7 7,221.0	5,162.9 5,199.9	4,721.0 4,744.7	190.4 195.6	251.6 259.6	2,010.8 2,021.1	827.6 829.1	1,183.2 1,192.0	1,891.6 1,918.2	1,084.1 1,091.1
Mar. Apr.	10,326.7 10,363.9	7,287.0 7,338.6	5,251.9 5,291.6	4,776.0 4,806.9	199.8 199.9	276.1	2,035.1	827.2	1,207.9	1,970.7	1,069.0
May June	10,419.8 10,389.6	7,365.3 7,422.6	5,318.5 5,358.4	4,800.9 4,824.7 4,876.6	203.5 196.4	284.7 290.3	2,047.1 2,046.8	832.1 820.9	1,215.0 1,225.9	1,932.4 1,934.6	1,092.8 1,119.8
July	10,412.5	7,442.5	5,396.9	4,917.2	201.8	285.4 277.9	2,064.2 2,045.6	826.9 822.5	, 1,237.3 1,223.1	1,963.3 1,925.2	1,003.7 1,044.8
Aug. Sep.	10,408.9 10,447.5	7,437.5 7,485.4	5,390.2 5,440.6	4,916.7 4,964.8	202.4 202.9	271.1 272.9	2,047.3 2,044.7	825.0 828.0	1,222.4 1,216.7	1,923.2 1,931.5 1,912.9	1,044.8
Oct. Nov.	10,510.5 10,640.1	7,539.9 7,601.2	5,479.7	4,999.1	206.6	273.9	2,060.2	833.9	1,226.3	1,919.1	1,051.5
Dec.	10,594.9	7,630.5	5,532.4 5,595.3	5,043.7 5,096.4	201.3 194.1	287.4 304.9	2,068.8 2,035.1	840.7 841.6	1,228.1 1,193.5	1,971.2 1,904.8	1,067.6 1,059.7
1999 Jan. Feb.	10,961.1 10,907.5	7,685.8 7,709.6	5,641.8 5,652.6	5,101.3 5,110.3	207.0 203.3	333.5 339.0	2,044.0 2,057.0	841.7 842.2	1,202.3 1,214.9	2,048.2 1,951.5	1,227.1 1,246.3
Mar. Apr.	11,010.0 11,001.7	7,774.1 7,801.7	5,720.3	5,164.5	197.2	358.6	2,053.8	839.1	1,214.7	2,066.5	1,169.4
	1	. 1	5,758.7	5,187.0	200.6	371.1	2,043.0	832.5	1,210.6	2,063.7	1,136.3
	German c	ontributio	n (euro bill	ion) ²							
1998 Jan. Feb.	3,418.7 3,440.5	2,786.6 2,805.4	2,093.4 2,106.0	1,928.5 1,935.1	41.9 42.1	123.0 128.8	693.2 699.4	485.6 494.3	207.6	484.9	147.2
Mar.	3,480.3	2,833.2	2,126.0	1,943.8	42.1	140.1	707.1	494.3	205.1 215.9	490.0 503.8	145.1 143.3
Apr. May	3,500.6 3,527.8	2,855.4 2,867.6	2,142.3 2,152.6	1,953.2 1,961.9	44.1 44.6	145.0 146.1	713.1 715.0	493.6 487.7	219.4 227.2	502.2 510.3	143.0 149.9
June July	3,542.0 3,544.1	2,875.0 2,878.7	2,154.0 2,156.8	1,968.8 1,974.3	43.4 42.0	141.9 140.5	721.0	487.7	233.3	514.4	152.7
Aug. Sep.	3,574.7 3,575.9	2,888.3 2,894.5	2,166.1 2,181.2	1,983.3 1,998.2	43.2 43.3	139.7	721.9	492.4 495.0	229.6 227.2	507.1 526.7	158.3 159.7
Oct.	3,602.0	2,919.8	2,191.8	2,006.7	43.3	139.7 140.4	713.3	492.6 496.0	220.7 232.0	517.8 516.3	163.6 166.0
Nov. Dec.	3,658.9 3,695.0	2,948.0 2,987.3	2,211.8 2,261.7	2,018.1 2,056.7	43.3 40.3	150.4 164.8	736.1 725.6	497.9 502.8	238.3 222.8	542.1 539.5	168.8 168.2
1999 Jan. Feb.	3,686.0 3,668.6	2,952.8 2,964.2	2,247.5 2,252.8	2,010.4 2,016.0	48.5	188.5	705.3	505.5	199.9	560.9	172.3
Mar.	3,736.3	2,995.3	2,282.1	2,025.0	46.5 49.0	190.3 208.2	711.4 713.2	510.2 508.4	201.3 204.8	531.0 565.4	173.4 175.5
Apr.	3,759.5	3,011.9	2,295.5	2,029.7	49.1	216.6	716.4	506.5	209.9	574.7	172.9
	German co	ontributior	n (DM billio	on) ²							
1998 Jan. Feb.	6,686.4 6,729.0	5,450.1 5,486.9	4,094.4 4,119.0	3,771.8 3,784.8	82.0	240.6	1,355.8	949.8	406.0	948.4	287.9
Mar.	6,806.9	5,541.2	4,158.2	3,801.7	82.4 82.3	251.8 274.1	1,367.8 1,383.0	966.8 960.7	401.1 422.4	958.4 985.4	283.8 280.3
Apr. May	6,846.5 6,899.8	5,584.7 5,608.5	4,190.0 4,210.2	3,820.2 3,837.2	86.2 87.1	283.6 285.8	1,394.6 1,398.4	965.5 953.9	429.2 444.5	982.3 998.1	279.6
June July	6,927.6 6,931.7	5,623.0 5,630.2	4,212.9	3,850.6	84.8	277.5	1,410.1	953.8	456.3	1,006.0	293.2 298.6
Aug. Sep.	6,991.5 6,993.9	5,630.2 5,649.1 5,661.2	4,218.3 4,236.5	3,861.3 3,878.9	82.2 84.4	274.7 273.1	1,412.0 1,412.6	963.0 968.1	449.0 444.5	991.8 1,030.1	309.7 312.3
Oct.	7,044.9	5,710.6	4,266.0 4,286.8	3,908.2 3,924.8	84.7 87.4	273.1 274.7	1,395.1 1,423.7	963.5 970.0	431.6 453.7	1,012.8	320.0
Nov. Dec.	7,156.2 7,226.7	5,765.7 5,842.6	4,325.9 4,423.5	3,947.1 4,022.5	84.6 78.7	294.2 322.3	1,423.7 1,439.8 1,419.1	970.0 973.7 983.4	466.0	1,009.7 1,060.3	324.6 330.1
1999 Jan. Feb.	7,209.2 7,175.1	5,775.2 5,797.6	4,395.7	3,932.1	94.9	368.7	1,379.5	988.6	435.7 390.9	1,055.1 1,097.0	329.0 337.0
Mar.	7,307.5	5,858.3	4,406.2 4,463.4	3,943.0 3,960.5	91.0 95.8	372.2 407.1	1,391.4 1,394.9	997.8 994.4	393.6 400.5	1,038.5 1,105.9	339.1 343.3
Apr.	7,353.0	5,890.8	4,489.5	3,969.8	96.1	423.6	1,401.2	990.7	410.6	1,124.1	338.2

* Monetary financial institutions (MFIs) comprise banks (including building and loan associations), money market funds, and the European Central Bank and central banks (the Eurosystem). — 1 Source: ECB. — 2 Owing to changes in the definitions of the items and differences in the range of reporting institutions, the figures are not comparable with those published for Germany up to the end of 1998. — 3 For the German contribution: up to

December 1998, including trust funds and bill-based lending instead of bill holdings. — 4 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, including loans on a trust basis and bill-based lending instead of bill holdings. — 5 Including money market paper of enterprises. — 6 Including Treasury bills and other money market paper of public authorities. — 7 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, including liabilities incurred in the

II. Overall monetary survey in the European monetary union

iabilities 7	Deposits of nor	-banks (non-MF	ls) in the euro a	rea 9		9848-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-	and a second state of the		20-000 (1-0-00) (20.000 - 0.0-0.000 (20.000 - 0.0-0.000 (20.000))	
			Enterprises and				analyses on the Statements and the statement of the state	n de la constante de la constan		
					With agreed maturities of			At agreed notice of 13		
Currency n	Total	of which: in euros 10	Total	Overnight	up to 1 year	over 1 year up to 2 years 11	over 2 years 9, 12, X	up to 3 months	over 3 months XX	Period
irculation ⁸	TULAI				h	Europea	in monetary	union (eur	o billion) 1	
311.4 311.7 311.8	4,588.3 4,612.8 4,596.7	4,295.8 4,304.4 4,311.0	4,305.0 4,312.1 4,325.7	1,138.0 1,137.1 1,172.4	762.3 766.3 745.1	113.0 105.9 102.8	954.4 962.2 963.6	1,124.3 1,126.3	216.3 215.5	1998 Jan Feb Ma
314.8 317.2 315.5	4,627.5 4,639.9 4,679.9	4,338.8 4,349.5 4,377.8	1	1	761.7 757.7 743.8 744.5	99.8 96.4 94.0 93.2	965.2 967.1 965.2 966.6	1,127.9 1,131.2 1,130.8 1,131.3	211.8 210.8	Api Ma Jun July
320.6 314.9 311.9 313.4	4,650.0 4,663.4 4,664.9 4,669.9	4,343.7 4,344.7 4,353.9 4,360.4	1	1,203.6 1,222.7 1,226.2	751.1 739.7 743.0	91.7 89.9 89.8	971.3 970.0 966.3	1,133.7 1,133.4 1,137.0	208.7 208.1 207.9	Au Sep Oct No
314.3 323.8 313.6	4,707.6 4,830.7 4,826.4	4,401.3 4,530.2 4,536.4	4,409.7 4,529.8 4,565.7	1,264.6 1,334.4 1,355.3	749.5 760.6 765.9	83.1 74.6		1,167.0 1,182.7	213.4 122.4 121.1	De 1999 Jar Fel
313.0 317.8 319.9	4,825.0	1	4,566.7	1,346.6	763.0	71.7 71.3	1,080.1 1,084.1	1,185.2 1,190.6	i 117.9	M Ap
						Ge	erman contr	ibution (eu		
123.6 124.3 123.8	1,860.2	1,775.8	1,718.9	312.6	191.0 187.7	11.2 11.5	505.8 507.2	482.8 482.2	215.5 2 214.7	1998 Jai Fe M
124.8 124.4 123.3	1,871.2 1,872.2	1,786.0 1,785.9	1,729.3 1,730.6	321.9 330.1	188.6 182.5	11.7 11.8	514.9 515.5	481.4 480.8	210.8 210.0 208.8	M Ju Ju
124.5 123.2 121.6 121.9	1,885.4 1,882.6	1,798.4 1,795.3	1,740.9 1,740.2	331.9 2 335.6 2 342.8	187.3 185.5 3 187.9	12.3 12.4 12.9	521. ² 519.2 517.6	2 480.2 5 482.0	2 207.3 2 207.1	AI Se O
123.0 123.7 120.4	1,916.4 1,969.5 1,932.9	1,830.1 1,880.9 1,855.6	1,772.4 1,820.2 5 1,820.5	2 376.3 5 371.7	3 203. ⁻ 7 210. ⁻	13.3 3 8.1	3 515.9 I 608.2	9 499.3 2 501.2 1 503.9	3 212.3 2 121.0 9 119.4	D 1999 Ja Fe
120.7 123.0 123.4	1,942.0) 1,862.2	2 1,831.2	370.2	2 209.	1 8.0 5 8.2) 623. 2 623.	B 503.	1 116.4	M Al
									M billion) ²	1998 Ja
241. 243. 242.	1 3,638.	2 3,473. 3 3,470.	2 3,361. 5 3,362.	8 611. 0 617.4	5 373. 4 367.	6 21.1 0 22.4	8 989. 4 992.	2 944. 1 943.	3 421.4 2 419.9	Fe M
244.) 243. 241.	4 3,659. 2 3,661.	7 3,493. 8 3,492.	2 3,382. 8 3,384.	1 629. 8 645.	5 368. 5 356.	9 22. 9 23. 5 23.	8 1,007. 0 1,008. 5 1,012.	0 941. 2 940. 7 939.	5 412.4 4 410.7 3 408.4	۷۷ ار ار
243. 241. 237. 238.	0 3,687. 8 3,682. 5 3,698.	5 3,517. 1 3,511. 5 3,528.	4 3,404. 4 3,403. 1 3,423.	9 649. 6 656. 1 670.	1 366. 5 362. 4 367.	3 24. 9 24. 4 25.	2 1,015. 3 1,012.	5 939. 3 942.	.2 405.4 .7 405.0	Se O N
240. 242. 235.	6 3,748. 0 3,851. 4 3,780.	9 3,678. 5 3,629.	8 3,560. 3 3,560.	.1 736. 7 727.	0 397. 0 411	3 25. 3 15. 0 15.	9 1,009 8 1,189 4 1,210	1 976. 6 980. 8 985.	.5 415.3 .2 236.7 .6 233.5	C 1999 J F
236. 240				.5 724.	.0 408	.9 15.	7 1,218	.7 982.		1

banks own name but on behalf of third parties and including endorsement liabilities on rediscounted bills. — 8 Excluding the cash in hand (in euros) of MFIs. — 9 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, including liabilities arising from loans on a trust basis. — 10 Excluding central governments deposits. — 11 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, with maturities of 1 year to less than 4 years. — 12 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, with maturities of 4 years and more. — 13 In Germany, only saving deposits. — 14 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*). — X For the German contribution: from 1999 including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see table IV.12). — XX For the German contribution: up to the end of 1998 including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see also footnote X).

II. Overall monetary survey in the European monetary union

New table ¹⁶

2. Consolidated balance sheet of monetary financial institutions (MFIs) * (cont'd)

	Liabilities (cor	nt'd)		2844							
	Deposits of no	on-banks (non-	MFIs) in the eu	uro area (cont'	d 3	NAMES AND AND ADDRESS OF THE ADDRESS			<u> </u>		<u> </u>
	Public author								Repo transac	tions	
		Other public a	authorities		AL CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR OF A C	2000 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1994 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 - 1995 -			with counter in the euro a	parties	
				With agreed maturities of			At agreed notice of 6			Ī	Money market
Period	Central governments	Total		up to	over 1 year up to	over	up to	over		of which: Enterprises and	fund certificates and money market paper
, enou	And the second sec	A DESCRIPTION OF THE OWNER OWNER	Overnight union (eu	1 year	2 years 4	2 years 3 ,5 ,X	3 months	3 months XX	Total	individuals	(net) 8
1998 Jan.	146.6	136.7	44.0	31.6	0.9	55 61					
Feb. Mar.	160.0 139.6	140.8 131.5	48.6 41.2	31.3 29.5	0.9 0.9 0.8	55.6 55.5 55.4	3.4 3.3 3.4	1.2 1.2 1.2	217.1 216.3 212.3	213.3	308.0 309.8
Apr. May	141.6 135.1	133.6 137.4	43.3 43.1	29.6 33.4	0.8 0.8	55.3	3.4	1.2	206.6	209.8 203.8	311.2 320.9
June July	148.2 156.4	135.9	43.2	32.1	0.7	55.2 54.9	3.7 3.7	1.2 1.2	208.2 203.4	205.4 200.7	319.4 315.1
Aug. Sep.	165.2 163.3	137.1 138.1 137.8	42.4 41.7 42.8	33.6 35.1	0.8 0.9	55.2 55.3	3.8 3.9 3.9	1.2 1.2	215.5 208.2	212.4 204.9	322.3 326.2
Oct. Nov.	161.7	137.9	44.3	33.7 32.7	0.9 1.0	55.4 55.0	3.9 3.7	1.2 1.2	207.7 218.3	204.4 213.3	322.5 328.5
Dec.	155.0 156.3	142.8 144.6	47.9 47.6	33.9 39.6	1.0 0.9	55.2 51.5	3.7 3.7	1.2 1.2	198.4 178.0	195.5 175.8	331.8 312.0
1999 Jan. Feb.	137.9 146.2	122.8 122.3	50.6 50.7	39.1 38.8	0.8 0.9	27.6 27.4	4.0 3.8	0.7 0.7	172.5 184.7	169.9	348.5
Mar. Apr.	140.8 123.5	117.5 121.1	45.2 50.1	40.0 38.9	0.8 1.0	27.2	3.6	0.7	179.6	181.2 176.7	363.8 367.6
	1	1	ן (euro bill	4	1.0	26.6	3.7	0.7	173.0	169.8	388.5
1998 Jan.	55.01	84.4	8.7	19.0	0.21	60 a i					
Feb. Mar.	55.2 55.0	86.2 84.7	10.2 10.0	19.0 19.3 18.2	0.3 0.3 0.3	52.7 52.7	2.4 2.4	1.2 1.2	- - -	-	28.3 30.6
Apr. May	54.2 54.5	83.7 87.4	10.0	17.2	0.3	52.6 52.5	2.5 2.4	1.2 1.2 1.2	-	-	31.3 32.0
June	55.3	86.3	10.0 10.1	20.6 19.8	0.3 0.3	52.4 52.2	2.7 2.7	1.2 1.2	-	-	32.7 33.3
July Aug. Sep.	55.1 55.4	85.6 89.1	8.9 10.3	19.8 21.6	0.4 0.4	52.5 52.7	2.8 2.8	1.2 1.2	-	-	33.8 35.3
Oct.	55.5 55.1	86.9 85.7	9.7 10.3	20.2 19.0	0.4	52.6 52.2	2.8 2.6	1.2	-	-	35.2
Nov. Dec.	55.3 56.9	88.7 92.3	11.6 13.4	20.5 26.2	0.4 0.4	52.5 48.6	2.5	1.2 1.2 1.2	-	-	35.9 38.2
1999 Jan. Feb.	45.8 46.7	66.6 67.5	11.5 13.7	26.5 25.5	0.3 0.3	24.8 24.5	2.7	0.7	1.5	- 1.5	35.5 34.5
Mar. Apr.	45.5 45.6	65.3 64.0	11.3	26.3	0.3	24.1	2.8 2.6	0.7 0.7	2.0 1.9	2.0 1.9	37.0 39.2
	German co	I		25.3	0.3	23.6	2.7	0.7	1.3	1.3	42.7
1998 Jan.	107.5	165.0			0.01						
Feb. Mar.	107.9 107.6	168.5 165.8	17.0 20.0 19.6	37.1 37.8 35.5	0.6 0.6 0.7	103.1 103.0	4.7	2.4 2.3	-	-	55.4 59.8
Apr. May	106.1 106.6	163.6 170.9	19.7	33.7	0.7	102.8 102.6	4.8 4.7	2.4 2.4	-	- -	61.3 62.6
June	108.2	168.8	19.6 19.7	40.4 38.7	0.7 0.7	102.5 102.2	5.3 5.2	2.4 2.4	-	_	63.9 65.2
July Aug. Sep.	107.8 108.4 108.5	167.5 174.2	17.5 20.2	38.7 42.3	0.7 0.7	102.7 103.1	5.4 5.5	2.4 2.4	-	_	66.1 69.1
Oct.	107.8	169.9 167.6	18.9 20.1	39.5 37.2	0.7 0.7	102.9 102.2	5.4 5.1	2.4 2.4	-	- [68.9
Nov. Dec.	108.2 111.3	173.5 180.6	22.8 26.1	37.2 40.2 51.2	0.7 0.8	102.6	4.9 5.0	2.4 2.4 2.4		_	70.3 74.7
1999 Jan. Feb.	89.6 91.3	130.2 132.0	22.5 26.8	51.8 49.9	0.5 0.5	48.6 48.0	5.4 5.4	1.4	2.9	2.9	69.5 67.4
Mar. Apr.	89.0 89.1	127.7 125.1	22.1 22.3	49.9 51.5 49.4	0.6	47.1	5.0	1.4 1.4	4.0 3.6	4.0 3.6	72.4 76.7
1 8	05.11	(£J.1 §	22.31	47.4	0.6	46.2	5.2	1.4	2.6	2.6	83.5

* Monetary financial institutions (MFIs) comprise banks (including building and loan associations), money market funds, and the European Central Bank and central banks (the Eurosystem). — 1 Source: ECB. — 2 Owing to changes in the definitions of the items and differences in the range of reporting institutions, the figures are not comparable with those published for Germany up to the end of 1998. — 3 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, including liabilities arising from loans on a trust basis. — 4 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, with maturities of 1

year to less than 4 years. — 5 For the German contribution: up to December 1998, with maturities of 4 years and more. — 6 In Germany: only savings deposits. — 7 For the German contribution: data collected separately from 1999 only; up to December 1998, included in the deposits with agreed maturities of up to 1 year. — 8 Excluding holdings of MFIs. — 9 In Germany, bank debt securities with maturities of up to one year count as money market paper. — 10 Wxcluding liabilities arising from securities issued. —

II. Overall monetary survey in the European monetary union

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Name (1977) - Alexandra (1984)		antige provinsion of the latent of the second second				nennen ander en een gegeen maar date welder 20			Monetary a	aggregates	NATION OF STREET, Stre		1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 100	
ebt secu	rities issued	resonation a france in from all to the second strength	17 Sala - ala (SEE) - Million	en de la ferren de la ferre de la ferre de la de la dest			durant strange						A DESCRIPTION OF A DESC	
	of which: denom-	With matu	rities of over 1 year	an haaf - skoon gop in ne meesta - ui 24 5004 - mot	Liabilities to non- euro-area	Capital	Excess					Monetary capital formation	(Post	
otal	inated in euros	up to 1 year	up to 2 years	over 2 years	residents 10	and reserves	inter-MFI liabilities	Other liabilities	M1 11	M2 12	M3 13	14	Treasury)15	Period
	<u>.</u>	Å	8	and an and the second second second	da ao	B-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00		Е	uropean	moneta	ry unior	n (euro b	illion) ¹	
1,313.8 1,333.7 1,348.3	1,146.6	19.6 21.3 23.2	55.2 58.4 62.6	1,239.0 1,254.0 1,262.5	1,452.0 1,484.9 1,536.6	697.5 696.5 705.7	- 62.9	1,327.6	1,565.0 1,565.8 1,595.5	3,650.9 3,652.5 3,657.7	4,250.9 4,258.3 4,267.0	3,164.2 3,185.7 3,203.9	123.1 124.6	1998 Ja Fe M
1,352.7 1,356.3 1,370.3	1,159.5 1,166.9	22.0 22.8 17.9	64.5 65.9 70.0		1,508.8 1,501.2 1,516.9	693.8 700.8 713.4	- 28.2 - 50.1	1,325.2	1,610.7 1,630.2 1,677.2	3,688.4 3,708.3 3,737.4	4,302.4 4,324.6 4,343.8	3,195.2 3,203.6 3,228.0	121.6 122.5	A M Ju
1,378.7 1,383.4 1,377.0	1,192.8) 1,194.0	1	59.6	1,294.6 1,295.8	1,497.4 1,508.1	713.1 712.0 715.0	- 17.6	1,349.9 1,338.4 1,358.1	1,642.3 1,627.5 1,643.2 1,648.6	3,704.6 3,699.7 3,700.7 3,712.0	4,335.9 4,323.0 4,312.1 4,343.4	3,230.9 3,243.0 3,245.5 3,237.8	123.0 122.0	Ju Ai Se O
1,378.6 1,384.8 1,365.5	3 1,198.9 5 1,196.4	18.9	61.0 58.4 49.6	1,302.9 1,297.0	1,534.7	713.3 710.7 701.0 757.9	8.0 37.2	1,312.3	1,648.6 1,691.3 1,773.2 1,787.3	3,761.1 3,889.1	4,373.1 4,447.6 4,492.1	3,240.3 3,235.4 3,308.6	120.9 128.3 129.0	N D 1999 Ja
1,390.8 1,408.0 1,417.2) 1,242.4 2 1,248.6		1	1,368.3	1,650.7 1,716.5	753.9 768.8	12.2 35.7	1,413.0 1,381.9	1,756.8 1,771.8	3,875.7 3,897.2	4,481.4 4,493.3 4,531.5	3,329.7 3,365.2	125.7 123.4	F N
1,434.5	5 1,260.6	14.0	50.7	1,501.0	1,1,2010	1		-	*	any con	tributior	n (euro l	billion) ²	
618.			17.3						443.2	1,148.9	1,194.5	1,576.3 1,596.0		1998 J F
630.8 637.0	0 558.2		18.3	618.7	333.2	209.9	- 1.2	287.7	449.5	1	1,201.4 1,207.6	1		۸ م
643.0 645.3 647.3	3 560.8	-	17.3 17.6 17.9	627.6	348.8 351.3	212.7 214.7	- 5.5 - 16.4	298.3 315.9	456.4 463.5	1,161.7 1,161.4	1,212.6	1,623.4	1	I I V
659.8 658.6 665.	6 573.2	- 1	19.5 19.1 18.8	639.5	350.6 342.6	215.1 214.9	– 17.1 – 13.6	323.7 327.5	465.4 466.9	1,170.3 1,168.4	1,222.4	1,637.5 1,641.6	5 – 5 –	4 9 (
659.0 663.1 660.1	8 579.1		· 19.0 · 19.2	644.8 641.3	382.9 386.4	217.2 217.7	2 – 3.4 7 – 6.7	320.8 308.1	501.4 513.4	1,207.7 1,258.2	1,264.9 1,313.0) 1,638.4) 1,637.	4 – 1 –	1 1999
674.1 687.1 694.	0 634.5	5) -	- 11.6 - 13.5	675.4 680.6	410.5 418.3	246.9 252.2	9 – 56.6 2 – 30.7	275.6 296.3	505.8 504.4	1,255.8 1,252.8	1,306.5 1,307.4	5 1,686.0 1 1,699.4	0 – 4 –	F
707.	7 652.9	-	- 18.5	689.1	429.2	256.8	8 – 25.4	1 281.0	ł	1		8	billion) ²	
4 3 6 5	1 000	N	:) 1,175. ⁻	1 622.4	403.0	0 – 15.9	553.2		2,247.0	2,336.3	3 3,082.	9 -	1998 J
1,208. 1,233. 1,245.	7 1,082.1	1 -	- 35.7	1,197.0 7 1,210.	6 625.8 1 651.0	3 407.9 5 410.9	9 – 23.0 5 – 2.4	5 544. 1 562.	1 874.5 7 879.2	5 2,257.5 2 2,252.8	5 2,353.4 8 2,349.8	4 3,121. 3 3,137.	7 -	. F
1,257. 1,262. 1,266.	1 1,096.8	3 i -		5 1,227.0 1 1,231.	6 682.3 7 687.0	2 416. 0 420.0	1 – 10. 0 – 32.	3 583.4 1 617.8	4 892.6 3 906.5	5 2,272.2 5 2,271.4	2 2,370.5 1 2,371.6	5 3,167. 5 3,175.	9 – 1 –	
1,290. 1,288. 1,300.	.0 1,121.	1 -	- 37. - 36.	3 1,250. 7 1,264.	8 685. 1 670.	5 420. 0 420.	7 – 33. 4 – 26.	5 633.0 5 640.) 910. 5 913.	3 2,289.0 2 2,285.1	2,395.3 2,390.7	3 3,202. 7 3,210.	6 – 7 –	
1,288. 1,298. 1,291.	.3 1,132. .9 1,129.	6 - 6 -	- 37.0	3 1,261. 6 1,254.	0 748. 3 755.	8 424. 8 425.	9 – 6. 9 – 13.	6 627. 0 602.	4 980.0 7 1,004.0	6 2,362.0 0 2,460.8	2,473.9 3 2,568.	9 3,204. 1 3,202.	5 – 0 –	-
1,319. 1,343. 1,357.	.7 1,240.	9 -		7 1,321.	0 803. 0 818.	0 483. 2 493.	0 – 110. 4 – 60.	7 538. 0 579.	9 989. 5 986.	3 2,456. 6 2,450.	1 2,555. 3 2,557.	2 3,297. 1 3,323.	5 - 7 -	

market paper. — 11 Currency in circulation, overnight deposits (excluding central governments' deposits), and (for EMU) central governments' monetary liabilities, which are not included in the consolidated balance sheet. — 12 M1 plus deposits with agreed maturities of up to 2 years and at agreed notice of up to 3 months (excluding central governments' deposits). — 13 M2 plus repo transactions, money market fund certificates, money market paper and debt securities up to 2 years. — 14 Deposits with agreed

maturities of over 2 years and at agreed notice of over 3 months, debt securities with maturities of over 2 years, capital and reserves. — **15** Non-existent in Germany. — **16** See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*). — X For the German contribution: from 1999 including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see table IV.12). — XX For the German contribution: up to the end of 1998 including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see

II. Overall monetary survey in the European monetary union

New Table

3. Banking system's liquidity position *)

Stocks

Euro billions; period averages of daily positions

	Liquidity-provi	ding factors				Liquidity-ab	sorbing factor	-S	**************************************		
	**************************************	Monetary po	licy operation	s of the Eurosys	tem]				
Maintenance period ending in 1)	Net assets in gold and foreign currency Eurosyste	Main refinancing operations M ²⁾	Longer-term refinancing operations	Other operations 3)	Marginal lending facility	Deposit facility	Banknotes in circulation	Central government deposits	Other factors (net) 4)	Credit institutions' current accounts (including minimum reserves) 5)	Base money 6)
1999 Feb. Mar.	328.2 323.6		34.2 45.0	30.6 	3.8 0.4	1.3 1.4	329.3 326.9	41.1 49.9	29.5 25.0	100.2 102.2	430.8 430.5
Apr. May June	338.4 342.5	130.1 121.6	45.0 45.0	- -	0.7 0.8	0.3 0.4	331.0 333.8	42.9 36.3	38.9 38.1	101.1 101.3	432.4 435.5
July Aug. Sep.					•	•				•	•
Oct. Nov. Dec.							-		•		
	Deutsche	Bundesba	nk		• •	• !		. 1	.1	- 1	-
1999 Feb. Mar.	80.5 79.1	55.0 64.2	18.2 26.1	19.4 -	2.0 0.3	0.9 0.6	127.2 126.7	0.2 0.1	16.4 11.4	30.5 30.9	158.5 158.2
Apr. May June	83.0 84.6	67.7 60.0	27.7 25.5	- -	0.5 0.6	0.2 0.2	128.1 128.9	0.1 0.1	19.9 10.9	30.6 30.5	158.9 159.7
July Aug. Sep.			- 1000 0000			•			-	· ·	- 1994 - 1994 - 1994 - 1994
Oct. Nov. Dec.					• 1990		- 1000000000000000000000000000000000000		-		· -

Discrepancies may arise from rounding. — * The banking system's liquidity position is defined as the current account holdings in euro of credit institutions in the euro area with the Eurosystem. Amounts are derived from the consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem and the statement of the Bundesbank. — 1 The reserve maintenance period of the ESCB

minimum reserve system starts on the 24th of each month and ends on the 23rd of the following month (the first reserve maintenance period lasted from January 1, 1999 to February 23, 1999). — 2 Source: ECB. — 3 Includes monetary policy operations initiated by national central banks in Stage Two and outstanding at the start of Stage Three (excluding outright operations

II. Overall monetary survey in the European monetary union

Flows

48 MM 00 M00 M00 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M0 M	MBM DAGONODAL									ng factors	bso	Liquidity-			-fthe Europust			- PER Dana and Colored Astronomic Science	genomentosiste	Liquidity-provi
Maintenance period ending in 1)	er er som attender blev	NORTH PROPERTY	Base money 6) osystem	UNITED STATES	Credit institutions current accounts (including minimum reserves) 5)		Other factors (net) 4)		Central government deposits	knotes Jation	li	Deposit facility		Marginal lending facility	Other	erm ng	Longer-te refinancir operatior	allen an talling and tall and an and	Ma	Net assets in gold and foreign currency
1999 Feb. Mar.	-			.	ł	4.5	_		+ 8	- 2.4		+	3.4			····	*********			
	1.9 3.1		+ +	1.1	- 1 + (13.9 0.8	+ 1	.0	- 7	+ 4.1 + 2.8	.1	+ + +	3.4 0.3 0.1	+	– 30.6 –	10.8 0.0 0.0	-	+ 31.8 - 6.3 - 8.5	3	- 4.6 + 14.8 + 4.1
July Aug. Sep.				•				10000000000000000000000000000000000000			•						and we also have the second	•		•
Oct Nov. Dec.				•	94 der fein auf der anflichen Bill Bertritten		Non-sector of the sector of th	and the second se		· ·			•		• •				•	•
	nk	an	indesba	Bu	eutsche	D	×	• 1		•	• •		. :	<u>.</u>	•		lare an			
1999 Feb. Mar.	0.4	_	-	0.4	+ 1	5.0	-	o.o	- 0	- 0.5).3	-	1.7	_	- 19.4	7.9		+ 9.2		
	0.7 0.8			0.3 0.0		8.5 9.0		1.0 1.0		+ 1.4 + 0.8).4).0	-	0.2 0.1	+	-	1.6 2.2	+	+ 9.2 + 3.4 - 7.7	9	- 1.4 + 3.9 + 1.5
July Aug. Sep.			400000000	•	anad Curdo 10 million						•		•	angoni awalaya K. Li Ja Boooloo	•				and the other space of any on Line Line	
. Oct. , Nov. Dec.	•						All for the second se	• • • • • •		•	• • •		•			•			•	

and the issuance of debt certificates); for the Bundesbank: including banks' recourse to rediscount quotas. — 4 Remaining items in the consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem and the statement of the Bundesbank. — 5 Equal to the difference between the sum of liquidity-providing factors and the sum of liquidity-absorbing factors. — 6 Calculated

as the sum of the "deposit facility", "banknotes in circulation" and "credit institutions' current account holdings" or, alternatively, as the difference between the sum of liquidity-providing factors and the sum of government deposits and other factors (net).

III. Consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem

1. Assets *

New Table⁴

		Euro billion								
				Claims on non-eu in foreign curren	uro area residents cy			Claims on non-e residents in euro		
On reporting date	9	Total assets	Gold and gold- receivables	Total	Receivables from the IMF	Balances with banks, security investments, external loans and other external assets	Claims on euro area residents in foreign currency	Total	Balances with banks, security investments and loans 2	Claims arising from the credit facility under the ERM II
		Eurosyster	n ¹		A-10-1-1-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10					
1999 Jan. Feb Mar	r.	694 692 699	6 99.6	228.8	29.1 26.0 26.6	203.9 202.8 202.0	7.4 9.3 8.9	9.1 4.4 3.8	9.1 4.4 3.8	1 -
Apr May 1999 Jan.	/	698 705 697 685 687 667 694	1 105.3 2 99.6 1 99.6 0 99.6 6 99.6	237.6 230.3 234.1 235.4 235.4 235.4	30.0 29.6 29.5 29.4 29.2 29.1 29.1 29.1	210.8 208.1 200.8 204.8 206.2 206.3 203.9	11.7 12.4 6.7 5.3 6.5 7.3 7.3 7.4	4.0 4.4 8.9 8.8 8.1 7.2 9.1	4.0 4.4 8.9 8.8 8.1 7.2 9.1	
Feb.	. 5 12 19 26	687. 680. 681. 692.	2 99.6 9 99.6	231.7 231.4 232.2	27.0 27.0 27.0 27.0 26.0	204.7 204.4 205.2 202.8	7.5 8.1 8.4 9.3	6.7 6.2 5.3 4.4	9.1 6.7 6.2 5.3 4.4	-
Mar	5 12 19 26	698. 693. 668. 699.	1 99.6 3 99.6	227.4 228.2	26.7 26.6 26.5 26.5	201.9 200.9 201.6 202.0	8.6 9.8 9.0 8.9	4.9 4.0 4.4 3.8	4.9 4.0 4.4 3.8	
Apr.	2 9 16 23 30	3 717. 679. 705. 691. 698.	5 105.3 5 105.3 7 105.3	3 242.8 243.2 241.3 240.7 240.7	3 28.0 30.4 30.3 30.0 30.0 30.0	3 214.8 212.8 211.0 210.7 210.8	3 10.6 10.3 11.5 12.0 11.7	3.5 3.8 4.1 4.0 4.0	3.5 3.8 4.1 4.0 4.0	
May	7 14 21 28	692. 687. 691. 705.	5 105.3 1 105.3	239.4 238.5 240.9 237.6	29.6 29.7 29.7 29.6	209.8 208.8 211.2 208.1	12.4 12.1 11.9 12.4	4.0 4.1 4.3 4.4	4.0 4.1 4.3 4.4	- - - -
1000 1	ł	Deutsche B								,
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	1	221,i 214,i 215,i	3 27.5	54.0 53.0 53.0	8.5 7.1 7.1	45.6 45.9 45.9		4.5 3.7 13.7	4.5 3.7 13.7	
Apr. May 1999 Jan.	1 8 15 22 29	214.9 218.9 214.7 230.6 238.9 219.0 221.8	29.0 29.3 27.5 27.5 27.5 27.5	57.1 57.2 64.6 54.2 54.3 54.2 54.0	9.1 8.8 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5	48.0 48.4 56.2 45.8 45.8 45.7 45.6		18.7 12.8 0.1 1.7 2.2 3.9 4.5	18.7 12.8 0.1 1.7 2.2 3.9 4.5	
Feb.	5 12 19 26	218.2 217.2 210.6 214.8	27.5 27.5	52.9 52.9 53.0 53.0	7.1 7.2 7.2 7.1	45.8 45.8 45.9 45.9		10.1 15.4 19.8 3.7	10.1 15.4 19.8 3.7	
Mar.	12 19 26	220.4 210.8 207.4 215.2	27.5 27.5	53.2 53.1 53.1 53.0	7.1 7.1 7.1 7.1	46.0 45.9 45.9 45.9		2.1 9.1 14.2 13.7	2.1 9.1 14.2 13.7	
Apr.	9 16 23 30	3 220.2 226.0 226.8 207.5 214.9	29.0 29.0 29.0 29.0 29.0	3 56.9 56.9 56.9 56.9 56.9 57.1	7.5 9.2 9.1 9.1 9.1	3 49.4 47.7 47.8 47.8 47.8 48.0		16.4 23.5 18.8 15.6 18.7	16.4 23.5 18.8 15.6 18.7	
Мау	7 14 21 28	210.5 216.3 211.6 218.9	29.0 29.0 29.0 29.0 29.0	57.1 57.0 57.2 57.2	8.8 8.8 8.8 8.8	48.3 48.3 48.4 48.4		17.5 21.4 11.9 12.8	17.5 21.4 11.9 12.8	

* The consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem comprises the statement of the European Central Bank (ECB) and the statements of the national central banks of the EU member countries (NCBs) of the euro

area.— The balance sheet items for foreign currency, securities, gold and financial instruments are valued at market rates at the end of the quarter.— 1 Source: ECB. —

III. Consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem

ding to fin	nancial sector c	ounterparties	of euro area in	euro	99 (***********************************		812 2000 - 000 2000		add and it is the view of work			
al	Main refinancing operations	Longer-term refinancing operations	Fine-tuning reverse operations	Structural reverse operations	Marginal lending facility	Credits related to margin calls	Other lending	Securities of euro area residents in euro	General government debt in euro Fur	Other assets osystem 1	On reportine date	ıg
										•	1999 Jan.	
182.9 186.4 192.2	139.9	45.0 45.0 45.0	-	-	8.7 0.4 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1	1.1 1.0 0.9	22.1 24.3 26.1	60.2 60.2 60.2	79.6 80.0	Feb. Mar.	
174.3 184.9 185.1 174.8 173.1 155.3	139.0 144.9 145.1 122.9 106.9	45.0	- 6.7 0.0 -		0.5 0.4 6.4 5.4 2.7 2.1 8.7	0.0 0.1 0.0 0.0 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.8 0.5 2.4 2.0 2.5 1.2 1.1	26.1 25.8 21.7 20.9 21.3 21.8 22.1	60.1 60.1 60.1	74.4 84.7 81.6 82.7 80.9	Apr. May 1999 Jan.	
182.9 177.7 173.2 173.5 186.4	131.0 126.9 126.8	45.0 45.0 45.0			0.6 0.2 0.6 0.4	0.1 0.1 0.1	1.0 1.1 1.0 1.0	22.5 23.3 23.9	60.2 60.2	78.3 78.8	Feb.	
190.9 188.0 165.3 192.2	144.8 141.8 119.0	45.0 45.0 45.0	-		0.1 0.2 0.2 0.2	0.1	0.9 0.9 1.0 0.9	25.4 25.0	60.2 60.2	78.6 76.6	Mar.	•
187.7 152.2 180.5 168.5	141.0 105.6 133.6 117.0	45.0 45.0 45.0 45.0			0.7 0.7 1.0 5.6 0.5	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.8 0.8 0.8	26.5 25.9 26.2	60.2 60.2 60.2	2 77.9 2 76.8 2 74.8	Apr.	
174.3 166.2 166.1 167.7 184.9	119.9 119.9 121.0	45.0 45.0 45.0	-		0.5	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.7 0.7 0.8	26.0 26.0 25.9	60.2 60.2 60.2	2 78.7 2 75.3 2 74.8	May	'
101.5		,	•					D	eutsche Bu	Indesbank		
95.4 92.4	65.9	26.2			. 0.3		0.0 0.0 0.0	-	. 4.4	4 33.8		
99.5 88.5 98.3 110.4 111.6 96.9 86.5 95.4	6 63.0 72.9 8 72.9 83.1 5 86.1 6 69.4 5 60.9	25.0 25.0 24.7 22.2 23.9 23.9) – - - - - - -		- 0.4 - 0.3 - 2.6 - 3.1 - 2.5 - 1.7		0.0 0.0 0.1 1.4 0.0		- 4.4 - 4.4 - 4.4 - 4.4 - 4.4	4 17.2 4 5.8 4 31.2 4 53.2 4 42.6	May 1999 Jan.	y
90.6 84.4 82.5 92.4	5 66.1 4 60.3 5 58.0	23.9 23.9 23.9 23.9			- 0.6	5 -	- 0.0 - 0.0 - 0.0			4 32.6 4 23.3		•
92.0 91.2 86.8 99.5	0 65.8 2 64.9 3 60.4	26.2 26.2 1 26.2	2 -		- 0.1	2 -	- 0.0 - 0.0))))))))))))))))))))))))))))))	- 4. - 4. - 4. - 4.	4 25.5 4 21.4 4 17.1	40-11110-1111-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-	
95.3 95.0 100.4 84.4 88.9	3 67.2 5 67.0 4 71.7 4 52.1	2 27.1 27.1 7 27.1 1 27.1	8 - 8 - 8 -		- 0 - 0 - 1 - 4.! - 0.	3 - 2 - 5 -	- 0.1) -) -	- 4. - 4. - 4. - 4. - 4.	4 17.1 4 17.2 4 17.1		•
83.3 87.0 88.9 98.3	3 57.8 0 61.6 5 62.8	8 25. 6 25. 8 25.	0 - 0 -		- 0. - 0. - 0, - 0,	4 - 4 - 5 -	- 0. - 0. - 0.) 1	- 4. - 4. - 4. - 4.	4 17.3 4 20.5	5	У

2 Whereas the consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem shows the bilateral TARGET balances of the individual non–Eurosystem NCBs as an aggregated (net) figure, the Bundesbank statement reports gross figures for the claims on and liabilities to the individual non-Eurosystem NCBs. — 3 Increases are due mainly to revaluations at the end of the quarter. — 4 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*).

III. Consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem

2. Liabilities *

		Euro billion	P										
				Liabilities to in the euro a	financial sect area in euro	or counterpa	rties	**************************************	F		Liabilities to other euro a residents in	rea	
On reporting date		Total liabilities	Banknotes in cir- culation	Total	Current accounts (covering the minimum reserve system)	Deposit facility	Fixed-term deposits	Fine- tuning reverse operations	Deposits related to margin calls	Debt certifi- cates issued	Total	General government	Other liabilities
		Eurosyst	em 1										
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.		694.6 692.6 699.4	326.5 325.2 327.1	85.4 100.0 100.4	84.6 99.3 100.3	0.7 0.7 0.1	- - -	- - -	0.0 0.0 0.0	11.7 11.7 11.7	56.7 62.1 64.3	52.4 57.4 60.7	4.3 4.7 3.6
Apr. May 1999 Jan.	1 8 15 22 29	698.3 705.1 697.2 685.1 687.0 667.6 694.6	332.3 335.1 341.7 336.6 330.8 326.6 326.5	104.4 109.5 87.3 106.0 109.9 88.0 85.4	104.2 109.3 84.4 102.5 107.8 87.7 84.6	0.1 0.1 1.0 3.5 2.1 0.2 0.7	- - 1.9 - - -		0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	10.2 10.2 13.8 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7	45.0 43.9 61.5 32.2 33.0 43.4 56.7	41.6 40.4 58.6 28.0 29.1 39.4 52.4	3.4 3.5 2.9 4.2 3.9 4.0 4.3
Feb.	5 12 19 26	687.3 680.2 681.9 692.6	328.3 327.3 324.5 325.2	109.1 106.0 97.3 100.0	108.1 105.8 95.4 99.3	1.0 0.2 1.9 0.7		- - -	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7	44.0 43.6 54.9 62.1	40.1 39.4 50.7 57.4	4.0 4.2 4.2 4.7
Mar.	5 12 19 26	698.1 693.1 668.3 699.4	328.8 328.6 327.3 327.1	115.2 108.1 87.9 100.4	114.9 107.6 84.4 100.3	0.2 0.4 3.4 0.1			0.1 0.0 0.0 0.0	11.7 11.7 11.7 11.7	49.7 53.5 49.5 64.3	45.3 49.6 46.0 60.7	4.4 3.9 3.5 3.6
Apr.	2 9 16 23 30	3 717.7 679.5 705.6 691.7 698.3	335.3 333.4 330.8 329.0 332.3	104.9 79.3 120.8 90.2 104.4	104.3 79.1 120.5 89.6 104.2	0.5 0.2 0.3 0.6 0.1	- - - -		0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2	48.2 39.6 38.0 57.3 45.0	41.2 36.2 34.7 53.8 41.6	7.0 3.5 3.4 3.4 3.4
May	7 14 21 28	692.1 687.5 691.1 705.1	335.7 337.4 335.2 335.1	101.7 99.4 102.4 109.5	101.5 99.2 99.8 109.3	0.2 0.1 2.6 0.1	 		0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	10.2 10.2 10.2 10.2	36.8 35.7 35.0 43.9	33.5 32.2 31.7 40.4	3.3 3.5 3.3 3.5
			Bundesb										
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.		221.8 214.8 215.2	126.0 125.9 126.7	31.1 28.2 28.6	30.4 27.6 28.5	0.7 0.5 0.1	-		- - -	-	0.8 0.5 0.4	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.7 0.4 0.3
Apr. May 1999 Jan.	1 8 15 22 29	214.9 218.9 214.7 230.6 238.5 219.0 221.8	128.3 128.8 130.6 129.2 127.7 126.5 126.0	33.4 27.7 29.3 24.0 34.1 23.5 31.1	33.3 27.6 29.3 22.2 32.2 23.3 30.4	0.1 0.1 1.8 1.9 0.2 0.7	- - - - - -	- - - - -	- - - - - -	- - - - -	0.5 0.5 0.9 0.5 0.5 0.4 0.8	0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	0.4 0.4 0.7 0.3 0.4 0.4 0.7
Feb.	5 12 19 26	218.2 217.2 210.6 214.8	127.1 126.9 126.0 125.9	36.0 36.0 30.9 28.2	35.0 35.9 29.2 27.6	1.0 0.1 1.7 0.5	-		- - -		0.5 0.6 0.4 0.5	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.3 0.4 0.3 0.4
Mar.	5 12 19 26	220.4 210.8 207.4 215.2	127.4 127.3 127.0 126.7	36.4 29.3 26.4 28.6	36.3 29.2 25.8 28.5	0.1 0.1 0.6 0.1	-				0.5 0.5 0.4 0.4	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.4 0.3 0.3 0.3
Apr.	2 9 16 23 30	220.2 226.0 226.8 207.5 214.9	129.5 128.9 128.2 127.6 128.3	31.7 26.6 32.8 24.6 33.4	31.2 26.4 32.6 24.5 33.3	0.5 0.2 0.3 0.1 0.1		-	- - - -	- - - -	0.8 0.4 0.5 0.4 0.5	0.1 0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.5 0.6 0.3 0.3 0.3 0.3
	7 14 21 28	210.5 216.3 211.6 218.9	129.5 130.1 129.6 128.8	29.7 32.2 30.2 27.7	29.5 32.1 29.1 27.6	0.2 0.1 1.1 0.1			 		0.4 0.6 0.4 0.5	0.1 0.2 0.1 0.1	0.3 0.4 0.3 0.4

* The consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem comprises the statement of the European Central Bank (ECB) and the statements of the national central banks of the EU member countries (NCBs) of the euro

area.— The balance sheet items for foreign currency, securities, gold and financial instruments are valued at market rates at the end of the quarter.— 1 Source: ECB. —

III. Consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem

	9/11/10/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/00/	Liabilities to non- residents in foreign currency	euro area						
Liabilities to non-euro area residents in euro 2	Liabilities to euro area residents in foreign currency	Total	Deposits, balances and other liabilities	Liabilities arising from the credit facility under the ERM II	Counterpart of special drawing rights allocated by the IMF	Other liabilities	Revaluation accounts F	Capital and reserves urosystem ¹	On reporting date
								-	1999 Jan.
14.0 7.7	0.8	6.4	6.	4 –	5.8 5.8 5.8	62.	1 59.7	51.3	Feb. Mar.
7.7 7.2 7.8 10.0 11.5 10.9 9.1	0.9 0.6 1.1 1.5 1.3	8.8 3.3 3.9 4.1 4.3	7. 8. 3. 3. 4. 4.	9 - 8 - 3 - 9 - 1 - 3 -	6.0 6.0 5.8 5.8 5.8 5.8 5.8	51. 49. 60. 64. 68. 66.	2 78.5 5 78.5 7 59.9 0 59.7 4 59.7 5 59.7	54.6 54.8 52.6 52.8 51.2 51.3	Apr. May 1999 Jan. 1 8 15 22 29
14.0 8.2 7.8 8.1 7.7	0.8 0.7 0.7	5.8 6.4 7.2	5. 6. 7.	8 - 4 - 2 -	- 5.8 - 5.8 - 5.8	62 60 60	.7 59.7 .0 59.7 .9 59.7	51.3 51.3 51.3	Feb. 5 12 19 26
7.1 7.8 8.1 7.7	0.8 0.8 0.9	6.9 6.9 6.7	6. 6. 6.	9 - 7 -	- 5.8 - 5.8 - 5.8	58 59 62	.9 59.7 .6 59.7 .9 59.7	7 51.3 7 51.3 7 51.3	12 19 26
8.5 7.9 7.8 7.6	0.9 0.9 0.9	7.7 7.4 1 7.6	7 1 7 5 7	7	- 6.0) 61) 51) 49	.7 78. .0 78. .7 78.	5 54.1 5 54.1 5 54.6	
7.2 7.0 7.6 8.1 7.6	0 1.0 5 0.9 1 0.9	7.9 7.2 8.8	9 7 2 7 3 8	9 2 8	- 6.0 - 6.0 - 6.0) 52) 50) 51	0.1 78. .2 78. 0.5 78.	5 54.7 5 54.7 5 54.8	14 21
								Bundesbank	
14.6	5 0.0).0	0 0	.0	- 1.! - 1.! - 1.!	5 13	7.4 25. 3.8 25. 0.6 25.	3 5.1	Feb.
7.0 7.4 8.9 8. 26.4 26.1 21.1	4 0. 9 0. 1 0. 4 0. 2 0. 3 0.	0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0 0 0.0		.0 .0 .0 .0 .0 .0	- 1. - 1. - 1. - 1. - 1. - 1. - 1. - 1.	5 10 5 17 5 14 5 18 5 18 5 19	0.0 28. 7.6 28. 4.0 25. 3.6 25. 3.1 25. 5.5 25. 7.4 25.	7 5.1 7 5.1 3 5. 3 5. 3 5. 3 5. 3 5.	May 1999 Jan. 1 8 15 22
14. 8. 8. 7.	6 0. 2 0. 3 0.	0 0. 0 0. 0 0.		0.0	- 1. - 1. - 1. - 1.	5 1. 5 1.	4.1 25 3.7 25 4.0 25 3.8 25	.3 5. .3 5.	1 12 1 19 1 26
14. 10. 7. 6. 7	1 0. 7 0. 8 0.	0 0. 0 0. 0 0.).0).0).0	- 1. - 1. - 1. - 1.	5 1 5 1 5 1	4.0 25 4.1 25 5.0 25 0.6 25	.3 5. .3 5. .3 5.	1 12 1 19 1 26
7. 6. 7. 7. 7. 7.	7 0. 1 0. 3 0 3 0	0 0. 0 0. 0 0. 0 0.	.0 0 0 0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	- 1. - 1. - 1. - 1. - 1. - 1.	5 2 5 2 5 1	6.1 3 28 7.5 28 2.5 28 2.2 28 0.0 28	.7 5. .7 5. .7 5.	1 9 1 16 1 23
7.	.2 0 .3 0	.0 0 .0 0 .0 0	.0 .0).0).0).0).0	- 1 - 1 - 1	.5 1 .5	8.2 28 0.7 28 8.7 28 7.6 28	.7 5. .7 5. .7 5.	1 14

2 Whereas the consolidated financial statement of the Eurosystem shows the bilateral TARGET balances of the individual non–Eurosystem NCBs as an aggregated (net) figure, the Bundesbank statement reports gross figures for the claims on and liabilities to the individual non-Eurosystem NCBs. — 3 Increases are due mainly to revaluations at the end of the quarter. — 4 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*).

IV. Banks

New table ⁵

1. Assets and liabilities of monetary financial institutions (excluding the Bundesbank) in Germany * Assets

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

		110 01 1998 L	M billion, fi				1920/1						
			Lending to	banks (MFIs	energial and a statistic second second second					Lending to	non-banks	(non-MFIs) ir	n the
				to banks in	the home c	ountry	to banks in	other membe	r countries	ļ	to non-ban	iks in the ho	me country
							1. Contraction of the second se	damente da mente estere				Enterprises	and
	Balance-	All a constant of the constant				Secur- ities			Secur-			viduals	1
Period	sheet total 2	Cash in hand	Total	Tatal	Ad-	issued	<u> </u>	Ad-	ities issued				Ad-
			TULAI	Total	vances 3	by banks	Total	vances 3	by banks	Total	Total	Total	vances 3
1000		_									End c	of year or	month
1989	4,438.4	15.0	1,307.3	1,195.3	824.3	370.9	112.0	98.1	13.9	2,649.1	2,605.5	2,054.4	1,994.4
1990 1991	5,412.4 5,751.6	22.1 23.9	1,706.8 1,713.9	1,573.7 1,576.9	1,146.0 1,122.9	427.8	133.1	115.6	17.4	3,134.8	3,081.4	2,412.5	2,336.4
1992	6,143.1	27.8	1,779.6	1,638.4	1,122.9	454.0 470.4	137.0 141.2	117.2 116.8	19.8 24.3	3,437.9 3,727.7	3,380.2 3,665.2	2,665.2 2,898.1	2,573.7 2,775.0
1993 1994	6,799.5 7,205.7	27.8 26.2	1,940.4 2,030.1	1,757.5 1,854.1	1,212.6 1,285.1	544.9	182.9	151.9	31.0	4,085.0	4,005.8	3,156.8	2,775.0
1995	7,778.7	27.3	2,210.2	2,019.0	1,285.1	569.1 619.3	175.9	145.0	30.9	4,411.4	4,333.2	3,391.3	3,143.2
1996	8,540.5	30.3	2,523.0	2,301.1	1,535.7	715.4	191.2 221.9	158.0 181.2	33.2 40.7	4,723.3 5,084.7	4,635.0 4,981.9	3,548.8 3,812.8	3,298.7 3,543.0
1997 1998	9,368.2 10,355.5	30.7 29.9	2,836.0 3,267.4	2,580.7 2,939.4	1,758.6 1,977.4	822.1	255.3	208.8	46.5	5,408.8	5,269.5	4,041.3	3,543.0
1997 Nov.	9,322.5	24.5	2,834.0	2,555.4	1,377.4	962.0 825.0	328.1	264.9	63.1	5,833.9	5,615.9	4,361.0	3,966.5
Dec.	9,368.2	30.7	2,836.0	2,580.7	1,758.6	822.1	249.9 255.3	202.2 208.8	47.7 46.5	5,388.0 5,408.8	5,252.5 5,269.5	3,988.4 4,041.3	3,689.9 3,740.8
1998 Jan. Feb.	9,413.4	24.9	2,847.9	2,592.6	1,756.6	836.0	255.3	208.1	47.1	5,441.4	5,293.9	4,051.0	3,728.8
Mar.	9,476.3 9,561.2	25.5 26.1	2,868.7 2,876.1	2,618.9 2,618.6	1,773.9 1,765.1	845.0 853.5	249.8	202.1	47.7	5,478.2	5,326.9	4,073.4	3,739.6
Apr.	9,627.2	26.0	2,903.6	2,638.8	1,769.8	869.0	257.5 264.9	206.9	50.6	5,532.5	5,377.2	4,111.0	3,755.6
May June	9,736.1	26.7	2,970.9	2,698.7	1,817.1	881.6	204.9	215.7 221.3	49.1 50.9	5,576.0 5,599.9	5,421.2 5,430.7	4,144.8 4,163.4	3,775.9 3,792.0
July	9,851.7	26.6	3,036.4	2,745.8	1,857.7	888.0	290.6	230.6	60.0	5,614.3	5,439.4	4,165.8	3,805.5
Aug.	9,834.4 9,982.9	25.6 26.1	3,017.5 3,106.4	2,747.4 2,825.9	1,837.4 1,895.1	910.1 930.8	270.1 280.5	216.2	53.9	5,621.6	5,445.9	4,169.7	3,815.4
Sep.	9,982.8	26.7	3,104.5	2,820.8	1,889.9	930.9	283.6	224.9 227.6	55.6 56.1	5,640.4 5,652.5	5,462.6 5,473.0	4,184.9 4,211.5	3,830.8 3,857.0
Oct. Nov.	10,122.0 10,309.8	25.8	3,193.9	2,899.1	1,947.3	9 51.8	294.8	234.5	60.3	5,701.9	5,506.0	4,230.5	3,873.5
Dec.	10,355.5	25.2 29.9	3,277.2 3,267.4	2,958.9 2,939.4	1,996.5 1,977.4	962.4 962.0	318.3 328.1	255.6 264.9	62.7	5,757.0	5,555.9	4,267.3	3,894.6
1999 Jan.	5,306.1	13.3	1,708.9	1,516.4	1,015.4	501.1	192.4	178.4	63.1 14.1	5,833.9	5,615.9	4,361.0	3,966.5
Feb. Mar.	5,258.1 5,297.8	12.9 12.8	1,675.2	1,494.5	988.1	506.4	180.7	165.6	15.2	2,948.4 2,959.8	2,812.4 2,828.6	2,182.4 2,190.7	1,980.0 1,986.9
Apr.	5,351.8	12.8	1,669.7	1,493.9	977.8	516.1	175.8	160.0	15.8	2,990.9	2,846.1	2,213.6	1,992.6
	5,551.01	12.71	1,698.7	1,518.3	993.2	525.2	180.4	163.1	17.3	3,007.5	2,857.3	2,227.8	1,999.1
1990	77.6		0.01									Cha	anges 1
1991	70.2	3.7 4.2	9.2 12.6	5.9 11.8	2.1 7.4	3.8 4.4	3.3 0.8	3.1 0.5	0.2 0.3	51.0	49.8	42.3	41.8
1992 1993	7.5 135.5	3.3 2.1	- 31.5	- 29.1	- 29.2	0.1	- 2.3	- 2.6	0.3	52.5 49.9	52.0 50.9	48.4 46.3	47.1 39.5
1994	115.6	2.1	16.2 31.5	0.4	- 12.9 22.1	13.3 - 2.8	15.8 12.2	14.7 12.5	1.1 - 0.3	71.8 45.6	67.1	67.9	54.6
1995	107.8	3.7	41.8	36.5	26.8	9.7	5.3	5.5	- 0.2	43.6	46.8	16.9	- 8.0
1996 1997	111.6 45.7	6.7 6.2	18.1 2.1	7.7 - 3.3	5.6	2.1	10.4	9.8	0.7	58.0	46.2 53.1	43.0 74.2	41.0 73.7
1998	52.1	4.7	- 7.3	- 18.7	- 0.4 - 18.5	- 2.9 - 0.2	5.4 11.4	6.6 11.0	- 1.2 0.4	20.8 80.6	17.1 65.4	52.9 99.0	50.8
1997 Dec.	45.7	6.2	2.1	- 3.3	- 0.4	- 2.9	5.4	6.6	- 1.2	20.8	17.1	52.9	77.2
1998 Jan. Feb.	46.0	- 5.8	12.6	12.7	- 2.0	14.7	- 0.0	- 0.7	0.7	32.7	24.3	9.6	50.8 - 12.0
Mar.	62.9 84.9	0.5 0.6	20.9 7.4	26.4 - 0.3	17.3 - 8.9	9.0 8.5	- 5.5	- 6.0	0.5	36.7	33.0	22.4	10.8
Apr.	65.9	- 0.1	27.5	20.2	4.7	15.4	7.7 7.4	4.8	2.9	54.3	50.4	37.6	16.0
May June	108.9	0.7	67.2	59.9	47.3	12.6	7.3	8.8 5.5	- 1.4 1.8	43.5 23.9	44.0 9.5	33.8 18.6	20.3 16.2
July	105.9 - 15.7	- 0.2	54.5	44.0	37.8	6.2	10.4	7.7	2.7	21.1	16.0	10.6	25.0
Aug.	148.5	- 1.0 0.6	- 20.3 88.9	0.2 78.4	- 21.8 57.7	22.1 20.7	- 20.5 10.4	- 14.4	- 6.1	10.3	9.6	7.1	11.4
Sep.	- 0.1	0.6	- 1.9	- 5.0	- 5.1	0.1	3.1	8.7 2.7	1.7 0.4	18.8 12.1	16.7 10.4	15.2 26.5	15.3 26.2
Oct. Nov.	139.2 187.7	- 0.9	89.4	78.2	57.4	20.8	11.2	6.9	4.2	49.4	33.0	19.0	16.5
Dec.	52.1	- 0.7 4.7	83.3 - 7.3	59.9 - 18.7	49.2 - 18.5	10.6 - 0.2	23.5 11.4	21.1 11.0	2.4	55.2	49.9	36.8	21.1
1999 Jan.	113.5	- 2.0	64.6	20.9	15.3	5.6	43.7	42.9	0.4 0.8	80.6	65.4	99.0	77.2
Feb. Mar.	- 47.8 39.7	- 0.3 - 0.2	- 33.5	- 21.8	- 27.3	5.5	- 11.7	- 12.8	0.8	20.1 11.5	14.6 16.3	15.8 8.3	15.9 7.0
Apr.	54.1	- 0.2	- 5.5 29.0	- 0.6	- 10.3	9.7	- 4.9	- 5.5	0.6	31.1	17.6	22.8	5.7
-	* This table	0.11	23.0	24.4	15.4	9.0	4.6	3.1	1.5	16.6	11.2	14.2	6.4

* This table serves to supplement the Overall monetary survey of section II; it is planned to compare the figures for MFIs in the euro area with the data for Germany. Notwithstanding the other tables in section IV, this table includes – in addition to the figures reported by banks (including building

and loan associations) – the data of money market funds. — 1 Up to December 1998, absolute (unadjusted) changes; from 1999, statistical breaks have been eliminated from the flow figures. — 2 Up to December 1998,

IV. Banks

euro area 3	}	n de samen en se dit e 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 1990 - 199	on fan skederske skiet i 2000 1200 1200 1200 1	to pop bas	ks in other n	ember cour	ntries			Claims on non-euro-a residents	rea	CARCOLOGICA - AND	
ndi-	Public authorities	nam (nanafizikan) (2000) — (E. 2004000) - (M.	999 (1990) - 1990 (1990) - 1990 (1990) - 1990 (1990) - 1990 (1990) - 1990 (1990) - 1990 (1990) - 1990 (1990) -	to non-ban	Enterprises individuals	tan hely galan according and talks all divides	Public authorities	zale-kodozowa władziśm zostutnym wrone		Tesideirits			
Secur- ties	Total	Ad- vances 3	Secur- ities 4	Total	Total	of which: Ad- vances ³	Total	Ad- vances 3	Secur- ities	Total	of which: Ad- vances 3	Other assets	Period
	ear or mo	the second second second second	1005 7			Vunces -				L		A	
-										* 257.0	1 2240	109.2	1989
60.0		1	108.9	43.6		29.4	- Contract	7478	though the second se		al line		
76.1		527.3	141.6	53.4 57.7		34.7 35.2	18.7 22.5			425.1 437.1		123.5 138.7	1990 1991
91.5 123.1		582.9 556.3	132.1 210.8	62.5		35.1	27.5					162.0	1992
176.5	3	599.6	249.4	79.1	44.5	44.5	34.6	8.4				181.1	1993
248.1		650.1	291.8	78.2	39.6	39.6	38.6	8.3	30.3	548.8	479.6	189.2	1994
250.0	1,086.3	792.2	294.1	88.2	39.4	39.2	48.8	11.3	37.6	608.5		209.4	1995
269.7		857.8	311.4	102.8		36.8						224.4	1996
300.6		911.0		139.2		41.2						253.1 302.2	1997 1998
394.5	1,254.9	939.1	315.8	218.0	1	56.0		2	2			6	
298.5 300.6		930.5 911.0	333.6 317.2	135.5 139.2		40.3 41.2						251.2 253.1	1997 No De
322.2	-	914.8	328.0	147.6		43.1	104.2	26.3	3 77.9	833.4	703.4	265.7	1998 Ja
333.8		932.0	321.5	151.3		45.2		26.	79.6	842.4	708.8	261.5	F€
355.4	1,266.2	925.7	340.6	155.3	47.2	46.1	108.1	26.	8 81.8	868.5	729.9	258.0	м
368.9	1,276.4	930.6	345.8	154.8	45.3	44.3	109.6	26.2				257.0	A
371.4	1,267.3	918.6	348.7	169.2		45.2							M
360.2	1,273.6	918.2	355.4	174.9	47.2	45.1	127.7	26.9) 100.8		1 March	l	JL
354.3	1,276.2	927.0	349.2	175.6		45.9						284.9	JL
354.2		930.4		177.8		48.2							A Se
354.5	1,261.5	927.5	334.0	179.5					1	-	of a summer of	1	
357.0		933.7	341.7	195.9		51.2						299.7	0
372.7		937.2	351.4	201.1		52.5 56.0						305.1 302.2	N¢ D¢
394.5		939.1	315.8	218.0			1	1		1	i	-	
202.4		482.8		136.0		30.5 29.1							1999 Ja Fe
203.7 220.9		487.6 485.6		131.2 144.8					2	1			M
				{	1	2		1		1			A
228.7 Change		483.5	146.1	150.1	07.7	1 30.7	§ 02.5	10.1	1, 05.0	1 470.5			
-			; 07	1.2	0.9	0.9	0.3	0.1	2 0.1	10.9	10.6	2.9	1990
0.4 1.4				0.5									1991
6.8				\$				- 0.					1992
13.3		4.9	- 5.7	4.8				\$	÷				1993
24.9	29.9	27.1	2.8	- 1.3	- 1.3	- 1.3	0.0	0.0	0.0	29.2	26.5	7.2	1994
1.9	3.2	10.0	- 6.7	1.5									1995
0.6			£	5.0					2				1996 1997
2.1				3.7 15.2	3						3		1998
21.8						pale and the		5					1997 D
2.1	I – 35.8	- 19.4		*	-				1	é.			
21.7													1998 Ja Fe
11.5				3.7 4.0								1	M
21.6						*******	E.	200			LACO CONTRACTOR OF	1	А
13.5													N N
2.5 - 14.4		- 12.0 - 0.4										3	Ju
			i.				al la constanti de la constanti	2			0000		յ
- 4.3 - 0.1				0.7									A
- 0.1 0.3													S S
	1					-	1			- 3.3	3 – 8.8	4.6	c
2.5 15.7													N
21.8			1	1			1					- 2.8	D
- 0.1	1				1	1.9	5.0) 0.	0 5.0) 25.4	1 29.8	5.3	1999 Ja
- 0.1									2 – 1.7	- 28.2	2 - 30.7	2.8	F
17.0									4 6.8	3 12.1	1 12.3	2	1
7.8	8	1	5 0.6	5.4	- 0.9	- 1.7	6.3	3 0.	2 6.1	11.1	1 9.8	- 2.5	A

volume of business (balance-sheet total plus endorsement liabilities and bills sent for collection from the banks' portfolios prior to maturity) and trust funds. -3 Up to December 1998, including loans an a trust basis and

bill-based lending instead of bill holdings. — 4 Including debt securities arising from the exchange of equalisations claims.— 5 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1^*).

IV. Banks

New table ⁹

1. Assets and liabilities of monetary financial institutions (excluding the Bundesbank) in Germany * Liabilities

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

		Deposits of	banks (MFIs		1	non-banks (non-MFIs) in	the euro an	ea 4	*****			
		in the euro		,		1		n the home				Deposits of	non-hanks
			of banks					With agree maturities >	d	At agreed notice XX	9. Täätin Christoppi (****) (******************************		
Period	Balance- sheet total 2	Total	in the home country	in other member countries	Total	Total	Over- night	Total 4	of which: up to 2 years 5	Total	of which: up to 3 months	Total	Over- night
											End o	of year or	month
1989	4,438.4		931.5	64.0		2,048.7	288.2	931.7				38.3	1.9
1990	5,412.4	1,359.9	1,281.0	78.9	2,479.9	2,352.5	400.4	1,068.2	432.5	883.9	515.6	47.2	2.3
1991	5,751.6	1,365.7	1,282.7	83.0	2,617.5	2,482.5	410.5	1,182.8	511.7	889.3	513.4	49.7	2.4
1992	6,143.1	1,405.6	1,304.2	101.4	2,743.6	2,585.3	444.5	1,228.2	563.5	912.6	522.4	60.6	3.0
1993	6,799.5	1,556.3	1,438.2	118.1	2,981.8	2,810.6	489.6	1,312.6	628.5	1,008.4	587.7	70.4	3.5
1994	7,205.7	1,650.9	1,483.5	167.4	3,082.2	2,894.4	510.4	1,288.3	549.2	1,095.8	654.6	79.6	4.1
1995	7,778.7	1,761.5	1,582.0	179.6	3,260.0	3,038.9	549.8	1,289.0	472.0	1,200.1	749.5	110.1	4.5
1996	8,540.5	1,975.3	1,780.2	195.1	3,515.9	3,264.0	638.1	1,318.5	430.6	1,307.4	865.7	137.3	7.5
1997	9,368.2	2,195.6	1,959.1	236.5	3,647.1	3,376.2	654.5	1,364.9	426.8	1,356.9	929.2	162.5	7.3
1998	10,355.5	2,480.3	2,148.9	331.4	3,850.8	3,552.1	751.6	1,411.0	461.5	1,389.6	971.9	187.4	9.4
1997 Nov.	9,322.5	2,206.0	1,959.7	246.3	3,571.6	3,303.3	641.4	1,343.0	410.2	1,318.8	898.9	161.4	7.3
Dec.	9,368.2	2,195.6	1,959.1	236.5	3,647.1	3,376.2	654.5	1,364.9	426.8	1,356.9	929.2	162.5	7.3
1998 Jan.	9,413.4	2,213.3	1,963.1	250.2	3,616.8	3,344.8	616.1	1,369.5	427.0	1,359.3	935.4	164.6	8.5
Feb.	9,476.3	2,221.4	1,969.2	252.3	3,637.5	3,356.9	620.6	1,373.0	426.2	1,363.3	939.6	172.8	10.2
Mar.	9,561.2	2,243.6	1,970.6	272.9	3,634.4	3,351.4	626.7	1,363.9	414.8	1,360.8	938.6	175.5	9.4
Apr.	9,627.2	2,240.4	1,972.3	268.1	3,648.1	3,360.0	638.7	1,366.1	413.9	1,355.2	937.1	182.1	9.9
May	9,736.1	2,283.8	1,997.3	286.5	3,659.0	3,369.6	639.6	1,377.8	423.2	1,352.3	937.5	182.8	9.0
June	9,851.7	2,333.3	2,029.6	303.7	3,661.1	3,369.9	654.7	1,365.9	410.8	1,349.3	936.3	183.0	9.9
July	9,834.4	2,295.8	2,010.6	285.2	3,656.8	3,364.8	641.5	1,377.1	418.1	1,346.3	935.5	184.1	8.0
Aug.	9,982.9	2,361.5	2,073.3	288.2	3,686.5	3,388.3	659.2	1,384.3	422.2	1,344.8	935.9	190.0	9.3
Sep.	9,982.8	2,360.1	2,059.6	300.6	3,680.9	3,384.2	665.1	1,376.0	415.4	1,343.1	935.3	188.4	9.2
Oct.	10,122.0	2,426.4	2,107.0	319.3	3,697.7	3,402.3	679.1	1,377.4	419.1	1,345.8	938.5	187.7	10.7
Nov.	10,309.8	2,510.6	2,155.3	355.4	3,747.2	3,450.5	726.5	1,374.6	418.0	1,349.4	941.6	188.6	12.6
Dec.	10,355.5	2,480.3	2,148.9	331.4	3,850.8	3,552.1	751.6	1,411.0	461.5	1,389.6	971.9	187.4	9.4
1999 Jan.	5,306.1	1,273.9	1,068.3	205.6	1,932.1	1,786.6	374.7	791.1	238.4	620.8	500.5	99.8	7.8
Feb.	5,258.1	1,220.2	1,042.4	177.8	1,945.0	1,790.3	378.5	790.1	237.6	621.7	503.2	108.0	6.3
Mar.	5,297.8	1,210.7	1,031.8	179.0	1,941.3	1,786.1	374.4	792.5	238.1	619.2	501.2	109.8	6.5
Apr.	5,351.8	1,228.7	1,045.0	183.7	1,942.4	1,786.5	382.2	786.1	232.7	618.2	502.2	110.3	6.1
												Ch	anges 1
1990	77.6	4.4	3.5	1.0	72.7	70.8	13.7	24.3	16.4	32.8	17.5	0.6	0.0
1991	70.2	2.4	4.1	- 1.7	82.4	82.0	16.5	25.7	19.9	39.7	23.0	- 1.0	- 0.1
1992	7.5	- 14.7	- 15.6	0.9	38.8	35.7	- 1.1	– 1.0	- 2.1	37.8	20.2	0.6	0.0
1993	135.5	23.2	20.2	3.0	101.8	98.2	7.7	37.9	35.2	52.6	33.2	1.5	0.1
1994	115.6	30.0	11.9	18.1	37.3	44.2	3.8	1.7	- 7.4	38.6	22.4	- 8.7	- 0.9
1995	107.8	23.6	27.7	- 4.1	86.8	74.0	19.7	8.4	1.2	45.9	32.8	9.8	0.4
1996	111.6	17.4	15.5	1.8	118.0	109.3	46.7	20.7	14.0	41.9	32.0	4.7	2.0
1997	45.7	- 7.0	5.9	- 12.9	75.4	73.0	13.1	21.8	16.5	38.0	27.1	1.0	- 0.1
1998	52.1	- 30.3	– 6.3	- 24.0	103.5	101.6	25.1	36.4	43.4	40.2	29.6	- 1.2	- 3.3
1997 Dec.	45.7	- 7.0	5.9	- 12.9	75.4	73.0	13.1	21.8	16.5	38.0	27.1	1.0	- 0.1
1998 Jan.	46.0	14.3	- 2.6	16.8	- 30.2	- 31.4	- 38.4	4.6	0.2	2.4	6.2	2.2	1.3
Feb.	62.9	8.2	6.1	2.1	20.7	12.1	4.5	3.5	- 0.8	4.0	4.2	8.3	1.7
Mar.	84.9	22.1	1.5	20.7	- 3.1	- 5.5	6.1	– 9.1	- 11.4	– 2.5	- 1.0	2.7	- 0.7
Apr.	65.9	- 3.1	1.7	- 4.8	13.8	8.6	12.1	2.2	- 0.8	- 5.6	- 1.5	6.6	0.4
May	108.9	43.4	24.9	18.4	10.9	9.6	0.8	11.6	9.3	- 2.9	0.4	0.7	- 0.9
June	105.9	43.6	30.2	13.4	1.9	0.4	15.1	– 11.8	- 12.4	- 2.9	- 1.2	- 0.0	0.7
July	- 15.7	- 35.9	- 17.4	- 18.5	- 4.3	- 5.1	- 13.2	11.2	7.3	- 3.1	- 0.8	1.1	- 1.9
Aug.	148.5	65.7	62.7	3.0	29.8	23.4	17.7	7.2	4.1	- 1.5	0.4	5.9	1.2
Sep.	- 0.1	- 1.4	- 13.7	12.3	- 5.6	- 4.1	5.9	– 8.3	- 6.8	- 1.7	- 0.5	- 1.7	- 0.0
Oct.	139.2	66.2	47.5	18.8	16.8	18.2	14.0	1.4	3.7	2.8	3.2	- 0.7	1.4
Nov.	187.7	84.3	48.2	36.0	49.5	48.2	47.4	- 2.8	- 1.1	3.5	3.1	0.9	2.0
Dec.	52.1	- 30.3	- 6.3	- 24.0	103.5	101.6	25.1	36.4	43.4	40.2	29.6	- 1.2	- 3.3
1999 Jan.	113.5	49.7	13.5	36.2	5.6	- 0.7	- 9.6	8.1	5.4	0.8	3.6	5.4	3.0
Feb.	- 47.8	- 46.9	- 25.8	- 21.0	6.1	3.8	3.8	- 1.0	- 0.8	0.9	2.8	1.4	- 1.6
Mar.	39.7	- 9.5	- 10.7	1.2	– 3.7	- 4.3	- 4.1	2.3	0.6	- 2.6	- 2.1	1.8	0.2
Apr.	54.1	18.0	13.3	4.7	1.1	0.5	7.8	- 6.3	- 5.4	- 1.0	1.1	0.5	- 0.3

* This table serves to supplement the Overall monetary survey of section II; it is planned to compare the figures for MFIs in the euro area with the data for Germany. Notwithstanding the other tables in section IV, this table includes – in addition to the figures reported by banks (including building and loan associations) – the data of money market funds. — 1 Up to December 1998, absolute (unadjusted) changes; from 1999, statistical breaks

have been eliminated from the flow figures. — 2 Up to December 1998, volume of business (balance-sheet total plus endorsement liabilities and bills sent for collection from the banks' portfolios prior to maturity) and liabilities incurred in the banks' own name but on behalf of third parties. — 3 Up to December 1998, including liabilities arising from loans on a trust basis and liabilities arising from rediscounted bills (endorsement

IV. Banks

9 20					9.9		Mancii	Debt securi issued	ties			Transacti (n = 100000000000000000000000000000000000	
in other m	ember count	ries 6	ana ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang ang	Deposits of central gov	ernments 4		Money market		n Arman		performation to be a set of the s		
Nith agree naturities	ed of which: up to	At agreed notice	of which: up to		of which: domestic central govern-	Liabilities arising from	paper and money market fund certificates		of which: with maturities of up to	Liabilities to non- euro- area	Capital and	Other	
Total 4	2 years 5	Total	3 months	Total	ments	repos 7	issued	Total	2 years	residents 8	reserves	Liabilities	Period
End of y	year or m	onth											
32.8	3 3.7	3.5	3.5	72.5	72.5		2.7			1	1.04		1989
40.5			4.4 4.6		80.2 85.3		2.8 4.4			203.1 213.7	209.6 229.2	238.9 266.3	1990 1991
42.6 52.0					97.6		9.4	1,165.7	44.6	260.9	256.6	301.4	1992
60.3	3 6.8	6.5	6.5		100.8 108.2		18.7 53.8	1,309.0 1,418.7			278.3 305.2	353.0 357.8	1993 1994
68.5	1	1	7.0 8.3		1		60.5	1,586.7	and a second sec		325.0	391.0	1995
97.3 120.6		9.2	9.2	114.6	114.6	-	53.2	1,785.1	35.2	422.1	350.0	438.8 511.3	1996 1997
145.8			9.4 9.7		108.3 111.2		54.6 84.1	1,973.3 2,209.9					1998
168.3 145.0		1	9.1	107.0	1	ł	54.5	1	38.0	1		529.4	1997 Nov
145.8			1	1			54.6	1,973.3	-		1010		Dec
146.7							56.7					526.4 515.8	1998 Jan Feb
153.2 156.6							61.5 63.8						Ma
162.9			1	1	1	-	63.4						Ap
164.5	5 9.6	9.3	9.3				64.4						Ma Jun
163.1	-	1		1	1	1			1				Jul
166.8 171.5					108.3		. 71.2	2,172.2	42.0	673.0	407.0		Au Sep
169.9		9.3	9.3	1	1			alere a	1	5		1	Oct
167.												602.8	No
166. 168.							1				415.9	8	Deo
87.													1999 Jar Fel
96. 98.													Ma
99. 99.			1					1,211.3	28.3	421.8	3 222.9	272.9	Ар
Change													
Change 0.		0.1	0.1	1.4	1.4	-	- 0.0						
- 0.	9 – 0.1	– 0.1	- 0.1	1.5	1.5	5 -	- 0.7						1991 1992
0. 1.							1	5 – 4.8	3 9.8	3 6.4	1 2.4	5.8	1993
- 8.							- 21.9		a ma	1			1994
9.							- 7.0						1995 1996
2. 0.							- 0.0) – 11.8	3 – 0.5	5 3.6	3 3.4		1997 1998
1.		3 0.2	1	1			- 3.	ła					5 mil
0.	.8 0.0	5 0.3	ł	1	1		- 0.0		1	2	1	l	1998 Jai
0.							- 2.				4 4.9	9 – 10.6	Fe
6. 3.							- 2.	3 17.5	5 – 0.1	ê.	l.		
6							0.						
- 0							- 1. - 1.						
- 0			1	and the second se		3	- 2.						
4	.7 1.	0 – 0.	0 – 0.	0 0.!	5 0.	5	- 3. - 0.						Au Se
- 1	1					•	- 0.		1		1	4 3.3	00
- 2	.2 - 0.				4 0.	4	- 6.	9 19.	0 – 1.	0 44.	2 2.	2 - 18.2	No
	.8 1.	÷	20.	1			- 3.			1			
	.4 1.										6 3.	3 – 26.8	Fe
	.9 – 1. .7 – 0.							1	4 3.	1 15.	1		
	.0 – 0.	1 - 0.	2 0.	0 0.	1 – 0.	1 – 0.	5 4.	9 22.	9 3.	1 10.	4 4.	5 – 7.2	l Ap

liabilities). — 4 Up to December 1998, including liabilities arising from loans on a trust basis. — 5 Up to December 1998, with maturities of less than 4 years. — 6 Excluding central governments' deposits. — 7 Data collected separately only from 1999; up to December 1998, included in the deposits with agreed maturities of up to 2 years. — 8 Excluding liabilities arising from securities issued. — 9 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*). — X For the German contribution: from 1999 including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see table IV.12). — XX For the German contribution: up to the end of 1998 including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see also footnote X).

IV. Banks

Table changed ¹⁵

2. Principal assets and liabilities of banks (MFIs) in Germany, by category of banks *

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

					o onnon								
				Lending to	banks (MFIs	;)	Lending to	non-banks (non-MFIs)				
			1.000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00		of which:	Y		of which:					
		274000000000000000000000000000000000000						Loans and a not evidenc					
			Cash in hand and					by certificat					
		Balance	balances with		Balances	Securities					Securities	Parici-	
End of month	institu- tions	sheet total 1	central banks	Total	and advances	issued by banks	Total	up to 1 year	over 1 year	Bills	issued by non-banks	pating	Other assets
	All cate	gories of	banks			finance e un company according a substance a substance a substance a substance a substance a substance a substa							
1998 Nov. Dec.	3,250 3,246	10,046.8 10,087.6	82.4 93.6	3,556.8 3,513.1	2,562.0 2,521.2	947.3 946.4	5,939.9 5,990.1	750.6 758.4	4,152.1 4,244.1	45.1	770.9	165.6	302.0
1999 Jan. Feb.	3,227 3,224	5,369.5	50.6	1,906.3	1,402.8	497.0	3,072.2	384.7	2,256.0	34.9 8.7	738.8 374.7	192.1 88.8	298.7 251.6
Mar.	3,220	5,321.3 5,361.3	50.2 50.1	1,837.5 1,840.5	1,329.1 1,321.0	502.4 514.4	3,089.3 3,122.7	386.2 390.5	2,267.3 2,274.5	9.2 9.5	381.5 401.6	89.4 90.2	254.9 257.8
Apr.	3,208	5,414.9 cial bank		1,869.8	1,337.9	525.7	3,145.7	387.1	2,289.0	9.3	410.1	90.2	255.7
1999 Mar.	288 285		18.9	478.9	384.0	92.4	762.7	186.6	441.5	5.0	114.8	52 1 1	84 9 1
Apr.	l.		19.6	488.7	386.4	98.6	771.6	186.0	443.8	4.8	121.5	52.1 51.8	84.9 86.2
1999 Mar.	Big bai 4 4		9.9	251.1	205.0	44.3	490.6	108.6	307.8	3.2	64.8	42.8	41.01
Apr.	(9.9	260.6	208.7	49.2	491.9	106.8	309.3	3.0	64.8 66.1	43.6	41.0 41.9
1999 Mar.	204	al banks 456.9					240.1	63 9 1	125.6	1.44	40.7	701	20 E I
Apr.	200				129.7	41.6	244.8	63.9 63.1	126.0	1.4 1.4	45.6	7.8 6.7	29.5 30.0
1999 Mar.		es of for 105.3			47.0	771	32.1	14.01	011	0.41	0.44	1.51	
Apr.	80 81		2.5 2.4	54.8 56.1	47.0 47.9	7.7 7.9	34.9	14.0 16.1	8.1 8.5	0.4 0.4	9.4 9.8	1.5 1.5	14.4 14.3
1999 Mar.	Land bar	1,032.0	231	477.1	398.5	78 1	177 1	47.21	255.21	0.71	60 3	40 51	
Apr.	13	1,039.1	2.3 2.4	478.8	399.5	78.1 78.7	477.4 483.5	47.3 47.3	355.3 359.2	0.7 0.7	60.2 61.0	16.5 16.5	58.7 57.8
1999 Mar.	Savings b 589	0anks 876.4	17.8	210 3 1	55 0 1	152 6	614 78	71 - 1		2.44			
Apr.	585	881.0	17.8 19.1	210.3 212.3	55.9 58.2	153.6 153.2	614.2 615.5	71.2 69.7	456.5 459.6	2.1 2.1	78.3 78.0	9.0 9.2	25.2 24.9
	Regional	institutio	ons of cre	dit coop	eratives (including l	Deutsche (Genossens	chaftsbanl	<)			
1999 Mar. Apr.	4	197.0 199.7	0.4 0.8	128.0 130.0	83.2 84.8	44.6 45.0	56.1 56.6	13.4 12.6	24.1 24.3	0.3 0.4	11.3 12.5	6.6 6.7	5.8 5.6
	Credit co	operative			0.001	43.01	56.01	12.03	24.3 ;	0.41	12.51	0.71	5.61
1999 Mar. Apr.	2,246 2,241	516.9 518.0	10.1 10.1	137.8 138.9	59.8 60.1	77.6 78.5	348.8 348.7	53.4 52.7	257.6 258.6	1.3 1.3	35.5 35.2	2.8 2.9	17.4 17.4
•	Mortgag		10.11	150.5 (00.11	70.51	540.7 1	32.71	200.01	1.31	35.21	2.91	17.41
1999 Mar. Apr.	32 32	757.4 771.8	0.2 1.3	177.8 186.2	148.7 154.2	29.1 32.0	554.7 561.5	6.8	489.3	-1	57.3	1.4 1.4	23.3
	Building				134.2 \$	52.0 ;	501.51	7.9	492.5	-1	58.3	1.41	21.3
1999 Mar. Apr.	34 34	139.9 139.0	0.3 0.0	27.2 27.2	16.8 16.8	10.3 10.4	105.1 104.5	2.0 2.0	93.7 93.6	-	9.3 8.9	0.4	7.0 7.0
	Banks wi				10.01	10.4	104.51	2.01	93.61	-1	8.91	0.41	7.0
1999 Mar. Apr.	14 14	444.1 448.5	0.1 0.2	203.4 207.7	174.1 177.9	28.8 29.4	203.6	9.6	156.5 157.4	0.0	34.8	1.3 1.3	35.6 35.5
	Memo ite				177.94	29.41	203.8	8.9	157.4 (0.01	34.8	1.3	35.5
1999 Mar. Apr.	146 145	227.1	4.3 4.2	104.0	87.5 87.8	16.4	89.5	28.5	39.6	0.8 0.8	18.1	2.6 2.7	26.7
· . • • •		n: Banks r		104.4 owned by		16.2 banks ¹⁴	95.3	31.3	40.1	0.8	20.5	2.7	26.6
1999 Mar. Apr.	66 64	121.8 123.9	1.8	49.2 48.2	40.5	8.6	57.4 60.4	14.5	31.5	0.4 0.4	8.7	1.1	12.2
	* For the pe		1.8		39.8	8.4		15.2	31.6	0.4	10.7	1.1 1.1	12.2 12.4

* For the period up to December 1998, section IV (except for table IV.1) shows the assets and liabilities of banks (excluding building and loan associations) in Germany; from January 1999, the assets and liabilities of monetary financial institutions (MFIs) in Germany. The assets and liabilities of foreign branches, of money market funds (which are likewise classified as MFIs) and of the Bundesbank are not included. For the definitions of the respective items, see the footnotes to table IV.3. — 1 Up to December 1998, volume of business (balance sheet total plus endorsement liabilities arising

from rediscounted bills and bills sent for collection from the banks' portfolios prior to maturity). — 2 Since the inclusion of building and loan associations in January 1999, including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see table IV. 12). — 3 Included in time deposits. — 4 Up to December 1998, including loans on a trust basis. — 5 Excluding deposits under savings and loan contracts (see also footnote 2). — 6 Including subordinated negotiable bearer debt securities; excluding non-negotiable bearer debt securities. — 7 Deutsche Bank AG, Dresdner Bank AG,

IV. Banks

)ep	osits of bar	nks (MFI	s)	Deposits	of non-bank	s (non-MFIs) 4	a	management (2010) - MCC (2014 - Second Second	1100 PTF	422,320 - NO COM-100/2007 100/2007 100/2007	544000000000	Capital (including	THE REPORT OF THE PARTY OF THE	
	of v	which:		-	of which:	nge oans 6.00 oers 1777 - 111 and 1010 II	00- 440 "THE LAND & BOOT METER & DOWN		p	n da 400.000-00000-000000-			published reserves,	Analysis of Contraction of Contractions	
	propriet from such				Mg, J (), 200401100-0-0-0	Time depo	sits for 2		Savings de	posits 5		Did Salahana Waki	partici- pation		
ota	Sig der	ht posits	Time deposits	Total	Sight deposits	up to 1 year	over 1 year 2	Memo item: Liabilities arising from repos 3	Total	of which: At three months' notice	Bank savings bonds	Bearer debt securities out- standing 6	rights capital, funds for general banking risks egories (Other liabilities	End of month
								~		1 OF 7 0	÷ 0461				1998 No
	,994.3 ,962.6	760.2 782.0	2,110.6 2,067.7						1,199.7 1,234.2	5	243.9	2,247.1	406.9	560.4	De
1	,559.1 ,490.6 ,488.7	305.3 247.7 241.4	1,253. 1,242. 1,246.	5 2,076. 9 2,080.	4 406.3 6 399.2	273.9 275.4	642.3 655.6	1	631.0	510.0	120.3 119.3	1,192.4 1,209.4	216.5 218.4	345.4 364.2	1999 Jai Fe Mi Ap
1	,512.3	232.5	1,279.	2,086.	2 405.4	274.4	657.7	14.8	1 650.0	1 311.1	110.0			al banks	
	513.4	138.5	374.						107.4			159.0	77.5	135.6	1999 M Ar
	531.4	128.5	402.	5 513.	0 169.2	2 110.2	111.3	13.2	. 107.2	1 09.5	1, 13.1			oanks 7	
	284.4 294.8	78.3 75.1	206. 219.					12.1	53.9	38.6	5 5.0	133.9	51.9	62.6	1999 M Aj
				_,			5 26.0					commer			1999 M
	158.7 163.3	42.0 37.5									10.0	28.7	24.8	45.4	A
	70.3 73.2	18.2 15.9	52. 57.		5 3. 8 3.	5 3.) 0.1		3.4	22.0	1999 M A
	/3.2 }	12.5	, 37.	-1 -										banks 10	2
	373.1 384.2	47.8 45.8													1999 M A
	J04.2 i	45.0	1 550.											gs banks	
	177.2 178.6	3.7 3.9	173. 174.		.8 124.	6 63.	4 6.8	3 -	- 318.3 - 317.7	7 254.4	4 69.3	3 45.3	3 36.6	5 38.7	
					Region		utions of								1999 N
	126.3 126.3	34.0 35.3	92 91		.9 3. .9 3.	7 2. 6 3.	8 12.3 4 12.8		- 0.0 1 0.0			0 33.3 0 35.2			
											1			peratives	5
	69.1 68.7	2.4 2.7	66 65						- 188.0 - 188.4				6 25.	5 18.5	A
										1 0	1 0.	2 501.0		ge banks 8] 20.8	8
	85.7 83.2	9.8 10.3		.9 135 .9 135			1 130.9 .2 131.4		- 0. - 0.		1 0.	2 515.4	4 15.	0 22.8	: А
							c ()))	o 1	i 0	o i ⊂		-		iations ¹¹ 5 14.7	
	21.8 20.4	1.6 1.1	20 19		i.1 0 i.0 0	.3 0 .3 0	.6 93. .6 93.	8	- 0. - 0.	3 0. 3 0.	3 0.	1 2.			5 A
							21 122	1 1	_ *	_1			8 12.	nctions ¹² 4 62.1	1999 N
	122.2 119.6	3.6 4.9	5 118 9 114			.3 5 .1 5	.2 122. .9 122.	0	-	-		- 124.	5 12.	6 62.7	<i>י</i> 4
	112.4	34.7 31.9		.6 52 2 52	2.3 20 2.1 20	.8 11 .0 12	.9 12. .3 12.	1 0. 3 0.	3 6. 8 6.	0 5 0 4		mo item 4 12. 6 13.		n banks ¹³ 1 39.8 3 40.6	3 1999 I
	117.14	21.3	, 01		, 20							ned by t		banks 14	
	42.1	16.6 16.0		.4 4 .8 4	2.8 17 2.4 16	.3 8	.9 9. .1 9.					.4 12. .5 12.		.7 17.8 .9 17.9	
	43.9		and				ypo- und					aories of b	anks and of	the catego	v

Commerzbank AG and, from 1999, Bayerische Hypo- und Vereinsbank AG. — **8** From January 1999 including institutions of the discontinued category "Private bankers" and including Deutsche Postbank AG, — **9** Up to December 1998, including Bayerische Hypo- und Vereinsbank AG; see footnote 7. — **10** Previously known as: "Regional giro institutions". — **11** Assets and liabilities of building and loan associations included from 1999 only. — **12** Up to December 1998, including Deutsche Postbank AG; see footnote 8. — **13** Sum of the banks majority-owned by

foreign banks and included in other categories of banks and of the category "Branches (of dependent legal status) of foreign banks" — 14 Separate presentation of the banks majority-owned by foreign banks included in the categories "Regional banks and other commercial banks" and, up to December 1998, in the categories "Private bankers" and "Mortgage banks". — 15 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV.3.

IV. Banks

Table changed ²¹

3. Assets and liabilities of banks (MFIs) in Germany vis-à-vis residents *

	Until the e	nd of 1998 [M billion, f	rom 1999 eu	ro billion								
			Lending to	domestic ba	anks (MFIs) ²	2, 3			Lending to	domestic no	on-banks (no	on-MFIs) 3, 8	
Period	Cash in hand (euro-area notes and coins) 1	Balances with the Bundes- bank	Total	Balances and loans and ad- vances not evidenced by certi- ficates 3	Bills 4	Negotiable money market paper issued by banks 5	Securities issued by banks 6	Memo item: Trust Ioans 7	Total	Loans and advances not evidenced by certi- ficates 3	Bills 4	Treasury bills and negotiable money mar- ket paper issued by non-banks	Securities issued by non- banks 9
								anne an Carrier Street, an Carrier,			End	of year or	
1989	14.2	82.6	1,062.4	692.8	19.1		345.8	4.7	2,470.1	2,189.4	58.8	4.0	
1990 1991	21.1	96.6	1,420.8	1,001.7	16.8	-	396.8	5.5	2,875.0	2,546.9	61.1	4.0 19.7	171.7
1992	22.8 26.8	90.0 88.2	1,424.9 1,483.5	976.5 1,020.8	22.5 19.0		419.5 435.1	6.3 8.6	3,147.0 3,478.2	2,813.8	62.5	11.7	181.5
1993 1994	26.7 25.0	75.3	1,596.8	1,076.2	14.7	3.3	493.2	9.3	3,826.4	3,034.9 3,291.6	52.1 44.7	9.6 5.6	237.8 327.7
1995	25.0	61.5 61.0	1,695.6 1,859.9	1,150.6 1,264.9	17.4	4.6	513.6	9.5	4,137.2	3,502.8	45.9	2.2	433.7
1996	28.9	59.7	2,134.0	1,443.3	17.5 17.9	4.3 3.4	561.9 657.2	11.4 12.2	4,436.9 4,773.1	3,802.0 4,097.9	46.8 44.8	1.4 5.9	427.3 437.2
1997 1998	29.3 28.5	60.2 63.6	2,397.9 2,738.2	1,606.3 1,814.7	18.1 14.6	3.6 12.2	758.9	11.1	5,058.4	4,353.9	44.7	2.9	473.3
1997 Nov.	23.2	56.0	2,409.4	1,614.7	14.0	3.1	887.7 762.6	9.1 11.3	5,379.8 5,041.8	4,639.7 4,313.8	32.8	5.0	527.8
Dec.	29.3	60.2	2,397.9	1,606.3	18.1	3.6	758.9	11.1	5,058.4	4,313.8	47.8 44.7	3.8 2.9	492.3 473.3
1998 Jan. Feb.	23.6 24.0	56.9 61.6	2,411.8 2,431.7	1,606.5 1,618.9	18.1	4.1	772.0	11.1	5,081.6	4,343.8	47.4	4.8	501.3
Mar.	24.5	58.0	2,432.9	1,613.4	18.0 17.8	4.8 5.0	779.5 786.6	10.5 10.2	5,111.4 5,161.0	4,372.0 4,381.1	47.7 48.4	3.7 3.5	503.7 543.6
Apr.	24.4	54.6	2,458.8	1,624.9	17.4	4.6	802.0	9.8	5,203.7	4,404.4	49.1	7.1	559.3
May June	25.0 24.7	56.4 63.6	2,516.1 2,551.8	1,670.0 1,699.8	17.1 16.8	4.4 4.4	814.6 820.9	10.0 9.8	5,214.3 5,225.2	4,409.9 4,426.1	49.8 49.2	5.5 5.3	566.0
July	23.8	52.9	2,563.2	1,689.8	16.8	6.2	840.6	9.8	5,236.6	4,448.3	49.2 50.6	5.1	562.2 551.4
Aug. Sep.	24.5 24.5	59.9 58.0	2,633.7 2,630.7	1,739.4 1,735.1	16.9 16.6	6.6	861.2	9.6	5,253.3	4,467.4	49.9	3.6	551.4
Oct.	24.4	50.7	2,714.3	1,798.5	16.3	7.5 8.9	862.0 881.0	9.5 9.5	5,264.8	4,495.4	46.7	2.4	539.5
Nov. Dec.	23.9	57.1	2,767.9	1,842.3	16.0	11.4	888.8	9.4	5,297.6 5,348.0	4,519.2 4,548.1	46.4 42.8	8.0 7.0	543.1 569.1
1999 Jan.	28.5 12.8	63.6 37.0	2,738.2 1,450.7	1,814.7	14.6	12.2	887.7	9.1	5,379.8	4,639.7	32.8	5.0	527.8
Feb.	12.4	37.2	1,427.9	976.3 948.4	0.1 0.1	6.0 5.6	468.2 473.8	4.4 4.5	2,765.0 2,781.3	2,449.3 2,460.7	7.5 8.1	4.3 3.1	267.3 272.9
Mar.	12.1	37.4	1,427.2	938.1	0.1	4.7	484.3	4.4	2,798.1	2,464.1	8.4	3.8	285.2
Apr.	12.0	40.7	1,449.2	950.0	0.1	5.6	493.4	4.3	2,808.1	2,468.6	8.2	5.7	287.3
1990		12.01		>								Ch	nanges *
1991	+ 6.4 + 1.7	+ 13.9 - 6.6	+ 112.8 + 46.4	+ 56.5 + 13.4	- 2.2 + 5.8	-]	+ 57.6 + 26.5	+ 0.8 + 0.8	+ 219.9 + 285.7	+ 182.4 + 281.1	+ 2.3	+ 3.0	+ 30.4
1992 1993	+ 2.8	+ 6.3 - 12.9	+ 77.6	+ 61.0	- 3.5	- 1	+ 17.8	+ 2.3	+ 294.3	+ 249.2	+ 1.3 - 10.4	- 8.0 - 2.2	+ 13.4 + 57.1
1994	- 1.7	- 13.8	+ 133.3 + 99.1	+ 75.2 + 73.6	- 4.3 + 2.7	+ 0.1 + 1.3	+ 61.5 + 21.3	+ 0.7 + 0.1	+ 339.8 + 320.5	+ 259.1 + 240.2	- 7.4 + 1.2	- 4.5 - 3.3	+ 102.0 + 86.7
1995	+ 1.0	- 0.5	+ 193.5	+ 139.4	+ 0.1	- 0.5	+ 54.3	+ 0.2	+ 312.8	+ 303.6	+ 1.0	- 0.8	+ 00.7
1996 1997	+ 2.9 + 0.4	- 1.3 + 0.5	+ 257.8 + 262.5	+ 161.8 + 160.7	+ 0.4 + 0.2	- 1.1 + 0.2	+ 95.8 + 102.6	+ 0.8	+ 336.3	+ 311.7	- 2.0	+ 4.7	+ 10.6
1998	- 0.8	+ 3.4	+ 343.3	+ 210.3	- 3.6	+ 8.6	+ 130.0	- 1.1 - 2.0	+ 285.2 + 335.3	+ 255.5	- 0.1 - 11.9	- 3.0 + 2.1	+ 36.5 + 52.1
1997 Nov. Dec.	- 0.3 + 6.2	+ 1.2 + 4.2	+ 58.6 - 11.3	+ 54.3 - 8.6	+ 0.7	+ 0.2	+ 3.6	- 0.2	+ 39.9	+ 35.2	+ 0.3	- 0.7	+ 5.8
1998 Jan.	- 5.7	- 3.4	+ 14.5	- 0.1	+ 0.3 + 0.0	+ 0.5 + 0.6	- 3.3	- 0.1	+ 17.1	+ 40.6	- 3.1	- 0.9	- 19.0
Feb.	+ 0.4	+ 4.8	+ 20.4	+ 12.5	- 0.1	+ 0.7	+ 14.1 + 7.9	- 0.1 - 0.5	+ 23.6 + 30.1	- 9.8 + 28.4	+ 2.7 + 0.3	+ 2.0	+ 28.1 + 2.5
Mar. Apr.	+ 0.5	- 3.6 - 3.4	+ 0.8	- 5.9	- 0.2	+ 0.2	+ 7.1	- 0.4	+ 49.6	+ 9.1	+ 0.7	- 0.2	+ 39.9
May	+ 0.6	+ 1.8	+ 26.4 + 57.6	+ 12.1 + 45.4	- 0.4 - 0.3	- 0.3 - 0.2	+ 15.3 + 12.6	- 0.4 + 0.2	+ 43.4 + 10.9	+ 24.0 + 5.9	+ 0.7 + 0.6	+ 3.6 - 1.5	+ 15.7 + 6.6
June	- 0.2	+ 7.3	+ 35.0	+ 29.5	- 0.2	- 0.1	+ 6.1	- 0.2	+ 14.9	+ 24.5	- 0.6	- 0.2	+ 6.6 - 8.1
July Aug.	- 1.0 + 0.8	- 10.7 + 7.0	+ 11.9 + 70.5	- 9.6 + 49.6	- 0.0 + 0.1	+ 1.8 + 0.4	+ 19.7 + 20.6	- 0.0 - 0.2	+ 13.6 + 16.7	+ 22.8	+ 1.5	- 0.2	- 9.2
Sep.	- 0.1	- 1.9	- 2.1	- 3.3	- 0.3	+ 0.4	+ 0.8	- 0.2	+ 16.7 + 12.5	+ 19.1 + 29.1	- 0.8 - 3.1	- 1.5 - 1.2	- 0.0 - 11.8
Oct. Nov.	- 0.0 - 0.6	- 7.2 + 6.4	+ 83.7 + 53.2	+ 63.5 + 43.4	- 0.3	+ 1.5	+ 19.0	+ 0.0	+ 32.7	+ 23.6	- 0.3	+ 5.6	+ 3.6
Dec.	+ 4.6	+ 6.5	- 28.7	+ 43.4 - 26.8	- 0.3 - 1.5	+ 2.5 + 0.7	+ 7.8 - 1.0	- 0.1 - 0.2	+ 49.9 + 37.3	+ 28.4 + 97.1	- 3.6 - 10.0	- 1.0 - 2.0	+ 26.0 - 41.2
1999 Jan. Feb.	- 1.8	+ 4.5	+ 17.6	+ 11.9	+ 0.1	- 0.2	+ 5.8	- 0.2	+ 18.4	+ 19.4	+ 3.2	+ 1.7	- 41.2
Mar.	- 0.4 - 0.2	+ 0.2 + 0.2	- 23.1 - 1.1	- 28.4 - 10.7	- 0.0 - 0.0	- 0.5 - 0.9	+ 5.7 + 10.5	+ 0.0 - 0.1	+ 15.8 + 17.0	+ 10.8	+ 0.6	- 1.2	+ 5.7
Apr.	- 0.1	+ 3.4	+ 21.8	+ 11.7	- 0.0	+ 1.0	+ 9.2	- 0.2	+ 9.9	+ 3.6 + 4.4	+ 0.2	+ 0.7	+ 12.3
						1		V.2		. 4.41	- 0.21	+ 1.9	+ 3.6

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

* See table IV.2, footnote*; statistical breaks have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional. Subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Up to December 1998; domestic notes and coins. — 2 Up to December 1998, excluding loans to domestic building and loan associations. — 3 Up to December 1998, including loans on a trust basis; see also footnote 7. — 4 Up to December 1998, bill-based lending (bill holdings plus endorsement liabilities arising from rediscounted bills and bills sent for collection from the banks'

portfolios prior to maturity). — 5 Up to November 1993, included in securities (see also footnote 6). — 6 Up to November 1993, including negotiable money market paper; excluding registered debt securities. — 7 From 1999, no longer included in loans or deposits (see also footnote 3). — 8 Up to December 1998, including loans to domestic building and loan associations. — 9 Excluding debt securities arising from the exchange of equalisation claims; see also footnote 10. — 10 Including liabilities arising from the exchange of equalisation claims. — 11 Including liabilities arising from registered debt securities, registered money market paper and

IV. Banks

			Deposits o	f domestic l	oanks (MFIs) 3, 11, 12		Deposits o	f domestic	non-banks ((non-MFIs)	3, 17		
- au alica	Memo item:	Partici- pating interests in domestic banks		Sight	Time	Bills redis-	Memo item:	An Andre Marine and Andre A	Sight	Time	Savings	Bank	Memo item:	
Equalisa- tion	Trust	and	Total	deposits 13, 14	deposits 3, 14, 15	counted 16	Trust Ioans 7	Total	deposits 13	deposits 3, 15, 18	deposits 19	savings bonds 20	Trust Ioans 7	Period
	loans 7	enterprises	Iotai	13, 14	3, 14, 13	L		Liotui	5 day	L. com our and and			Ay, you can be access and the	
	year or n					* 777	1 20.0	ר פרח ר	303.0	756.6	705.6	202.5	60.5	1989
1.9	1	-Tec	902.8	110.4 256.4	697.8 878.1	73.7 93.4	20.9 21.9	2,028.2 2,334.5	424.6	1	755.2		61.8	1990
1.7 2.4		39.5 41.3	1,249.7 1,249.6	226.9	913.1	87.8	21.7	2,462.7	431.3	976.6	754.1	236.7	64.0 70.4	1991 1992
64.3		49.4 59.5	1,266.2 1,395.2	301.2 380.2	864.7 917.9	78.0 69.2	22.4 27.9	2,570.4 2,788.1	468.3 513.6		770.7		72.4	1993
75.3 68.1		70.7	1,427.9	342.8	976.9	75.2	33.1	2,875.7	540.2		940.5	1	-	1994
71.3		83.2	1,539.4	363.9	1,065.1	75.5 75.4	35.0 52.2	3,021.1 3,241.5	579.9 675.1		1,046.1 1,143.0			1995 1996
81.3 76.0		89.7 95.1	1,731.0 1,902.3	401.1 427.6	1,202.4 1,349.1	75.6	50.0	3,341.9	689.8	1,146.9	1,182.1	236.9	86.1	1997
71.6		129.2	2,086.9	472.5	1,505.2	1		1		2140	1	ł		1998 1997 No
76.6 76.0		93.7 95.1	1,904.6 1,902.3	439.6 427.6	1,334.9 1,349.1	77.5 75.6	52.6 50.0	3,272.9 3,341.9						De
76.1	2	95.6	1,905.3	442.7	1,334.5		50.7	3,311.2						1998 Ja Fe
76.1 76.4		98.7 99.2	1,910.0 1,910.4	448.4 440.6			51.0 50.4					- E		M
75.9		99.5	6	440.7	1,348.2	1	50.0	3,323.8	663.0					A
75.9	107.2	99.5	1,939.6		1,377.3 1,385.2									M Ju
75.4	1	99.5 99.4		1	1	(49.1	1	2				2010	Ju
73.9 73.7	107.4	99.8	2,016.2	464.5	1,426.6	5 76.2	48.9	3,358.1	684.9	1,173.1				Ai Se
73.5	1	2	ž.	1	1	Ĩ	-				Ę	1		0
73.5 73.4			2,098.4	472.1	1,505.5	5 72.3	48.5	3,418.5	754.1	1,163.4	1,177.1	1 236.2	87.7	No De
71.6	2		1	2	1	*	-				i,			1999 Ja
36.5 36.5							30.6	1,838.8	379.4	1 722.1	621.7	7 115.6	5 41.7	Fe
36.6		1	1,031.5	-	1	È		1		1		1		M Ar
38.3		66.8	1,045.1	135.6	909.1	0.3	30.4	1,835.8	382.9	720.7	010.2	2 114.1	41.0	
Change									+ 32.4	1 + 104.8	3 - 37.4	4 + 24.0) + 1.4	1990
- 0.3 - 0.3								+ 125.0) + 4.6	5 + 110.2	2 + 0.9	9 + 10.2	2 – 0.9	1991
- 1.0) + 1.5	+ 7.9	+ 39.7	+ 74.0										1992 1993
- 11.4 - 6.9												2 – 12.2		1994
- 1.2	2 + 7.3	+ 12.5			+ 111.5	5 + 0.4								1995 1996
+ 8.0									5 + 13.0) + 37. ⁻	1 + 39.1	1 + 9.2	2 + 2.1	1997
- 4.4			÷) + 39.7	+ 156.4	lives.			1000		1	4		200
- 0.9 - 0.6														
+ 0.0	1	Lane of the second		1	ġ.									
+ 0.0) – 0.0) + 3.2	2 + 4.9				- <u>6</u>					- 1		· · · · ·
+ 0.3	÷	ł.		1		*7442	1	1	9 + 10.	7 – 0.				
+ 0.0	0 - 0.7	+ 0.0) + 24.	3 - 4.6	5 + 29.1	1 – 0.1	I – 0.2		9 + 2. 9 + 14.					
- 0.5	1					1	1	63153	2			1		Ju
- 1.5			4 + 60.0) + 41.0) + 19.	1 + 0.0) – 0.	1 + 27.4	4 + 19.	7 + 9.	1 – 0.	9 – 0.	6 + 0.0	A
- 0.3	3 – 0.1	1 – 1.3		1		-	eccer	***	4 + 7. 5 + 13.	ř.	1			
+ 0.0						2 - 2.0	0. – 0.	3 + 47.	7 + 48.	7 – 2.	2 + 3.	2 – 2.	3 + 0.4	. N
- 1.8			8 – 11.2	2 + 0.8	8 – O.	4 – 12.9	ç	1		(corb	3	1		
- 0.										6 + 1.	6 + 0.	.9 – 2.	0 + 0.0	Fe Fe
- 0.1 + 0.							0 – 0.	1 - 3.	8 – 4.	1 + 3.		5	-	1
+ 0.	2 – 0.	2 – 0.1	6 + 13.4	4 + 6.	5 + 7.	0 – 0.	1 – 0.	1 + 0.	5 + 7.	3 – 5.	2 – 1.	.0 – 0.	5 + 0.3	si A

non-negotiable bearer debt securities; including subordinated liabilities. — 12 Up to December 1998, excluding liabilities to domestic building and loan associations and money market funds. — 13 Up to December 1998, including time deposits for less than 1 month. — 14 Including liabilities arising from monetary policy operations with the Bundesbank. — 15 Up to December 1998, excluding time deposits for less than 1 month. — 16 Own acceptances and promissory notes outstanding and, up to December 1998, including endorsement liabilities arising from rediscounted bills. — 17 Up to December 1998, including liabilities to domestic building and loans associations and money market funds. — **18** Since the inclusion of building and loan associations in January 1999, including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see table IV. 12). — **19** Excluding deposits under savings and loan contracts (see also footnote 18). — **20** Including liabilities arising from non-negotiable bearer debt securities. — **21** See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV.4.

IV. Banks

Table changed ¹⁰

4. Assets and liabilities of banks (MFIs) in Germany vis-à-vis non-residents *

	Until the e	end of 1998	DM billion	, from 1999	euro billio	n								
		Lending to	o foreign ba	anks (MFIs)	2				Lending to	o foreign no	on-banks (n	on-MFIs) 2		
	Cash in hand	and a second		ind loans ar not evidenc s, bills 3 I		Negotiable money					advances r by certifica		Treasury bills and negotiable money	
Period	(non- euro-area notes and coins) 1	Total	Total	Short- term	Medium and long- term 2	market paper issued by banks 4	Securities issued by banks 5	Memo item: Trust Ioans 6	Total	Total	Short- term	Medium and long- term 2	market paper issued by non-banks	Securities of non-banks
							***************************************	8	I 				f year or	have a second
1989	0.8	358.6	345.2	270.9	74.3	- 1	9.8	3.6	137.8	110.9	20.0	90.8	1.0	18.3
1990	1.0	422.4	400.6	303.3	97.3	-	14.6	7.2	167.5	130.9	29.2	101.7	0.6	24.0
1991 1992	1.1	419.6 405.6	395.8 377.4	266.5 250.0	129.3 127.4	-	17.5 21.3	6.4	188.7	142.6	27.7	114.8	1.4	31.3
1993	1.2	533.8	498.3	360.5	137.7	- 0.1	21.3	6.8 11.2	217.8 262.5	157.3 184.0	30.2 48.3	127.1 135.7	0.4 0.0	45.2 63.0
1994	1.2	492.3	455.0	309.0	146.0	0.1	23.7	13.5	257.4	173.0	35.0	138.0	0.6	66.5
1995 1996	1.2 1.4	538.4	500.8	349.7	151.1	0.1	25.6	11.8	289.2	191.1	42.1	148.9	1.7	79.7
1997	1.4	588.9 689.1	544.2 635.3	386.6 456.1	157.6 179.2	0.3 0.2	31.5 43.1	13.0 10.5	352.0 474.8	230.4 312.7	60.2 96.2	170.2 216.5	4.9 6.0	103.9
1998	1.5	774.9	706.9	533.6	173.3	0.4	58.7	9.0	610.3	364.9	93.9	270.9	11.6	140.3 211.0
1997 Nov. Dec.	1.4 1.5	680.5 689.1	626.0 635.3	451.6 456.1	174.4 179.2	0.5 0.2	41.3 43.1	12.7 10.5	462.0 474.8	293.3 312.7	89.8 96.2	203.5 216.5	6.8 6.0	146.9 140.3
1998 Jan. Feb.	1.4	688.2	632.2	452.9	179.3	0.3	44.5	11.1	478.9	312.6	88.1	224.5	4.1	146.1
Mar.	1.6 1.7	680.2 704.3	623.5 642.5	441.6 455.7	181.9 186.8	0.3 1.9	45.4 49.1	11.0 10.8	492.2 504.8	321.0 328.3	94.8 98.3	226.2 230.0	4.8	149.9
Apr.	1.7	703.5	645.2	457.0	188.2	0.5	47.4	10.4	508.2	325.5	97.2	228.3	5.0	154.3
May	1.8	709.9	650.9	462.0	188.9	0.5	48.1	10.4	526.2	329.6	98.8	230.9	5.8 5.5	158.1 172.0
June	1.9	731.8	665.4	475.4	190.0	0.6	55.8	10.1	558. 9	343.7	108.6	235.2	6.2	188.7
July Aug.	1.9 1.7	699.3 740.4	638.4 678.4	448.2 485.9	190.2 192.5	0.4 0.2	50.5 51.8	10.1 10.0	555.4 565.0	345.5	106.8	238.7	7.0	182.9
Sep.	2.3	717.1	655.0	465.6	189.4	0.2	51.8	9.9	568.6	355.6 361.5	113.3 120.5	242.3 241.1	6.9 6.0	180.1 178.6
Oct.	1.5	732.2	667.0	478.6	188.4	0.5	54.9	9.9	576.8	348.5	105.6	242.9	9.2	196.7
Nov. Dec.	1.4 1.5	789.0 774.9	720.1	533.2	186.9	0.4	58.6	9.9	591.9	356.8	107.3	249.5	11.2	201.8
1999 Jan.	0.5	455.7	706.9 426.6	533.6	173.3	0.4	58.7	9.0	610.3	364.9	93.9	270.9	11.6	211.0
Feb.	0.5	409.5	426.6 380.8	336.6 291.0	90.1 89.8	0.2 0.1	28.9 28.6	4.9 4.9	307.2 308.0	192.6 193.9	49.7 46.3	142.9 147.6	7.2 5.5	107.4 108.6
Mar.	0.6	413.3	383.1	291.7	91.4	0.2	30.1	4.2	324.6	202.0	49.1	153.0	6.1	116.4
Apr.	0.6	420.6	388.0	294.6	93.4	0.3	32.3	4.6	337.6	208.6	52.2	156.4	6.2	122.8
													Cł	nanges *
1990 1991	- 0.3	+ 50.7	+ 41.5	+ 16.5	+ 25.0	- 1	+ 5.3	+ 3.9	+ 26.4	+ 15.9	+ 9.2	+ 6.7	- 0.21	+ 6.3
1992	+ 0.1 - 0.1	- 3.6 - 18.4	- 5.9 - 22.6	- 38.1 - 20.4	+ 32.2	-	+ 3.2 + 3.8	- 0.9 + 0.4	+ 22.6 + 28.6	+ 12.3 + 13.6	- 1.3 + 2.5	+ 13.7	+ 0.7	+ 8.0
1993	+ 0.1	+ 117.3	+ 117.2	+ 103.9	+ 13.3	- 0.0	+ 0.5	- 0.4	+ 31.9	+ 12.6	+ 6.2	+ 11.0 + 6.3	- 1.0 - 0.4	+ 14.1 + 19.5
1994	+ 0.0	- 24.0	- 27.5	- 41.4	+ 13.9	- 0.0	+ 0.1	+ 3.4	- 1.6	- 5.5	- 12.3	+ 6.7	+ 0.6	+ 5.1
1995 1996	+ 0.1 + 0.2	+ 59.1 + 34.2	+ 57.6 + 29.9	+ 49.2 + 27.2	+ 8.4 + 2.7	+ 0.0 + 0.2	+ 2.9 + 5.2	- 1.4	+ 38.3	+ 21.3	+ 7.8	+ 13.6	+ 1.1	+ 16.1
1997	+ 0.1	+ 80.6	+ 71.5	+ 53.3	+ 18.2	- 0.1	+ 5.2 + 10.4	- 1.1 - 1.2	+ 58.4 + 109.3	+ 36.2 + 73.0	+ 17.0	+ 19.2	+ 3.1 + 0.7	+ 21.4 + 32.9
1998	- 0.0	+ 100.8	+ 89.5	+ 79.3	+ 10.2	+ 0.0	+ 13.1	- 1.8	+ 122.0	+ 42.7	- 6.4	+ 49.1	+ 5.5	+ 66.0
1997 Nov. Dec.	- 0.1 + 0.1	+ 24.3 + 6.0	+ 24.5 + 6.9	+ 23.6 + 2.5	+ 0.8 + 4.4	+ 0.0 - 0.3	- 0.2 + 1.7	- 0.0 - 2.3	+ 6.9 + 11.3	+ 4.6 + 18.3	+ 3.7 + 6.1	+ 0.8 + 12.2	+ 0.3 - 0.8	+ 1.9 - 6.9
1998 Jan.	- 0.1	- 5.1	- 6.7	- 6.4	- 0.2	+ 0.1	+ 1.4	+ 0.0	+ 1.5	- 2.0	- 8.6	+ 6.6	- 2.0	+ 5.3
Feb. Mar.	+ 0.2 + 0.1	- 6.4 + 20.7	- 7.4	- 10.3	+ 2.9	- 0.1	+ 1.1	- 0.0	+ 14.3	+ 9.2	+ 6.9	+ 2.4	+ 0.7	+ 4.0
Apr.	+ 0.1	1	+ 15.9	+ 11.9	+ 4.0	+ 1.6	+ 3.5	- 0.2	+ 9.8	+ 5.0	+ 3.1	+ 1.9	+ 0.1	+ 4.1
May	+ 0.1	+ 5.4 + 10.6	+ 8.3 + 9.5	+ 5.3 + 7.2	+ 2.9 + 2.3	- 1.4 + 0.0	- 1.1 + 1.0	- 0.3 + 0.0	+ 8.1 + 20.1	+ 0.6 + 5.4	- 0.4 + 1.9	+ 1.0 + 3.5	+ 0.8	+ 4.8
June	+ 0.1	+ 10.4	+ 7.2	+ 7.1	+ 0.2	- 0.1	+ 3.6	- 0.4	+ 17.9	+ 5.6	+ 3.9	+ 3.5 + 2.7	- 0.2 + 0.6	+ 14.7 + 9.5
July	- 0.0	- 27.2	- 22.1	- 23.5	+ 1.4	- 0.2	- 4.9	+ 0.0	+ 0.1	+ 4.1	- 1.2	+ 5.2	+ 0.8	- 4.6
Aug. Sep.	- 0.2 + 0.6	+ 41.6 - 13.7	+ 40.4 - 14.6	+ 38.0 - 14.0	+ 2.4 - 0.6	- 0.1 + 0.2	+ 1.3	- 0.0	+ 10.1	+ 10.5	+ 6.6	+ 3.9	- 0.1	- 2.7
Oct.	- 0.8	+ 13.1	+ 10.2	+ 11.0	- 0.8	1	+ 0.7	+ 0.0	+ 12.0	+ 12.1	+ 8.4	+ 3.7	- 0.7	+ 0.1
Nov. Dec.	- 0.0 - 0.1 + 0.1	+ 52.6	+ 49.3	+ 11.0 + 52.0 + 0.9	- 0.8 - 2.7 - 1.5	+ 0.1 - 0.1 + 0.0	+ 2.8 + 3.4	- 0.0 - 0.0	+ 8.7 + 11.2	- 11.8 + 5.1	- 14.8 + 1.1	+ 3.1 + 4.0	+ 3.3 + 2.0	+ 17.2 + 4.7
1999 Jan.	- 0.2	+ 60.8	+ 62.0	+ 61.1	+ 0.9	+ 0.0	+ 0.2	- 0.9	+ 8.2	- 2.2	- 13.2	+ 11.1	+ 0.3	+ 9.0
Feb.	+ 0.1	- 48.9	- 48.4	- 47.5	- 0.8	- 0.0	- 1.2 - 0.4	+ 0.2 + 0.0	+ 11.1 - 1.6	+ 10.6 - 0.7	+ 7.7	+ 3.0 + 3.2	+ 1.2 - 1.8	- 0.8 + 0.8
Mar.	+ 0.0	+ 1.3	+ 0.1	- 1.0	+ 1.1	+ 0.1	+ 1.2	- 0.7	+ 14.6	+ 6.6	+ 2.4	+ 4.3	+ 0.6	+ 7.4
Apr.	+ 0.0	+ 6.1	+ 3.7	+ 2.0	+ 1.7	+ 0.2	+ 2.1	+ 0.4	+ 11.9	+ 5.6	+ 2.9	+ 2.7	+ 0.0	+ 6.2

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

* See table IV.2, footnote*; statistical breaks have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional. Subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Up to December 1998: domestic notes and coins. — 2 Up to December 1998, including loans on a

trust basis; see also footnote 6. — 3 Up to December 1998, bill-based lending (bill holdings plus endorsement liabilities arising from rediscounted bills and bills sent for collection from the banks' portfolios prior to maturity). — 4 Up to November 1993, included in securities; see also

IV. Banks

taan daalah 200 - Serendari M	ny pananana ara ara 1021 Jawa na kasi akasi 11 at	Deposits o	f foreign ba	nks (MFIs)				Deposits o	f foreign no	on-banks (n	on-MFIs) 2	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	pa-main and 1.11	
ann ach de a l' v ach a chan ach d	Partici- pating interests			Di Bieranne wir 1993, Jier ande 1985 bli	sits (includi	ng bank				Time depo	sits (includi posits and b		GACTORING AND	
femo tem: rust	in foreign banks and enter-		Sight		Short-	Medium and long-	Memo item: Trust		Sight	T-+-1 0	Short-	Medium and long- term ²	Memo item: Trust Ioans 6	Period
oans 6	prises 7	Total	deposits 8	Total 9	term 9	term 2	loans 6	Total	deposits 8	IOTAI 9	term 9	lerm -		renou
nd of y	year or m	onth *												
7.7	16.2	196.3	40.8	150.6	71.2	79.4	4.9	70.5	10.4	ê.	18.4	1	1.6	1989
11.9	20.9	246.0	54.6	182.1	74.5			83.0		65.9 76.1	21.6 24.2		5.5 5.3	1990 1991
13.5	22.8	253.3	58.8	184.2	88.3 119.2			93.0 125.8		103.6	34.4		6.4	1992
14.8		297.0 328.1	66.7 82.9	219.7 236.0	122.5			162.8		139.2	39.1		6.7	1993
15.5 17.3		1	111.6	283.7	150.8		3	181.5	20.6	155.3	41.7	113.6	5.6	1994
	1	Ciel State	116.9	339.7	191.6	148.2	7.0	224.4	22.1	198.0	45.3		4.4	1995
16.7 12.7	38.8 45.8	463.7 486.5	110.9	335.7	172.0	1				237.2	50.0		2.1	1996
15.7			226.0	440.2	254.3					285.7	63.0		4.8 9.5	1997 1998
22.9				562.5	359.1	203.4	3.7	390.3	51.3	329.6	-		the second se	
15.0	53.5	670.2	221.5	444.8	259.3								4.3 4.8	1997 No De
15.7	1	670.3		440.2	254.3	185.9	4.0	333.9	43.5	1	63.0	200		
16.1		690.4	236.6	449.4	260.2	189.2	4.3							1998 Ja
16.5		ŝ		457.6	267.4						62.1			Fe M
17.2				475.8	282.4	193.4	3.4	359.7	46.2	8	1	1		
18.9	55.6	729.5	243.1	483.3	289.8	193.5								A N
19.0	1			500.4	304.4									ıv ار
20.3		794.6	295.7	495.8	298.5	197.3	3.0	372.8	51.6	1				
20.1	58.7	760.3	246.3	511.0	315.6									JL A
22.5			249.2											A Se
22.5		777.8	254.2	520.5	325.5	i 195.0) 3.1	E.	-	1	1	-		
22.4	65.0	824.5	258.1	563.4	368.9									O N
22.0												3		D
22.9	62.9	875.7	309.5	562.5	359.1	203.4	Į.		-	5				1999 Ja
11.6	5 22.4	491.5	152.4											1999 Ja
11.8	3 22.7										2			M
13.0	22.8	457.2	112.5	344.7	8	1		1		1	100.00		lib II	А
13.3	3 23.4	467.2	96.9	370.4	283.4	1 87.() 2.0	250.4	4 22.5	5 227.9	58.:	5 109.4	H 0.2	
Change	es *													4000
+ 4.9		5 + 25.8	+ 14.1	+ 6.1	+ 6.5									1990 1991
+ 1.6	·) + 6.										· 6		1992
+ 1.9								2					1	1993
+ 0.2							- 1					4 + 16.4	1 – 0.7	1994
- 1.7							2000	1		2 + 46.	5 + 4.	1 + 42.4	4 - 0.9	1995
- 0.2							1				1			1996
- 2.3 + 2.7										4 + 43.				1997
+ 2.1	5						0 – 0.	3 + 64.	7 + 10.4	4 + 48.9	9 + 10.	3 + 38.6	1	1
+ 0.1				2 + 7.	3 + 5.	3 + 1.	9 – 0.	3 + 8.	9 + 2.	3 + 6.1	6 + 4.			
+ 0.	1 I.				- 1 -	4 – 0.	1 + 0.	1 - 4.	9 – 0.	8] – 4.!	5 – 2.	8 – 1.		D
+ 0.3	1	1	2 + 13.	3 + 6.0	5 + 3.	9 + 2.	7 + 0.	3 + 7.	4 + 3.					1998 J
+ 0.4						0 + 1.	2 – 0.							
+ 0.0	· · ·			3 + 15.4	4 + 12.	9 + 2.	5 – 0.	4 + 9.	4 + 3.	1 + 5.	8 + 5.			
+ 1.3	8 + 0.	4 + 1.	9 – 9.0	5 + 11.	3 + 10.	5 + 1.								
+ 0.	- 1			3 + 18.	B + 15.									
+ 1.	2 + 0.	4 + 14.	6 + 25.) - 10.	4 – 11.	1 + 0.	7 – 0.	0 – 5.	5			1		ł
- 0.	1 + 2.	2 – 29.	1 – 47.											
+ 2.	4 + 0.	1 + 8.	8 + 3.											
+ 0.			8 + 7.	9 + 11.	8 + 9.		-	1	_					
+ 0.	0 + 1.	1 + 47.												3
- 0.	6 + 0.							- 3				.3 + 1.		
+ 1.	0 – 2.	3 – 17.		1			2					.3 + 10.		1
- 0.												.3 + 10. .4 + 6.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
+ 0.	- 1							1 .				.4 + 10.		
+ 1.				1	-	100-00	-	1	(3 + 5.	-	.9 + 1.	5 - 0.0	
+ 0.	2 + 0.	6 + 8.	3 – 15.	9 + 24.	2 + 22	.9 + 1	.4 + 0	.0 + 4	1.	J; T J.				

footnote 5. — 5 Up to November 1993, including negotiable money market paper; excluding registered debt securities. — 6 From 1999, no longer included in loans and deposits (see also footnote 2). — 7 Up to December 1998, including working capital supplied to branches abroad. — 8 Up to

December 1998, including time deposits for less than 1 month. — 9 Up to December 1998, excluding time deposits for less than 1 month. — 10 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV.5.

IV. Banks

Table changed ¹²

5. Lending of banks (MFIs) in Germany to domestic non-banks (non-MFIs) *

	Until the end of 1998 DM bill	ion, from 1999	euro billion							
		Short-term le	ending						Medium and	long-term
	Lending to domestic		to enterprise	s and individua	als 1	to public aut	horities			to enter-
Period	non-banks, total 1.2 including excluding negotiable money market paper, securities, equalisation claims	Total	Total	Loans and advances not evi- denced by certifi- cates and bills 3, 4	Negoti- able money market paper	Total	Loans and advances not evi- denced by certifi-	Treasury		
		1.0.4			Thatel		cates	bills 5	Total	Total
1989	2,470.1 2,320.1	385.6	375.2	374.7					d of year o	rmonth
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	2,875.0 2,681.9 3,147.0 2,951.4 3,478.2 3,166.6 3,826.4 3,417.8 4,137.2 3,633.1	548.2 602.0 597.2	573.2 521.0 575.8 571.2 544.2 549.1	574.7 520.9 575.5 571.0 540.8 548.6	0.5 0.1 0.4 0.2 3.4 0.4	10.5 27.1 26.1 26.0 19.0 34.4	6.9 7.5 14.7 16.7 16.8 32.7	3.5 19.6 11.4 9.3 2.2 1.8	2,084.4 2,326.9 2,545.0 2,881.0 3,263.2 3,553.7	1,547.6 1,750.5 1,941.8 2,167.5 2,441.8 2,661.9
1995 1996 1997 1998 1997 Nov.	4,436.9 3,936.9 4,773.1 4,248.7 5,058.4 4,506.2 5,379.8 4,775.4 5,041.8 4,469.2	662.2 667.8	584.0 617.2 625.8 661.3 604.9	583.3 616.2 624.8 660.8 603.4	0.7 1.0 1.0 0.5 1.5	31.3 45.1 41.9 43.0 60.7	30.5 40.2 40.1 38.5	0.8 4.9 1.9 4.5	3,821.7 4,110.8 4,390.6 4,675.5	2,785.5 3,007.2 3,223.4 3,482.4
Dec. 1998 Jan. Feb.	5,058.4 4,506.2 5,081.6 4,499.4 5,111.4 4,527.9	667.8 649.8 661.3	625.8 609.1 609.5	624.8 606.9	1.0 2.3	41.9 40.6	58.5 40.1 38.0	2.3 1.9 2.6	4,376.1 4,390.6 4,431.9	3,192.2 3,223.4 3,248.8
Mar. Apr. May	5,161.0 4,537.5 5,203.7 4,561.4	662.2 673.0	617.6 623.4	607.7 615.9 621.6	1.9 1.7 1.8	51.8 44.6 49.6	49.9 42.8 44.4	1.9 1.8 5.3	4,450.1 4,498.8 4,530.7	3,266.9 3,296.2 3,323.6
June July	5,214.3 4,566.8 5,225.2 4,582.3 5,236.6 4,606.2	665.4 671.3 671.3	630.5 635.3 625.9	628.5 634.0 625.0	2.0 1.3 0.9	34.9 36.0 45.4	31.4 31.9 41.2	3.5 4.0 4.2	4,548.9 4,553.9 4,565.3	3,336.3 3,335.6 3,354.6
Aug. Sep. Oct.	5,253.3 4,624.6 5,264.8 4,649.4 5,297.6 4,673.1	673.6 686.7 690.3	627.0 639.9 636.7	626.0 638.8 635.2	0.9 1.1 1.4	46.6 46.8 53.6	44.0 45.5 47.1	2.7 1.3 6.6	4,579.7 4,578.0	3,367.9 3,382.3
Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan.	5,348.0 4,698.6 5,379.8 4,775.4 2,765.0 2,456.9	695.2 704.3 348.0	639.3 661.3 319.9	638.0 660.8	1.3 0.5	55.9 43.0	50.2 38.5	5.7 4.5	4,607.3 4,652.9 4,675.5	3,404.7 3,438.3 3,482.4
Feb. Mar. Apr.	2,781.3 2,468.8 2,798.1 2,472.4	352.2 354.7	319.4 320.7	318.8 318.9 320.2	1.1 0.4 0.5	28.0 32.9 34.0	24.8 30.2 30.7	3.2 2.6 3.3	2,417.0 2,429.1 2,443.4	1,815.3 1,824.3 1,845.1
- Pi -	2,808.1 2,476.8	349.9	318.2	317.3	0.9	31.7	26.9	4.8	2,458.2	1,860.6
1990	+ 219.9 + 186.7	+ 76.4	+ 73.5	+ 73.9	- 0.4	+ 3.0	- 0.4	+ 3.4		hanges *
1991 1992 1993 1994 1995	+ 285.7 + 280.5 + 294.3 + 240.3 + 339.8 + 253.7 + 320.5 + 244.0	+ 70.9 + 16.9 - 15.1 + 13.2	+ 72.0 + 18.1 - 9.2 + 7.0	+ 71.7 + 18.3 - 11.9 + 9.9	+ 0.2 - 0.1 + 2.7 - 2.9	- 1.0 - 1.2 - 5.9 + 6.2	+ 7.2 + 0.8 + 1.2 + 6.6	- 8.2 - 2.0 - 7.2 - 0.4	+ 143.4 + 214.7 + 277.4 + 354.9 + 307.2	+ 104.8 + 186.9 + 229.7 + 251.7 + 249.1
1996 1997 1998	+ 312.8 + 311.9 + 336.3 + 312.9 + 285.2 + 256.9 + 335.3 + 285.5	+ 35.9 + 44.3 + 2.7 + 51.7	+ 37.9 + 32.6 + 5.9 + 50.6	+ 37.7 + 32.2 + 5.9 + 51.2	+ 0.2 + 0.4 + 0.0 - 0.6	- 1.9 + 11.7 - 3.2 + 1.1	- 1.0 + 7.4 - 0.1 - 1.6	- 1.0 + 4.3 - 3.0 + 2.7	+ 276.9 + 292.0 + 282.5 + 283.6	+ 185.1 + 221.5 + 219.9 + 258.3
1997 Nov. Dec. 1998 Jan.	+ 39.9 + 35.8 + 17.1 + 37.6 + 23.6 - 6.5	+ 6.0 + 1.1 - 17.7	- 2.1 + 19.9 - 16.4	- 1.9 + 20.4	- 0.2 - 0.5	+ 8.1 - 18.8	+ 8.6 - 18.4	- 0.5 - 0.4	+ 34.0 + 16.0	+ 21.7 + 32.7
Feb. Mar. Apr.	+ 30.1 + 28.6 + 49.6 + 9.6	+ 11.7 + 0.0	+ 0.5 + 7.2	- 17.6 + 0.9 + 7.4	+ 1.2 - 0.4 - 0.2	- 1.3 + 11.2 - 7.1	- 2.0 + 11.9 - 7.1	+ 0.7 - 0.7 - 0.1	+ 41.3 + 18.4 + 49.5	+ 25.4 + 18.1 + 30.1
May June	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	+ 11.5 - 7.3 + 14.2	+ 6.5 + 7.5 + 13.1	+ 6.4 + 7.2 + 13.8	+ 0.1 + 0.2 - 0.7	+ 5.0 - 14.7 + 1.1	+ 1.6 - 13.0 + 0.6	+ 3.5 - 1.7 + 0.5	+ 31.9 + 18.2 + 0.7	+ 27.5 + 12.7 - 4.0
July Aug. Sep.	+ 13.6 + 24.5 + 16.7 + 18.4 + 12.5 + 25.8	+ 0.5 + 2.3 + 14.4	- 8.9 + 1.1 + 14.2	- 8.5 + 1.1 + 14.0	- 0.4 + 0.0 + 0.2	+ 9.4 + 1.3 + 0.2	+ 9.2 + 2.8 + 1.5	+ 0.2 - 1.5 - 1.4	+ 13.1 + 14.4 - 1.8	+ 20.6 + 13.3 + 14.3
Oct. Nov. Dec.	+ 32.7 + 23.5 + 49.9 + 25.0 + 37.3 + 82.2	+ 3.5 + 4.4 + 14.2	- 3.4 + 2.1 + 27.1	- 3.7 + 2.3 + 27.9	+ 0.4 - 0.1 - 0.9	+ 6.8 + 2.2 - 12.9	+ 1.6 + 3.1 - 11.8	+ 5.2 - 0.9 - 1.1	+ 29.3 + 45.6 + 23.1	+ 22.4 + 33.6 + 44.4
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	+ 18.4 + 22.6 + 15.8 + 11.4 + 17.0 + 3.9 + 9.9 + 4.2	+ 4.5 + 3.7 + 2.8	- 0.5 - 1.2 + 1.7	- 1.3 - 0.5 + 1.6	+ 0.8 - 0.6 + 0.1	+ 5.0 + 4.8 + 1.2	+ 4.1 + 5.4 + 0.5	+ 0.8 - 0.6 + 0.6	+ 13.8 + 12.2 + 14.2	+ 18.1 + 9.1 + 20.6
· •4• •	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	- 4.9	- 2.6	- 3.0	+ 0.4	- 2.3	- 3.8	+ 1.5	+ 14.8	+ 15.5

* See table IV.2, footnote*; statistical breaks have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional. Subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Up to December 1998, including loans to domestic building and loan associations. — 2 Up to December 1998, including loans on a trust basis; see also footnote 9. — 3 Up

to December 1998, bill-based lending (bill holdings plus endorsement liabilities arising from rediscounted bills and bills sent for collection from the banks' portfolios prior to maturity). — 4 From 1999, including small amounts of medium-term series of bills. — 5 From December 1993, including other negotiable money market paper; excluding mobilisation and liquidity paper. — 6 From 1999, breakdown of lending against securities by medium

IV. Banks

orises and inc	dividuals 1, 2				to public aut	horities 2				page 200 million and a construction of the second		
oans and ad	lvances not	99999-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-0		ga e ver had de haven initial (n. 1966) e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		Loans and ac evidenced by		age ¹ (1972) 77.57 1 .11.1.12.12.02.07 - 47.17.17.17.17.17.17.17.17.17.17.17.17.17				
	Medium- term 7	Long- term ⁸	Securities 6	Memo item: Trust loans 9	Total	Total	Medium- term 7	Long- term 8	Secur- ities 6, 10	Equal- isation claims 11	Memo item: Trust Ioans 9	Period
End of ye	ar or mor	nth *										
1,446.4	138.6	1,307.9	41.2	60.0	536.8	420.3	30.7	389.6	102.8	1.9		1989
1,635.9	159.9	1,476.0	53.1	61.5	637.1	443.7	42.8 51.3	401.0 420.8	118.7 115.5	1.7 2.4	12.4 13.1	1990 1991
1,814.1 2,011.5	213.7 263.5	1,600.3 1,748.0	65.8 90.3	62.0 65.7	682.9 734.1	472.0 487.8	47.6		147.2	64.3	13.9	1992
2,011.5	253.9	1,987.5	134.2	66.1	821.4	537.1	36.8		193.5 230.5	75.3 68.1	15.5 16.1	1993 1994
2,390.4	228.3	2,162.0	203.2	68.3	891.8	577.0	34.5	7 4 9	230.5	71.3	17.5	1995
2,522.0	214.1	2,307.9 2,497.5	192.9 205.9	70.6 88.0	1,036.2	713.0 773.0	74.5 69.5		234.4	81.3	18.0	1996
2,713.3 2,900.0	215.8 216.2		234.1	89.3	1,167.2	833.8	53.0	780.8	239.2	76.0	18.3 17.3	1997 1998
3,104.5	206.8	2,897.8	292.4	85.4	1,193.2	868.8	33.1	a la constante de la constante	235.4	71.6	17.3	1997 No
2,870.7	214.9		232.2	89.3 89.3	1,183.9 1,167.2	829.1 833.8	55.5 53.0		260.1 239.2	76.6 76.0	18.2	De
2,900.0	216.2		1	1	1	840.3	50.1		248.4	76.1	18.3	1998 Jar
2,906.1 2,916.2	214.4 214.1		252.9 260.6		1,183.0 1,183.2	845.9	49.4	796.5	243.1	76.1	18.1	Fe
2,924.1	213.3			90.0	1,202.6	846.8	43.8	1		76.4	1	Ma
2,938.3	213.5					849.3	44.0		263.8 268.2	75.9 75.9	18.0 17.9	Ap Ma
2,949.3	213.2 212.3					850.6 849.9				75.4		Jui
2,959.3	5				1	850.1	38.1	812.0	269.2			Ju
2,982.7 2,996.4	213.9 213.0				1,211.9	850.8	36.0) 814.8	269.7	73.7		AL Se
3,011.0	213.5		281.7		2	846.8	1			1	8	Dc Dc
3,031.9	213.0					851.4 852.3				73.5 73.4		No
3,050.4 3,104.5	210.7 206.8											De
1,661.1	181.4		1	1	601.8							1999 Jai
1,668.0	186.1	1,481.9	156.3	49.2								Fe Ma
1,672.5	187.8	•				ł	1					11.000
1,681.8	189.2	1,492.5	178.8	49.0	597.6	450.c	52.2	410.0	100.5		.,	•
Changes	*								. 107	0.3	+ 0.5	1990
+ 91.1											+ 0.5	1991
+ 175.2 + 204.1	+ 39.4 + 29.6			3.0 + 8	3 + 41.2	+ 15.7	/ - 3.6	5 + 19.3				1992 1993
+ 214.1	- 28.9	+ 243.0										1994
+ 198.7	- 29.2	1	* *		1			8		-		1995
+ 176.0 + 204.4				· 2		6	7 - 5.!	5 + 71.2	2 - 3.3	+ 8.0		1996
+ 189.0	+ 0.3	3 + 188.7	7 + 29.5	5 + 1.4	1 + 62.6							
+ 205.7						i.	1		dealer and a second	1		1997 No
+ 19.1		3 + 19.4 1 + 29.8										De
+ 30.9					1	1	5 - 2.	9 + 9.4	1 + 9.4	t + 0.0		
+ 6.1 + 10.2				7 + 0.	2 + 0.3	3 + 5.	7 – 0.	7 + 6.4				Fe M
+ 8.7				2	-	*						C.
+ 14.2											·	
+ 11.0 + 10.1						1 .		5				
+ 23.4			· .	1	_							
+ 13.7	- 0.1	8 + 14.	5 - 0.0	5 + 0.	1 + 1.1	1						
+ 14.4	+ 0.			_		E .						11214
+ 20.9											0 + 0.0) 🕺 N
+ 18.5			2					ž		7 – 1.	-	
+ 18.7		-		6 + 0.								
+ 6.9) + 6.	4 + 0.	5 + 2.	2 + 0.	0 + 3.	- 1						
+ 4.4	4 + 1.	6 + 2.	8 + 16.	2 + 0.	2 – 6. 4 – 0.	(o – 2. 7 – 0.		0 – J. 1 – 2.	1		

and long-term lending no longer possible. — 7 Up to December 1998, maturity or period of notice of more than one year to less than 4 years; from 1999, more than 1 year up to and including 5 years. — 8 Up to December 1998, maturity or period of notice of 4 years and more; from 1999, of more than 5 years. — 9 From 1999, no longer included in lending (see also footnote 2). — 10 Excluding debt securities arising from the exchange of equalisation claims, see also footnote 11. — 11 Including debt securities arising from the exchange of equalisation claims. — 12 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV.6.

IV. Banks

Table changed ¹⁰

Lending by banks (MFIs) in Germany to domestic enterprises and individuals, housing loans, sectors of economic activity *

	Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion Lending to domestic enterprises and individuals (excluding portfolios of negotiable money market paper and excluding securities portfolios) 1													
	Lending to	o domestic e	enterprises a	and individu	als (exclud	ng portfoli	os of negot	iable mone	y market pa	per and exe	luding secu	urities portf	olios) 1	
		of which												
		Address Carlos	Housing lo	ans		Lending to	enterprise	s and self-e	mployed pe	rsons				
		New Jones	100 in 1000 000-000 000 2010 100 00000 0000	Contraction of the local data and the local data an	1	3					1	1	r	<u> </u>
						11								
Period	Total	Mortgage Ioans, total	Total	Mortgage loans secured by residen- tial real estate	Other housing loans	Tatal	of which Housing	Manufac-	Energy and water supply,	Construc-		Agri- culture and forestry,	Trans- port and tele- commu-	Financial institu- tions 4 (excluding MFIs) and insur- ance enter-
	Lending	Contraction of the second s	Total	estate		Total	loans	turing	mining 2	tion	tion ³	fisheries	nications	prises
4000												End of y	/ear or q	uarter *
1996 1997	3,417.4 3,614.1	1,227.2 1,335.7	1,433.7 1,543.9	887.1 968.2	546.5 575.7	2,111.1 2,225.2	534.7 574.4	320.6 318.5	64.1 66.6	121.0 122.7	323.2 334.9	58.9 60.5	75.4 77.2	101.8 116.0
1998 Mar.	3,629.9	1,352.6	1.560.9	983.0	577.9	2,233.9	582.1	318.5	67.1	122.7	330.3	60.5 60.9	77.2	116.0
June Sep.	3,682.6 3,739.5	1,368.1 1,391.9	1,579.2 1,606.5	993.7 1,012.4	585.5 594.1	2,266.6 2,297.0	589.1 598.3	324.5 324.4	69.0	124.9 125.3	333.7 336.4	62.1	80.1	120.4
Dec.	3,850.8	1,430.2	1,654.9	1,040. 9	614.0	2,367.1	614.9	331.5	67.9 70.7	124.2	343.1	63.8 63.7	80.6 80.9	124.9 132.8
1999 Mar.	1,993.5	837.3	924.4	629.1	295.3	1,159.2	315.3	163.8	32.1	67.7	173.8	30.3	39.9	25.6
1996	Short-term	n lending	25.03											
1997	616.2 624.8	-	35.9 34.6	-	35.9 34.6	524.5 534.4	26.8 26.3	116.2 114.5	6.5 6.1	38.7 37.5	126.1 132.0	9.2 8.7	11.7	23.3 27.9
1998 Mar.	615.9	-	33.2	-	33.2	528.8	25.2	117.0		38.5	132.0	8.7	11.8 12.4	27.9
June Sep.	634.0 638.8	-	33.9 34.5	-	33.9 34.5	542.8 543.8	25.7 25.6	120.0 119.8	6.3 7.3 6.5	39.2 38.7	130.8	9.4 9.7	13.6	25.9
Dec.	660.8	-	36.7	-	36.7	561.3	27.9	120.6	8.8	36.1	130.4 133.9	9.7 8.8	13.5 12.1	26.4 28.5
1999 Mar.	321.0		19.7	- 1	19.7	269.6	13.6	57.6	3.4	19.2	62.7	4.4	6.4	9.4
1996	Medium-te 215.8	erm lending		1	44 51	475.61								1
1997	215.8	-	41.5 42.3	-	41.5 42.3	135.6 137.8	17.3 17.8	18.4 17.6	1.8 1.6	10.5 10.0	17.4 16.7	4.7 4.7	8.0 7.7	15.8 17.0
1998 Mar. June	213.3	-	42.3	-	42.3	135.9	18.2	16.9	1.4	9.8	16.9	4.6	7.5	16.9
Sep.	212.3 213.5		42.0 41.4	-	42.0 41.4	134.2 135.8	18.1 17.8	16.6 16.5	1.7 1.7	9.6 9.7	16.4 16.7	4.7 4.8	7.2	16.9
Dec.	206.8	-	39.3	-	39.3	132.2	17.4	16.1	1.5	9.3	16.1	4.5	6.8	17.2 17.3
1999 Mar.	187.8	 	49.4	- 1	49.4	108.6	15.1	16.1	1.3	7.3	14.2	3.5	5.6	4.3
1996	2,585.5	lending 1, 9 1,227.2	1,356.3	887.1	469.1	1 451 1	400 7 1	100.01	55.0					
1997	2,773.1	1,335.7	1,467.0	968.2	498.8	1,451.1 1,553.0	490.7 530.3	186.0 186.5	55.8 58.9	71.7 75.2	179.6 186.1	45.1 47.2	55.6 57.7	62.7 71.1
1998 Mar. June	2,800.7 2,836.3	1,352.6 1,368.1	1,485.5	983.0	502.5	1,569.3	538.6	187.4	59.4	75.1	184.7	47.4	58.6	72.9
Sep.	2,887.2	1,391.9	1,503.3 1,530.7	993.7 1,012.4	509.5 518.3	1,589.6 1,617.5	545.2 554.8	187.8 188.1	60.0 59.6	76.1 76.8	186.5 189.4	48.1 49.3	59.3 60.1	77.6 81.4
Dec. 1999 Mar.	2,983.2 1,484.7	1,430.2 837.3	1,578.9	1,040.9	538.0	1,673.5	569.6	194.8	59.6 60.4	78.8	193.1	50.4	62.0	87.0
1999 (Mar.			855.3	629.1	226.2	781.0	286.6	90.0	27.4	41.2	96.9	22.4	27.9	11.8
	Lending,	, total									C	hange o	luring qu	uarter *
1998 2nd qtr	+ 62.1	+ 18.7	+ 21.2 + 28.7	+ 13.9	+ 7.3	+ 39.2	+ 7.1	+ 3.2 - 0.1	+ 1.8	+ 1.5	+ 3.5			
3rd qtr 4th qtr	+ 58.5 + 116.1	+ 24.0 + 36.8		+ 19.0 + 27.3	+ 9.7 + 21.7	+ 30.3 + 74.6	+ 9.1 + 17.0	- 0.1 + 7.2	- 0.9 + 2.9	+ 0.3	+ 2.4	+ 1.7	+ 1.7 + 0.7	
1999 1st qtr	+ 18.1	+ 17.7		1	+ 2.3	1	- 2.0	- 2.8	- 0.2	- 0.8 + 2.0	+ 6.9	- 0.1	+ 0.3 + 0.3	+ 7.9 - 6.3
	Short-term	lending									0.01	0.51	. 0.51	- 0.5
1998 2nd qtr 3rd gtr	+ 27.5 + 6.6	_	+ 0.8 + 0.5	-	+ 0.8	+ 23.4	+ 0.5	+ 3.0	+ 1.0	+ 0.7	+ 2.2	+ 0.6	+ 1.3	+ 6.9
4th qtr	+ 26.5	_	+ 0.5 + 2.6	-	+ 0.5 + 2.6	+ 2.5 + 22.0	- 0.1 + 2.3	- 0.2 + 0.9	- 0.8 + 2.3	- 0.5 - 2.4	- 0.7 + 3.6	+ 0.3 - 0.9	- 0.1 - 1.4	+ 0.5 + 2.1
1999 1st qtr	- 11.8	-	- 7.5	-	- 7.5	- 10.9	- 7.7	- 3.8	- 1.0	+ 1.1	- 4.1	+ 0.0	+ 0.5	- 0.8
	Medium-ter	rm lending	8											
1998 2nd qtr 3rd qtr	- 1.1 + 1.2	_	- 0.3 - 0.6	-	- 0.3 - 0.6	- 1.6 + 1.5	- 0.2 - 0.2	- 0.3	+ 0.2	- 0.2	- 0.4	+ 0.1	- 0.3	- 0.1
4th qtr	- 6.6	-	- 1.9	-	- 1.9	- 3.5	- 0.2	- 0.1 - 0.4	+ 0.1 - 0.2	+ 0.1 - 0.4	+ 0.2 - 0.5	+ 0.1	- 0.1 - 0.2	+ 0.3 + 0.1
1999 1st qtr	+ 24.5	-	+ 9.0	-1	+ 9.0	+ 16.8	+ 5.3	+ 3.0	+ 0.3	+ 0.9	+ 1.6	+ 0.2	+ 1.0	+ 1.5
1008 2-4-4	Long-term I	2												
1998 2nd qtr 3rd qtr	+ 35.6 + 50.7	+ 18.7 + 24.0	+ 20.8 + 28.8	+ 13.9 + 19.0	+ 6.9 + 9.8	+ 17.5 + 26.3	+ 6.7 + 9.4	+ 0.4 + 0.2	+ 0.6	+ 1.0 + 0.7	+ 1.8 + 2.9	+ 0.7	+ 0.7	+ 1.9
4th qtr	+ 96.3	+ 36.8	+ 48.3	+ 27.3	+ 21.0	+ 56.1	+ 15.1	+ 6.8	+ 0.7	+ 0.7 + 2.0	+ 2.9 + 3.8	+ 1.2 + 1.1	+ 0.9 + 1.9	+ 2.2 + 5.7
1999 1st qtr	+ 5.4	+ 17.7	+ 11.4		+ 0.8	- 8.2	+ 0.4	- 2.0	+ 0.5	- 0.0	- 1.5	- 1.1	- 1.1	- 7.0
*	Excluding 1	and has been	forstan has		-									

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

* Excluding lending by foreign branches. Up to December 1998: lending by banks (excluding building and loan associations) in Germany; including lending to building and loan associations. From 1999: lending by monetary financial institutions (MFIs) in Germany; breakdown of lending by building and loan associations by areas and sectors estimated. Statistical alterations have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are

always to be regarded as provisional; subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Up to December 1998, including loans on a trust basis; from 1999, loans on a trust basis are no longer included in lending. — 2 Including the extraction of stones and earths. — 3 Including the maintenance and repair of motor vehicles and durable consumer goods. — 4 Up to December 1998, excluding

IV. Banks

ne i oblar - proc'here 'n distain i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i						en de setablike	****	900 00 40 2000 - 400 2000 4005				Lending to	o empl	oyed an	d other in	divi	duals			Lending to non-comm organisatic	ercia	al		
ervices se	ecto	or (inc	luding	the p	orofes	sions)	5	Memor	andu	ım items			1		Other lend		** Leibhe 400EE 3624-400EE0030 % ** XC 70 %							
	and the second	of whi		41138 (* 10 COMB)****	va ana yatika 25 dot	12703 - 1470 000 - 1 70				an- 4,0				0.411		0	f which				010000001101		-	
otal	e		rises	comp			e	Lendin to self- employ person	/ed	Lendin <u>c</u> to craft enterpr		Total	Hou Ioan		Total		nstalment redit 7	Debit balance on wac and sal accoun and pension accoun	ge lary its n	Total	Hc loa	which busing ans	201-11	Period
nd of	ye	ar o	r qua	artei	r *															Lend		, tot	al	
1,046. 1,128.	1	2	49.9		47.6 56.3		247.4 270.9	7	50.2 81.1	13 13	86.2 89.8	1,279.3 1,360.4	3 m 1 m	890.5 960.8	388.8 399.6	8	192.5 201.7		42.2 42.6	27.0 28.5)		.4 .6	1996 1997
1,134. 1,151.		2	85.0 88.8		61.0		266.8 271.1	7	82.8 92.1		11.0 12.2	1,368. 1,387.8	1	970.1 981.4	398.0	0	203.2 205.0		41.9 43.0	27.9 28.2		8	.7 .8	1998 Mar. June
1,173.	7	2	96.4 05.9		64.1 63.4 70.1		277.0 285.8	8	01.1 21.2	14	12.8 13.6	1,413.4	1	999.6 1,031.2	406.4 413. 423.	9	206.9 207.7		44.9 44.6	29.1 28.8		8	.7 .8	Sep. Dec.
1,220. 625.	1		47.4		33.3		145.6		35.9		25.4	821.	8	605.4	216.0	2	101.1	ž.	23.5	12.8	1		.6	1999 Mar.
																- 11	2.0	3	47.7			lendir		1006
192. 195.	7 9		33.4 34.9		18.7 21.5	an Yan e Mali and Mar	53.0 54.2		07.7 03.4	3	84.3 33.0	89. 87.	2 3	9.0 8.2	80. 79.	2	3.9 4.2		42.2 42.6	2.4 3.1	+	0	.1 .1	1996 1997
189. 196.			35.8 38.6		23.9 26.4	1 Mar 1 Mar 1 Mar 1 Mar 1 Mar 1	49.0 48.5		00.4 02.3		34.0 34.4	84. 88.		7.9 8.1	76. 80.	5	4.3 4.4		41.9 43.0	2.5 2.6	5	0		1998 Mar. June
198. 212.	8		39.1 41.5		24.1 26.6		50.8 54.2	1	02.7	3	84.0 82.3	92. 97.	1	8.8 8.8	83. 88.	3	4.1 4.4		44.9 44.6	3.0 2.5)		.0 .0	Sep. Dec.
106.	÷.		20.1		11.9	9-4-9 (A)	26.0		55.5		16.7	50.	3	6.1	44.	2	2.4	LT-POINT OF LT	23.5	1.2			.0	1999 Mar.
	•				2.0	×	12.2	¥	41.5		6.9	70	⊃ ŧ	24.1	55.	ว i	41.2	1	N _ 1	edium-ter/ 0.9			8 .1	1996
58 <i>.</i> 62.	.6		8.9 10.8		3.9 5.1		13.3 13.5	÷	41.2 40.2		6.6	79. 77.	8	24.3	53.4	4	39.3	and the	-	0.7	7	0	.1	1997
61. 61.	.8 .2		10.9 10.8		5.1 4.8		13.2 12.8		39.3 39.0		6.6 6.5	76. 77.	4	23.9 23.8	52. 53.	61	38.8 38.9		-	0.6 0.6	5	0	.1	1998 Mar. June
62. 60.			10.6 10.0		4.7 5.3		13.2 12.5		39.0 36.8		6.4 6.4	77. 74.		23.4 21.8	53. 52.	2	38.6 37.6			0.6 0.6			.1 .1	Sep. Dec.
56.	.4		7.1		4.0	and	10.3		36.1		6.3	78.	6	34.2	44.	4	30.8	Carrier of the second	-	0.6 Long-term			9.1 9	1999 Mar.
794.	.51	;	207.7		25.0	1	181.1	6	01.3		95.1	1,110.	8	857.4	253. 267.	4	147.5		-]	23.6	5	8	.2	1996 1997
870.	.4		231.8		29.8		203.2	6	37.5		00.2 00.4	1,110. 1,195. 1,206		928.3 938.3	267. 268.	. E	158.3 160.1	1	-	24.7 24.8	1		.5	1997 1998 Mar.
883. 894. 912.	.1		238.4 239.4 246.6		32.0 32.9 34.6		204.6 209.8 213.0	6	43.1 50.8 59.4	10	01.3 02.3	1,206. 1,221. 1,244.	7	949.4 967.4	272. 276.	3	161.7 164.2		-	25.0 25.5	0	8	1.6 1.6	June Sep.
947.	.1		254.4		38.1	e o recorde a la contra de la con	219.1	6	77.9	10	04.9	1,283.	9	1,000.6	283. 127.	3	165.8 67.9		-	25.7 11.7	7		l.7 1.5	Dec. 1999 Mar.
463.			20.2		17.4	1961	109.3	. 3	44.3	60	52.4	692.	0 8	505.2	§ 127.	41	07.5	þ	- ;					1000 1101
Thange	e d	lurir	• •		er *													,				g, tot	-+-	1998 2nd gtr
+ 17. + 23.	.5 .2	+ +	4.5 7.7	+	3.1 0.9	+	3.4 6.0	i +	9.3 9.0	+	1.1 0.6	+ 27.	4 +	14.1 19.7			+ 1.8 + 1.9	i +	1.1	+ 0. + 0.8	8	- 0).1).1	3rd qtr
+ 50.	.2 .7	+ +	9.7 8.8	+	6.6 0.4	1	12.8 3.1	1	20.6 12.2	5	0.8 1.2	+ 41. + 20.			+ 9. + 5.	4	+ 1.4	2	0.3 0.7	- 0.: - 0.2	2).1).2	4tn qtr 1999 1st qtr
+ 3.	. / 1	Ŧ	0.01	_	0.4	•	5.1	, ,		· ·					•					Short-	tern	n lendii	- 1	
	.8 .9	+ +	2.8 0.5	+ 	2.5 2.3	- +	0.5 2.4	+++	1.9 0.4	+	0.3 0.4	+ 4. + 3.	0 + 7 +	0.2 0.7	+ 3. + 3.	8	+ 0.1 + 0.0		1.1 2.0	+ 0. + 0.4	4	- 0).0).0	1998 2nd qtr 3rd qtr
+ 17.	.6	+	2.7	+	2.6	+	7.0	+	4.2	-	1.6 0.0	+ 5.	0 +	0.3 0.2	+ 4.	.7	+ 0.3		0.3 0.7	- 0.! - 0.1	1	- ().0	4th qtr 1999 1st qtr
- 2	.8	+	0.1	-	0.6	- 1	0.8	+	0.6	* +	0.0	- 0.	01 7	0.2		.0 :	+ 0.1			Medium-te		ending	8	
	.7	-	0.1	-	0.3 0.0		0.4 0.5		0.3 0.0	-	0.1 0.1	+ 0.	6 – 3 –	0.1 0.3		7	+ 0.2 - 0.4		-	- 0.0			0.0	1998 2nd qtr 3rd qtr
- 1	.9 .5	Ξ	0.2 0.6	+	0.6	-	0.6	1	2.2	-	0.0	- 3.	1 –	1.5	- 1.	.6	- 0.9	1	-	- 0.	0]	- (0.0	4th qtr 1999 1st gtr
+ 8	.4	+	1.2	+	0.7	+	1.7	i +	6.0	+	1.6	+ 7.	4 +	3.7	+ 3.	.81	+ 0.8	• 6	-	Long-term			8	isequ
+ 10		+	1.7	+	0.9 1.5	+	4.4	ŧ +	7.7	+	0.9	+ 17.				.0	+ 1.5		_	+ 0.	2	+ ().1).1	1998 2nd qtr 3rd qtr
+ 18		+ +	7.4 7.6	+ +	1.5 3.4		3.1 6.4		8.6 18.6		1.1 2.5	+ 24.				.6 .8	+ 2.2 + 2.1		_	+ 0. + 0.).1).1	4th qtr

credit institutions (other than building and loan associations); from 1999, excluding banks (MFIs) and excluding finance leasing institutions; see also footnote 5. -5 From 1999, including finance leasing institutions. -6 From 1999, including sole proprietors; up to December 1998, sole proprietors were assigned to enterprises. -7 Excluding mortgage loans and housing loans, even in the form of instalment credit. -8 Up to December 1998,

maturity or period of notice of more than 1 year to less than 4 years; from 1999, more than 1 year up to and including 5 years. — 9 Up to December 1998, maturity or period of notice of 4 years and more; from 1999, of more than 5 years. — 10 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV. 7.

IV. Banks

Table changed ¹²

7. Deposits of domestic non-banks (non-MFIs) at banks (MFIs) in Germany *

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

	Until the	e end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion							ang san ang sa	1	<u> </u>	1			
		Sight dep	osits 2	1	Time dep	osits 1, 3, 4,	5						Memo ite	em: I	
						are on the second	for more	than 1 yea	r						
								of which:	1					Subordin- ated	Included in time
Period	Deposits, total 1	Total	on demand	for less than 1 month	Total	for up to and including 1 year 4	Total	for up to 2 years 5	for less than 4 years	for 4 years and more 1	Savings deposits 6	Bank savings bonds 7	Loans on a trust basis 8	liabilities (excluding negoti- able debt securities)	deposits: liabilities arising from repos 9
	Domes	tic non-	banks, t	total 10					L	& common of the first contract on the second con-		1	End c	of year or	
1996 1997	3,241.5 3,341.9	675.1	646.7	28.4	1,109.8	387.9	721.9 765.0		11.1	710.8	1,143.0	227.8			1
1998	3,520.3	689.8 799.5	659.7 760.2	30.2 39.3	1,146.9 1,194.1	382.0 398.8	795.3		10.9 13.4	754.0 781.9	1,182.1 1,211.0	236.9 234.9	86.1 80.9	45.6	
1998 June July	3,337.7 3,330.8	680.2 665.2	662.4 646.3	17.9 19.0	1,153.6 1,163.9	372.2 376.8	781.4 787.1		11.6 12.0	769.8 775.1	1,175.2 1,173.1	242.0 241.7	86.6	42.8	
Aug. Sep.	3,358.1 3,353.9	684.9 691.6	666.0 671.8	18.9 19.8	1,173.1 1,164.5	380.8 373.6	792.3 791.0		12.0 12.4 12.3	779.8	1,172.3	241.7 241.2 240.1	86.8 86.8 86.8	43.2 43.5 43.9	· ·
Oct. Nov. Dec.	3,370.4 3,418.5 3,520.3	705.0 754.1 799.5	684.4 732.3 760.2	20.6 21.8 39.3	1,165.6 1,163.4 1,194.1	374.1 370.8 398.8	791.4 792.6 795.3	•	13.2 13.5 13.4	778.3 779.1 781.9	1,174.0 1,177.1 1,211.0	238.5 236.2 234.9	87.3 87.7 80.9	44.2 45.1 45.6	
1999 Jan. Feb.	1,835.4 1,838.8	376.5 379.4	376.5 379.4		720.5 722.1	228.5 228.4	492.0 493.6	3.8 3.7	-		620.8 621.7	117.6 115.6	41.6 41.7	23.6 23.9	0.1 0.1
Mar.	1,835.2	375.5	375.5		725.9	229.9	496.0	3.9			619.2	114.6	41.2	24.3	0.3
Apr.	1,835.8	382.9	382.9		720.7	224.8	495.9	4.1			618.2	114.1	41.6		
1997	+ 100.5	+ 13.0	+ 11.3	+ 1.7	+ 37.1	- 6.0	+ 43.0		- 0.2	+ 43.2	+ 39.1	+ 9.2	1 + 2 1	C + 7.3	hanges *
1998	+ 179.3	+ 110.6	+ 101.5	+ 9.1	+ 47.2	+ 16.8	+ 30.4		+ 2.5	+ 27.9	+ 28.9	- 2.1	+ 2.1 - 5.3	+ 4.7	·
1998 June July	+ 2.9 - 6.5	+ 14.5 - 14.6	+ 17.2 - 15.7	- 2.7 + 1.1	- 8.6 + 10.3	- 8.9 + 4.6	+ 0.2 + 5.7	-	+ 0.1 + 0.4	+ 0.1 + 5.3	- 2.9 - 2.1	- 0.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.2	
Aug. Sep.	+ 27.4	+ 19.7 + 7.5	+ 19.8 + 6.7	+ 0.1 + 0.9	+ 9.1	+ 4.0 + 7.3	+ 5.2 - 1.3		+ 0.4 + 0.5 - 0.1	+ 5.3 + 4.7 - 1.2	- 2.1 - 0.9 - 1.3	- 0.3 - 0.6 - 1.1	+ 0.2 + 0.0 + 0.0	+ 0.4 + 0.3	
Oct.	+ 16.5	+ 13.4	+ 12.6	+ 0.8	+ 1.1	+ 0.6	+ 0.5	•	+ 0.8	- 0.4	+ 3.1	- 1.5	+ 0.0	+ 0.4 + 0.3	•
Nov. Dec.	+ 47.7 + 101.9	+ 48.7 + 45.6	+ 47.4 + 28.1	+ 1.2 + 17.5	- 2.2 + 30.7	- 3.3 + 27.9	+ 1.2 + 2.7	•	+ 0.3 - 0.1	+ 0.8 + 2.8	+ 3.2 + 33.8	- 2.3 - 1.4	+ 0.4 - 6.8	+ 0.9 + 0.5	
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	- 1.0 + 3.1 - 3.8	- 9.6 + 2.6 - 4.1	- 9.6 + 2.6 - 4.1		+ 9.3 + 1.6 + 3.8	+ 7.5 - 0.1 + 1.5	+ 1.9 + 1.7 + 2.3	- 0.1 + 0.2			+ 1.7 + 0.9 - 2.6	- 2.4 - 2.0 - 1.0	+ 0.2 + 0.0 - 0.4	+ 0.2 + 0.3 + 0.4	+ 0.0 + 0.2
Apr.	+ 0.5	-			- 5.2	- 5.1	- 0.1	+ 0.2			- 1.0	- 0.5		+ 0.4	+ 0.0
	Domes	tic publi	c autho										End o	f year or	month *
1996 1997	280.5 280.0	36.3 31.6	30.5 24.1	5.8 7.5 7.6	158.9 162.2	34.7 37.8	124.2 124.4		1.4 0.8	122.8 123.6	5.4 5.9	5.3 6.3	74.5 74.0	2.5 2.6	
1998 1998 June	288.3 272.8	36.7 24.7	29.1 21.3	7.6 3.4	170.3 161.3	44.8 38.0	125.5 123.4	-	1.0	124.5	6.4	6.3	68.7	2.6	
July	271.6	22.0	18.5	3.4	162.2	38.0	123.4	•	0.9 1.0	122.5 124.0	6.5 6.7	6.2 6.2	74.2 74.4	2.6 2.6	
Aug. Sep.	277.5 273.6	24.1 23.6	20.3 19.4	3.8 4.3	165.9 162.4	40.1 37.8	125.7 124.6		1.0 1.0	124.7 123.6	6.8 6.7	6.2 6.2	74.6 74.6	2.6 2.6	
Oct. Nov.	271.6 278.0	23.7 26.6	19.6 22.4	4.1 4.2	160.1 163.3	34.9 37.9	125.1 125.4		1.0	124.2	6.4	6.2	75.1	2.6	
Dec.	288.3	36.7	29.1	7.6	170.3	44.8	125.5	•	0.9 1.0	124.4 124.5	6.2 6.4	6.2 6.3	75.6 68.7	2.6 2.6	•
1999 Jan. Feb.	110.9 111.4	13.0 14.4	13.0 14.4	-	92.1 91.4	28.1 27.7	64.1 63.8	0.4 0.4			3.5 3.5	2.3 2.1	35.2 35.3	1.2 1.2	-
Mar. Apr.	110.0 108.5	12.3 12.0	12.3 12.0	-	92.4 91.0	29.5 28.9	62.9 62.1	0.4 0.5		-	3.3 3.4	2.0 2.0	34.8 35.2	1.2 1.1	-
			12.01	• •	51.6 ;	20.5 1	02.13	0.5	• 5	- 5	5.41	2.01	33.21		- hanges *
1997 1998	+ 0.9	- 4.7 + 5.1	- 6.4 + 5.0	+ 1.7	+ 2.9	+ 3.0	- 0.1	. [- 0.6	+ 0.5	+ 0.5	+ 1.0	+ 1.2	+ 0.1	iunges .
1998 1998 June	+ 8.3 - 0.1	+ 5.1 + 1.2	+ 5.0 + 1.8	+ 0.1 - 0.7	+ 8.3	+ 7.2	+ 1.1 - 0.8		+ 0.2 + 0.0	+ 1.0	+ 0.5	+ 0.1 - 0.3	- 5.7 + 0.2	- 0.0 + 0.0	
July	- 1.5	- 2.7	- 2.8	+ 0.2	+ 0.6	- 0.7	+ 1.3		+ 0.1	+ 1.2	+ 0.2	+ 0.1	+ 0.2	+ 0.0	:
Aug. Sep.	+ 5.9 - 3.9	+ 2.0 - 0.4	+ 1.8 - 0.9	+ 0.2 + 0.5	+ 3.6 - 3.5	+ 2.8 - 2.3	+ 0.8 - 1.2		+ 0.0 - 0.0	+ 0.8 - 1.1	+ 0.1 - 0.1	- 0.0 + 0.0	+ 0.2 + 0.1	- 0.0 + 0.0	-
Oct. Nov.	- 2.0 + 6.4	+ 0.1 + 2.9	+ 0.2 + 2.8	- 0.1 + 0.1	- 2.3 + 3.2	- 2.9 + 3.0	+ 0.6 + 0.2		+ 0.0 - 0.0	+ 0.6 + 0.3	- 0.3 - 0.2	+ 0.0 + 0.0	+ 0.5 + 0.4	- 0.0 + 0.0	
Dec.	+ 10.6	+ 10.1	+ 6.7	+ 3.4	+ 7.2	+ 7.0	+ 0.2	•	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+ 0.0	- 6.8	- 0.0	-
1999 Jan. Feb.	- 1.1 + 0.5	- 1.9 + 1.4	- 1.9 + 1.4		+ 1.5	+ 1.3	+ 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.9	+ 0.0		•	+ 0.2 + 0.0	- 0.9 - 0.3	+ 0.1 + 0.1	- 0.1 - 0.0	
Mar. Apr.	- 1.4 - 1.6	- 2.1 - 0.3	- 2.1 - 0.3	•	+ 0.9 - 1.3	+ 1.8 - 0.6	- 0.9 - 0.7	+ 0.0 + 0.0		•	- 0.2 + 0.1	- 0.1 - 0.0	- 0.4 + 0.3	- 0.0 - 0.0	-
										• •		0.01	. 0.51	- 0.01	-1

* See table IV.2, footnote *; statistical breaks have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional. Subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Up to December 1998, including deposits from loans on a trust basis; see also footnote 8. — 2 Up to December 1998, including time deposits for less than 1 month. —

3 Including subordinated liabilities and liabilities arising from registered debt securities. — 4 Up to December 1998, excluding time deposits for less than 1 month; see also footnote 2. — 5 Since the inclusion of building and loan associations in January 1999, including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see table IV. 12). — 6 Excluding deposits under savings and loan

IV. Banks

7. Deposits of domestic non-banks (non-MFIs) at banks (MFIs) in Germany * (cont'd)

	Until the	end of 199	98 DM billi	ion, from 1	999 euro	billion	······································		1.1111-1.1111-1.1111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-1.111-		4xx = 44.447.22 (***********************************	pass	paca		117 - 178 Frank - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188 - 188
		Sight dep	oosits 2		Time dep	osits 1, 3, 4	, 5						Memo ite	em:	pers
	-						for more	than 1 yea	r						
	Sound out of the second of the	00 mil (80 Mil 1	4.404.000				In Alter California Carriera	of which:					*	Subordin-	Included in time
		0	a bhaile an guna											ated liabilities	deposits:
	4 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1		walia a a 746 K	for less		for up to and		for	for less	for 4 years	Savings	Bank	Loans on	(excluding negoti-	liabilities arising
De sía d	Deposits,	Tatal	on demand	than 1 month	Total	including 1 year 4	Total	up to 2 years 5	than 4 years	and more 1	deposits 6	savings bonds 7	a trust basis 8	able debt securities)	from repos 9
Period	total 1	Total	erprises	August 100 -			iotai	2 years	- years				E-424. 4012828 >> H00220	f year or	\$ x = 20 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 /
	+					-	597.7		9.7	588.0	1,137.6	222.5	11.3		13 7990
1996 1997	2,961.1 3,061.8	638.8 658.2		22.6	950.9 984.7	344.2 354.0	640.5 669.8	•	10.1 12.4	630.4 657.4	1,176.2 1,204.6	230.6 228.6	12.1 12.1		
1998 1998 June	3,231.9 3,064.9	762.8 655.5	731.2 641.1	31.7 14.5	1,023.8 992.3	334.0 334.2	658.1		12.4	647.3	1,168.8	235.9	12.4	40.2	
July	3,059.2	643.2	627.8	15.4	1,001.7	339.5	662.2	•	11.0	651.2	1,166.4	235.5 235.0	12.4 12.2	40.6 40.9	-
Aug. Sep.	3,080.7 3,080.3	660.8 667.9	645.7 652.4	15.1 15.5	1,007.2 1,002.1	340.7 335.7	666.5 666.4	-	11.4 11.4	655.1 655.1	1,165.5 1,164.2	233.8	12.2	40.5	
Oct.	3,098.8	681.2	664.8	16.4	1,005.5	339.2 332.9	666.3 667.2	-	12.2 12.6	654.1 654.7	1,167.6 1,170.9	232.3 230.0	12.2 12.1	41.6 42.5	•
Nov. Dec.	3,140.6 3,231.9	727.5 762.8		17.6 31.7	1,000.1 1,023.8	354.0	669.8		12.0	657.4	1,204.6	228.6	12.1	43.0	1900
1999 Jan. Feb.	1,724.5 1,727.4	363.5 365.0		•	628.4 630.6	200.4 200.8	427.9 429.9	3.4 3.3	-		617.3 618.3	115.3 113.5	6.4 6.4		0.1 0.1
Mar.	1,725.2	363.2	363.2		633.5	200.4	433.1	3.5		-	615.9	1			1
Apr.	1,727.4	370.9	370.9		629.6	195.9	433.7	3.6	•	-	614.8	112.1	6.4		hanges *
		170		1	+ 34.2	- 9.0	+ 43.2	3	+ 0.4	+ 42.7	+ 38.6	+ 8.2	+ 0.9		nanges
1997 1998	+ 99.6 + 171.0	+ 17.8 + 105.5		+ 0.1 + 9.0	+ 34.2 + 38.8	- 9.0 + 9.6		-	+ 2.3	+ 26.9	+ 28.4	- 2.2	+ 0.4	+ 4.7	
1998 June	+ 3.0	+ 13.3		- 2.0	- 7.4	- 8.4	+ 1.0		+ 0.1	+ 1.0 + 4.1	- 2.8 - 2.3	1	1	+ 0.2 + 0.3	
July Aug.	- 5.0 + 21.5		+ 17.9	+ 0.9 - 0.3	+ 9.7 + 5.5	+ 5.3 + 1.1	+ 4.3 + 4.4	-	+ 0.2 + 0.5	+ 3.9	- 1.0	- 0.6	- 0.2	+ 0.3	- Lange and the second
Sep.	+ 0.5	+ 7.9	*	+ 0.4	- 5.1 + 3.4	- 4.9 + 3.5	- 0.1 - 0.1		- 0.1 + 0.8	- 0.0	- 1.2 + 3.3		÷.		
Oct. Nov.	+ 18.5 + 41.3		+ 44.7	+ 1.2	- 5.4	- 6.3 + 20.9	+ 0.9		+ 0.4		+ 3.3 + 33.7		- 0.0		
Dec. 1999 Jan.	+ 91.3	+ 35.5	A	+ 14.1	+ 23.5 + 7.9	+ 20.9	+ 2.6 + 1.7	• •	- 0.1	+ 2.1	+ 1.4	- 1.5	+ 0.2	+ 0.3	-
Feb.	+ 2.6	+ 1.2	+ 1.2		+ 2.3 + 2.9	+ 0.3 - 0.3	+ 1.9	- 0.1 + 0.2			+ 0.9 - 2.4				
Mar. Apr.	- 2.5 + 2.1	1		1	- 3.9	1	1	+ 0.1		essection -	– 1.1		- 0.0	+ 0.5	+ 0.0
,	of whi	ich: Dor	nestic e	nterpris	es ^{10, 11}								End c	of year or	month *
1996	967.6		227.1	17.8	665.9				4.5						
1997 1998	1,020.8 1,108.1	244.4			713.5 748.9				4.6 5.9						
1998 June	1,011.5	-	1		726.1	118.1	608.0		4.9		10.2	1	E .		-
July	1,011.1 1,028.5				733.4 738.4				5.1 5.5					22.4	
Aug. Sep.	1,032.9		5 220.3	11.3	734.8	118.8	616.0		5.3	610.7		\$	1	1	
Oct. Nov.	1,045.4 1,056.2				738.3 735.0	117.0	618.0		5.9 6.1	611.8	10.8	44.3	11.5	23.6	
Dec.	1,108.1	292.1		1	748.9 390.4	1	1	10 V	5.9	614.0	11.1 5.5			l.	2
1999 Jan. Feb.	545.2 544.3	122.9	122.9		392.4	79.1	313.3	1.3			5.5	23.5	6.2	12.8	. 0.1
Mar.	547.4 549.3	1	1	1	395.4 395.0	1	1	1	1		5.6	0	ŝ.	i i	1
Apr.	549.3	ι _ξ ι∠.3.υ	,, 123.0	• • • •										C	hanges '
1997	+ 51.7	/ - 2.3	3 - 1.8						+ 0.1						
1998	+ 88.6	5 + 48.5	5 + 41.6	5 + 7.0	1		1	1	+ 1.3	1	1	1	1		
1998 June	+ 1.7	14	-	1	1		1		+ 0.2	3	+ 0.2	2 + 0.4	u – 0.0) + 0.3	3
July Aug.	+ 17.4	4 + 12.2	2 + 12.6	5 – 0.4	+ 5.0	+ 0.6	5 + 4.4		+ 0.4						
Sep. Oct.	+ 5.: + 12.5		9 + 8.3	3 + 0.6	+ 3.5	i + 2.6	6 + 0.9		+ 0.6	5 + 0.3	+ 0.1	+ 0.0) + 0.0		
Nov. Dec.	+ 10.4 + 52.0	4 + 13.7	7 + 12.8						+ 0.3						
					ī	1	1	1	4	2	1		1 01		۶
1999 Jan.	- 2.9				+ 4.5				instruction to	•	0.1				2 + 0.0
	ş	2 – 3.3	3 - 3.3	3	. + 2.0) + 0.3	3 + 1.7	- 0.1		• • •	0. 0.0 . + 0.0	0 + 0.1 0 + 0.1	- 0.0 + 0.0	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \end{array} + 0.7 \\ \end{array}$	2 + 0.0 1 + 0.2

contracts (see also footnote 5). — 7 Including liabilities arising from non-negotiable bearer debt securities. — 8 From 1999, no longer included in time deposits (see also footnote 1). — 9 Collected separately from 1999 only. — 10 Up to December 1998, including liabilities to domestic building and loan associations and money market funds. — 11 Up to the End 1998,

including sole proprietors. — **12** See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV.11. The former tables IV.8 to IV.10 have been discontinued (see the Statistical Supplement "Banking statistics").

IV. Banks

Perio

Table changed ¹²

8. Deposits of domestic individuals and non-commercial organisations at banks (MFIs) in Germany *

		Sight depo	sits 2					Time deposits 1, 4, 5, 6							
			by creditor	group]	by creditor	group					
	Deposits of domestic		Domestic ir	ndividuals				1	Domestic ir	ndividuals					
1	individuals and non- commercial organisa-	Total	Total	Selfem- ployed 3	Employees	Other individuals	Domestic non-com- mercial organisa- tions	Total	Total	Selfem- ployed 3	Employees	Other individuals	Domestic non-com- mercial organisa- tions		
											End o	f year or	month *		
	1,993.5 2,041.0 2,123.9	393.8 413.8 470.8	376.1 396.5 452.1	78.7 79.7 93.4	248.5 264.3 298.0	48.9 52.4 60.7	17.7 17.3 18.6	285.0 271.2 275.0	252.8 240.9 243.5	75.2 73.3 72.3	137.6 129.8 132.6	39.9 37.8 38.7	32.2 30.3 31.4		
lov. Dec.	2,084.3 2,123.9	472.9 470.8	454.4 452.1	92.0 93.4	302.0 298.0	60.4 60.7	18.4 18.6	265.2 275.0	235.7 243.5	69.9 72.3	128.4 132.6	37.4 38.7	29.4 31.4		
an. eb. Aar.	1,179.3 1,183.1 1,177.8	237.5 242.0 240.3	228.5 232.9 230.6	45.5 45.7 44.9	151.4 155.2 153.8	31.7 31.9 32.0	9.0 9.2 9.6	238.0 238.2 238.0	221.2 221.2 220.6	38.9 38.0 38.0	162.2 162.1 162.2	20.2 21.1 20.4	16.8 17.0 17.5		
Apr.	1,178.1	245.8	235.9	47.3	156.6	32.0	10.0	1 1	217.7		1		1		
												C	hanges *		
	+ 47.9 + 82.5	+ 20.1 + 57.0	+ 20.3 + 55.6	+ 1.0 + 13.7	+ 15.5 + 33.5	+ 3.8 + 8.4	- 0.2 + 1.3	- 13.6 + 3.3	- 11.9 + 2.8	- 2.0 - 1.0	- 7.8 + 2.7	- 2.1 + 1.0	- 1.7 + 0.6		
lov.)ec.	+ 30.9 + 39.3	+ 32.1 - 2.1	+ 31.5 - 2.3	+ 5.1 + 1.4	+ 22.8 - 4.2	+ 3.5 + 0.4	+ 0.7 + 0.2	- 2.0 + 9.6	- 1.1 + 7.8	- 1.0 + 2.4	+ 0.0 + 4.1	- 0.1 + 1.4	- 0.9 + 1.8		
an. eb. Mar. Apr.	+ 3.0 + 3.8 - 5.3	+ 0.4 + 4.5 - 1.8	+ 0.1 + 4.3 - 2.2	- 0.8 + 0.2 - 0.8	- 0.1 + 3.9 - 1.4	+ 1.0 + 0.3 + 0.0	+ 0.3 + 0.2 + 0.5	+ 3.4 + 0.2 - 0.1	+ 3.7 - 0.0 - 0.6	+ 1.1 - 0.9 + 0.1	+ 2.7 - 0.0 + 0.0	- 0.1 + 0.9 - 0.7	- 0.4 + 0.2 + 0.5		

* See table IV.2, footnote*; statistical breaks have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional. Subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Up to December 1998, including deposits arising from loans on a trust basis; see also footnote 9. —

2 Up to December 1998, including time deposits for less than 1 month. — 3 Up to the End 1998, including sole proprietors. — 4 Including subordinated liabilities and liabilities arising from registered debt securities. — 5 Up to December 1998, excluding time deposits for less than 1 month; see also footnote 2. — 6 Since the inclusion of building and loan

Table changed ⁹

9. Deposits of domestic public authorities at banks (MFIs) in Germany, by creditor group *

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

	Deposits 1													
		Federal Go	vernment ar	nd its special	funds 2	a na an an a		Länder Gov	vernments		99 (
				Time depos	its 4					Time depos	its 4			
Period	Domestic public authorities, total	Total	Sight deposits ³	for up to and including 1 year	for more than 1 year 1	Savings deposits and bank savings bonds 5	Memo item: Loans on a trust basis 6	Total	Sight deposits 3	for up to and including 1 year	for more than 1 year 1	Savings deposits and bank savings bonds 5	Memo item: Loans on a trust basis 6	
											End o	f year or	month *	
1996 1997 1998	280.5 280.0 288.3	114.6 108.3 111.2	5.1 1.9 4.0	3.5 3.6 1.9	81.2 79.8 80.9	0.1 0.1 0.0	24.6 23.0 24.3	82.4 83.0 80.1	6.1 4.5 6.8	1.1 1.1 1.9	25.3 26.5 27.1	0.1 0.1 0.2		
1998 Nov. Dec.	278.0 288.3	108.1 111.2	1.5 4.0	2.2 1.9	80.9 80.9	0.0 0.0	23.4 24.3	82.8 80.1	3.1 6.8	1.3 1.9	26.2 27.1	0.2 0.2	51.9 44.2	
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	110.9 111.4 110.0	45.2 44.6 44.8	1.9 0.9 1.1	1.7 2.4 3.3	41.5 41.3 40.4	0.0 0.0 0.0	12.4 12.4 12.2	17.6 17.3 17.9	2.4 2.4 2.2	1.4 1.0 1.9	13.8 13.8 13.7	0.1 0.1 0.1	22.7 22.7 22.5	
Apr.	108.5	44.8	0.7	3.7	40.3	0.0	12.3			1.6	13.7	0.1	22.8	
100-												C	hanges *	
1997 1998	+ 0.9 + 8.3	- 4.9 + 2.5	- 3.3 + 2.2	+ 0.1 - 1.7	- 1.4 + 1.1	+ 0.0 - 0.0	- 0.3 + 0.9	+ 1.0 - 2.9	- 1.6 + 2.4	- 0.0 + 0.8	+ 1.2 + 0.6	+ 0.0 + 0.0		
1998 Nov. Dec.	+ 6.4 + 10.6	+ 0.4 + 3.1	+ 0.1 + 2.6	+ 0.0 - 0.3	+ 0.3 - 0.1	- 0.0 + 0.0	- 0.0 + 0.9	+ 0.2 - 2.6	+ 0.1 + 3.7	- 0.4 + 0.5	+ 0.1 + 0.9	+ 0.0	+ 0.4	
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	- 1.1 + 0.5 - 1.4 - 1.6	+ 0.7 - 0.6 + 0.4 - 0.1	+ 0.0 - 1.0 + 0.2 - 0.4	+ 0.5 + 0.6 + 1.0 + 0.5	+ 0.2 - 0.2 - 0.9 - 0.1	+ 0.0 + 0.0 + 0.0 - 0.0	- 0.1 + 0.1 - 0.3 + 0.1	- 0.8 - 0.3 + 0.6	- 0.9 + 0.1 - 0.2	+ 0.2 - 0.4 + 0.9	- 0.1 + 0.0 - 0.1	+ 0.0 - 0.0 + 0.0	+ 0.1 - 0.0 - 0.2	
,		0.1 8	0.4	. 0.51	- 0.1 1	- 0.0 *	+ 0.1	- 0.9	- 0.5	- 0.3	- 0.0	- 0.0	+ 0.2	

* See table IV.2, footnote *; excluding deposits of the Treuhand agency and its successor organisations and of the Federal Railways, east German Railways and Federal Post Office, and, from 1995, of Deutsche Bahn AG, Deutsche Post AG and Deutsche Telekom AG, and of publicly-owned enterprises, which are included in "Enterprises". Statistical breaks have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are always to

be regarded as provisional. Subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Up to December 1998, including deposits arising from loans on a trust basis; see also footnote 6. — 2 Federal Railways Fund, Indemnification Fund, Redemption Fund for Inherited Liabilities, ERP Special Fund, "German Unity" Fund, Equalisation of Burdens Fund. — 3 Up to December 1998, including

IV. Banks

nandersdad debarban on er stid så 17 mm føret	2000				Savings dep	osits 7			Memo item:		120	
by maturity												
	more than	l year 6	10000000000000000000000000000000000000							Subordinated	Included	
		of which:		NATE & MARTIN AND A STREET AND A	and the second se		Domestic non-com-			liabilities (excluding	in time deposits:	
up to and including 1 year ⁵	Total	up to and including 2 years	less than 4 years	4 years and more 1	Total	Domestic individuals	mercial organisa- tions	Bank savings bonds 8	Loans on a trust basis ⁹	negotiable debt securities) 10	liabilities arising from repos 11	Period
End of ye	ear or mo	onth *	Specify and a second									
234.4 220.3 225.1			5.1 5.5 6.5	45.5 45.4 43.4	1,129.0 1,166.5 1,193.5	1,112.1 1,148.6 1,174.1	16.8 17.9 19.4	184.9 188.9 184.2	0.8 0.6 0.4	13.2 17.6 18.9		1996 1997 1998
215.9 225.1	49.2		6.4 6.5	42.8 43.4	1,160.0 1,193.5	1,141.1 1,174.1	19.0 19.4	185.7 184.2	0.6 0.4	18.8 18.9		1998 Nov. Dec.
121.7 121.7 121.5	116.4 116.6	2.0 2.0			611.8 612.8 610.4	601.7 602.6 600.1		91.9 90.0 89.0		9.7 9.9 10.2	-	1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.
118.4	1	1	1		609.2	598.8	10.4	88.5	0.2	10.5	-	Apr.
Changes			+ 0.4	- 0.0		+ 36.5	+ 1.0	+ 4.0	- 0.1	+ 4.4 + 1.3		1997 1998
+ 4.6 - 2.0 + 9.0	- 0.1		+ 1.0 + 0.1 + 0.1	- 2.3 - 0.2 + 0.5	+ 3.3		- 0.3	- 2.5	- 0.0	+ 0.1 + 0.1		1998 Nov. Dec.
+ 2.6 - 0.0	+ 0.8	+ 0.0	т 0.1	•	+ 1.6 + 1.0	+ 1.4 + 0.9	+ 0.1 + 0.1	- 2.3 - 1.9 - 1.0	- 0.0	+ 0.1	·	1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.
- 0.2 - 3.1		1		•	- 1.2	1		L.	I.	1	2	Apr.

associations in January 1999, including deposits under savings and loan contracts (see table IV. 12). — 7 Excluding deposits under savings and loan contracts (see also footnote 6). — 8 Including liabilities arising from non-negotiable bearer debt securities. — 9 From 1999, no longer included in time deposits (see also footnote 1) — 10 Included in time deposits. —

11 Collected separately from 1999 only. — 12 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV.12. The former tables IV.8 to IV.10 have been discontinued (see the Statistical Supplement "Banking statistics").

Local autho	rities and loc	al authority a	ssociations	and and the second s		Social securi	ty funds	a gan an an a'	62 39 year analogi 2022/2004-0007739	- 6. New well does well also well also also also also also also also al	N (2))))	
(including n	nunicipai spe	tial-purpose a						Time deposi	ts 4		Memo	
Total	Sight deposits 3	for up to and including 1 year	for more than 1 year 1	Savings deposits and bank savings bonds 5, 8	Memo item: Loans on a trust basis 6	Total	Sight deposits 3	for up to and including 1 year	for more than 1 year 1	Savings deposits and bank savings bonds 5	item: Loans on a trust basis 6	Period
End of y	ear or mo	onth *										
39.4 39.8 45.3	14.5	17.0	1.8 2.0 2.4	6.1	0.2 0.0 0.1	44.1 48.9 51.7	9.5 10.8 9.3		15.8 16.2 15.2	4.9 5.8 5.8	0.2	1996 1997 1998
43.3 43.6 45.3	15.3	19.4	2.3	6.5	0.1 0.1	43.6 51.7	6.7 9.3	ę	15.2	5.8	0.2	1998 Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan.
23.4 25.7 25.0	7.8	12.6		3.6	0.0 0.0 0.0		2.3 3.3 2.1	13.3 11.7 11.6	6.9 6.9 6.9	2.2 1.9 1.6	0.1 0.1	Feb. Mar.
24.9			1	1	0.0	21.7	2.1	11.6	6.3	1.7	0.1	Apr.
Changes + 0.5 + 5.5 + 3.2 + 1.8 - 0.3	5 - 1.1 + 2.0 + 2.0 + 2.0 + 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.1 + 1.2 + 1.1 + 1.2 +	+ 2.7 + 1.1 + 0.3 + 0.6	+ 0.3 - 0.0 + 0.1 + 0.1	+ 0.5 + 0.0 + 0.1 + 0.1	+ 0.0 + 0.0 + 0.0 + 0.0	+ 3.1 + 2.6 + 8.3 - 0.7	- 1.4 + 0.6 + 2.7 + 0.0	+ 5.4 + 2.2 + 6.4 - 0.0	- 0.9 - 0.1 - 0.8 + 0.1	- 0.8	+ 0.0 - 0.0 - 0.0	1997 1998 1998 Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan. Feb.
+ 2.3 - 0.8 - 0.1	3 + 1.4 3 - 0.8	- 0.1	+ 0.1	- 0.0		- 1.6	- 1.2	- 0.1	- 0.0	- 0.3	- 0.0	Mar.

time deposits for less than 1 month. — 4 Up to December 1998, excluding time deposits for less than 1 month; see also footnote 3. — 5 including liabilities arising from non-negotiable bearer debt securities. — 6 From 1999, no longer included in time deposits (see also footnote 1) — 7 Since the inclusion of building and loan associations in January 1999, including deposits under savings and loan contracts. — 8 Excluding deposits under

savings and loan contracts (see also footnote 7). — 9 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV.13. The former tables IV.8 to IV.10 have been discontinued (see the Statistical Supplement "Banking statistics").

IV. Banks

Table changed ⁵

10. Savings deposits and bank savings bonds of banks (MFIs) in Germany sold to non-banks (non-MFIs) *

	Savings depo	osits 1						**************************************		Bank saving	s bonds, 3 s	old to	1
		of residents					of non-res	idents	1		domestic no	on-banks	[
			at three mo notice	nths'	at over thre notice	e months'			Memo item:			of which:	
				of which: Special savings		of which: Special savings		of which: At three months'	Interest credited on	non harla		With maturities of more	
Period	Total	Total	Total		Total		Total	notice	savings deposits	non-banks, total	Total	than 2 years 4	foreign non-banks
	End of ye	ar or mon	th *			2	finanzaria a na serie de la composicio de la serie de la serie	6 - 1900 - 1997 - 1977 - 1978 - 1977 - 1978 - 1977 - 1978 - 1977 - 1978 - 1977 - 1977 - 1978 - 1977 - 1977 - 19	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	haira,			
1996 1997 1998	1,165.8 1,205.0 1,234.2	1,143.0 1,182.1 1,211.0	865.8 928.8 971.4	459.6 531.7 582.8	277.2 253.2 239.6	219.5 201.4 189.6	22.8 22.9 23.2	16.3 16.9 17.3	39.5 38.8 39.5	234.7 244.6 243.9	227.8 236.9 234.9	206.6 216.7 211.1	
1998 Dec.	1,234.2	1,211.0	971.4	582.8	239.6	189.6	23.2	17.3	29.8	243.9	234.9	211.1	9.1
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	632.7 633.6 631.0	620.8 621.7 619.2	500.5 503.2 501.2	313.5 321.8 323.3	120.3 118.5 118.0	94.6	11.9 11.9 11.8	8.9 8.9 8.8	0.7 0.6 0.5	122.3 120.3 119.3	117.6 115.6 114.6	108.5 106.5 105.6	4.7 4.7 4.7
Apr.	630.0	618.2	502.2	325.2	115.9		11.8			118.8	114.1	105.0	1 1
	Changes '	k											
1997 1998	+ 39.2 + 29.2	+ 39.1 + 28.9	+ 60.0 + 41.6	+ 67.2 + 51.2	- 20.9 - 12.7	- 18.0 - 12.1	+ 0.2 + 0.3	+ 0.6 + 0.4	·	+ 10.0 - 0.7	+ 9.2 - 2.1	+ 10.2 - 5.6	+ 0.8
1998 Dec.	+ 34.5	+ 33.8	+ 29.6	+ 19.5	+ 4.2	+ 1.7	+ 0.6	+ 0.6		- 1.2	- 1.4	- 1.7	+ 0.1
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	+ 1.7 + 0.9 - 2.6 - 1.0	+ 1.7 + 0.9 - 2.6	+ 3.7 + 2.8 - 2.1	+ 3.0 + 13.7 + 1.5	- 2.0 - 1.8 - 0.4	- 0.8 - 1.4 - 0.1	- 0.0 + 0.0 - 0.1	+ 0.0 + 0.0 - 0.1	- 100	- 2.3 - 2.0 - 0.9	- 2.4 - 2.0 - 1.0	- 2.2 - 2.0 - 0.9	+ 0.1 + 0.0 + 0.0
- 1 4 -	- 1.01	- 1.0	+ 1.1	+ 1.9	- 2.1	- 2.2	- 0.0	+ 0.0	.	- 0.5	- 0.5	- 0.6	+ 0.0

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

* See table IV.2, footnote*; statistical breaks have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional. Subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Other than deposits with building and loan associations, which are classified as time deposits. — 2 Savings deposits bearing interest at a rate which exceeds the minimum or

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 eurobillion

basic rate of interest. — 3 Including liabilities arising from non-negotiable bearer debt securities. — 4 Up to December 1998, of 4 years and more. — 5 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV.14. The former tables IV.8 to IV.10 have been discontinued (see the Statistical Supplement "Banking statistics").

Table changed ⁸

11. Debt securities and money market paper outstanding of banks (MFIs) in Germany *

Negotiabl	e bearer de	bt securities	and mone	y market pa	iper			Non-nego and mone	tiable beare y market pa	er debt secu oper 7	rities		
	of which:		[of which with matu	rities of		Subordina	ted
Total	Floating- rate notes 1	Zero- coupon bonds 1, 2	Foreign currency bonds 3, 4	Certifi- cates of deposit	with matu up to and including 1 year	over 2 years 5	over 4 years 6	Total	up to and including 1 year	over	over 4 years 6	negotiable debt securities	debt
End of	year or r	nonth *)											
1,756.3 1,942.2 2,200.4	217.7	6.9 7.8 10.6	103.9 160.5 204.3	6.0 11.8 14.3	18.6 24.1 47.2	1,734.4 1,914.9 2,147.0	1,362.7 1,539.6 1,787.7	6.3 5.1 4.7	0.6 0.9 1.0	5.6 4.2 3.6	2.2 1.8 1.5	38.9 45.5 46.6	
2,200.4	289.2	10.6	204.3	14.3	47.2	2,147.0	1,787.7	4.7	1.0	3.6	1.5	46.6	2
1,148.3 1,167.4 1,182.4		6.9 7.0 8.7	79.2 86.2 88.0	2.3 3.5 3.7	21.9 23.7 23.9	1,109.7 1,124.9 1,135.9	•	2.3 2.2 2.2	0.5 0.5 0.4	1.2 1.2 1.1		24.2 25.0 27.0	1
1,207.9	165.4	10.2	89.9	4.2	28.9	1,151.4		2.2	0.4	1.1		27.8	
Change	S *												
+ 186.8 + 258.3 - 2.6 + 21.4 + 19.2 + 15.0 + 25.5	+ 67.5 + 6.7 + 2.8 + 3.7 + 0.9	+ 0.9 + 2.8 + 0.7 + 1.5 + 0.2 + 1.6 + 1.5	+ 51.0 + 38.8 - 1.3 + 0.6 + 7.0 + 1.8 + 2.0	+ 5.8 + 2.5 - 2.2 - 5.0 + 1.1 + 0.3 + 0.5	+ 5.3 + 23.1 + 3.4 - 2.3 + 1.8 + 0.2 + 4.9		+ 177.5 + 250.1 - 1.4	- 1.2 - 0.3 - 0.0 - 0.0 - 0.1 - 0.0 - 0.0	+ 0.3 + 0.1 - 0.0 - 0.0 - 0.0 - 0.0 - 0.0	- 1.5 - 0.6 - 0.1 - 0.5 - 0.1 - 0.0 - 0.0	- 0.4 - 0.3 - 0.1	+ 6.6 + 1.2 + 1.1 + 0.4 + 0.7 + 2.0 + 0.8	+ 2 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0 + 0

* See table IV.2, footnote*; statistical breaks have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional. Subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Including debt securities denominated in foreign currencies. — 2 Issue value when floated. — 3 Including floating-rate notes and zero-coupon bonds denominated in

foreign currencies. — 4 From 1999, bonds denominated in non-euro-area currencies. — 5 Up to December 1998, 2 years and more. — 6 From 1999, no longer collected. — 7 Non-negotiable bearer debt securities are classified among bank savings bonds; see also table IV. 10, footnote 2. — 8 See the note on the title page of the Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items. Up to February 1999, this table was numbered IV.15.

1996 1997 1998 1998 Dec. 1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.

Apr.

1997 1998 1998 Dec. 1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.

Арг.

IV. Banks

12. Building and loan associations (MFIs) in Germany * Interim statements

	Until tr	he end of	1998 DM b	mion, tro	n 1999 eu			00	a acception mail and \$27000 or 75	p		NA 1010 AND 1011 TORNEY	19+3/2 200-001/Kin -100/077-950000		prostation concernences with the	geographic and the second states and
			Lending t	o banks (I	viFis)	Lending t	o non-bar	nks (non-N	1FIs)	Deposits (MFIs) 6	of banks	Deposits banks (no			and in the second s	
						Building	oans	gaun a 186364 (1977) - 198864	Secur- itíes (in-			11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 				Memo item:
End of year or month	Num- ber of associ- ations	Balance sheet	Bal- ances and loans (except building loans) 1	Building Ioans 2	Bank debt secur- ities 3	Loans under savings and Ioan con- tracts	Interim and bridging Ioans	Other building loans 4	cluding Treasury bills and	under savings and Ioan con-	Sight and time deposits	con-	Sight and time deposits 7	Bearer debt secur- ities out- stand- ing	Capital (includ- ing pub- lished reserves) 8	into in
or month	CARDINAL AMILY THE PARTY	Au	and lo	Landres - manufacture	ociatio	ns	Ann an a	k annon a mariter ann	din kana din serie di din d	Allow which we are a set of the set	dia mangana kata kata mining kata kata kata kata kata kata kata kat					
1008	34		31.8	0.3			83.3	19.8	15.7	2.4	50.9	178.9	5.9	3.5	12.5	153.0
1998			16.0	0.2	10.4		42.6	4.9	8.9	1.2	20.2	91.9	2.9	1.8	6.5	6.5
1999 Feb. Mar.	34 34	1	10.0	0.2	10.4	· ·	1	5.0	180	1.2	20.5	92.2	2.9	1.8	1	1
Apr.	34		1	1 -	1	1	I	5.0	8.9	1.2	19.2	92.1	2.9	2.5	6.5	7.6
	Priva	te buil	ding ar	nd Ioar	n associ	ations										
1000 F-h	21	98.8	12.7	0.1	5.9	32.4	29.0	4.4	7.4	0.9	14.5	63.4	2.8	1.8	÷	1 1
1999 Feb. Mar.	21	99.9	1	0.1	5.8	-	\$	4.4	7.7	0.9	1		£	2	1	1 4
Apr.	21	1	1	0.1	5.9	31.7	29.6	4.5	7.3	0.9	13.6	63.5	2.9	2.5	4.2	4.9
	Publi	ic build	ling an	d Ioan	associa	ations										
1999 Feb. Mar. Apr.	13 13 13	40.0	3.3	0.1	4.5 4.6 4.5	15.7	13.7	0.5	1.5	0.3	5.6	28.6	0.0		2.3	3 2.7

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

Trends in building and loan association business

Until the end of 1998 DM billion, from 1999 euro billion

	Until the	end of 199		on, from	1999 Euro	Dimon	al alla 2 1 X - NAC 201 P - HAR 108 MARKAR	or	uncontrol of the second	hannan ann a tha an Andreas an An			44 IIIII 1939 - 119 20 III - 107 20 III	and the sequence of the second s		122-122-1223 (Contraction of Contraction of Contrac
		in deposits		Capital pr	omised	Capital pa	d out	2227-1497-2490-1112-2010-100-00-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0		2000-011 (20-09 pp	r	Outpayr commitr		Interest a repaymer	nts	
	under sav loan cont		and the second				Allocatio	ns	your concernsion of the second	a hjöji van terana anala si kultura (Katala katala kata		outstand end of p		received building		And a second second
			Repay- ments				Deposits savings a loan cont	nd	Loans un savings a loan con	ind	Newly granted	and a second				2000
Period	savings accounts under savings	credited on deposits under savings and loan con-	of deposits under cancelled savings and loan con- tracts	Total	of which: Net alloca- tions 12	Total	Total	of which: Applied to settle- ment of interim and bridging loans	- Movement and a second se	to settle- ment of interim and		Total	of which: Under alloc- ated con- tracts	Total	of which: Repay- ments during quarter	Memo item: Housing bonuses received 13
	All bu	ilding a	and loa	an asso	ciations	5										and and a second second second
1998	44.4	5.2	8.5	99.2	65.0	- 92.8	37.8	10.4	23.4	7.9	31.6	19.0	13.1	31.9	26.1	
1999 Feb.	2.1	0.0	0.4	3.5	2.4	3.1	1.4	1	ž	1	§	;	1		1	0.0
Mar.	2.6 2.1	\$	1	200	5	1	1.7 1.8	3			8		ž.	5	1	0.0
Apr.		e buildi	,				, 110									201
1999 Feb. Mar. Apr.	1.5 1.8 1.5	0.0	0.3	3.3	1.8	2.9	1.2	0.3	0.6	5 0.2	1.1	6.0	3.4	1.2	2.6	0.0 0.0 0.0
	Public	buildir	ng and	loan a	ssociat	ions										
1999 Feb. Mar. Apr.	0.6 0.8 0.6	0.0	0.2	1.3	0.8	1.2	0.5	i 0.1	0.:	3 0.1	0.4	4.2	ļ 3.5	5 0.5	5 1.	0.0 0.0 0.0

* Excluding assets and liabilities and/or transactions of the foreign branches. From August 1990 including assets and liabilities and/or transactions with building and loan association savers in the former GDR. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional; subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Including postal giro account balances, claims on building and loan associations, claims arising from registered debt securities and central bank balances. — 2 Loans under savings and loan contracts and interim and bridging loans. — 3 Including money market paper and small amounts of other securities issued by banks. — 4 Up to December 1998 including loans on a trust basis. — 5 Including equalisation claims. — 6 Including liabilities to building and loan associations. — 7 Including small amounts of savings deposits. — 8 Including participation rights capital; from December 1993 including fund for general banking risks. — 9 Total amount covered by the contracts; only contracts newly entered into, for which the contract fee has been fully paid. Increases in the sum contracted count as new contracts. — 10 For outpayments of deposits under savings and loan contracts arising from the allocation of contracts see "Capital paid out". — 11 Including housing bonuses credited. — 12 Only allocations accepted by the beneficiaries; including allocations applied to settlement of interim and bridging loans. — 13 The amounts already credited to the accounts of savers or borrowers are also included in "Amounts paid into savings accounts under savings and loan contracts" and "Interest and repayments received on building loans".

IV. Banks

Table changed ¹²

13. Assets and liabilities of the foreign branches and foreign subsidiaries of German banks (MFIs) *

	Until the	end of 199	8 DM billio	n, from 19	99 euro bil	lion									
	Number o	of		Lending t	o banks (M	IFIs)			Lending t	o non-ban	ks (non-MF	ls)			
	German banks					nd loans an ced by certi	d advances ficates 3				l advances nced by cei	rtificates 3			
	(MFIs) with										to residen	ıts			
Period	foreign branches and/or foreign subsi- diaries	foreign branches 1 and/or foreign subsi- diaries	balance sheet total 2	Total	Total	German banks (MFIs) 4	Foreign banks	Money market paper, secur- ities 5, 6	Total	Total	Total	of which enter- prises and indi- viduals	to foreign non- banks	Money market paper, secur- ities 5	Other assets 7
	Foreigr	n brancl	าes	and accessive present of the second se	() () () () () () () () () () () () () () (1						ear or m	Law and the second
1996 1997 1998	61 62 68	162 165 183	1,305.6 1,837.4 2,195.3	784.5 1,068.1 1,230.0	670.3 927.0 1,069.2	140.7 207.5 279.2	529.6 719.4 789.9	114.2 141.1 160.8	498.0 728.4 875.7	371.4 505.8 624.7	63.8 68.1 66.1	30.3 35.2 37.0	307.5 437.7 558.6	126.6 222.6 251.0	23.1 40.9
1998 Aug. Sep.	65 66	174 172	2,051.5 2,045.4	1,119.3 1,139.3	961.6 981.2	227.6 247.7	733.9 733.4	157.8 158.1	863.1 844.7	611.0 601.7	65.9 70.2	33.6 34.1	545.1 531.5	251.0 252.1 243.0	89.6 69.0 61.4
Oct. Nov. Dec.	66 67 68	174 179 183	2,231.8 2,296.9 2,195.3	1,249.1 1,320.7 1,230.0	1,080.9 1,151.6 1,069.2	277.7 313.5 279.2	803.2 838.1 789.9	168.2 169.1 160.8	915.5 903.5 875.7	641.3 650.4 624.7	73.5 78.5 66.1	34.8 36.6 37.0	567.8 571.9 558.6	274.2 253.1 251.0	67.2 72.7 89.6
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	65 65 65	180 180 181	1,127.9 1,124.9 1,154.8	631.9 635.9 667.1	544.3 546.2 575.4	142.9 134.4 156.3	401.4 411.8 419.2	87.6 89.7 91.7	452.0 444.0 447.9	331.7 332.7 335.1	31.4 31.3 32.0	18.4 17.8 18.2	300.3 301.3 303.2	120.3 111.3 112.8	44.0 45.0 39.7
														Cha	nges *
1997 1998	+ 1 + 6	+ 3 + 18	+442.8 +406.2	+232.7 +187.9	+212.8 +163.5	+ 66.2 + 71.9	+146.6 + 91.5	+ 19.9 + 24.5	+192.8 +168.5	+106.0 +136.2	+ 3.4 - 1.6	+ 4.1 + 2.1	+102.5 +137.8	+ 86.8 + 32.3	+ 17.3
1998 Aug. Sep.	- + 1	+ 1 - 2	+ 6.0 + 41.3	- 2.5 + 43.8	- 4.9 + 39.5	- 19.8 + 20.4	+ 14.9 + 19.2	+ 2.5 + 4.2	+ 5.1 + 4.3	+ 7.8 + 7.6	- 0.8 + 4.6	- 0.2 + 0.8	+ 8.5 + 3.0	- 2.7 - 3.3	+ 3.4 - 6.8
Oct. Nov. Dec.	- + 1 + 1	+ 2 + 5 + 4	+171.9 + 47.3 –103.5	+105.6 + 61.2 - 89.5	+ 94.8 + 62.4 - 82.0	+ 29.9 + 35.6 - 34.3	+ 64.9 + 26.8 - 47.8	+ 10.8 - 1.2 - 7.5	+ 60.3 - 18.9 - 31.1	+ 34.3 + 3.4 - 27.7	+ 3.4 + 4.8 - 12.4	+ 0.7 + 1.7 + 0.4	+ 30.9 - 1.4 - 15.4	+ 26.0 - 22.3 - 3.4	+ 6.0 + 5.0 + 17.2
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	- 3 - -	- 3 - + 1	- 10.3 - 18.3 + 12.2	- 13.4 - 4.3 + 22.0	- 17.7 - 5.2 + 21.3	15.1 8.6 + 21.8	- 2.7 + 3.4 - 0.5	+ 4.3 + 0.9 + 0.7	+ 5.8 - 14.8 - 4.3	+ 15.8 - 4.3 - 3.9	- 2.5 - 0.2 + 0.5	- 0.6 - 0.8 + 0.3	+ 18.3 - 4.2 - 4.4	- 10.0 - 10.4 - 0.4	- 2.6 + 0.7 - 5.5
	Foreign	subsidi	aries									E	nd of ye	ar or mo	onth *
1996 1997	39 37	125 131	673.8 764.9	392.3 429.5	333.7 366.8	102.5 122.1	231.3 244.6	58.5	251.9	183.3	63.9	45.8	119.4	68.6	29.6
1998 1998 Aug.	37 39	137 137	830.8 860.8	469.0	373.1	160.1	213.0	62.7 95.9	292.0 311.0	214.4 237.5	67.5 71.4	54.9 62.3	147.0 166.1	77.6 73.5	43.4 50.8
Sep.	38	137	855.1	475.1	389.4 393.8	138.4 143.7	251.0 250.2	77.8 81.3	341.4 331.9	246.4 241.6	68.1 67.7	55.6 57.4	178.3 174.0	95.0 90.3	52.2 48.0
Oct. Nov. Dec.	38 38 37	138 137 137	859.1 848.5 830.8	489.3 478.0 469.0	404.1 388.5 373.1	153.6 154.5 160.1	250.5 234.0 213.0	85.3 89.5 95.9	324.0 322.1 311.0	245.7 247.5 237.5	71.2 71.0 71.4	59.5 61.1 62.3	174.4 176.6 166.1	78.4 74.6	45.7 48.4
1999 Jan. Feb.	36 36	135 139	442.8 459.4	232.0 235.7	185.6 189.2	72.7 73.0	112.8 116.2	46.5 46.5	165.6 177.4	117.1 121.9	37.1	33.0	80.0	73.5 48.5	50.8 45.2
Mar.	37	140	451.6	229.8	182.1	74.8	107.3	47.7	175.0	119.7	37.7 37.8	33.6 34.1	84.1 81.9	55.5 55.3	46.3 46.8
1997	- 2	+ 6	+ 62.5	+ 19.8	+ 17.2	+ 16.9	+ 0.3	+ 2.6	+ 29.4	+ 23.3	+ 3.1	+ 8.7	+ 20.2	Char + 6.1	nges * + 13.4
1998 1998 Aug.	± 0 _	+ 6 + 1	+ 79.5 + 4.0	+ 47.8 + 6.8	+ 13.7 + 5.9	+ 39.7 - 1.6	- 26.1	+ 34.1	+ 24.2	+ 27.0	+ 4.1	+ 7.5	+ 22.9	- 2.8	+ 7.5
Sep. Oct.	- 1	-	+ 4.9	+ 14.3	+ 10.1	+ 6.6	+ 7.4 + 3.5	+ 1.0 + 4.2	- 2.7 - 5.4	+ 3.2 - 1.6	+ 0.5 - 0.3	+ 0.6 + 1.9	+ 2.7 - 1.3	- 6.0 - 3.8	- 0.1 - 4.0
Nov. Dec.	- - - 1	+ 1 - 1 -	+ 5.2 - 15.5 - 16.0	+ 15.2 - 14.5 - 7.8	+ 11.0 - 18.3 - 14.4	+ 10.3 + 0.1 + 5.9	+ 0.7 - 18.4 - 20.3	+ 4.2 + 3.9 + 6.6	- 7.7 - 3.6 - 10.6	+ 4.2 + 0.5 - 9.6	+ 3.4 - 0.3 + 0.4	+ 2.1 + 1.5	+ 0.8 + 0.9	- 11.9 - 4.1	- 2.3 + 2.6
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	- 1 - + 1	- 2 + 4 + 1	+ 15.7 + 14.0 - 10.5	+ 5.4 + 2.0 - 7.7	+ 8.4 + 2.4 - 8.2	+ 1.0 + 0.3 + 1.7	+ 7.4 + 2.2 - 10.0	- 3.0 - 0.5 + 0.6	+ 6.6 + 11.0 - 3.2	- 9.8 + 3.9 + 4.0 - 2.9	+ 0.4 + 0.7 + 0.7 + 0.1	+ 1.2 + 1.3 + 0.6 + 0.5	- 10.1 + 3.2 + 3.3 - 3.1	- 1.0 + 2.7 + 7.0 - 0.3	+ 2.4 + 3.7 + 1.0 + 0.3
								-					2.11	0.51	. 0.51

* In this table "foreign" also includes the country of domicile of the foreign branches and foreign subsidiaries. Statistical alterations have been eliminated from the changes. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional; subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Several branches in a given country of domicile are regarded as a single branch. — 2 Up to December 1998, volume of business (balance sheet total plus endorsement liabilities arising from rediscounted bills and bills sent for collection from

the banks' portfolios prior to maturity); for foreign subsidiaries, volume of business even after 1998. — 3 For foreign branches: up to December 1998, including bill-based lending (bill holdings plus endorsement liabilities and bills sent for collection from the banks' portfolios prior to maturity); from 1999, including bill holdings; up to December 1998, including loans on a trust basis. For foreign subsidiaries, bill-based lending included even after 1998; up to December 1998, including loans on a trust basis (see

IV. Banks

Deposits 8		**************************************	200-00-00-00-00000	ngen maakkon et targen alkinden erer i	alan oo faa X.M. Taya oo aa ka XXX XXX - HANN									
Beposits	of banks (I	VIFIs)	Systems	of non-bai	nks (non-M	=1s)	and the state of t		the anguard of the later reason of 10000	1				
					German no	on-banks (r	non-MFIs) 9	 		an an ann an Anna Anna Anna Anna Anna A	Money	Mar 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	And a second sec	
						Short-tern	۱ ۲	Medium ar	d long-term	led with some	market paper	104 00 - 00		
		German	foreign	Total	Total	Total	of which enter- prises and indi- viduals	Total	of which enter- prises and indi- viduals	Foreign non-banks	and debt securities out- standing 10	Working capital and own funds	Other liabilities 11	Period
Total End of y	Total	banks 4	banks	IOLdi	10(8)						\$10-1000mm 0009400000	reign b	ranches	
1,091.2 1,518.6 1,756.4	718.1 1,002.8	203.1 221.3 259.6		373.1 515.7 575.1	164.9	159.7 161.2 171.1	135.4 136.1 145.9	3.7		350.9	156.1 198.0 270.0	17.3	103.5	1996 1997 1998
1,697.3	1,041.3	222.2 218.3	819.1	656.0		191.7 197.7			3.8 3.8		210.1 218.7			1998 Aug. Sep.
1,667.8 1,827.2 1,880.9 1,756.4	1,153.1 1,235.8	227.9	925.1 971.0	674.2 645.1	211.0 200.7	205.5 197.0 171.1	178.4 167.7	3.7	3,4	444.4	270.0	24.1 20.0	133.5 148.8	Oct. Nov. Dec.
913.7 896.7 933.3	610.4 582.0	109.1	472.9	314.7	81.4	79.8 80.2 74.4	70.3	1.3	1.1	233.3	170.2	10.4	47.7	1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.
Change				/				+ 0.1	+ 0.1	+116.6	· + 41.9) + 3.9	+ 41.5	1997
+ 355.6 + 278.4	+202.7	+ 39.3	+163.5	+ 75.6	+ 9.2	+ 0.0 + 10.4	+ 10.3	- 1.2	. – 1.4	4 + 66.5	+ 72.0	+ 2.7	+ 53.2	1998
+ 4.5 + 9.1		+ 3.6 - 3.1	+ 2.0) + 10.2	+ 6.6	- 5.4 + 6.4	+ 7.3	s + 0.2	2 + 0.6) + 3.6	+ 8.6	5 + 4.8	8 + 18.8	
+ 152.5 + 36.2 - 122.1	2 + 72.0	+ 36.5	5 + 35.4	- 35.8	- 10.6	+ 7.8 - 8.8 - 25.8	3 – 11.0) - 1.8	3 - 1.8	3 - 25.2	+ 23.3	3 + 0.1	- 12.3 + 11.0	Nov. Dec.
+ 4.0 - 29.9 + 22.3) – 2.1) – 37.4	– 6.9 – 17.6	5 – 19.8	3 + 7.5	i + 0.2	- 7.7 + 0.3 - 5.9	3 + 0.4	1 - 0.0) – 0.0	0 + 7.3	8 + 11.5	5 - 0.0) + 0.2	Feb.
End of	year or I	month *									Fore	ign sub	sidiaries	
540.3 600.8 638.7	3 349.2 8 412.3	2 48. 3 58.	2 354.1	1 188.5	5 52.1	45.0) 42.0	07.	1 7.	0 136.4	4 84.4	4 27.0 7 33.8	0 52.7 8 70.6	7 1997 1998
675.2	2 475.3	3 64.	1 411.3						8			3 30.	0 66.0) Sep.
681.2 664.7 638.7	2 488.8 1 474.0	3 77.) 80.	5 393.	5 190.	1 48.7	42.	9 41.	1 5.	7 5. 0 5.	7 141. 9 138.	5 83. 1 87.	3 30. 7 33.	8 70.2 8 70.6	2 Nov. 5 Dec.
331. 344.0 334.	6 243.4	4 51.	3 192.	2 101.	1 22.2	21.	0 20.	7 1.	2 1.		0 45.	9 17.	6 51.3	3 Feb.
Change				c) 10	8 – 8.	1 - 7.	8 - 7.	6 – 0	6 - 0	.5 – 2.	4 + 10.	4 + 4.	4 + 12.	
+ 35. + 51. + 1.	6 + 48.	4 + 28	.1 + 20.	3 + 3.	2 – 1.	1 – 0. 3 – 0.	4 – 0. 5 – 0.	0 – 1 7 + 0	0 - 1	.1 + 4. .1 + 3.	6 + 3. 9 + 2.	2 + 6. .3 - 0.	1 + 0.	1 1998 Aug.
+ 9. + 8. - 22.	.8 + 15. .7 + 8.	0 + 7. 0 + 6	.5 + 7. .8 + 1.	.5 – 5. .2 + 0.	7 + 1.	5 + 1.	.5 + 1 .2 - 1	.6 + 0 .0 - 0	.1 + 0 .7 – 0	.1 – 0. .7 – 1	9 - 2 4 + 1	.7 + 0. .8 + 0	.1 – 0. .7 + 4.	9 Oct. 3 Nov.
- 22. - 23. + 18. + 10.	.4 – 21. .3 + 15.	8 + 5 4 + 7	.3 – 27	.1 - 1. .9 + 3	.6 + 1. .0 - 1.	5 + 1. 4 - 1.	.1 – 0	.1 - 0	.3 – 0	.2 – 3 .3 + 4 .2 + 12	.3 + 1 .6 – 0	.1 - 0 .0 + 0	L SAL	4 1999 Jan. 1 Feb.

also footnote 7). — 4 In the case of foreign branches, from December 1993 including transactions with the head office and with other branches in Germany; in the case of foreign subsidiaries, including transactions with the parent institution. — 5 Treasury bills, Treasury discount paper and other money market paper, debt securities. — 6 Including own debt securities. — 7 From 1999, including loans on a trust basis. — 8 Up to Dezember 1998, including liabilities arising from loans on a trust basis (see also footnote 11). — 9 Excluding subordinated liabilities and non-negotiable debt securities and money market paper. — 10 Issues of negotiable and non-negotiable debt securities and money market paper. — 11 Including subordinated liabilities. From 1999, including liabilities arising from Ioans on a trust basis. — 12 See the note on the title page of Statistical Section (page 1*) and the footnotes to the changed items.

V. Minimum reserves

1. Reserve ratios Germany

% of liabilities subject to reserve requirements

	Applicable from	Sight liabilities	Time liabilities	Savings deposits
	1995 August 1	2	2	1.5
and an other states of the sta				
And the second se				
2004			n e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	

European monetary union

% of reserve base 1

	Applicable from	Ratio	
	1999 January 1		2
- 1			

1 Article 3 of the ECB Regulation governing minimum reserves (excluding liabilities to which a reserve ratio of 0% applies, pursuant to article 4 (1)).

2. Reserve maintenance in Germany up to the end of 1998 – pursuant to the Minimum Reserves Order of the Bundesbank –

DM million

Monthly average 1
1995 Dec.
1996 Dec.
1007 Doc

1998 Dec.

Liabilities subject	to reserve require	ements				Excess reserves 4		
Total	Sight liabilities	Time liabilities	Savings deposits	Required reserves 2	Actual reserves ³		as % of the required reserves	Shortfall, total
2,066,565 2,201,464 2,327,879 2,576,889	655,483 734,986	474,342 476,417	1,071,639 1,116,477	38,671 40,975	39,522 41,721	845 851 745 627	2.3 2.2 1.8 1.4	3 4 3 4

1 Pursuant to sections 5 to 7 of the Minimum Reserves Order. — 2 Amount after applying the reserve ratios to the liabilities subject to reserve requirements (section 5 (1) of the Minimum Reserves Order). — 3 Average credit

balances of the credit institutions subject to reserve requirements on their giro accounts at the Bundesbank. -4 Actual reserves less required reserves.

3. Reserve maintenance in the European monetary union

– from 1999, pursuant to the ECB Regulation governing minimum reserves according to article 19.1 of the ECB/ESCB Statute –

Maintenance period beginning in 1	Reserve base 2	Required reserves before deduction of lump-sum allowance 3	Lump-sum allowance 4	Required reserves after deduction of lump-sum allowance	Actual reserves 5	Excess reserves 6	Shortfall, total 7
	European mone	tary union (euro	billion)		an a	En la constante de la constante	L
1999 Jan. Feb. r Mar. r	4,947.1 5,063.1 5,036.6	98.9 101.3 100.7	0.6 0.6 0.7	98.3 100.6 100.1	99.3 101.5 100.7	1.0 0.9 0.6	0.1 0.1 0.0
Apr. p May June	5,044.7	100.9	0.7	100.2	101.0	0.7	0.1
July Aug. Sep.				•	•	•	
	Of which: Germa	any (euro million)				• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. r	1,500,183 1,525,927 1,525,875	30,004 30,519 30,517	317 318 317	29,687 30,201 30,201	29,962 30,452 30,398	275 250 198	39 39 21
Apr. P May June	1,521,746	30,435	316	30,118	30,429	310	21 11
July Aug. Sep.		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-	- 1000000000000000000000000000000000000		-	-

1 The reserve maintenance period of the ESCB minimum reserve system starts on the 24th of each month and ends on the 23rd of the following month (the first reserve maintenance period lasted from January 1, 1999 to February 23, 1999). — 2 Article 3 of the ECB Regulation governing minimum reserves (excluding liabilities to which a reserve ratio of 0% applies, pursuant to article 4 (1)). — 3 Amount after applying the reserve ratios to the

reserve base. — 4 Article 5 (2) of the ECB Regulation governing minimum reserves. — 5 Average credit balances of the credit institutions subject to minimum reserve requirements on their reserve accounts at the respective national central bank. — 6 Actual reserves less required reserves after the deduction of the lump-sum allowance. — 7 Required reserves after the deduction of the lump-sum allowance.

VI. Interest rates

3. Base rate per Discount **Rate Transition Act**

2.50 1.95

1. ECB interest rates on standing facilities

2. Discount and lombard rates of the Bundesbank

% p.a.		2000-00-01-00-01-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-	% p.a.		1997	% p.a.	ang ng pengan dali 2000 metalah dari distrikan menjaki d
undersen and an and a fair that an	Interest rates for				Among and a solution		anna 1994 ann
Applicable from	Deposit facility	Marginal lending facility	Applicable from	Discount rate	Lombard rate 2 3	Applicable from	Base rate 4
Applicable from 1999 Jan. 1 1 Jan. 4 Jan. 22 Apr. 9	2.00 2.75 2.00 1.50	4.50 3.25 4.50	1993 Feb. 5 Mar. 19 Apr. 23 July 2 July 2 July 30 Sep. 10 Oct. 22 1994 Feb. 18 Apr. 15 May 13 1995 Mar. 31 Aug. 25 Dec. 15	8 7 1/2 7 1/4 6 3/4 6 3/4 6 1/4 5 3/4 5 1/4 5 4 1/2 4 3 1/2 3	9 9 8 1/2 8 1/4 7 3/4 7 3/4 7 3/4 6 3/4 6 3/4 6 1/2 6 5 1/2 5 1/2 5 1/2	1999 Jan. 1 May 1	
	ACCORD TO A THE THE CONTRACT OF A THE CONTRACT.		1996 Apr. 19 to 1998 Dec. 31	2 1/2	4 1/2 Contraction	1 44 64 7 44 64 7 44 7 44 7 44 7 44 7 44	si si na na la aliante

1 On December 22, 1998 the European Central Bank (ECB) announced that at the beginning of Stage Three the interest rate for the deposit facility would be set at a level of 2.00 % and the interest rate for the marginal lend-ing facility at a level of 4.50 %. As a transitional measure – between Janu-ary 4 and 21, 1999 – a narrow band of 50 basis points was applied by way of exception. This was designed to ease the transition to the new system for market participants. — 2 From August 1, 1990 to December 31, 1993 this was also the rate for cash advances; since January 1, 1994 cash advances have no longer been granted. Wherever reference is made in an Act to the interest rate applicable for cash advances of the Federal Government, the rate will be replaced by the base rate increased by 1.5 percentage points pursuant to the Discount Rate Transition Act (see footnote 4). — 3 Pursuant to the Discount Rate Transition Act, read in conjunction with the Lombard 1 On December 22, 1998 the European Central Bank (ECB) announced that

Rate Transition Regulation, the lombard rate is replaced from January 1, 1999 by the rate applied by the ECB for its marginal lending facility wherever the lombard rate is used as a reference variable for interest and other payments. — 4 Pursuant to the Discount Rate Transition Act, read in conjunction with Regulation Governing the Use of the Base Rate as a Reference Variable, this rate replaces the discount rate from January 1, 1999 until December 31, 2001 wherever the latter is used in contracts and regulations as a reference variable for interest and other payments. This base rate is the discount rate of the bundesbank which applied on December 31, 1998. It changes from January 1, May 1 and September 1 of each year, and will change for the first time on May 1, 1999 if the interest rate applied by the ECB to its longer-term refinancing operations (marginal rate) has changed by at least 0.5 percentage points.

4. Eurosystem monetary policy operations allotted through tenders *

		177 You and Store and	and a second decision of the second	an a sum film of film over the state of the second line of the second second second second second second second	ALTO A VARY AND A VALUE AND A	2012/00/2012 - 010/2012 - 10/2002 27 https://doi.org/10/10/2012/2012/2012/2012/2012/2012/20
	generati ("Utiper merilika ACT 2) a- entri (den errolden - ACT 0) in the mail of 00 type of 0000 or en	And and a second s	Fixed rate tenders	Variable rate tenders		
	Bids Amount	Allotment Amount	Fixed rate	Marginal rate	Weighted average rate	Running for
Date of settlement	EUR millions	an ee geween wat blank oo oo geween naam oo geween wat oo	% p.a.	00272700	ala 182 0000 metalah menyapan kana bian dengan kana bian dengan kana bian dengan kana dengan kana bian kana bia	days
	Main refinancing o	operations				14
1999 Feb. 3 Feb. 10 Feb. 17	757,724 911,302 896,138 991,109	62,000 65,000 62,000 78,000	3.00 3.00	-		14 14 14
Feb. 24 Mar. 3 Mar. 10 Mar. 17 Mar. 24 Mar. 31	1,100,797 950,369 335,249 372,647 118,683	67,000 75,000 44,000 102,000	3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00 3.00			14 14 14 14 14 14
Apr. 7 Apr. 14 Apr. 21 Apr. 28	67,353 781,721 612,275 754,825	67,000 50,000	2.50 2.50 2.50		-	14 14 14 14 14 14
May 5 May 12 May 19 May 26	655,789 708,881 638,583 784,380	78,000 43,000	2.50 2.50 2.50	-	-	14 14 14 14
June 2 June 9 June 16	698,358 907,149 922,203	86,000	2.50)] -		. 14
	Longer-term refin	ancing operations				. 42
1999 Jan. 14 Jan. 14 Jan. 14 Feb. 25 Mar. 25 Apr. 29 May 27	79,844 39,343 46,155 77,300 53,655 66,91 72,29	15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000 15,000))))))	- 3.1 - 3.0 - 3.0 - 2.9 - 2.5 - 2.5	0 - 8 - 4 - 6 2.97 3 2.54	- 70 - 105 - 91 7 98 4 91

* Source: ECB.

VI. Interest rates

5. Money market rates, by month

% p.a.

Period 1998 May June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.

1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May

Period 1996 1997 1998 1998 Apr. May June Julv Aug. Sep Oct. Nov Dec. 1999 Jan. Feb Mar Apr.

Money ma	rket rates rep	orted	by Frankfur T	t banks 1		FIBOR 2, 3	·}····	1910 - Landard Marine Mar			Old-style FIB	OR 2, 4
Day-to-day	money		Three-mon	th funds		Day-to-day money (overnight)	One- month funds	Three- month funds	Six- month funds	Twelve- month funds	Three- month funds	Six- month funds
Monthly averages	Lowest and highest rates	s	Monthly averages	Lowest and highest rate		Monthly ave	rages		L	Linus		
3.41 3.47	3.34 – 3.38 –	3.70 4.40	3.60 3.54	3.52 – 3.51 –	3.64 3.57		3.55 3.48					
3.39 3.48 3.48	2.50 – 3.32 – 3.36 –	4.20 4.50 4.40	3.52 3.48 3.46	3.48 – 3.43 – 3.42 –	3.55 3.51 3.55	3.51	3.49 3.46 3.46	3.54	3.64 3.59	3.82	3.62 3.57	3.7 3.6
3.41 3.42 3.14	3.38 – 3.38 – 5 2.96 –	3.70 3.65 4.00	3.54 3.61 3.36	3.50 - 3.55 - 3.17 -	3.59 3.65 3.64	3.44 3.44 3.17	3.50 3.54 3.43	3.57 3.63 3.38	3.55 3.59	3.50 3.53	3.65	
							EURIBOR 7	Actornel in Marine Science - 2022 - 19 - 10 Acrosso	L	L	1	
						EONIA 6	One- week funds	One- month funds	Three- month funds	Six- month funds	Nine- month funds	Twelve- month funds
						Monthly aver	ages					
3.14 3.11 2.93	2.96 – 3.00 – 2.05 –	3.28 3.20 3.13	3.11 3.07 3.03	3.02 3.03 2.94	3.21 3.11 3.11	3.14 3.12 2.93	3.17 3.13 3.05	3.16 3.13 3.05	3.13 3.09 3.05	3.09 3.04 3.02	3.07 3.03 3.02	3.0 3.0 3.0
2.68 2.55	2.45 – 2.49 –	3.15 3.20	2.65 2.55	2.54 – 2.52 –	2.94 2.58	2.71 2.55	2.71 2.56	2.69 2.57	2.70 2.58	2.70	2.75 2.66	2.7 2.6

1 Money market rates are not fixed or quoted officially; the monthly averages computed from daily quotations are unweighted. — 2 Frankfurt Interbank Offered Rate. Pursuant to the Discount Rate Transition Act, read in conjunction with the FIBOR Transition Regulation, these FIBOR rates have been replaced as a reference variable for interest and other payments by the corresponding EURIBOR rates (old-style FIBOR rates are additionally adjusted by applying a conversion factor). — 3 Day-to-day money (overnight): since July 1, 1996 rate ascertained by Telerate; time deposits: from July 2, 1990 until December 30, 1998 rate ascertained by Telerate on a broader basis than before and calculated by the method of computing interest on the

basis of act/360. — **4** Rate calculated since August 1985 by Privatdiskont AG, and from January 1996 until December 30, 1998 by Telerate, by the method of computing interest on the basis of 360/360 days (from July 1990 only as a basis for maturing transactions). — **5** At the end of December 3.50% to 4.00%. — **6** Euro OverNight Index Average: weighted average overnight rate for interbank operations calculated by the European Central Bank since January 4, 1999 on the basis of real turnover according to the act/360 method and published via Bridge Telerate. — **7** Euro Interbank Offered Rate: unweighted average rate calculated by Bridge Telerate since December 30, 1998 according to the act/360 method.

6. Euro area retail bank interest rates * •

% p.a.; period averages

Deposit intere	st rates					Lending intere	st rates		
	With agreed m	aturity		Redeemable at	t notice	To enterprises		To households	1999 Ball of a second line of a second s
Overnight	Up to 1 year	Up to 2 years	Over 2 years		Over 3 months	Up to 1 year	Over 1 year	Consumer lending	For house
1.94 1.46 1.10		4.69 3.63 3.22	5.04 4.40 4.06	3.05 2.80 2.61		8.85 7.58 6.73	6.64 5.80	11.55 10.60	
1.20 1.12 1.12	3.27	3.30 3.26 3.28	4.26 4.27 4.18	2.71 2.71 2.58	3.30 3.33 3.34	6.93 6.85 6.76	5.98 5.94 5.90	10.11 10.07	
1.08 1.06 1.05	3.26 3.23 3.17	3.26 3.24 3.18	4.15 4.05 3.88	2.56 2.55 2.53	3.29 3.30 3.21	6.65 6.60 6.59	5.84 5.77 5.65	10.01 10.02 9.99	
1.04 0.94 0.87	3.12 3.06 2.81	3.13 3.05 2.81	3.74 3.70 3.56	2.49 2.48 2.44	3.14 3.12 3.03	6.51 6.39 6.21	5.52 5.44 5.12	9.79 9.67 9.61	
0.79 0.74 0.73	2.67 2.60 2.57	2.67 2.60 2.56	3.42 3.37 3.37	2.36 2.33 2.30	2.86 2.78 2.79	6.01 5.91 5.83	5.03 4.99 4.98	9.59 9.52 9.49	
0.70	2.40	2.40	3.27	2.27	2.61	5.70	4.93	9.39	

* These euro area retail bank interest rates should be used with caution and for statistical purposes only, primarily for analysing their development over time rather than their level. They are calculated as the weighted average of national interest rates provided by the national central banks. The national rates represent those rates that are currently available from national sources and which are judged to fit the standard categories. These national rates have been aggregated to derive information for the euro area, in some cases relying on proxies and working assumptions due to the heterogeneity observed in the national financial instruments across MU Member States. Furthermore, the national interest rates are not harmonised in terms of their coverage (new business and/or outstanding amounts), the nature of the data (nominal or effective) or the compilation method. The country weights for the euro area retail bank interest rates are derived from the monthly MFI balance sheet statistics or close proxies. The weights reflect the country-specific proportions of the relevant instruments within the euro area, measured as outstanding amounts. The weights are adjusted monthly, so that interest rates and weights always refer to the same month.

o Tables and notes taken from the ECB.

VI. Interest rates

7. Lending and deposit rates of banks (MFIs) in Germany * Lending rates

Current account cre	dit					Bills discounted	attal and a first of the second se
less than DM 200,00	under son and an and a second second second second and a second second second second second second second second	DM 200,000 and m but less than DM 1		DM 1 million and m but less than DM 5		Bills of less than DN refinancable at the Bundesbank	
Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread
10.03 9.99 9.99 9.99	7.75 – 11.75 7.75 – 11.75 7.75 – 11.75 7.75 – 11.75 7.75 – 11.75	9.00 8.99 8.98	1	7.65 7.59 7.65 7.58 7.57	6.00 - 10.50 6.00 - 10.50 6.00 - 10.50 6.00 - 10.50 6.00 - 10.50 6.00 - 10.50	4.76 4.73 4.77	3.15 - 7.0 3.15 - 7.0 3.20 - 7.0
9.97 9.94	7.75 – 11.75 7.75 – 11.75	1	6.75 - 11.25 6.50 - 11.25		6.00 - 10.50	4.94	3.25 - 7.0
9.93 9.92 9.89	7.75 – 11.75 7.50 – 11.75 7.50 – 11.75	8.89	6.75 - 11.25 6.75 - 11.25 6.75 - 11.25	7.54 7.53 7.52	6.00 - 10.50 6.00 - 10.50 5.80 - 10.50		3.50 - 8.5
9.87 9.78	7.50 – 11.75 7.50 – 11.75		1	7.50 7.42			1

Long-term fixed-rate loans to enterprises and self-employed persons (excluding lending to the housing sector) 5 Instalment credits DM 1 million and more but less than DM 10 million DM 200,000 and more DM 10,000 and more but not more than DM 30,000 2 but less than DM 1 million Personal credit lines Effective annual interest rate 4 (overdraft facilities Effective interest rate granted to individuals) Monthly rate 3 Average interest rate Average interest rate Average Average interest rate Average interest rate Spread Spread interest rate Spread Spread Spread 5.46 -7.60 7.91 6 12 5 30 -8.90 - 12.63 6.33 0.34 - 0.4910.76 0.41 11.25 9.75 - 12.25 7.39 5.20 -8.86 - 12.59 8.42 - 12.63 7 91 6.01 6.24 5 25 -0.49 10.69 11.24 9.75 - 12.25 0.41 0.34 -7.88 5.83 4.96 -7.25 6.08 5.04 -0.32 -0.49 10.63 0.41 11.26 5.72 4.70 -7.23 5.99 4.95 – 7.77 8.42 - 12.63 0.32 -0.49 10.49 0.40 11.23 9 75 - 12 25 8.26 - 12.73 5.94 4.84 -4.55 -7.75 5.69 4 70 -7 39 0.32 - 0.49 9.75 - 12.25 0.40 10 43 11.23 4.49 -7.10 8.20 - 12.61 5.79 7.75 5.50 10.42 11.22 9.75 - 12.25 0.40 0.31 - 0.49 6.80 7.50 5 34 4.39 -8.20 - 12.58 5.56 4.45 -10.36 0.49 11.22 9.75 - 12.25 0.39 0 31 -5.27 4.32 _ 6.72 8.20 - 12.58 8.17 - 12.58 4 50 -7.50 5 54 0.48 10.30 11.22 0.31 -9.75 - 12.250.39 5.59 4.55 - 7.60 5.35 4.47 - 6.80 9.75 - 12.25 0.39 0.31 -0.48 10.29 11 22 6 97 5.50 4.49 7.37 5.28 4.30 -8.10 - 12.58 10.17 0.39 0.31 -0.49 11 18 9.75 - 12.25 4.32 -8.11 - 12.58 6.80 4.39 -7.35 5.26 10.07 5.46 0 31 -11.10 9.75 - 12.25 0.39 0.48

with interest rate	s fixed	(effec	tive	e inter	est rate) 6		an a	0.20m / W.C.TO			Contract & Fig. 2	and the second second science of the second		with variable inte	rest ra	tes		
for 2 years					for 5 years					for 10 years			1990 C. T. 1997 - Handred H. 1997 C. 1997	(effective interes			NL:09	taaraar chi bi
Average interest rate	Spre	ad			Average interest rate		Spread			Average interest rate		Spread	ara- mozodik kuto ana ar	Average interest rate	Spre	ad		we a da a li
5.3 5.2 5.0	8	4.96 4.89 4.59		5.91 5.91 5.75		5.53 5.41 5.19	5.33 5.17 4.80		6.06 5.91 5.85		5.93 5.81 5.63	5.75 5.60 5.36	- 6.3 - 6.3 - 6.2	1 6.0	8	5.12 5.07 4.91		7 7 7
4.8 4.8 4.7	8			5.64 5.57 5.48	A THE A LOCATE	5.02 4.99 4.80	4.70 4.73 4.47	-	5.75 5.64 5.64		5.49 5.48 5.29	5.22 5.27 5.01	- 6.1 - 6.0 - 5.9	1 5.8	6	4.76 4.76 4.60		7 7 7
4.5 4.4 4.5	6	4.01 4.01 4.01		5.38 5.12 5.07	raumen ölöffeler	4.60 4.53 4.64			5.38 5.12 5.16		5.11 5.05 5.20	4.91 4.80 4.80	- 5.6 - 5.5 - 5.5	4 5.6	1	4.41 4.35 4.40	-	7
4.: 4.	19	3.82 3.75		5.05 5.01	da per un manetal da daditaj de	4.54 4.47	4.23 4,18		5.12 5.02		5.12 5.14	4.86 4.84	- 5.4 - 5.4		1	4.34 4.23	-	ŧ

* The average rates are calculated as unweighted arithmetic means from the interest rates reported to be within the spread. The spread is ascertained by eliminating the reports in the top 5% and the bottom 5% of the interest rate range. The figures for the latest date are always to be regarded as provisional; subsequent alterations, which will appear in the following Monthly Report, are not specially marked. — 1 Second and third weeks of the months indicated. — 2 With maturities between 36 months and 60 months. — 3 Interest rates as % per month of original amount of credit taken up. Besides interest, most banks charge a one-off processing fee (generally 2%, in some cases 3%, of the credit amount). — 4 Calculated on the basis of reported monthly rates (see footnote 3) and reported annual rates on the respective amount of debt and on the basis of the respective processing fees, taking due account of reported maturities. — 5 Lending to enterprises (with agreed maturities of more than five years) with agreed interest rates locked in for more than five years. Up to and including December 1998: with agreed maturities and interest rates locked in for four years and more. — 6 The figures refer to the time when the contract was concluded and not to the entire duration of the contract. The calculation of the effective interest rate is based on an annual redemption rate of 1% plus interest saved; the repayment conditions agreed upon in each case by the credit institutions involved are taken into account (at present mostly monthly payment and inclusion).

Apr. May

Reporting

Reporting period 1 1998 July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May

Reporting

period 1

1998 July

Aug

Sep.

Oct.

Nov

Dec.

Feb

Mar

Apr

Mav

1999 Jan.

VI. Interest rates

7. Lending and deposit rates of banks (MFIs) in Germany * (cont'd) Deposit rates

% p.a.

			Time deposits v	vith agree	d mat	urities					
Higher-vielding			of 1 month			,				of 3 months	
sight deposits of individuals 7	•		less than DM 10	00,000		DM 100,000 an less than DM 1		DM 1 million a less than DM 5		DM 100,000 an less than DM 1	
Average interest rate	Spread	*1101 a (100000)	Average interest rate	Spread		Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread
1.99	6	3.00	2.55	2.00 -	3.00	2.89	2.50 - 3.25	3.14	2.75 - 3.40	3.01	2.50 - 3
2.01	0.50 - 3	3.00	2.54	2.00 -	3.00	2.88	2.40 - 3.25	3.14			
2.00	0.50 –	3.00	2.52	2.00 -	3.00	2.87	2.50 - 3.20		2.70 - 3.35		1
1.98	0.50 -	3.00	2.54	2.10 –	3.00	2.87	2.45 - 3.20	3.13	2.70 - 3.40	2.98	2.50 - 3
1.99	0.50 - 3	3.00	2.53	2.00	3.00	2.87	2.50 - 3.25				
1.98	0.50	3.00	2.51	2.00 –	3.00	2.85	2.40 - 3.20		2.65 - 3.40		
1.93	0.50 -	3.00	2.40	2.00 -	2.85	2.72	2.30 - 3.00	2.94	2.50 - 3.20	2.76	
1.90	0.50 - 3	3.00	2.33	1.90 -	2.75	2.63	2.25 - 3.00		2.50 - 3.10		
1.88	0.50 – 2	2.80	2.33	1.90 -	2.75		2.25 - 2.90		2.50 - 3.10		
1.77	0.50 - 2	2.80	2.13	1.60 -	2.60	2.41	2.00 - 2.80	2.59	2.15 - 3.00	2.48	2.00 - 2
1.69	0.50 - 2	2.57	2.01	1.50 -	2.40	2.27	1.90 - 2.60				

Bank savings be	ande	Savings deposi	ts						
with regular interest payme		with minimum return ⁸	rates of	with higher rat (without a dur	es of return 9 ation of contrac	t being agreed)		NY MARKANA MANYA MANANA MAN	
				with agreed no	otice of 3 month	S			
maturity of 4 ye	ears	with agreed no of 3 months	otice	less than DM 1	0,000	DM 10,000 and but less than D		DM 20,000 and but less than D	
Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread
4.19	3.75 - 4.50	1.56	1.50 - 2.00	2.41	1.75 - 3.04	2.62	2.00 - 3.25	2.77	2.25 -
4.09	3.71 - 4.50	1.55	1.50 - 2.00	2.41					-
3.88	3.40 - 4.50	1.54	1.50 - 2.00						
3.69	3.25 - 4.25	1.53	1.25 - 2.00	2.35	1.75 – 3.00	2.55	2.00 - 3.10	2.71	2.25 -
3.64	3.25 - 4.25	1.52	1.25 - 2.00	2.36	1.75 - 3.34				
3.49	3.00 - 4.10	1.51	1.25 - 2.25	2.32	1.75 - 3.00				
3.30	3.00 - 4.00		1.25 - 2.00	2.23	1.50 - 3.00	2.42	2.00 - 3.00	2.57	2.00 -
3.20	2.87 – 3.90	1.45	1.00 - 2.00	2.19	1.50 - 2.85	2.37	1.80 - 2.80		2.00 -
3.21	2.90 - 3.75	1.41	1.00 - 2.00	2.16	1.50 - 3.00	2.34	1.75 - 2.85		2.00 -
3.10			1.00 - 2.00	2.08	1.50 - 2.75	2.24	1.65 - 2.75	2.39	1.86
3.01	2.75 - 3.50	1.28	1.00 - 2.00	1.92	1.50 - 2.70	2.08	1.50 - 2.60		

with agreed no and a duration			S				with agreed no and a duration	otice of more that of contract of	an 3 months	
up to and inclu	ding 1 yea	ar	more than 1 ye and including 4		more than 4 ye	ars	up to and inclu	ding 1 year	more than 4 ye	ars
Average interest rate	Spread		Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread	Average interest rate	Spread
3.22	2.68 -	3.75	3.82	3.00 - 4.31	4.46	3.30 - 5.60	3.29	2.70 - 3.65	4.28	3.40 -
3.19	2.70 –	3.75	3.71	2.80 - 4.25		3.10 - 5.60	3.30	2.70 - 3.75		1
3.11	2.60 –	3.50	3.60	3.00 - 4.25		3.10 - 5.60		2.70 - 3.50		3.40
3.06	2.50	3.50	3.48	2.77 - 4.25	4.11	3.10 - 5.60	3.14	2.70 - 3.50		3.00 -
3.05	2.50 -	3.50	3.47	2.77 - 4.25		3.33 - 5.60		2.50 - 3.50		
2.96	2.45 -	3.50	3.34	2.53 - 4.00		3.10 - 5.40		2.50 - 3.50		
2.85	2.35 –	3.30	3.10	2.50 - 4.00	3.96	2.90 - 5.40	2.86	2.50 - 3.25		2.78 -
2.75	2.25	3.25	3.01	2.43 - 4.00				2.25 - 3.00		2.76 -
2.73	2.25 –	3.25	2.98	2.50 - 4.00	3.89	2.90 - 5.32	2.79	2.25 - 3.25	3.32	2.62 -
2.59	2.20 -	3.00	2.89	2.43 - 3.75	3.83	2.75 - 5.32	2.61	2.25 - 3.15	3.21	
2.44	2.00 -	3.00		2.30 - 3.25		2.69 - 5.40		1.50 - 3.00		2.50 2.50 -

For footnotes *,1 to 6 see page 45*. — 7 Only such interest rates are taken into account as are above the relevant standard terms of the banks included in the survey. — 8 Only a minimum rate of return is granted, but no premium or bonus. — 9 An interest rate above the minimum rate of return

and/or a premium or a bonus is granted. — 10 Rate of return which is paid when savings plans are held until maturity or when savings objectives have been achieved.

Reporting period 1 1998 July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May

Reporting period 1 1998 July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May

VI. Interest rates

8. Selected central bank rates abroad

ar 19 de ante de la constante d	New rate	e			Previous	rate				New rat	e			Previous	rate	
Country/Interest rate		Appli from		le	% p.a.	Appli from		le	Country/Interest rate	% p.a.	Appli from		e	% p.a.	Applic from	able
1. EU-countries ¹				A199.040 HB-40					3. Non-European countries					No. No. No.		
Denmark Discount rate Repurchase/CD selling rate		Apr. Apr.		'99 '99	3 ^{1/} 4 3.40	Feb. Mar.	4, 1,	'99 '99	Canada 4 Discount rate	4 ³ /4	May	4,	'99	5	Mar. 3	1, '9
Greece		• • • •	14	(00	11.60	Doc	10	'0 8	Japan Discount rate	1/2	Sep.	8,	'95	1	Apr. 1	4, 'S
Deposit rate ² Repurchase rate Lombard rate	11.50 12 13 ½	Jan.	13,	'99	12 ¹ / ₄ 15 ¹ / ₂	Dec.	9,	'98	United States Discount rate Federal funds rate ⁵		Nov. Nov.			4 ³/4 5	Oct. 1 Oct. 1	
Sweden Deposit rate Repurchase rate Lombard rate	2.90	Feb. Mar. Feb.	25,	′ 99	3.15	Nov. Feb. Nov.	17,	'99		Lan Lu nu Johnson Hall Han Hann Hannan Handa (161	anna an meanneach ann ann diadhladh			ver prove all we have been all the second and and all all all all all all all all all al	na na mangana na mangan	
United Kingdom Repurchase rate 3	5	June	10,	'99	5 ¹ /4	Apr.	8,	′ 99			Concernance (Minister 1972			a van oor hit bit voor - A		
2. Switzerland Discount rate	1/2	Apr.	9,	'99	1	Sep.	27,	'96		Man contain and co	100.00			murred film (P	NG 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	

1 Only those member countries which are not participating in the euro area for the time being. -2 Basic tranche. -3 Bank of England key rate. -

9. Money market rates abroad

Monthly or weekly averages of daily figures 1 % p.a.

	Jondon		New York		Tokyo	na mandalikin 194-taun kendra da 1994 at	Zurich	Hong Kon	g	Euro-Dolla	ır market	NAME AND ADDRESS OF TAXABLE PARTY.				AliteReparation
Month or	Day-to- day money 2	Treasury bills (three months) Tender rate 3	Federal funds 4	Treasury bills (three months) Tender rate 3	Day-to- day money	Gensaki rate (three months)	Three- month funds 5	Day-to- day money €	Exchange fund bills 7	Day-to- day money 8	One- month funds 9	Three- month funds 9	item Swap open US\$/I	orandu orates marke OM (US-\$	in the et 10 £/DM	a - Jos grannary medde
week 1997 July Aug. Sep.	6.68 6.88 6.93	6.58 6.84 6.89	5.51 5.54 5.54	5.06 5.13 4.97	0.49 0.49 0.50	0.36 0.36 0.33	0.94 0.81 0.88	5.79 6.50 6.76	6.01 6.61 6.51	5.54 5.54 5.60	5.58 5.54 5.58	5.66 5.65 5.62 5.68	-	2.53 2.40 2.39 2.15	-	3.78 3.87 3.90 3.67
Oct. Nov. Dec.	6.91 7.11 7.17	6.94 7.09 7.02	5.50 5.52 5.50	4.95 5.15 5.16	0.48 0.49 0.39	0.33 0.31 0.23	1.31 1.38 1.00	11.23 5.43 4.53	8.63 9.11 7.39	5.53 5.59 5.60	5.58 5.64 5.85	5.80 5.82	-	2.08 2.12	-	3.77 3.84
1998 Jan. Feb. Mar.	7.13 7.15 7.09	6.80 6.88 6.98	5.51	5.09 5.11 5.03	0.44 0.43 0.43	0.24 0.26 0.26	0.71 0.46 0.77	7.06 4.68 4.43	9.47 7.02 6.30	5.53 5.54 5.53	5.54 5.54 5.58	5.58 5.58 5.58		2.05 2.09 2.12	- - -	3.89 3.93 3.91
Apr. May June	7.09 7.13 7.47	7.02 6.99 7.29	5.49	5.00 5.03 4.99	0.44 0.43 0.44	0.27 0.28 0.28	0.88 1.08 1.44	4.47 5.13 6.72	5.84 6.47 9.07	5.55 5.53 5.61	5.55 5.58 5.56	5.65 5.63 5.63		2.02 2.04 2.09	-	3.78 3.76 4.04
July Aug.	7.29 7.37 7.44	7.22 7.19 6.95	5.54 5.55	4.96 4.94 4.74	0.43	0.29	1.00	5.78 9.84 5.83	7.86 9.78 8.37	5.56		5.63 5.63 5.45		2.14 2.14 2.00	-	4.13 4.11 3.89
Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	7.44 6.55 6.21	6.54	5.07 4.83	4.08 4.44 4.42	0.20	0.11	0.94		5.60	5.13	5.20	5.22 5.28 5.20		1.69 1.67 1.89	1 1	3.52 3.21 3.04
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	5.87 5.63 5.43	5.28 5.08	4.63 4.76	4.34	0.18	0.13	0.56	4.96	5.63	4.74	4.94	5.00 5.01	+ + +	1.85 1.87 1.95	+ +	2.61 2.27 2.24
Apr. May P	5.38	4.90	4.74											2.29 2.47	+ +	2.52 2.69
week ending P					0.07	0.06	0.56	4.31	4.72	4.83	4.90	4.99	+	2.38	+	2.61
1999 Apr. 30	5.30	1	1		1	1	1	4.31	1	1	Ĩ.		-	2.44	+	2.66
May 7 14 21 28	5.49 5.32 5.18 5.21	4.92 4.94	4.70 4.76	4.48	0.03 0.03	0.06	•	4.26	4.76 4.87 4.92	4.72 4.79 4.81	4.90 4.92	5.00 5.04 5.05	+ +	2.43 2.50 2.51	+ + +	2.71 2.73 2.64

1 Unless stated otherwise. — 2 Overnight money rate in the interbank market. — 3 Months: average of the tender rates in the weekly Treasury bill auctions; weeks: average of the tender rates on the day of issue. — 4 Weekly average (Thursday to Wednesday) — 5 Three month deposits with big banks in Zurich; months: average of end-of-month figures. Figure for the fourth week is that for the last day of the month. — 6 Hong Kong dollar-denominated Hong Kong Interbank Offered Rates (HIBOR). — 7 Money market paper issued regularly by the Hong Kong Monetary Authority; maturity of 91 days. — 8 From January 1999 rates for overnight

deposits. — 9 From January 1999 US dollar-denominated London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR). Previously the rates were based on quotations reported by Frankfurt and Luxemburg banks. — 10 Rates for three-month contracts. Owing to the indirect quotation, the forward points between the euro and the foreign currency for the repurchase date of the swap are calculated in the foreign currency as from January 1999; previously the calculation was expressed in DM. As a result the previous discount (–) changes into a premium (+).

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Period

1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.

Period

1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.

VII. Capital market

1. Sales and purchases of debt securities and shares in Germany *)

	Sales					Purchases				
	Domestic de	bt securities 1				Residents			inen illi il 20 mini anti in factori di constante di constante di constante di constante di constante di const	
Sales = total pur- chases	Total	Bank debt securities	Indus- trial bonds	Public debt secur- ities 2	Foreign debt secur- ities 3	Total 4	Credit in- stitutions including building and loan assc. 5	Non- banks 6	Bundes- bank open market oper- ations 5	Non- residents 7
DM million			10 - Enter and the second							
103,497 112,285 88,425 118,285	87,485 88,190 35,100 78,409		- 27	59,768 46,228	16,012 24,095 53,325 39,876	45,927 78,193 86,657 96,073	31,192 45,305 36,838 20,311	13,667 33,599 49,417 76,448	1,068 - 711 402 - 686	57,57 34,09 1,76 22,2
244,827 231,965 291,762 395,110 303,339	220,340 219,346 284,054 382,571 276,058	136,799 131,670 106,857 151,812 117,185	- 67 667 - 175 200 - 65	83,609 87,011	24,487 12,619 7,708 12,539 27,281	225,066 173,099 170,873 183,195 279,989	91,833 45,095 132,236 164,436 126,808	133,266 127,310 37,368 20,095 154,738	- 33 - 33 694 1,269 - 1,336 - 1,557	19,7 58,8 120,8 211,9 23,34
227,099 254,092 327,315 417,435	203,029 233,519 250,688 308,201	162,538 191,341 184,911 254,367	- 350 649 1,563 3,143	40,839 41,529 64,214 50,691	24,070 20,573 76,627 109,234	141,282 147,266 198,471 249,935	49,193 117,352 144,177 203,342	94,409 30,767 54,294 46,593	- 2,320 - 853 	85,8 106,8 128,8 167,50
27,105 47,705 6,327	16,822 34,387 - 6,548	3,213 23,539 1,210	130 154 500		10,283 13,318 12,875	37,100 27,558 – 10,771	41,179 24,409 – 27,622	- 4,079 3,149 16,851		- 9,99 20,14 17,09
Euro million										
38,961 28,303 30,880	30,946 14,494 17,051	19,953 16,234 11,941	- 51 - 149	11,044 – 1,740 4,961	8,015 13,809 13,829	22,630 21,701 19,002	5,571 8,471 13,744	28,201 13,230 5,258	-	16,3 6,60 11,8
37,155	26,700	25,247	-		10,455	14,824	12,462	2,362	_	22,3

	Sales		Purchases				
Sales =			Residents		499, Mar & Group (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1997) (1	[
– total purchases	Domestic shares 8	Foreign shares ⁹	Total 10	Credit insti- tutions 5 , 11	Non-banks 6	Non- residents 12	2
DM million					ании на	Anno 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1999 - 1	1999 - Carlon Maria (1994)
32,371 15,845 21,390 35,511	16,394 11,889 7,528 19,365	15,976 3,955 13,862 16,147		5,022 2,153 1,177 4,913	12,173 14,286 17,259 5,318	_	15, 2,9 25,2
50,070 33,478 32,595 39,355 55,125	28,021 13,317 17,226 19,512 29,160	22,048 20,161 15,370 19,843 25,966	52,631 32,247 40,651 30,871 54,466	7,215 2,466 2,984 4,133 1,622	45,416 29,781 37,667 26,738 52,844	-	2,5 1,2 8,0 8,4
46,422 71,693 114,694 235,597	23,600 34,212 22,239 48,796	22,822 37,481 92,454 186,800	49,354 55,164 91,876 134,422	11,945 12,627 8,547 20,252	37,409 42,537 83,329 114,170	-	2,9 16,5 22,8 101,1
11,170 62,288 14,125	1,300 1,460 5,820	9,870 60,828 8,305	20,213 10,849 18,387	168 15,554 – 12,481	20,045 - 4,705 30,868	-	9,0 51,4 4,2
Euro million							
10,299 3,785 5,301	1,341 617 1,166	8,958 3,168 4,135	10,228 2,294 22,106	3,425 1,498 16,994	6,803 796 5,112		1,4 16,8
6,121	3,723	2,398	7,882	6,608	1,274		1,7

* Excluding investment fund certificates (see Table VII.6). — 1 Net sales at market values plus/less changes in issuers' portfolios of their own debt securities. — 2 Including Federal Railways Fund, Federal Post Office and Treuhand agency. — 3 Net purchases or net sales (-) of foreign debt securities by residents; transaction values. — 4 Domestic and foreign debt securities. — 5 Book values; statistically adjusted. — 6 Residual; also including purchases of domestic and foreign securities by domestic investment funds. — 7 Net purchases or net sales (-) of domestic debt securities (including money market paper issued by banks) by non-residents; transac-

tion values. — 8 At issue prices. — 9 Net purchases or net sales (-) of foreign shares (including direct investment) by residents; transaction values. — 10 Domestic and foreign shares. — 11 Up to the end of 1998, excluding shares under syndicate agreement. — 12 Net purchases or net sales (-) of domestic shares (including direct investment) – before 1989 also including domestic investment fund certificates – by non-residents; transaction values. — The figures for the latest data are to be regarded as provisional; corrections are not specially marked.

VII. Capital market

2. Sales of debt securities issued by borrowers domiciled in Germany *

Until the end of 1998 DM million	nominal value. from	1999 euro million nominal value	

	Until the end of	1998 DM million r	iominal value, fro	n 1999 euro milli	on nominal value				
		Bank debt securi	ties 1						Memo item: Foreign DM/euro
			Mortgage	Communal	Debt securities				bonds issued
		All bank dabt	bonds	bonds (Öffentliche	issued by spe- cialised credit	Other bank	Industrial	Public	by German- managed
Period	Total	All bank debt securities	(Hypotheken- pfandbriefe)	Pfandbriefe)	institutions	debt securities	bonds 2	debt securities 3	
	Gross sales 4	а ^н алын алан талар та Талар талар т			άπος κ το αραγματ το αυτ αγέ ντατα πατά το 	аннин и на суладорууну орунуусоонна арууну соон			
1990	428,698	286,709	14 923	70,701	89,755	111,326	-	141,990	35,168
1991	442,089	292,092	14,923 19,478	91,489 134,363	80,738	100,386 101,333	707	149,288	32,832 57,282
1992 1993	572,767	318,522 434,829	33,633 49,691	134,363 218,496	49,195 34,028	132,616	457	254,244 297,841	87,309
1994	627,331	412,585	44,913	150,115	39,807	177,750	486	214,261	61,465
1995	620,120	470,583	43,287	208,844	41,571	176,877	200 1,742	149,338 167,173	102,719 112,370
1996 1997	731,992 846,567	563,076 621,683	41,439 53,168	246,546 276,755	53,508 54,829	221,582 236,933	1,915	222,972	114,813
1998	1,030,827	789,035	71,371	344,609	72,140	300,920	3,392	238,400	149,542
1998 Aug. Sep.	78,317 85,972	61,014 72,315	4,336 8,961	28,564 29,343	6,146 9,629	21,969 24,383	20	17,304 13,637	9,845 1,875
Oct.	76,432	50,026	5,798	22,177	3,830	18,222	130	26,276	2,483
Nov. Dec.	83,731 77,539	59,239	6,026 3,365	27,668 25,443	2,445 5,496	23,100 24,237	150 500	24,342 18,499	11,986 10,674
Dec.		50,540		23,773	5,150	1 2 17257	L	1	
4000 ·	Euro million	1	2.202	20.042	1	40 357	and the set of the set	21,288	5,319
1999 Jan. Feb.	68,192 47,787	40,901	3,390 2,477	29,019 21,003	4,238 3,461	10,257 13,961	-	6,886	8,419
Mrz	48,249	37,441	2,311	20,895	2,616		150	10,658	1
Apr.	51,738	44,369	3,833	14,733	10,602	15,202	-	7,368	5,732
	of which: De	ebt securities	with a matu	ity of over 4	years ₅				**************************************
1990	272,642	133,347	10,904	43,250	26,767	52,425		139,295	
1991 1992	303,326 430,479	172,171 211,775	11,911 28,594	65,642 99,627	54,878 40,267	39,741 43,286	707	130,448 218,703	22,772 51,939
1993	571,533	296,779	43,365	160.055	26,431	66,923	230	274,524 184,255	82,049
1994	429,369	1	36,397	109,732	29,168	69,508 70,972	306 200	137,503	
1995 1996	409,469 473,560	322,720	30,454 27,901	141,629 167,811	28,711 35,522	91,487	1,702	149,139	92,582
1997 1998	563,333 694,414		41,189 59,893	211,007 288,619	41,053 54,385	87,220 93,551	1,820 2,847	181,047 195,122	98,413 139,645
1998 Aug.	52,573	1	2,745	23,722	4.100	6,158		15,848	1400
Sep.	53,954	48,574	7,802	25,192	8,256	7,323	20	5,360	1,221
Oct. Nov.	52,003 58,166		3,651 4,701	13,499 22,527	2,967 1,338	6,924 5,866	130 150	24,833 23,585	10,922
Dec.	43,638		2,860	18,185	3,817	8,468	500	9,808	
	Euro million	***			ç				
1999 Jan.	53,031	32,724	1,657	24,729	3,242	3,097	-	20,306 6,050	
Feb. Mrz	31,501 28,140	25,451 21,649	1,991 1,316	14,266 14,201	3,024 1,872	6,170 4,260	150	6,342	
Apr.	30,471	8	1	9,462	7,753	3,133	-	6,705	2,817
	Net sales 6								
1990	226,707	140,327	- 3,922	- 72	73,287	71,036	- 67	86,449	21,717
1991	227,822	139,396	4,729 13,104	22,290	65,985	46,390	558	87,868	18,583 34,114
1992 1993	304,751 403,212	115,786 159,982	13,104 22,496	58,235 122,917	19,585 - 13,156		- 175 180	189,142 243,049	43,701
1994	270,088	116,519	18,184	54,316	- 6,897	50,914	- 62	153,630	21,634
1995 1996	205,482 238,427	173,797 195,058	18,260 11,909	96,125 121,929	3,072 6,020	56,342 55,199	- 354 585	32,039 42,788	61,020
1997	257,521	188,525	16,471	115,970	12,476	43,607	1,560	67,437	63,181
1998	327,991	1	1	1	18,461 1,706	61,111 6,116	3,118	60,243 1,693	
1998 Aug. Sep.	26,871 16,306			15,575 12,086	3,425	2,596	20	- 4,341	- 2,009
Oct.	19,244			6,626 14,504			130 150	12,214 13,312	- 6,064 6,931
Nov. Dec.	38,809 – 13,235		4,272 - 1,632	- 1,271	- 1,461 - 1,776		500	- 10,904	
	Euro million								
1999 Jan.	31,337	20,888			2,838		- 51	10,500 - 1,529	
Feb. Mrz	14,850 17,834			9,434 12,303					
Apr.	23,306		1		1	8	6	779	3,074
	-								

* For definitions see the notes in the Statistical Supplement to the Monthly Report 2, Capital market statistics. — 1 Excluding registered bank debt securities. — 2 Debt securities of private enterprises. — 3 Including Federal Railways Fund, Federal Post Office and Treuhand agency. — 4 Gross sales means only initial sales of newly issued securities. — 5 Maximum maturity according to the terms of issue. — 6 Gross sales less redemptions.

VII. Capital market

3. Outstanding amount of debt securities issued by borrowers domiciled in Germany *

	Until the end of	1998 DM million r	ominal value, fro	m 1999 euro mill	ion nominal value				
		Bank debt securi	ties 1						Memo item:
End of year or month	Total	All bank debt securities	Mortgage bonds (Hypotheken- pfandbriefe)	Communal bonds (Öffentliche Pfandbriefe)	Debt securities of specialised credit institutions	Other bank debt securities	Industrial bonds	Public debt securities	Foreign DM/euro bonds issued by German- managed syndicates
	DM million						Acampan (277)		
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	1,458,943 1,686,765 1,991,515 2,394,728 2,664,814	900,977 1,040,374 1,156,162 1,316,142 1,432,661	138,025 142,757 155,862 178,357 196,541	369,901 392,190 450,424 573,341 627,657	155,045 221,031 240,616 227,463 219,214	238,005 284,396 309,259 336,981 389,249	2,604 3,161 2,983 3,163 3,101	555,362 643,230 832,370 1,075,422 1,229,053	223,176 241,760 275,873 319,575 341,210
1995 1996 1997 1998	2,870,295 3,108,724 3,366,245 3,694,234	1,606,459 1,801,517 1,990,041 2,254,668	214,803 226,711 243,183 265,721	723,781 845,710 961,679 1,124,198	222,286 228,306 240,782 259,243	445,589 500,790 544,397 605,507	2,746 3,331 4,891 8,009	1,261,090 1,303,877 1,371,313 1,431,558	402,229 472,180 535,359 619,668
1998 Oct. Nov. Dec.	3,668,660 3,707,469 3,694,234	2,232,152 2,257,499 2,254,668	263,081 267,353 265,721	1,110,965 1,125,469 1,124,198	262,500 261,019 259,243	595,607 603,658 605,507	7,359 7,509 8,009	1,429,149 1,442,461 1,431,558	608,432 615,363 619,668
	Euro million								
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	1,920,169 1,935,019 1,952,853	1,190,060 1,203,874	133,635 134,413 134,655	592,418 601,852 614,155	2 136,119 5 135,353	313,262 317,676 319,711	4,044 4,044 4,194	742,444 740,915 744,784	320,208 324,652 331,975
Apr.	1,976,159	1,226,401	136,526	621,058	3 143,432	325,386	4,194	745,563	335,049
	Breakdown	by remainin	g period to n	naturity 2		Pos	ition at end-A	April 1999	
Maturity in years									
less than 2 2 to less than 4 4 to less than 6 6 to less than 8 8 to less than 10 10 to less than 15 15 to less than 20 20 and more	563,365 520,474 377,406 200,396 175,527 38,304 48,275 52,410	344,315 239,882 123,578 101,013 23,634 2,553	40, 193 38, 535 28, 572 11, 679 14, 725 2, 763 59	163,853 176,01 139,23 75,659 56,815 9,144 287 55	39,249 27,123 27,123 12,068 13,895 6 6,604 7 601	141,146 90,519 44,954 24,171 15,577 5,121 1,607 2,288	693 1,469 653 760 517 102 - -	174,610 174,691 136,872 76,059 73,997 14,568 45,722 49,045	80,145 88,343 60,262 30,861 53,225 14,153 2,515 5,544

Until the end of 1998 DM million nominal value, from 1999 euro million nominal value

* Including debt securities temporarily held in the issuers' portfolios. — 1 Excluding debt securities handed to the trustee for temporary safe custody. — 2 Calculated from month under review until final maturity for

debt securities falling due en bloc and until mean maturity of the residual amount outstanding for debt securities not falling due en bloc.

4. Circulation of shares issued by residents of Germany

Until the end of 1998 DM million nominal value, from 1999 euro million nominal value

			Change in dome	tic public limited	companies' capita	l due to					
Period	Share capital= circulation at end of period under review	Net increase or net decrease(-) during period under review	cash payment and exchange of convertible bonds 1	issue of bonus shares	contribution of claims and other real assets	contribution of shares, mining shares, GmbH shares, etc.	merger and transf of assets	er	change of legal form	reduction of capita and liqui	í]
	DM million										
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 o 1995 1996 1997 1998 1998 Oct. Nov. Dec.	144,686 151,618 160,813 168,005 190,012 211,231 2 216,461 221,575 238,156 233,286 239,147 238,156	12,650 6,932 9,198 7,190 14,237 21,217 7,131 5,115 16,578 – 73 5,860 – 991	3,656 4,295	751 610 728 772 1,446 1,498 1,355 2,722 2,566 274 99 640	396 370	1,049 407 1,073 876 1,883 1,421 1,684 1,767 8,607 21 5,067 362		43 182 732 10 447 623 3,056 2,423 4,055 894 57 2,526	1,284 411 3,030 707 5,086 13,739 833 197 3,905 7 197 3,905 7 167 - 10		1,466 386 942 783 1,367 2,133 2,432 1,678 1,188 1,188 12 85 114
	Euro million		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••							1	
1999 Jan. Feb. Mrz Apr.	122,487 122,876 122,838 123,439	720 390 - 38 601	805 197 144 380	43 42 97 22	19 11 32 31	5 114 52 50		162 340 186 21	- 257 374 - 117 150	 	57 7 61 11

o From January 1994 including the shares of east German companies (resultant increase in share circulation: DM 7,771 million). — 1 Including

share issues out of company profits. — 2 Figure reduced by DM 1,902 million owing to revisions.

VII. Capital market

Yields on bor	ids outstanding	j issued by res	idents 1	an minister states at Minist 175 Mi	t side kos side kolosie od prysk kommunaciji dina	gas uzes-uno con - xeuro ar arteme rore telezogowe ve	diversity of the second s	Price indices 2	2,3	***** ********************************
	Public bonds			Bank debt se	ecurities			Bonds	Shares	1
		Listed Federal secu	rities				Memo item: Foreign DM/euro bonds			191 - C. 192 - C. 192 - C. 192 - C. 192 - C. 193
Total	Total	Total	With re- sidual matur- ities of over 9 to 10 years 4	Total	With re- sidual matur- ities of over 9 to 10 years	Industrial bonds	issued by German- managed	German bond index (REX)	CDAX share price index	German share index (DAX)
% p.a.	n film at an an an air de de mar ann an Alban	Language and the second second second	karrena arrena arren	8.22008 22,02 22 ,02 ⁹ 78,		- the with the many second s second second secon		Average daily rate	End- 1987=100	End- 1987=1000
8.9 8.7 8.1 6.4 6.7	8.8 8.6 8.0 6.3 6.7	8.8 8.6 8.0 6.3 6.7	8.7 8.5 7.8 6.5 6.9	9.0 8.9 8.3 6.5 6.8	8.9 8.6 8.1 6.8 7.2	9.0 8.9 8.7 6.9 7.0	9.2 9.2 8.8 6.8 6.9	93.50 96.35 101.54 109.36 99.90	148.16 134.92 191.13	1,577. 1,545. 2,266.
6.5 5.6 5.1 4.5	6.5 5.6 5.1 4.4	6.5 5.6 5.1 4.4	6.9 6.2 5.6 4.6	6.5 5.5 5.0 4.5	7.2 6.4 5.9 4.9	6.9 5.8 5.2 5.0	6.8 5.8 5.5 5.3	109.18 110.37 111.01 118.18	217.47 301.47	4,249.
4.0 4.1 3.8	4.0	4.0 4.0 3.7	4.1 4.1 3.9	4.1 4.1 3.8	4.5 4.6 4.3	4.7 4.7 4.7	5.6 5.3 5.1	116.72 117.57 118.18	343.90	5,022.
3.6 3.7 3.8	3.7	3.5 3.7 3.8	3.7 3.9 4.0	3.6 3.7 3.8	4.1 4.2 4.4	4.4 4.4 4.5	4.9 5.0 5.2	119.48 117.60 118.20	341.57	4,911. 4,884.
3.6 3.7	3.6 3.7	3.6 3.7	3.9 4.0	3.6 3.7	4.2 4.3	4.4 4.4	4.8 4.7	118.98 117.83		

5. Yields and indices on German securities

1 Bearer debt securities with maximum maturities according to the terms of issue of over 4 years, if their mean residual maturities exceed 3 years. Convertible debt securities, etc., debt securities with unscheduled redemption, zero-coupon bonds, floating-rate notes and bonds not denominated in DM or euros are not included. Group yields for the various categories of securities are weighted with the amounts outstanding of the debt securities

included in the calculation. Monthly figures are calculated on the basis of the yields on all the business days of a month. The annual figures are the unweighted means of the monthly figures. — 2 End of year or month. — 3 Source: German Stock Exchange plc. — 4 Only bonds eligible as underlying instruments for futures contracts are included; calculated as unweighted averages. — 5 As far as quoted on German stock exchanges.

6. Sales and purchases of investment fund certificates in Germany

	Sales of in	vestment fu	und certifica	ates		the sector statistics and		Purchases	er en a- ano noaren antoni electristik 1650	-308 2014 -910 2014	when whitewe are also added	98:18660213164139:35% -kr#*****	······	ų į
	Domestic f	funds (sales	receipts)					Residents		1000-1000-1000-1000	costs of party or man et the	yne usoliotsiau siteratiiwetente	er na verben ald bli villigi att	i generativa
		Investmen general pu	t funds ope Jblic 1	n to the	en wither wight "Dimension" donte of Q600000-100		for a summer for an a first state of the sta	Source of the second	Credit instit including b and loan ass	uildin	g	Non-bank	53	fa ma fu mon an fun a con a ma
DM million 25,788	Total	Total	of which Money market funds	Secur- ities- based funds	Open- end real estate funds	Special- ised invest- ment funds	Foreign funds 4	Total	Total	of w Fore inve men fund tifica	ign st- t I cer-	Total	of which Foreign invest- ment fund cer- tificates	Non-resi- dents ⁵
DM million					1014-1010-1010-1000-1000-1000-1000-	gener office and a start of the space of the start of the		\$1.30 NO.20 TRANSFORM				g <u>ann - an an - ann a</u> n an	1977-11981): marajan marana mulia	
25,788 50,064 81,514 80,259 130,995	26,857 37,492 20,474 61,672 108,914	7,904 13,738 - 3,102 20,791 63,263	- - - 31,180	8,032 11,599 - 9,189 6,075 24,385	- 128 2,144 6,087 14,716 7,698	18,952 23,754 23,575 40,881 45,650	12,572 61,040 18,587	25,766 49,890 81,518 76,258 125,943	4,296 8,594 10,495 16,982 9,849	-	362 5 2,152 2,476 689	21,470 41,296 71,023 59,276 116,094	12,577	- 4,00
55,246 83,386 153,879 190,794	54,071 79,110 138,945 169,748	16,777 16,517 31,501 38,998	6,147 - 4,706 - 5,001 5,772	3,709 7,273 30,066 27,814	6,921 13,950 6,436 4,690	37,294 62,592 107,445 130,750	4,276 14,934	158,022	12,172 19,924 35,924 43,937		188 1,685 340 961	44,123 65,780 122,098 149,626	987 2,591 14,594 20,085	
10,224 12,832 27,099	8,486 10,889 28,019	5,781	847 20 - 391	- 771 4,919 1,464	317 594 483	7,742 5,109 26,340	1,943	15,862	2,904 1,881 8,390	- 1	166 169 2,031	7,269 13,981 17,145	1,572 2,112 – 2,951	
Euro millior	ו						generation (1. 2010-100, 2010-100, 2010-10	ngalata, manana Andria matairiki		ogwriga ar yr mew	a ka manana na mijing diseka	gazza-antona magana marana		······································
14,757 9,894 8,456	14,020 8,782 5,829	4,597	1,447 673 – 18	3,162 2,894 2,108	1,870 954 629	4,185 3,055	1,112 2,627	9,438 8,580	· ·	-	727 811 316	1	301 2,943	450 - 124
9,837	8,937	3,222	649	1,768	778	5,715	900	9,962	1,943	150560-	67	8,019	833	- 12

1 From October 1998 including pension investment mutual funds (Altersvorsorgefonds). — 2 Book values. — 3 Residual. — 4 Net purchases or net sales (–) of foreign investment fund certificates by residents; transaction values. — 5 Net purchases or net sales (–) of domestic investment fund

certificates by non-residents; transaction values (before 1989 classified as shares). — The figures for the latest data are to be regarded as provisional; corrections are not specially marked.

Period

Period

1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1998 Oct. Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May

Nov. Dec.

1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.

VIII. Public finance in Germany

1. Finances of the public sector *

DM billion

4th atr 1998 1st qtr

	Central, re	gional an	d local aut	horities 1							Social sec	urity funds	; 2	Public sec	tor, total	
	Receipts		Expenditu	ure												
				of which												
od	Total	of which Taxes 3	Total 4	Person- nel ex- pend- iture	Other operat- ing ex- pend- iture	Current grants	Interest paid	Capital forma- tion	Finan- cial aid 5	Balance of receipts and expend- iture	Re- ceipts 6	Ex- pend- iture	Balance of receipts and expend- iture	Re- ceipts	Ex- pend- iture	Balance of receipts and expend- iture
1	703.1	549.7	749.4	236.1	118.5	214.9	64.7	66.7	47.9	- 46.3	442.7	426.5	+ 16.2		1 124.4	- 30.1
7	849.5 957.9	661.9 731.7	971.3 1 068.3	294.7 324.5	143.5 153.5	294.0 299.8	77.3 100.9	90.6 107.5	71.3	-121.8	562.8	549.6	+ 13.1	1 342.6	1 451.3	- 108.7
	987.6	749.1	1 119.6	339.2	155.5	334.8	100.9	107.5	81.4 82.4	- 110.4 - 132.0	621.0 673.0	628.8 670.2	- 7.9 + 2.8	1 501.6	1 619.9 1 692.3	- 118.3 - 129.2
	1 057.0	786.2	1 163.2	358.8	159.1	346.5	114.2	99.7	82.2	- 106.1	706.2	705.4	+ 0.9	1 670.2	1 775.5	- 105.2
p pe pe	1 090.8 1 065.5 1 080.5 1 141.5	814.2 800.0 797.2 833.0	1 201.1 1 188.3 1 177.5 1 199.0	370.3 372.2 372.5 374.0	158.4 159.7 159.5 160.5	360.7 355.6 348.0 366.0	129.1 130.9 132.5 134.0	96.9 91.5 87.5 86.5	82.0 76.0 73.0 74.5	- 110.3 - 122.8 - 97.0 - 57.5	744.1 783.8 812.0 826.0	754.7 795.6 806.0 821.5	- 10.6 - 11.8 + 6.0 + 4.5	1 743.9	1 861.6 1 878.4 1 875.5 1 901.0	- 120.8 - 134.5 - 91.0 - 52.5
1st qtr 2nd qtr 3rd qtr 4th qtr	229.9 238.7 246.3 293.6	187.1 187.4 192.8 230.1	262.0 255.6 267.9 315.8	75.0 74.8 77.2 94.9	30.9 31.6 32.3 40.2	93.0 89.9 88.4 85.6	37.5 27.9 33.0 33.1	11.9 15.9 19.6 29.3	15.1 14.0 17.7 31.0	- 32.1 - 16.9 - 21.5 - 22.2	197.1 200.8 199.3 214.0	199.5 201.1 200.0 205.5	- 2.3 - 0.3 - 0.7 + 8.4	397.7 410.0 420.7 485.2	432.0 427.2 443.0 499.0	- 34.4 - 17.2 - 22.2 - 13.8
1st qtr 2nd qtr 3rd qtr 4th qtr P	241.0 263.5 250.8 313.2	188.3 199.1 204.7 241.6	271.4 255.6 273.4 324.5	74.0 75.6 77.2 96.2	31.2 30.2 32.3 41.5	99.6 92.3 91.2 92.3	41.0 24.9 34.4 32.8	11.9 15.9 19.7 29.0	14.6 15.3 18.6 31.0	- 30.4 + 8.0 - 22.6 - 11.3	199.3 203.2 204.5 208.1	199.0 205.9 203.4 201.0	+ 0.3 - 2.7 + 1.1 + 7.1	408.0 435.3 425.8 495.2	438.1 430.0 447.3 499.4	- 30.1 + 5.3 - 21.4 - 4.2

Source: Bundesbank calculations based on data from the Federal Statistical Source: Bundesbank calculations based on data from the Federal Statistical Office. — * The budgetary definition used here differs from the methods employed for the government account of the national accounts and, in case of the quarterly figures, in some respects also from the financial statistics. — 1 Incl. subsidiary budgets. The quarterly figures, unlike the annual figures based on the annual accounts statistics of the Federal Statistical Office, do not include municipal special-purpose associations, hospitals keeping commercial accounts and various special accounts. For the receipts of Bundesbank profit see footnote 1 to Table VIII. 2. — 2 The annual figures

differ from the sum of the quarterly figures, as the latter are all provisional. differ from the sum of the quarterly figures, as the latter are all provisional. The quarterly figures for some fields of insurance are estimated. — 3 The tax revenue shown here is taken from the budget statistics and may differ from the data given in Table VIII. 4, which are based on the tax statistics. 4 Including discrepancies in clearing transactions between the central, regional and local authorities. — 5 Expenditure on investment grants, loans and acquisition of participating interests. — 6 Including Federal Government liquidity assistance to the Federal Labour Office. — 7 From 1991 including public authorities in eastern Germany.

2. Finances of the Federal Government, Länder Governments and local authorities *

	DM billion									
	Federal Govern	nment	Länder Govern	ments			Local authoriti	es		
			Western 2, 3		Eastern 3		Western 3		Eastern 3	
Period	Receipts 1	Expenditure	Receipts	Expenditure	Receipts	Expenditure	Receipts	Expenditure	Receipts	Expenditure
	DM billion									
1990 1991 1992 1993 1994	290.5 354.1 398.4 401.6 439.6	406.1 431.7 462.5	280.2 312.5 334.9 342.7 347.6	299.6 330.8 353.0 369.0 375.6	67.4 75.2 79.4	77.9 88.2 95.5 99.1	205.8 222.9 241.4 252.7 260.9	209.9 228.9 250.8 261.6 266.8	50.2 57.4 63.1 63.1	48.2 64.9 67.5 67.8
1995 1996 1997 pe 1998 p e	439.3 411.9 415.5 438.5	490.4 479.0	357.8 364.4 372.0 382.5	389.8 399.8 398.5 403.0	91.8 96.9 97.5 98.5	104.9 108.7 107.5 106.5	258.3 259.8 255.5 264.5	270.6 265.9 262.5 260.0	68.5 65.2 62.0 61.0	70.4 67.9 63.5 62.5
1997 1st qtr 2nd qtr 3rd qtr 4th qtr	86.8 101.6 98.6 128.7		80.3 79.6 87.3 100.4	87.5 87.1 90.3 110.2	23.3 21.0 22.9 26.9	21.3 22.6 25.1 34.7	49.5 53.3 54.1 65.2	53.0 53.2 55.6 64.7	10.9 12.4 12.8 15.7	11.2 12.5 13.0 16.8
1998 1st qtr 2nd qtr 3rd qtr 4th qtr P	92.8 104.5 101.5 139.5	118.7 119.3 121.8 135.2	83.4 85.5 87.1 102.9	89.0 87.2 91.5 111.8	21.2 22.0 24.2 28.3	20.7 25.3 25.3 33.4	49.2 55.3 57.8 68.6	52.6 52.5 54.9 65.3	10.4 11.8 13.0 16.1	11.0 12.1 12.8 16.2
1999 1st qtr 🛛 P	94.8	121.3								
	Euro billion									
1999 1st qtr P	48.4	62.0								

Source: Bundesbank calculations based on data from the Federal Statistical Office. — \star See corresponding footnote to Table VIII. 1. — 1 The Bundesbank profit transfer is shown in full until 1994; from 1995 only the DM 7 billion scheduled in the budget is shown. Since that time, receipts over and above the scheduled amount accrue directly to the Redemption

Fund for Inherited Liabilities. — 2 Including Berlin, Bremen, Hamburg. From 1991 including Berlin (East). — 3 The quarterly figures, unlike the annual figures based on the annual accounts statistics of the Federal Statistical Office, do not include hospitals keeping commercial accounts and various receiption accounts. special accounts.

VIII. Public finance in Germany

Item	1990	1991 1	1991 Z	1992	1993	1994	1995 З, р	1996 P	1997 p	1998 P
Receipts	1 068.	4 1 197.	7 1 300.4	1 438.0	1 488.2	1 580.8	1 631.2	1 646.8	1 674.7	1 724.3
of which	al happened to the				BARBARD BERY AG AG					140-14 (D1-0-14)
Taxes	573.	2 653.	3 689.2	754.7	772.9	811.5	838.8	819.2	822.4	861.6
Social security contributions	410.	5 450.	3 513.0	562.9	596.4	642.6	672.7	706.4	730.1	736.9
Expenditure	1 118.	1 1 287.	4 1 395.0	1 525.2	1 600.0	1 668.0	1 751.6	1 771.6	1 776.2	1 803.2
Government consumption	444.	1 466.	5 556.7	616.4	634.9	658.6	686.6	705.1	703.4	710.1
Interest	63.	4 74.	5 76.7	100.4	104.2	112.2	131.1	131.8	135.9	134.5
Current transfers	521	7 620.	3 621.7	665.3	720.6	765.0	801.3	812.5	821.9	836.8
Capital transfers	33	3 66.	2 64.9	55.9	53.5	45.9	50.1	45.4	45.5	54.1
Gross capital formation	55	5 59.	9 75.0	87.2	86.8	86.4	82.5	76.8	69.5	67.7
Financial balance	- 49	7 – 89.	7 - 94.7	- 87.2	- 111.8	- 87.3	- 120.4	- 124.8	- 101.5	- 78.9
as a percentage of the gross domestic product	- 2	1 – 3.	4 - 3.3	- 2.8	- 3.5	- 2.6	- 3.5	- 3.5	- 2.8	- 2.
Memo item			No					la mar en el constante de la co	ALC Drive a constant of the second	n yn wenn dei Geld Gel
Deficit of the Treuhand agency	- 4	.3 – 19	9 – 19.9	9 – 29.6	- 38.1	- 37.1			1 M 2 DOPTO 1 Y 1 M 2 DOPTO 1	
Items as defined in Maastricht						a de la constante de	4 2 mechano 00-000			n
Treaty			4 V			Carlos and Car	-			Landon Maria
as a percentage of the gross										
domestic product 4		ndi kélesé				1.447 Mar 1.847 Mar 1	man pan Kiriki	No.00.00 protection		20120101
Financial balance			. – 3.1	I – 2.6	i – 3.2	- 2.4	- 3.3	- 3.4	- 2.7	*
Debt			. 41.4	44.(48.0	50.2	58.3	60.8	61.5	61.

3. Finances of the Government in the national accounts

Source: Federal Statistical Office. — 1 Western Germany. — 2 Germany as a whole. — 3 Adjusted for the balance of notional capital transfers between the public sector and the corporate sector, mainly in connection with the winding-up of the Treuhand agency. In unadjusted terms, the deficit amounted to 10.1% of GDP. — 4 The financial balance shown here deviates

from the figures shown above, mainly because of the transfer of hospitals from one sector to another; owing to some conversions, indebtedness deviates from the debt level shown in tables VIII. 7 and VIII. 8. Level according to the figures of the national accounts of March 1999.

4. Tax revenue of the central, regional and local authorities

		Federal and Lände	er Governments and	d European Union			Local authorities	5 4		
	No. of Control of Cont			Länder Governme	nts			of which	Balance o	of
Period	Total	Total 1	Federal Government 2	Total	of which New Länder	European Union 3	Total	in the	untransfe tax share	erred
	DM million	An a conservation with conservation parallel and a second s							g	20080-100-000-00 particular
1997 6 1998	797,154 833,013			290,771 306,127		. 41,724 . 42,271	96,531 104,960	1	- +	117 166
1999 1st qtr		170,548	84,752	74,156		. 11,640		•	artis e l'innanaeuradoria	
1999 Mar. Apr.	-	64,978 53,123	2		2	. 1,635 . 2,847	\$			•
	Euro million	an Beneral and a first the state of the stat	A second of the second			na ongonitar na saban sabatar an akan sabatar an	rgger			na manda adari (12) (2004-000) (10) (4)
1999 1st atr		87,200	43,333	37,915		. 5,952				
1999 Mar. Apr.		33,223 27,161			1	. 836 . 1,456	1	•	gerend Lindundona.	

Source: Federal Ministry of Finance. — 1 Including receipts from the Equalisation of Burdens levies. — 2 Before deduction of supplementary Federal grants and shares in the revenue of mineral oil tax remitted to the Länder Governments. — 3 Including the (GNP-related) receipts accruing to the EU from 1988 to the detriment of the Federal Government's tax revenue. — 4 Including local authority taxes of Berlin, Bremen and

Hamburg. — 5 Difference between the local authorities' share in the income taxes received by the Länder cash offices in the period in question (see Table VIII. 5) and the amounts passed on to the local authorities during the same period. — 6 From 1991 including the tax revenue in the new Länder.

VIII. Public finance in Germany

5. Tax revenue, by type

		Joint taxes			in the statement								[Memo
		Income taxe	s 2				Turnover ta	axes 5, 6		T				item Local
Period	Total 1	Total	Wage tax 3	As- sessed income tax	Corpora- tion tax	Invest- ment income taxes 4	Total	Value- added tax	Turnover tax on imports	Share in trade tax 6, 7	Federal taxes 8, 9	Länder taxes 8	EU customs duties 9	author- ities' share in income taxes 10
	Old Länd	er									4			L
	DM million			an an Statistica and a statistical designs and				an a	12 The state of the second			an a		
1997 1998	-	319,461 346,038	250,231 260,191	11,079 16,837	32,719 35,113	25,432 33,897	223,127 231,588	183,251 186,317	39,875 45,270	8,710 10,228		29,859 32,457		3,919,644 4,155,413
1999 1st qtr 1999 Mar.		85,946 36,238	63,460 20,272	1,563 3,837	10,593 10,305	10,330 1,825	60,842	50,305	10,537	148		8,817		975,351
Apr.		22,919	21,122	- 965	531	2,231	17,688 19,078	13,644 14,947	4,044 4,131	- 0 1,741		3,234 2,997		361,628 302,351
	Euro million	r				······································	1							
1999 1st qtr 1999 Mar.		43,943	32,447	799	5,416	5,281	31,108	25,721	5,388	76		4,508		498,689
Apr.		18,528 11,718	10,365 10,799	1,962 - 493	5,269 272	933 1,141	9,044 9,754	6,976 7,642	2,068 2,112	- 0 890	•	1,654 1,532	•	184,897 154,589
	Germany	as a whole	-											
	DM million									***	19.000 cm.000 instance an aparam.			
1997 1998	740,272 775,028	313,794 340,231	248,672 258,276	5,764 11,116	33,267 36,200	26,092 34,640	240,900 250,214	199,934 203,684	40,966 46,530	8,732 10,284	135,264 130,513	34,682 37,300	6,900 6,486	39,533 47,140
1999 1st qtr	181,244	79,669	58,363	- 319	11,005	10,620	65,613	54,819	10,794	153	24,201	10,189	1,420	10,695
1999 Mar. Apr.	68,644 56,317	33,746 20,433	18,401 19,366	2,740 - 1,685	10,748 460	1,856 2,293	18,733 20,464	14,563 16,231	4,170 4,233	- 0 1,792	11,832 9.666	3,784 3,425	550 537	3,666 3,195
	Euro million					an a	**************************************		and a second					
1999 1st qtr	92,668	40,734	29,840	- 163	5,627	5,430	33,547	28,028	5,519	78	12,374	5,210	726	5,468
1999 Mar. Apr.	35,097 28,795	17,254 10,447	9,408 9,902	1,401 - 862	5,495 235	949 1,172	9,578 10,463	7,446 8,299	2,132 2,164	- 0 916	6,050 4,942	1,935 1,751	281 274	1,875 1,633

Source: Federal Ministry of Finance. — 1 This total, unlike that in Table VIII. A, includes neither the revenue from Equalisation of Burdens levies, trade tax on returns and capital (less Federal and Länder shares in trade tax), the taxes on land and buildings and other local authority taxes, nor the balance of untransferred tax shares. — 2 The yield of wage tax and assessed income tax was distributed among the Federal Government, the Länder Governments and the local authorities in the ratio of 42.5 : 42.5 : 15 from 1980, and the yield of corporation tax and investment income tax between the Federal Government and the Länder Governments in the ratio of 50 : 50 from 1970. — 3 From 1996, after deduction of child benefit which, in part, is shown only for the whole of Germany. — 4 From February 1993 including revenue from the tax on interest income, in which the local authorities have a share of 12%. — 5 The Federal Government's share: 63% in both 1993 and 1994, 56% in 1995, 50.5% in both 1996 and 1997;the remainder went to the

Länder Governments. From 1998 3.64% and from 1999 5.63% went to the Federal Government in advance to finance the supplementary Federal grant to the pension insurance funds; 2.2% of the balance went to the local authorities, of the new balance: 50.5% to the Federal Government, 49.5% to the Länder Governments. The EU share must likewise be deducted from the Federal Government's share stated. — 6 Since 1991 the distribution of turnover tax and the level and distribution of the share in trade tax have been affected by the financing of the debt service of the "German Unity" Fund. — 7 Federal Government and Länder Governments 50% each. From 1998 Federal Government 42.2%, Länder Governments 57.8%. — 8 For breakdown see Table VIII. 6. — 9 Receipts from Federal taxes and from customs duties accruing to the EU are only recorded for the whole of Germany. — 10 From 1998 including the share in turnover taxes.

6. Individual taxes of the Federal Government, Länder Governments and local authorities

	Federal tax	es					Länder tax	es				Local autho	ority taxes	
	Mineral oil tax	Tobacco tax	Spirits tax	Insur- ance tax	Other capital trans- action taxes 1	Other Federal taxes 2	Motor vehicle tax	Property tax	Inherit- ance tax	Beer tax	Other Länder taxes	Trade tax 3	Taxes on land and buildings	Other local taxes 4
	DM million								Ann 2000 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100 - 100	8-200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 200 - 2			1	1
	66,008 66,677	21,155 21,652	4,662 4,426		-	29,312 23,807	14,418 15,171	1,757 1,063	4,061 4,810	1,698 1,662	12,749 14,594	48,601 50,508	15,503 16,228	1,509 1,532
st qtr	7,345	3,957	751	6,345	-	5,804	3,809	266	1,357	363	4,394	50,500	10,220	1,332
Aar. Apr.	5,064 5,032	2,530 2,022	589 311	1,060 799	-	2,589 1,504	1,411 1,312	106 120	490	109 144	1,669 1,311			
	Euro millior	า				be	8229999971-20209771-2020-2020-2020-2020-2020-2020-2020-2		1					
st qtr	3,756	2,023	384	3,244	_	2,967	1,948	136	694	186	2,246			
lar. .pr.	2,589 2,573	1,293 1,034	301 159	542 408	_	1,324 769	721	54 61	250 275	56 74	853 670	•		

Source: Federal Ministry of Finance. — 1 Revenue from the capital transfer taxes (levied until the end of 1990 and 1991, respectively). — 2 Other excise taxes and the income and corporation tax surcharge ("solidarity surcharge")

levied from mid-1991 until mid-1992, and again since the beginning of 1995. — 3 On returns and capital. — 4 Including tax-like receipts. — 5 From the beginning of 1991 including tax receipts in the new Länder.

Perio

1999 1999

VIII. Public finance in Germany

7. Indebtedness of the public sector *

	DM million		9200-0-0.0000000000000000000000000000000					1		- 1. 21 0.2000 - 100 2000 - 100 COM-1000			
		NJ TRUTH COMPANY	1991 (An 1997)			1999	 COMMONDANCE VCDP 	Direct	Loans from	non-banks	Old debt		Sec. 49. (1999) - 49. (1997) -
End of year or month	Total	Bundes- bank advances	Treasury discount paper	Treasury notes 1	5–year special Federal bonds 1	Federal savings bonds	Debt secur- ities 1	lending by credit institu- tions ²	Social security funds	Other 2	owing to German unifica- tion 3	Equalisa- tion claims	Other 4
	Public au	uthorities											
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 Mar.	1,345,224 1,509,150 1,662,150 1,995,974 2,129,344 2,219,163 2,249,630		30,589 20,506 8,072 27,609 26,336	109,733 150,138 169,181 219,864 217,668 241,268 239,755	153,825 188,767 181,737 170,719 176,164 177,721 172,919	35,415 46,093 59,334 78,456 96,391 99,317 97,182	402,073 465,408 607,224 631,696 670,755 692,381	578,352 646,855 767,253 839,501 882,190 902,120	6,076 5,329 4,971 4,168 3,715 3,512	25,218	1,421 1,391 1,360 1,330 1,300 1,268	89,826 89,376 89,427	196 184 198 203 216 218
June Sep. Dec. pe	2,252,436 2,269,989 2,282,500	- 1	25,721 24,885 25,631	245,081 233,880 221,938	181,627 189,693 199,774	97,547 96,664 92,698	705,134		3,435	21,546	1,280	87,409	205
	Federal	Governm	ent ⁵										
1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	685,283 712,488 756,834 839,883 905,691	3	23,276 15,870 8,072 26,789 25,286	66,987 52,354 55,289 78,848	5	46,093 59,334 78,456 96,391 99,317 97,182	359,833 402,307 434,295 481,619	16,654 26,572 32,988 31,845	4 63 2 23 3 10 5 10	862 8,111 7,761 865	1,391 1,360 1,330 1,300	9,576 8,684 8,684 8,684	183 176 183 197
1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec.	932,277 946,364 964,454 957,983	+	25,021 24,986 24,685 24,666	85,443 95,495 91,104 84,760	189,193	97,547 96,664	501,046 508,272	33,053 41,185	8 10 5 -	2,928 3,188	1,292 1,292	8,684 8,684	197 189
	West Ge	rman Lär	nder Gove	ernments									
1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	393,577 415,052 442,536 477,367 505,297	2 – 5 – 1 –		68,643 72,001 80,036		integration of the second s	. 22,450 20,451 . 19,151 . 11,934 . 6,739	311,622 339,084 372,449	2 1,632 4 1,333 9 874	10,444 10,965 11,747	AND THE CANADA AND TH	2,563 2,259 - - -) 2 - 2 - 2 - 2
1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec. P	510,857 514,028 516,586 525,598	8 - 5 - 8 -			NAME AND A DECIMAL OF A		. 5,304 4,208 . 4,130 . 4,489	417,764 422,974	4 539 4 526	10,088 8,697			
		man Län		10.445	5	k	i 1.000	1 21.00	31 5	5 140) #	-	
1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	40,263 55,650 69,15 80,989 90,17 90,17	D - 1 - 5 - 4 -	- 500	19,350 23,845 25,320 26,040		an ba ann a su an	. 1,000 . 1,000 . 1,500 . 1,500 . 1,500 . 1,500) 35,06 43,32) 53,48) 61,69	5 5 8 17 3 - 7 15	5 230 461 - 182 5 222		 BAD IN THE STRATE AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND AND	
1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec. P	92,57 92,57 94,55 98,19	3 - 5 -	- 735	25,695			1,500 1,500 1,500) 64,40) 65,46	6 19 8 19	5 222 5 212	2	NUTRAL PROPERTY AND A	
	West Ge	erman loc	al author	ities ⁶								ж	
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	140,13 149,21 155,66 159,57 161,39 163,14	1 3 5 5					. 150 . 100 . 1,000 . 1,280 . 1,330	- 143,94 149,74 153,32 154,98 157,02	5 3,186 3 3,000 9 2,746 4 2,53	4 2,007 5 2,632 5 2,246 5 2,180 7 1,950	7 22 5 5 1	 The provide adding the the first consideration of the second secon	
1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec. pe	163,20 162,60 161,70 161,00	0		. 300 . 300 . 300 . 300)		. 1,33(. 1,33(. 1,33(. 1,33(0 156,52 0 155,62	0 2,500 0 2,500) 1,950) 1,950	D	 Methodal and a subsequence work of the formation of the subsequence of the s	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	East Ge	rman loca	al author	ties 6									
1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997	14,46 23,64 32,46 37,02 39,21 38,97	8 5 4 9	• • • • • • • • •	. 12! . 22! . 22! . 22!	5	 come and this is in the second se	. 300 400 . 400 . 400 . 400	0 31,04 0 35,60 0 38,16 0 37,91	7 33 6 37 9 34 3 30 3 27	9 28 1 52 9 44 9 12 4 16	2 3 1 1 7	na na manana na mana	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec. P e	39,00 39,10 39,30 39,96	0		. 22 . 22 . 22 . 22	5	synatherroughen, delight (Belgin	. 40 . 40 . 40 . 40	0 38,05 0 38,25	5 25 5 25	0 17 0 17	0	 Konkorkanthelikannen var 	•

For footnotes see end of the table.

VIII. Public finance in Germany

7. Indebtedness of the public sector * (cont 'd)

	DM million												
									Loans from	non-banks	Old debt	A	1
End of year or month	Total	Bundes- bank advances	Treasury discount paper	Treasury notes 1	5–year special Federal bonds 1	Federal savings bonds	Debt secur- ities 1	Direct lending by credit institu- tions 2	Social security funds	Other 2	owing to German unifica- tion 3	Equalisa- tion claims	Other 4
	Federal F	lailways l	und ⁵										
1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec.	71,173 78,400 77,785 77,254 77,445 76,391 78,276 77,247 "German	- - - - -		5,208 3,848 1,882 1,927 1,874 – – –	- - - 500 500 500 500		29,467 28,992 28,749 25,634 26,427 26,468 28,105 31,648	29,232 39,005 41,537 44,807 44,440 45,771 46,549 42,488	140 130 115 103 102 86	7,200 6,415 5,489 4,772 4,101 3,550 3,037 2,532			
1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec.	87,676 89,187 87,146 83,547 79,663 79,530 79,323 79,475 79,270		1,876 897 - - - - - - -	8,873 8,867 8,891 - - - - - -			43,804 43,859 44,398 44,312 44,293 48,135 47,988 48,240 47,855	31,566 33,744 31,925 38,020 34,720 30,755 30,705 30,625 30,975	5 5 5 5 5 5 5	1,552 1,816 1,927 1,210 645 635 625 605 440			
	ERP Speci	al Fund	5										
1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec.	28,263 28,043 34,200 34,135 33,650 34,720 34,660 34,696 34,159	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -					9,318 10,298 10,745 10,750 10,810 10,810 10,700 11,921 11,944	18,945 17,745 23,455 23,385 22,840 23,910 23,960 22,775 20,988		- - - - - - 1,227		-	• • • •
	Debt-Proc	essing Fi	und / Red	lemption	Fund for	Inherite				.,,			•
1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec.	101,230 102,428 328,888 331,918 322,032 318,915 303,976 297,370 304,978		5,437 3,740 - - - - - - -	58,699 54,718 54,028 48,085 41,939 34,833 31,633			98,731 98,468 98,377 98,150 96,874 101,120 110,006	20,197 22,003 72,732 81,380 81,616 85,066 80,176 78,946 79,226	- 2 98 95 54 54 54 54	1,676 1,420 6,468 7,468 7,233 6,825 4,140 3,689	13,745 8,630 15 -24 -9 -11	73,921 75,263 78,395 81,142 80,692 80,743 80,788 78,726 79,726	21 19 17 16 15 14
	"Use of H	ard Coal	*		 d / Indem	nificatio		/9,220	54	4,167	-20	79,899	15
1995 1996 1997 1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec.	2,220 3,117 3,283 3,314 3,420 3,577 4,114						443	2,220 3,108 3,229 3,241 3,334 3,460 3,671	- - - - -	- - - - - -			•

Source: Bundesbank calculations based on data from the Federal Statistical Office. — * Excluding public authorities' mutual indebtedness. — 1 Excluding paper in the issuers' portfolios. — 2 Mainly loans against borrowers' notes. Including loans raised abroad. Other loans from non-banks, including liabilities arising from the investment assistance levy. — 3 Old liabilities arising from residential construction and liabilities arising from residential construction in connection with the return of the troops of

the former USSR in eastern Germany to their home country. — 4 Old debt mainly expressed in foreign currency, in accordance with the London Debts agreement; excluding debt securities in own portfolios. — 5 The debt incurred through the joint issue of Federal securities is recorded here – in contrast to the capital market statistics – under the Federal Government and its special funds in accordance with the agreed distribution ratios. — 6 Data other than end-of-year figures have been estimated. Including indebtedness of municipal special-purpose associations and municipal hospitals.

VIII. Public finance in Germany

8. Changes in public sector indebtedness *

DM million

DM million						9909Paranta?	221-1000-1000-1000-100	040 ***********************************	N 554 557 1971 1971 1971 1971 1971 1971	man, and the state	Second and the second se	2009 mar 200 1	0304817-0		ar	en elsi liheessi	anneal lateration and parts
				Ne1	borrow	ng 1			u			200-01 (D-047			and the other way with the		1 • 3122399000001ar1a1289000770
	Level at end	of		199	17			un preneta in 1982.	Contraction of the second s	199	8		or - the allow - CC 700 - 10 M av			A. 1256 - 405170	-005-001-0-00120
ltem	1996	1997	Dec. 1998 pe	Tot	al	1st-3	Brd qtr	4th	qtr	Tota	al pe	1st I	half	1st-3	Brd qtr	4th	qtr pe
Borrowers																	
 Federal Government	839,883	905,691	957,983	+	65,808	+	62,446	1	3,362		52,292	+	40,673	+	58,763		6,471
"German Unity" Fund ERP Special Fund Federal Railways Fund Inherited Liabilities Fund	83,547 34,135 77,785 331,918	79,663 33,650 77,254 322,032	79,270 34,159 77,247 304,978	1 1 1	3,884 485 531 11,037	- + -	2,214 644 293 11,430	+	1,670 159 824 393	- + -	394 509 6 18,495	- + -	340 1,010 863 18,094	- + +	188 1,047 1,022 24,753	-	205 538 1,029 6,259
"Use of Hard Coal" Equal- isation Fund Indemnification Fund	3,108 9	3,229 54	3,971 143	++++	121 45	+ +	113 31	+	8 14	+ +	742 89		105 33	+ +	231 63	+	511 26 9,012
West German Länder Governments East German Länder Governments West German local authorities ² East German local authorities ²	477,361 80,985 161,395 39,218	505,297 90,174 163,141 38,979	525,598 98,192 161,000 39,960	+++	27,936 9,189 6,129 2,477	+ + + +	15,783 3,339 3,420 832	+++	12,153 5,850 2,709 1,645	+ + + +	20,301 8,018 745 981	++	8,731 2,400 715 121	+ + - +	11,289 4,382 185 321	+ +	3,637 930 660
Total	2,129,344	2,219,163	2,282,500	+	95,769	+	71,970	+	23,799	+	64,782	+	34,491	+	51,991	+	12,792
Types of debt																,	7.45
 Treasury discount paper ³ Treasury notes ⁴ Five-year special Federal bonds ⁴ Federal savings bonds Debt securities ⁴	27,609 217,668 176,164 96,391 631,696	241,268 177,721 99,317	25,631 221,938 199,774 92,698 729,393	+++++	2,927	+ + +	2,686 16,887 11,697 3,242 23,682	+ - -	1,413 6,713 10,141 315 15,377	+ - +	705 19,330 22,054 6,619 58,639	+ + -	614 3,813 3,906 1,770 19,846	+	1,451 7,388 11,973 2,654 34,380	- + -	746 11,942 10,081 3,966 24,259
Direct lending by credit institutions 5 Loans from social security funds Other loans 5	839,501 4,168 36,078		897,049 3,308 22,598	- 1	454	- 1	36,714 233 6,674	-	13,074 221 2,527	-	17,745 407 4,279		240 3,283	- 1	24,923 280 5,409	- +	7,178 127 1,131
Old debt 6 Equalisation claims Investment assistance levy	10,163 89,826 79	89,376	1,451 88,583 79	-			8,611 2,049 0	+	22 449 0	-	80 2,234 0	+	34 57 0		45 2,058 0	-	34 176 0
Total	2,129,344	2,219,163	2,282,500	+ 1	95,769	+	71,970	+	23,799	+	64,782	+	34,491	+	51,991	+	12,792
Creditors																	
Banking system								*		ł		Ŧ	_	ž	_	1	-
Bundesbank Credit institutions	8,684 1,133,500) +	43,900	+	58,300) -		+	14,000	+		+	42,000		28,000
Domestic non-banks		- Fixed Lat Germon	Linese we		_	4000 M 1000		energy (symposition)		10 ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL ALL AL	400	and other territy	200	700001101001	300	-	100
Social security funds 7 Other 8	4,200 358,660				· 500 · 28,332		300 38,930		200 10,598	-		' -	200 22,709	-	39,709	+	23,492
Foreign creditors pe	624,300	100			80,700	- Success	52,900		a		67,400				50,000	cx	17,400
Total	2,129,344	2,219,163	2,282,500) +	95,769	+	71,970) +	23,799	+	64,782	2 +	34,491	1+	51,991	+	12,792

Source: Bundesbank calculations based on data from the Federal Statistical Office. — * Excluding public authorities' mutual indebtedness. — 1 Net borrowing differs from the change in indebtedness, which includes the assumption and reduction of debts. — 2 Data other than end-of-year figures have been estimated. Including indebtedness of municipal special-purpose associations and municipal hospitals. — 3 Excluding mobilisation and liquidity paper. — 4 Excluding paper in the issuers' portfolios. — 5 Including loans raised abroad. — 6 Old liabilities arising

from residential construction and liabilities arising from the residential construction of the former GDR's armed forces and from residential construction in connection with the return of the troops of the former USSR based in eastern Germany to their home country, and old debt in accordance with the London Debts Agreement. — 7 Excluding public bonds acquired by supplementary pension funds for government employees. — 8 Ascertained as a difference.

9. Loans raised by public authorities against borrowers' notes

	DM million			and the second	and the second	graph with 2022-2010-10-27-2010-00-2010-00-2010-00-2010-00-2010-2010	Constraint and a state of the second s	o construction and address of the construction of the second second second second second second second second s	Carlo Control Cont	A 100 - 100
End of year or month		Federal Govern- ment 2	German	Debt-Pro- cessing Fund	ERP Special Fund	Länder Govern- ments ³	Local authorities 3, 4, 5	Federal Railways Fund	Inherited Liabilites Fund	"Use of Hard Coal" Equal- isation Fund
1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 Mar. June Sep. Dec. pe	661,675 790,631 853,533 885,840 895,614 893,250 895,378 900,482	31,807 33,817 25,914 22,394 23,669 23,659	31,395 31,335 31,235		17,745 23,455 23,385 22,840 23,910 23,910 22,775 22,215	387,309 428,292 471,224 485,451 489,191 493,518 503,980	187,125 189,599 188,667 188,635 188,019 188,372	45,560 47,155 49,694 48,644 49,423 49,671 45,099	88,902 91,944 84,369 82,688 83,447	3,334 3,460

Source: Bundesbank calculations based on data from the Federal Statistical Office. — 1 Excluding Debt Register claims and cash advances. Including small amounts of: mortgage loans, land charges in annuity and other forms, and debts outstanding. — 2 Including Equalisation of Burdens Fund. —

3 From 1991, in the whole of Germany. — 4 Data other than end-of-year figures have been estimated. Including municipal special-purpose associations and municipal hospitals. — 5 Including contractually agreed loans.

VIII. Public finance in Germany

10. Indebtedness of the Federal Government

			Treasury discount p	aper 1					Direct	Indebtedn to non-bai		Old debt		
End of year or month	Total	Bundes- bank advances	Total	of which Treasury financing paper	Federal Treasury paper 2	5–year special Federal bonds 2	Federal savings bonds	Debt secur- ities 2, 3	lending	Social security funds 5	Other 4, 6	owing to German unifica- tion 7	Equal- isation claims	Other 8
1993 9 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998	685,283 712,488 756,834 839,883 905,691 957,983		23,276 15,870 8,072 26,789 25,286 24,666	22,904 14,578 7,681 7,166 5,221 4,558	60,565 66,987 52,354 55,289 78,848 84,760	188,767 181,737 170,719 176,164 177,721 199,274	46,093 59,334 78,456 96,391 99,317 92,698	325,201 359,833 402,307 434,295 481,619 519,718	26,129 16,654 26,572 32,988 31,845 24,125	730 63 23 10 10	3,211 862 8,111 7,761 865	1,421 1,391 1,360 1,330 1,300	9,698 9,576 8,684 8,684 8,684	194 183 176 183 197
1998 May June	936,754 946,364	-	25,003 24,986	4,844 4,827	87,724 95,495	180,295 181,127	97,700 97,547	501,520 501,046	24,125 30,596 33,053	- 10 10	2,603 3,735 2,928	1,270 1,292 1,292	8,684 8,684 8,684	186 195 197
July Aug. Sep.	956,484 958,085 964,454		24,735 24,751 24,685	4,737 4,754 4,688	95,743 92,826 91,104	182,024 187,432 189,193	96,973 96,505 96,664	503,829 505,240 508,272	40,129 37,792 41,185	10 - -	2,873 3,368 3,188	1,292 1,292 1,292	8,684 8,684 8,684	195 195 189
Oct. Nov. Dec.	975,098 977,714 957,983	- - -	24,759 24,727 24,666	4,652 4,620 4,558	92,525 93,495 84,760	187,787 196,193 199,274	96,001 93,898 92,698	521,638 520,117 519,718	39,508 36,398 24,125	- - -	2,723 2,723 2,603	1,290 1,290 1,270	8,684 8,684 8,684	185 187 186
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.p	503,655 505,827 506,339	- - -	12,254 12,151 12,077	2,197 2,094 2,019	44,077 42,990 41,245	103,276 105,561 106,040	46,678 45,456 45,442	274,373 273,077 277,684	16,581 20,176 17,438	- - -	1,230 1,230 1,230	649 649 645	4,440 4,440 4,440	96 98 98
Apr. P May P	505,746 507,548	-	11,907 11,830	1,928 1,851	41,698 39,703	106,532 107,365	45,430 45,422	281,020 281,811	12,746 15,004	-	1,230 1,230	645 645	4,440 4,440	98 98

Up to the end of 1998, DM million / from 1999, euro million

1 Excluding mobilisation and liquidity paper. — 2 Excluding paper in the issuers' portfolios. — 3 From January 1991 including debt securities taken over from the Federal Railways totalling DM 12,622 million. — 4 Including loans raised abroad; including money market debt. — 5 Including loans granted by supplementary pension funds for government employees. — 6 Including liabilities arising from the investment assistance levy. — 7 Assumption of liabilities arising from residential construction of the

former GDR's armed forces and from residential construction in connection with the return of the troops of the former USSR based in eastern Germany to their home country. — 8 Commutation and compensation debt and old debt mainly expressed in foreign currency. — 9 In 1980 the Federal Government took over the debts of the Equalisation of Burdens Fund. Since then they have been recorded among the Federal Government's figures together with the Federal debt proper.

11. Federal finance on a cash basis

Up to the end of 1998, DM billion / from 1999, euro billion

					Financing	3		649-06-06-099-099-						Γ]
	20-00 and an error				Change					#** #1012010.C03/		Τ			
	Cash	Cash expenditure	Cash surplus (+)		in cash resources	4	in Bundes- bank ad- vances		in market debt		Items in course of settlement	Seignior	age	Cash surplus or defic cumula from	it (-), tive
Period	receipts 1	1, 2	or deficit ((-)	(a)		(b)		(c)		(d)	(e)		beginni of year	ng
1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1998 May June July Aug. Sep. Oct.	450.28 463.72 501.56 532.67 568.83 597.48 46.89 52.75 47.06 45.04 51.58 40.43	512.30 497.55 549.77 609.26 638.04 655.33 45.37 62.35 55.51 48.90 54.58 54.28	- - - - + - -	62.01 33.83 48.20 76.60 69.21 57.84 1.52 9.60 8.45 3.87 3.00	+ - + - + + + + + +	12.95 6.12 3.49 6.62 3.33 5.43 3.80 0.04 1.67 2.27 3.40	-	4.35 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	+ 7 + 2 + 4 + 8 + 6 + 5 - + 11 + 11 + 11	8.54 7.21 4.35 3.05 5.81 2.29 5.32 9.61 0.12 1.60 5.37		-	0.78 0.50 0.37 0.17 0.07 0.12 0.00 0.03 0.00 0.00 0.03		62.01 33.83 48.20 76.60 69.21 57.84 35.96 45.56 54.01 57.88 60.88
Nov. Dec.	40.43 55.64 90.69	54.28 57.88 71.57	- - +	13.86 2.23 19.12	- + -	3.22 0.38 0.63		-	+ 2).64 2.62 9.73		-	0.01 0.00 0.02	-	74.73 76.96 57.84
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. p Apr. p	25.48 20.49 28.93 23.17	35.10 25.01 30.96 21.48		9.62 4.52 2.04	+ - -	4.22 2.35 1.54		-	+ 2 + (3.85 2.17).51	- - -	-	0.00 0.01 0.01	- - -	9.62 14.14 16.18
May P	22.27	25.01	+ -	1.68 2.74	+ -	1.09 0.93		-).59 .80	-	-	0.00 0.01	-	14.49 17.23

1 The cash transactions recorded as cash receipts and cash expenditure comprise payments into and out of the accounts carried by the Bundesbank for the Federal Government. The cash receipts and cash expenditure differ from those shown in the official financial statistics primarily because these transactions are recorded not at the time they are entered in the budgetary accounts but at the time of the actual inflow or outflow, and because trans-

actions on behalf of the European Communities (which are not entered in the Federal budget) are conducted through the accounts of the Federal Government. — 2 Including small amounts of special transactions. — 3 Cash balance = column (a) less (b) less (c) less (d) less (e). — 4 Deposits at the Bundesbank and in the money market.

VIII. Public finance in Germany

12. Receipts, expenditure and assets of the wage and salary earners' pension insurance funds

	Receipts 1			Expenditure	1	P			Assets 5		(C.2210) (Appendix - C.2220) (Appendix - Appendix - App			
		of which	r		of which		Balar					Mort-	Anna an	Memor- andum
reriod	Total	Contri- butions 2	Federal payments	Total	Pension pay- ments 3	Pen- sioners' health insurance 4	of ree and expei iture	•	Total	Deposits 6	Securities	gage and other Ioans 7	Real estate	item Adminis- trative assets
	Western	Germany												
993	243,119	196,357	41,837	248,866	207,633	13,064	- 10	5,747	39,786	29,957				
994	267,265	1 .	48,108	266,443		14,375	+	822	33,578	24,194		909	8	
995	276,302	1	47,979	279,226	230,222	15,923	- 1	2,924	21,756	16,801	3,948	746	3	
996 8	288,761		1 .	288,716	237,464	16,809	+	45	14,456	9,608	2,119	2,500	8	-
997 P	305,606	1	1 .	295,635	245,857	17,892	+	9,971	14,659	10,179				
998 ts	317,465	1 '	1 .		254,552	18,613	+	13,050	18,197	14,201	1,493	2,278	225	
998 1st qtr	74,315	59,036	14,827	75,224	63,105	4,561		909		7,507	8			
2nd atr	77,581		é .	74,398	63,175	4,565	+	3,183	1	7,506			2	-
3rd qtr	79,131	1 .			64,145	4,746	+	2,742		6,993	1	3 .	8	
4th atr	85,689		8 · · ·	77,405	64,127	4,741	+	8,284	18,197	14,201	1,493	2,278	1	
1999 1st atr	38,950	30,164	8,557	39,103	33,283	2,443	-	153	8,092	5,836	955	1,156	145	4,82
	Eastern	Germany				,	k.		1	¥		44	8	
	F2 244	26.051	10,834	55,166	45,287	2,834	-	1,925			C) FFFFF (d las	-		•
993	53,241			1 .	5	1 .		2,810			-			- manual - manua
994	63,001 70,774	1 .	1 .	1	1 .	1		7,006		-				•
995	74,790	· •	1 .	1 .	- E	5 · · ·		9,040						•
996 997 P	74,750	1	1 .	4		* .		8,073						•
1997 P	80,942	-		1		5,738							i the second sec	• 111.44
998 1st qtr	19,582	11,559	5,457	22,489	18,239	1,415		2,907					•	•
2nd atr	18,861		1 1	1	18,194		1	3,730						•
3rd gtr	19,979	3			18,390) 1,455	- 1	2,719	1				•	•
4th qtr	22,020			22,830	18,333	1,448	- 1	810) .	The March 1 and 1		•		•
1999 1st gtr	10,008	1	3,360	11,683	9,500	745		1,676						•

Source: Federal Minister of Labour and Social Affairs and Association of German Pension Insurance Funds. — 1 The annual figures differ from the sum of the quarterly figures, as the latter are all provisional. From 1993 including financial compensation payments. — 2 including contributions for recipients of public financial benefits. — 3 Payments by pension insurance funds to health insurance institutions under section 50 of the Social Security Code V have been deducted from pension payments. — 4 From 1995

including nursing insurance scheme for pensioners . — 5 Largely corresponds to fluctuation reserves. Level at the end of the year or quarter. From 1992 figures for the whole of Germany. — 6 including cash resources. — 7 Excluding loans to other social security funds; including participating interests. — 8 Excluding receipts arising from the higher valuation of participating interests.

13. Receipts and expenditure of the Federal Labour Office

Up to the end of 1998, DM million / from 1999, euro million

	Receipts	AND 1 100 100		Expenditure		ar 11-11-11-12-11-12-11-12-12-12-12-12-12-1		ny ar at-si Coloni e ng ng na si	ann an 1120 an	10 10 - 200 10 - 200 10 - 200 - 10 - 200 - 10 - 200 - 10 - 200 - 10 - 200 - 10 - 200 - 10 - 200 - 10 - 200 -	p.a		Subsidies
		of which			of which			gana att or manterial attaction attact	- 442 Y 10 107 970 - 489 9 10 1079 7	odia heliore esta a la contente de la			or work- ing fund
		anga arawanika na 2020 na 4 m min ang 10 ki	entry in some states and dig of the solar little of the		Unemploym	nent relief 3,	4	Promotion of training 4, 5			tion of	Balance	credits
Period	Total 1	Contri- butions	Levies 2	Total	Total	Western Germany	Eastern Germany	Total		Eastern Germany	con-	expend- iture	Govern- ment
	Germany	and affect of the second s	â 14 mart - 14 mart - 19 mart -										
1993	85,109	79,895	1,829	109,536	48,005	34,149	13,856	36,891		£	3	(1	3
1994	89,658	81,536	1	99,863	48,342	35,163	13,179	£	1	1		é :	1
1995	90,211	84,354	ξ · Ι	97,103	49,254	36,161	13,094	34,441		1	1		1
1996	91,825	85,073	1 .	105,588	57,123	40,186	16,938	36,478		8	ž		
1997	93,149	85,793	1 .	102,723	60,273	40,309	19,964	31,418	16,117	3	2	1	1
1998	91,088	ę ·		98,852	53,483	35,128	18,355	34,279	16,784	17,496	471	-7,764	7,71
1990					13,687	8,849	4,838	5,582	3,008	2,573	261	- 1,375	6,15
1998 1st qtr	20,507	3		21,882	14,786	<i>i</i> .	-		· · ·	2	1	-3,631	2,66
2nd qtr	21,716	1	1	ξ.		ê .		1 .	· · ·	1	2	- 1,106	85
3rd qtr	22,886	1	1	8		£				ŧ .	1	- 1,653	- 1,96
4th qtr	25,978	24,328	1,207	27,631	12,486	8,460	4,020			1			
1999 1st atr	10,788	10,398	98	12,532	6,504	4,357						i – 1,744 luding conti	

Source: Federal Labour Office. -1 Excluding Federal Government liquidity assistance. -2 Levies to promote winter construction and to pay bank-ruptcy compensation to employees. -3 Unemployment benefits, short-time-working benefits. Including the integration allowance paid to resettlers from eastern Europe and emigrants from the GDR as a

replacement for the unemployment benefits. — 4 Including contributions to the statutory health insurance, and to the pension insurance funds. — 5 Vocational training, measures to foster the commencement of work, rehabilitation and job creation measures.

IX. Economic conditions

1. Origin and expenditure of domestic product, distribution of national income * Germany

14	1			and an and the second second		1996 p	1.000 P	1998 P	1995	1996 p	[1997 p	1998 p	
	DM bill	ion			an an high so of a strange of a strange	**************************************			Change previou	from s year in	%		% of total
at 1995 prices													
I.Origin of domestic product													
Producing sector		1	Ì		1	l		1	1	1	1	I	I
(excluding construction)	875.0	4	1		1	1			1.1	- 1.1	3.3	5.2	2
Construction Distribution, catering trade,	198.0	214.2	213.8	226.5	222.4	213.3	207.7	197.7	- 1.8	- 4.1	- 2.7	- 4.8	
and transportation 1 Financing, rents and corporate	580.5	589.3	580.4	584.2	586.4	582.1	596.6	615.8	0.4	- 0.7	2.5	3.2	1
services 2 Public and private services 3	786.0 653.9		1 -	1			997.3 728.8	1	5.2 2.3	5.3 1.3	1	3.5 0.5	2
All economic sectors Memo item: Enterprise sector	3,132.5	1 -	1	1 .			3,428.8	3,522.1	2.2	1.1	2.3	2.7	9
Memo Rem. Enterprise sector	2,702.6	2,762.1	2,731.1	2,795.5	2,864.8	2,900.9	2,982.1	3,076.8	2.5	1.3	2.8	3.2	8
Economic sectors, adjusted 4	3,014.1	3,083.5	3,047.9	3,111.9	3,177.4	3,203.0	3,266.5	3,344.8	2.1	0.8	2.0	2.4	9
Gross domestic product	3,346.0	3,421.0	3,383.8	3,463.2	3,523.8	3,550.4	3,612.6	3,694.0	1.7	0.8	1.8	2.3	1
II.Expenditure of domestic product	-												
Private consumption 5	1,886.7	1 .	£ ·		1,999.5	2,016.6	2,031.7	2,068.8	1.9	0.9	0.7	1.8	5
Government consumption	638.5	1	671.1		697.4		702.2	701.8	1.5	1.3	- 0.6	- 0.1	1
Machinery and equipment Construction	315.2 428.1	301.8 473.7	256.2	1	5	258.3	268.4	1	1.1	1.7	3.9	10.1	
Other investment 6	428.1	4/3./ 25.4	482.1 26.8	515.5 29.0	506.0 30.6	491.2 33.6	482.9	1	- 1.8	- 2.9	- 1.7	- 3.8	1.
Changes in stocks 7	15.1	- 9.6	- 13.1	- 3.9	11.4	2.1	37.0 20.0		5.6	9.8	10.0	14.1	
Domestic expenditure Foreign balance	3,306.9	3,400.4	3,365.1	3,440.5		3,508.2	3,542.1	3,632.7	1.7	0.3	1.0	2.6	9
Exports	39.1 808.5	20.6 801.9	18.7 758.0	22.7 815.7	24.9 862.8	42.2 908.4	70.5 1,007.7	61.3 1,073.7					
Imports	769.4	781.3	739.4	793.0	837.8	866.2	937.2		5.8 5.7	5.3 3.4	10.9 8.2	6.5 8.0	2
					1								-
Gross domestic product	3,346.0	3,421.0	3,383.8	3,463.2	3,523.8	3,550.4		3,694.0	1.7	0.8		2.3	
	3,346.0	3,421.0	3,383.8	3,463.2	3,523.8	3,550.4		3,694.0	1.7				
at current prices	3,346.0	3,421.0	3,383.8	3,463.2	3,523.8	3,550.4		3,694.0	1.7				
at current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5	1,665.4	1,786.0								0.8	1.8	2.3	1
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption	1,665.4 563.9	1,786.0 623.6	1,857.5 643.0	1,925.1 669.2	1,999.5 697.4	2,053.6 716.4	3,612.6		1.7 3.9 4.2				1
II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment	1,665.4 563.9 300.6	1,786.0 623.6 294.8	1,857.5 643.0 254.8	1,925.1 669.2 250.9	1,999.5 697.4 253.9	2,053.6 716.4 258.5	3,612.6 2,106.0 715.6 270.0	2,164.5 718.5 297.0	3.9 4.2 1.2	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8	2.5 - 0.1 4.5	2.3	1 57 18
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6	3,612.6 2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3	1 57 18 7
II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment	1,665.4 563.9 300.6	1,786.0 623.6 294.8	1,857.5 643.0 254.8	1,925.1 669.2 250.9	1,999.5 697.4 253.9	2,053.6 716.4 258.5	3,612.6 2,106.0 715.6 270.0	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8	3.9 4.2 1.2	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8	2.5 - 0.1 4.5	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0	1 57 18 7 12 12
II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2	1 57 18 7 12 1 1 1
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 – 4.9	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 – 7.0 3,161.1 – 5.9	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 – 17.3 3,228.4 7.0	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3	1 57 18 7 12 1 1 1 98
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 - 4.9 772.7	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2	1 57 12 12 1 1 98 1
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 - 4.9 772.7 777.6	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 – 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5 729.5	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5 39.3 910.9 871.6	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4 969.8	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6 3.5 7.8 6.4	0.8 2.7 2.7 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6 4.0	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2 2.1 12.3 11.3	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2 3.1 6.5 5.7	1 57 18 7 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 27 27
at current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports Gross domestic product	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 - 4.9 772.7	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5 39.3 910.9	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6 3.5 7.8	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2 2.1	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2	1 57 18 7 12 1 1 1 98 1 28 27
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports Gross domestic product IV.Prices (1995=100)	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 772.7 777.6 2,938.0	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8 3,155.2	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5 729.5 3,235.4	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1 3,394.4	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8 3,523.8	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5 39.3 910.9 871.6 3,586.8	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4 969.8 3,675.8	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9 3,799.4	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6 4.0 1.8	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2 2.1 12.3 11.3	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2 3.1 6.5 5.7	1 57 18 7 12 1 1 1 98 1 28 27
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports Gross domestic product IV.Prices (1995=100) Private consumption	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24,00 15.7 2,942.9 - 4.9 772.7 777.6 2,938.0 88.3	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8 3,155.2 92.1	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5 729.5 3,235.4 95.6	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1 3,394.4 98.2	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8 3,523.8 3,523.8	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5 39.3 910.9 871.6 3,586.8 101.8	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4 969.8 3,675.8 103.7	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9 3,799.4 104.6	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6 3.5 8 6.4 3.8 1.9	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6 4.0 1.8	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2	1 57 18 7 12 1 1 1 98 1 28 27
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports Gross domestic product IV.Prices (1995=100)	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 772.7 777.6 2,938.0	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8 3,155.2	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5 729.5 3,235.4	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1 3,394.4	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8 3,523.8	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5 39.3 910.9 871.6 3,586.8	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4 969.8 3,675.8	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9 3,799.4	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6 4.0 1.8	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2 3.1	1 57 18 7 12 1 1 98 1 28 27
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports Gross domestic product IV.Prices (1995=100) Private consumption Gross domestic product Terms of trade	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 - 4.9 772.7 777.6 2,938.0 88.3 87.8	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8 3,155.2 92.1 92.1 92.2	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5 729.5 3,235.4 95.6 95.6	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1 3,394.4 98.2 98.0	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8 3,523.8 100.0 100.0	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5 393 910.9 871.6 3,586.8 101.8 101.0	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4 969.8 3,675.8 103.7 101.7	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9 3,799.4 104.6 102.9	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6 4.0 1.8 1.8 1.0	1.8 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2 12.3 11.3 2.5 1.8 0.7	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2	1 57 18 7 12 1 1 1 98 1 28 27
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports Gross domestic product IV.Prices (1995=100) Private consumption Gross domestic product Terms of trade V.Distribution of national income Wages and salaries	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 - 4.9 772.7 777.6 2,938.0 88.3 87.8	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8 3,155.2 92.1 92.2 96.7	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5 729.5 3,235.4 95.6 95.6	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1 3,394.4 98.2 98.0 98.8	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8 3,523.8 100.0 100.0	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5 391.9 871.6 3,586.8 101.8 101.8 101.0 99.7	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4 969.8 3,675.8 103.7 101.7	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9 3,799.4 104.6 102.9 100.2	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6 4.0 1.8 1.8 1.0	1.8 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2 12.3 11.3 2.5 1.8 0.7	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2	1 577 18 7 7 12 1 1 1 98 1 28 27 10
At current prices II.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports Gross domestic product IV.Prices (1995=100) Private consumption Gross domestic product Terms of trade	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 - 4.9 772.7 777.6 2,938.0 88.3 87.8 94.6	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8 3,155.2 92.1 92.2 96.7	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5 729.5 3,235.4 95.6 95.6 98.5	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1 3,394.4 98.2 98.0 98.8	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8 3,523.8 100.0 100.0 100.0	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5 391.9 871.6 3,586.8 101.8 101.8 101.0 99.7	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4 969.8 3,675.8 103.7 101.7 98.1	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9 3,799.4 104.6 102.9 100.2	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6 4.0 1.8 1.8 1.0 - 0.3	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2 12.3 11.3 2.5 1.8 0.7 - 1.5	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2	1 57 18 7 12 1 1 1 98 1 28 27 10 70
at current prices III.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports Gross domestic product IV.Prices (1995=100) Private consumption Gross domestic product Terms of trade V.Distribution of national income Wages and salaries Entrepreneurial and property	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 2,942.9 772.7 777.6 2,938.0 88.3 87.8 94.6 1,650.6	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8 3,155.2 92.1 92.2 96.7 1,787.6 642.6	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5 729.5 3,235.4 95.6 95.6 98.5 1,829.5 626.7	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 1.9 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1 3,394.4 98.2 98.0 98.8 1,874.7 673.2	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8 3,523.8 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 1,941.2 717.8	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.6 - 1.2 3,547.5 393.3 910.9 871.6 3,586.8 101.8 101.8 101.0 99.7 1,964.6 740.8	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4 969.8 3,675.8 103.7 101.7 98.1 1,970.2 795.8	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9 3,799.4 104.6 102.9 100.2 1,999.8	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6	0.8 2.7 2.7 1.8 - 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6 4.0 1.8 1.8 1.0 - 0.3 1.2	2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2 12.3 11.3 2.5 1.8 0.7 - 1.5 0.3 7.4	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2 3.1 6.5 5.7 3.4 0.9 1.1 2.1 1.5 6.6	1 57 18 7 12 1 98 1 27 10 10 70. 29.
at current prices III.Expenditure of domestic product Private consumption 5 Government consumption Machinery and equipment Construction Other investment 6 Changes in stocks 7 Domestic expenditure Foreign balance Exports Imports Gross domestic product IV.Prices (1995=100) Private consumption Gross domestic product Terms of trade V.Distribution of national income Wages and salaries Entrepreneurial and property income	1,665.4 563.9 300.6 373.4 24.0 15.7 2,942.9 772.7 777.6 2,938.0 88.3 87.8 94.6 1,650.6 632.3	1,786.0 623.6 294.8 437.3 26.4 - 7.0 3,161.1 - 5.9 774.0 779.8 3,155.2 92.1 92.2 96.7 1,787.6 642.6 2,430.3	1,857.5 643.0 254.8 462.8 27.6 - 17.3 3,228.4 7.0 736.5 729.5 3,235.4 95.6 95.6 98.5 1,829.5 626.7 2,456.2	1,925.1 669.2 250.9 505.1 29.3 3,381.5 13.0 800.1 787.1 3,394.4 98.2 98.0 98.8 1,874.7 673.2 2,547.9	1,999.5 697.4 253.9 506.0 30.6 11.4 3,498.9 24.9 862.8 837.8 3,523.8 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0 1,941.2 717.8 2,659.0	2,053.6 716.4 258.5 487.6 32.7 3,547.5 39.3 910.9 871.6 3,586.8 101.8 101.0 99.7 1,964.6 740.8 2,705.3	2,106.0 715.6 270.0 478.4 34.9 17.3 3,622.3 53.5 1,023.4 969.8 3,675.8 103.7 101.7 98.1 1,970.2 795.8 2,766.0	2,164.5 718.5 297.0 457.9 37.8 59.1 3,734.8 64.6 1,089.5 1,024.9 3,799.4 104.6 102.9 100.2 1,999.8 848.5 2,848.3	3.9 4.2 1.2 0.2 4.6	0.8 2.7 2.7 3.6 6.3 1.4 5.6 4.0 1.8 1.8 1.0 - 0.3 1.2 3.2	1.8 2.5 - 0.1 4.5 - 1.9 7.2 12.3 11.3 2.5 1.8 0.7 - 1.5 0.3	2.3 2.8 0.4 10.0 - 4.3 8.2	1 57 18 7 7 12 1 1 1 28 27 10 70. 29. 10

Source: Federal Statistical Office. — * Revised figures according to the new ESA 95. — 1 Including telecommunications. — 2 Financial intermediation, real estate activities, rents and corporate services. — 3 Including care-athome services. — 4 Gross value added after deduction of taxes on products

(offset against subsidies on products) and assumed bank charges. — 5 Including private non-commercial organisations. — 6 Intangible fixed capital formation (inter alia, EDP software, copyrights) and economically useful animals and plants. — 7 Including net increase in valuables.

IX. Economic conditions

2. Output in the producing sector

	Adjusted f	or workii	ng-day variatio	ons			1			00 <u>00.00</u> 00 - 100000 - 1000000 - 1000000 - 1000000 - 10	1000000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 100		20 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 -		
			of which:			2000 - 100 -	CONTRACTOR OF STREET, S	19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 1	a	e - egypter - de late et gitte et al 1917	v 1983 annou - 12230-4400, 3510 1-1-1-1-1-1-1-0		2 2 2	ana ale del PPP ele ser	
			Manufactu	uring sector					(*) **********************************	action of the SQL	n an	the nado (MALINET STATE AND ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD			
	Producing total	sector,	Total		Intermedia goods indu		Capital go industries	ods	Durable co goods indu		Other consi goods indu		Constructi	on	errjøre vils Lett
Period	1995 = 100	Change from previou year in %	5	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	Chang from previo year in %	
renou	Germa					A	(fr III	effectazioni reassonenen illi 2014 1907.	20						
1995 2 1996 1997 1998	100.0 99.8 102.5 106.0	+	0.8 100.0 0.2 100.4 2.7 104.4 3.4 109.5	+ 0.4 + 4.0	99.8 99.8 99.8	- 0. + 6.	2 101.0 0 105.2	+ 1.0	0 101.1 2 101.9	+ 1.1 + 0.8	100.6 100.9	+ 1.0 + 0.6 + 0.3 - 0.3	93.5 89.6	-	1.4 6.7 4.2 3.1
1998 Apr. May June July Aug. Sep.	106.0 104.0 110.0 108.7 96.8 113.3	+ + + + + +	1.3 109.1 7.1 107.0 1.6 113.9 3.2 111.5 5.1 98.2 2.5 116.6	+ 3.1 + 4.5 + 6.3	110.1 115.1 113.6 102.9	+ 9. + 3. + 3. + 5. + 2.	2 108.0 5 120.0 6 116.1 0 97.8 8 121.9	+ 12.4 + 3. + 8.4 + 10.4 + 5.	4 105.4 5 110.8 0 104.8 4 81.1 2 121.1	+ 13.5 + 2.8 + 3.8 + 15.2 + 7.5	97.9 100.9 101.2 95.2 104.3	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	92.6 99.4 100.7 90.8 90.8		7.9 1.5 4.5 3.3 1.7 3.8 4.8
Oct. Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan. p r Feb. p r Mar. p Apr. P	113.5 112.1 100.3 95.5 96.0 3 111.6 3 105.0	+ + +	1.5 116.4 0.9 115.4 0.5 105.0 0.2 98.8 2.1 101.4 2.2 116.0 0.9 107.5	$\begin{array}{c} + & 1.9 \\ + & 0.7 \\ + & 0.7 \\ - & 1.8 \\ - & 2.4 \end{array}$	9 113.9 7 96.2 1 102.8 8 102.9 4 117.7	+ 0. - 2. - 1. - 2. - 1.	5 120.7 8 126.5 0 93.8 6 100.4 6 116.5	+ 5. + 5. + 2. + 2. - 2. - 6.	0 121.1 2 95.0 0 99.6 4 109.3 4 118.3	$\begin{array}{r} + 3.2 \\ + 3.5 \\ + 3.5 \\ + 3.5 \\ + 0.7 \\ - 3.3 \end{array}$	2 106.6 5 96.2 5 96.6 7 94.5 8 105.7	$\begin{array}{rrrrr} - & 1.0 \\ - & 1.2 \\ - & 2.1 \\ + & 0.7 \\ + & 0.8 \end{array}$	91.5 2 63.0 1 63.4	+	4.0 5.9 10.0 4.4 9.5 2.2 0.8
Api. P	Weste														
1995 2 1996 1997 1998	100.0 99.1 102.3 105.8	5 – 2 +	0.2 100.0 0.5 100.0 2.7 103.4 3.5 108.4) ± 0.0 3 + 3.3	0 99.5 8 105.2	5 – 0 2 + 5	5 100. 7 104.	3 + 0. 9 + 4	7 100.8 1 101.3	3 + 0.8 3 + 0.9	8 99.7 5 99.4	- 0. - 0.	3 92.5 3 88.9	5 -	3.4 7.7 3.9 1.7
1998 Apr. May June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan. P r Feb. P r Mar. P Apr. P	105. 103. 109. 108. 95. 112. 113. 111. 100. 95. 96. 3 111. 3 104. Easte	+ + + + + + + - +	1.6 108 7.6 106 1.6 112. 3.1 110. 5.5 96. 2.7 115. 1.4 115. 0.9 114. 0.3 104. 1.9 100. 2.3 115. 0.9 107.	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	1 108.9 5 113.7 0 112.1 9 101.2 2 115.1 2 115.1 7 112.2 6 95.1 1 101.3 8 101.1 5 116.1	$ \begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	2 109. 9 107. 1 119. 9 116. 3 97. 2 121. 0 117. 1 120. 1 120. .4 126. .4 93. .1 100. .9 115. .5 108.	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$.4 104.6 .5 109.8 .6 103.9	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	2 96.0 4 98.9 9 99.9 0 93.9 1 102.7 4 105.0 7 104.9 1 94.1 8 96.2 7 94.2 5 104.8	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	8 94.2 4 100.2 3 101.4 1 89.1 1 103.2 7 100.2 8 91.2 3 63.3 3 63.3	2 + + - + +	5.7 1.2 3.1 2.2 0.4 2.7 5.4 9.3 9.3 1.0 0.4
1995 2	100		4.9 100.	0 + 9	.6 100.				.2 100.						5. 3.
1995 2 1996 1997 1998	100. 102. 105. 109.	0 + 6 +	2.0 105 3.5 115 3.2 127	9 + 5 8 + 9	.9 104. .3 116. .8 133.	4 + 4 5 + 11	.3 103 .6 110	.9 + 6	8.9 108. 5.7 121. 5.1 142.	4 + 11	.7 118.9	9 + 7 5 + 1	.6 92. .3 84.	2 – 9 –	4. 7.
1998 Apr. May June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan. P r Feb. P r Mar. P	107 107 115 113 107 121 119 117 98 95 90 3 111	3 + 8 + 66 + 8 + 1 + .1 + .2 + .7 - .3 + .7 -	0.4 124 2.8 124 2.6 134 4.9 128 2.2 120 1.3 139 2.7 136 0.3 136 2.4 121 1.8 113 2.6 112 1.1 134	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.7 132. .4 142.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	5.3 111 1.3 125 5.5 118 3.8 111	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$).8 131. 5.3 142.	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.2 121.3 .5 125.3 .6 118.0 .9 113.3 .6 125.3 .8 128.3 .1 127.3 .0 123.3	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.8 86 .4 96 .0 98 .5 95 .1 101 .2 97 .6 91 .2 61	.8 - .9 - .5 - .4 - .4 - .2 - .9 + .5 -	6. 8. 7. 6. 7. 12. 2. 10.

Source: Federal Statistical Office. — 1 Excluding electricity and gas supply and excluding mining and quarrying. — 2 Figures not fully comparable with those for earlier periods in the producing sector as a whole and in

manufacturing, owing to the switch in data collection to an EU-consistent industrial and goods classification. -3 Provisional until the adjustment to the figures of the annual overall survey in construction.

IX. Economic conditions

3. Orders received by the manufacturing sector *)

Adjusted for v	working-day variations o
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Manufacturing Total Domestic orders Foreign orders Intermediate goods industries Capital goods industries Period Change from previous year Intermediate goods from previous year Change from previous year Change from previous year Change from previous year Intermediate goods from previous year Change from previous year Change from previous year Change from previous year Change from previous year Change from previous year Intermediate goods Change from previous year Change from previous year Germany Intermediate goods Intermediate goods Intermediate goods Intermediate goods Intermediate goods Intermediate goods Change from previous Intermediate goods Int	1995=100 99.9 101.3	
Period Domestic orders Foreign orders Industries Capital goods industries Period Change from previous vear Change from in % Change from previous vear Change from previous Change from previous Ch	consumer goo industries 1995=100 99.9 101.3	ods Change from previous year
Period from previous year 1995=100 in %	1995=100 99.9 101.3	from previous year
Germany	99.9 j 101.3	
	101.3	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	103.3 107.0	+ 0.8 + 1.4 + 2.0 + 3.6
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	107.5 98.7 103.1 105.8 100.3	+ 2.9 + 3.7 + 2.8 + 6.4
Sep. 117.4 + 1.2 109.7 + 4.1 131.2 - 2.8 111.3 - 1.3 125.8 + 3.8 Oct. 110.5 - 1.7 102.7 - 0.7 124.4 - 3.5 107.8 - 5.4 114.4 + 1.1 Nov. 106.9 - 2.0 101.3 - 0.7 117.1 - 4.1 105.0 - 6.0 110.3 \pm 0.0 Dec. 101.5 - 3.5 90.9 - 3.3 120.7 - 3.7 95.9 - 6.2 112.9 - 2.4 1999 Jan. 105.9 - 4.8 98.0 - 4.8 120.1 - 4.8 105.3 - 5.7 107.2 - 6.0	100.3 116.7 109.7 105.0 94.3 105.1	+ 5.4 + 2.5 + 2.0 + 5.0 + 2.1 + 1.4
Feb. 106.4 - 4.6 96.1 - 6.1 125.0 - 2.3 101.3 - 7.4 110.2 - 3.1 Mar. 117.7 - 5.5 108.5 - 5.5 134.3 - 5.4 114.8 - 4.5 118.2 - 8.8 Apr. P 110.0 - 2.4 100.2 - 2.7 127.6 - 1.9 108.9 - 2.9 113.6 - 2.1 Western Germany	112.3 124.2 105.6	- 0.2 - 1.5 - 1.8
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	99.9 101.2 103.0 105.9	+ 0.8 + 1.3 + 1.8 + 2.8
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	107.0 98.0 101.9 104.7 99.3	+ 2.8 + 3.4 + 1.9 + 5.4 + 4.5
Sep. 116.8 $+$ 1.0 109.2 $+$ 4.6 129.5 $ 3.9$ 109.3 $ 2.2$ 127.5 $+$ 4.6 Oct. 109.0 $ 3.3$ 102.1 $ 1.2$ 120.5 $ 6.3$ 106.4 $ 6.0$ 112.8 $ 1.9$ Nov. 105.8 $ 2.6$ 100.2 $ 1.1$ 115.2 $ 5.1$ 103.4 $ 6.5$ 110.4 $ 0.5$ Dec. 100.5 $ 4.5$ 90.0 $ 3.7$ 118.1 $ 5.4$ 94.7 $ 6.3$ 110.4 $ 0.5$ 1999 Jan. 104.8 $ 5.9$ 97.2 $ 5.6$ 117.9 $ 5.8$ 103.7 $ 6.3$ 106.6 0.3	115.5 108.2 103.2 92.9	+ 1.7 + 1.2 + 4.2 + 1.0
Feb. 105.8 - 4.7 95.6 - 6.0 123.6 - 2.6 99.9 - 7.9 111.2 - 2.4 Mar. 117.0 - 5.3 108.1 - 5.8 132.2 - 4.9 113.4 - 4.5 118.6 - 8.3 Apr. P 109.4 - 2.7 99.4 - 3.1 126.3 - 2.3 107.4 - 3.2 114.5 - 2.5 Eastern Germany - 3.1 126.3 - 2.3 107.4 - 3.2 114.5 - 2.5	103.9 111.6 123.5 104.6	+ 0.8 - 0.4 - 1.6 - 2.2
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	99.9 105.4 112.8 132.2	+ 1.4 + 5.5 + 7.0 + 17.2
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	121.5 117.7 134.9	+ 3.8 + 10.2 + 23.2
Aug. 123.5 + 24.9 104.8 + 10.5 217.2 + 82.5 123.5 + 5.3 50.6 + 15.3 Sep. 127.3 + 4.8 114.8 - 2.2 190.3 + 33.5 146.7 + 122.5 + 57.5 Oct. 137.1 + 24.2 109.9 + 4.8 273.7 + 99.6 133.1 + 4.2 139.1 + 57.5 Dec. 121.7 + 13.6 101.7 + 1.2 222.3 + 58.7 116.2 + 3.8 122.5 + 10.3 1999 Jan 125.7 + 14.6 110.3 + 12.2 100.4 - 9.0	132.3 126.9 146.7 145.3 146.0 129.2	+ 29.2 + 23.1 + 17.5 + 21.1 + 15.1 + 22.8
1999 Jan. 125.7 + 14.5 110.3 + 11.0 202.1 + 24.8 133.4 + 4.5 113.5 + 30.6 Feb. 113.8 - 4.4 101.6 - 7.8 175.2 + 7.2 127.3 + 1.7 93.6 - 15.2 Mar. 129.8 - 6.8 113.2 - 2.6 212.2 - 17.0 140.8 - 2.2 114.3 - 14.8 Apr. P119.9+ 2.4 109.3 + 1.1 173.1 + 6.7 134.2 - 0.4 100.7 + 4.6	138.2 132.1 141.0 132.0	+ 14.1 + 5.7 + 0.6 + 8.6

Source of unadjusted figures: Federal Statistical Office. — * Excluding manufacture of food products, beverages and tobacco; results for kinds of activity units; figures excluding value-added tax. — o Bundesbank cal-

culation. — 1 Figures not fully comparable with previous periods owing to the switch in data collections to an EU-consistent industrial classification.

IX. Economic conditions

4. Orders received by construction *

Adjusted for working-day variations o

Germany						Western G	erm	any			and the second	Eastern Ge	rmany		p - graphy and a start of the start of the	31.144
Total		And a second sec	Housing con- struction	Industrial construc- tion 1	Public construc- tion	Total			Housing con- struction	Industrial construc- tion 1	Public construc- tion	Total	9 Mart 10 2000 1000 1000 1000	Housing con- struction	Industrial construc- tion 1	Public construc tion
1995 = 100	Char from prev year in %	ious	1995 = 100			1995 = 100	fror pre yea	vious r	1995 = 100			1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	2010-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	ogensystement at 2000 en 1980 en 1980 en 1
99.9 92.0 84.4 83.9		2.9 7.9 8.3 0.6	99.9 101.3 87.4 82.3	99.9 89.0 81.0	88.5 86.2		- - +	5.4 9.0 5.3 0.6	99.9 97.6 87.7 83.3	90.8 85.5		94.7 80.4	+ 3.6 - 5.3 - 15.1 - 3.4	99.9 108.7 86.9 80.3	99.9 85.0 70.9 64.6	9 8
94.0 85.5 86.5 99.2	+	0.3 2.6 3.0 1.9	99.2 80.7 86.5 97.6	84.8 79.1	90.1 95.4		+	1.9 6.6 2.6 2.5	99.7 82.5 87.4 97.4	85.2	92.4 96.8 120.8	78.7 93.6	- 3.4 - 7.0 - 4.3 - 0.1	98.3 76.9 84.8 97.9	65.4 71.8	8 9 12
94.6 85.0 102.0	- 1	5.5 3.0 5.2	91.2 80.3 91 <i>.</i> 8	79.1	95.9	85.9	1 -	6.7 2.6 5.1	87.4 86.5 95.0	80.1 105.7	92.1 110.4	83.0 95.8	+ 5.5	85.3	76.8 70.4	10 14
84.3 74.2 75.8	-+	1.9 5.4 3.1	77.1 68.7 78.5	73.3	79.5	74.1	+	3.4 4.4 2.0	83.0 69.7 79.5	80.1	70.2	74.5 69.3	- 14.6 + 8.0 - 5.5	66.8 76.5	58.0 64.3	
61.5 69.8 91.2	+++	5.5 2.9 3.0	63.6 70.3	65.6 76.2	61.7	74.8	+	9.1 6.4 2.2		85.1	63.5	58.1	- 6.0	62.4	56.0) 5

Source of unadjusted figures: Federal Statistical Office. — * Values exclusive of value-added tax. The figures refer to the economic classifications "Site preparation" and "Building of complete constructions or

parts thereof; civil engineering". — ${\bf 0}~$ Bundesbank calculation. — ${\bf 1}~$ Including the railways and post office.

5.	Retail turnover	*
	Gormany	

Period

1998 Mar. Apr. May June

July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.

1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.

	Retail tra	de. total			AL CANADA DEN HALINGEN AL ANUM		of which:	By enterp	orises' mai	n product	range:					provention of the original state
	including	es of moto prcycles an		excluding retail sale and moto of autom	s of moto prcycles an		Food, bev tobacco 2		Pharmace and med goods, co and toile articles 2	ical ssmetic t	Clothing, footwear leather g		Furniture and light equipme	ing	Motor ve	hicles ³
Period		Change f previous not	year in % Iprice-	1995 = 100	Change f previous not		1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %	1995 = 100	Change from previous year in %
1996 1997 1998	1995 = 100 101.3 100.9 102.2	+ 1.3 - 0.4 + 1.3	adjusted 1 + 0.3 - 0.9 + 1.0	100.2 99.1 99.8	+ 0.2 - 1.1 + 0.7	- 0.8 - 1.9 + 0.5	99.9 98.6 99.9	- 0.1 - 1.3 + 1.3	103.9 105.9 111.8	+ 3.9 + 1.9	99.2 97.2 95.6	- 0.8 - 2.0 - 1.6	98.4 95.8 98.9	- 1.6 - 2.6 + 3.2	105.6 109.1 114.3	+ 5.6 + 3.3 + 4.8
1997 Sep. Oct.	98.2 106.7	+ 1.4 + 2.2	+ 0.9 + 1.7	2	+ 0.2 + 1.5	- 0.3 + 1.0		+ 2.8 + 1.4	102.1 109.7		100.1 116.0	- 9.9 + 4.4 - 9.1	93.2 104.5 106.7	+ 1.3 - 1.5 - 6.0		+ 7.3 + 6.5 + 0.2
Nov. Dec.	102.6 119.8	- 3.9 + 1.9	- 4.5 + 1.4	102.8 124.2	- 4.6 + 0.6	- 5.4 + 0.1 - 1.5	98.4 116.6 93.5	- 4.9 + 1.0 - 0.7	126.8	+ 8.7	128.1	- 9.1 - 1.7 + 2.4	120.4	- 3.4	103.9 95.2	+ 9.9 + 0.6
1998 Jan. Feb. Mar.	93.3 89.1 110.3	+ 0.6	+ 0.5	86.7	+ 0.1	+ 2.9	89.0	+ 1.5	100.9 113.0	+ 2.6 +11.3	70.9 90.2	- 3.5 - 9.6	91.8 114.9	+19.6	152.8	
Apr. May June	101.5 101.3 97.4	+ 1.8		97.9	+ 0.6		101.2	+ 4.8 + 0.1 + 0.4	106.3	+ 4.2	100.1	- 0.8 + 0.2 - 7.8	89.5 89.2	+ 2.1 - 1.0	115.8 119.1	+ 7.6 - 2.3
July Aug.	104.8 93.2 99.1	+ 2.2	+ 2.1	91.5	+ 2.0	+ 2.2	95.1	- 1.3	103.8	+ 9.6	83.6	+11.3	82.6 94.9	+ 5.6 + 1.8	100.2 108.5	+ 4.0 + 3.7
Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.	105.1 107.9 123.9	- 1.5 + 5.2	– 1.6 + 5.1	5 103.7 106.2	– 1.7 + 3.3	+ 3.7	102.6	+ 4.3	115.8	3 +11.0	104.4	+ 2.1	111.1 126.0	+ 4.1	118.0 117.9	+13.9 +13.5
1999 Jan. Feb.	91.3 91.3 88.4 114.9	8 – 2.1 – 0.8	- 2.4	4 91.2 9 86.7	2 - 2.1 ± 0.0	± 0.0) 90.0	+ 1.1	110.0) + 9.0	65.4	- 7.8	3 87.6	5 – 4.6 – 5.2	99.0 99.0 147.9	- 3.2
Mar. Apr.	101.7	1		-			1	- 8.0	115.2	2 + 5.8	-		94.4		129.2	+21.9

Source: Federal Statistical Office. — * Excluding value-added tax; figures from 1998 provisional. — 1 At 1991 prices. — 2 Retail sales in stores. —

3 Including motor vehicle parts and accessories.

IX. Economic conditions

6. Labour market *

	Employed	1,2			Q.4	Employees	1		Persons in employme					Unemploy	ed		
		Chang					Chang	-	Mining and manu- factur- ing sector	Con- struction 4	Short- time workers	Persons employed under employ- ment pro- motion schemes 5	Persons under- going vocational further training	orempioy	Change from previous	Unem- ploy-	
Period	Thou- sands	in %		Thou sands		Thou- sands	previc year in %	ous	Thousands			far 1999		Thou- sands	year, thou- sands	ment rate 6 in %	Vacancies, thou- sands
	Germa	ny												andre an andre an andre and a second seco		A	
1996 1997 1998	36,154 35,866 36,001	 +	0.7 0.8 0.4	- - +	273 288 135	32,315 31,947 32,001	- - +	0.9 1.1 0.2	6,531 6,316 7 6,400	1,316 8 1,225 1,159	277 183 115	354 302 385	546 431 9 343	3,965 4,384 4,279	+ 353 + 419 - 105	10.4 11.4 11.1	327 337 422
1998 May June July	35,879 36,033	+	0.2 0.3	+ +	57 113	31,874	-	0.1	6,374 6,398	1,172 1,177	119 102	348 396	341 352	4,197 4,075	- 58 - 147	10 <i>.</i> 9 10.5	484 483
Aug. Sep.	36,150 36,333 36,582	+	0.4 0.5 0.8	+ + +	147 197 277	32,346	+	0.4	6,435 6,464 6,474	1,177 1,183 1,186	83 65 77	437 468 496	335 341 384	4,134 4,095 3,965	- 220 - 277 - 343	10.7 10.6 10.3	467 466 432
Oct. Nov. Dec.	36,653 36,513 36,213	+ 1	0.9 0.9 0.8	+ + +	333 327 301	32,447	+	0.8	6,447 6,435 6,400	1,176 1,163 1,129	90 108 107	520 528 505	412 411 369	3,892 3,946 4,197	- 399 - 376 - 324	10.1 10.2	393 364
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	 				 				6,376 6,365 6,368	1,062 1,034	145 161 167	465 465 467	371 373 376	4,455 4,465	- 368 - 354	10.9 11.5 11.6	345 395 451
Apr. May					 						136 137	465 454	375 379	4,288 4,145 3,998	- 335 - 275 - 199	11.1 10.7 10 10.2	496 508 502
	Westerr	n Ger	mai	ny													
1996 1997 1998 1998 May	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	×.							5,943 5,753 7 5,813 5,791	8 897 8 836 804 815	206 133 81 81	76 68 71	1	2,796 3,021 2,904	+ 231 + 225 - 117	9.1 9.8 9.4	270 282 342
June July Aug.	-								5,812 5,845 5,870	817 816 820	69 56	65 70 74	193 194 184	2,825 2,774 2,818	- 119 - 134 - 171	9.1 8.9 9.1	383 384 378
Sep. Oct.			•			-		•	5,875 5,847	820 821 815	42 53 66	77 80 85	187 210 228	2,802 2,734 2,704	- 190 - 199 - 219	9.0 8.8 8.7	376 350 319
Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan.	-				•			•	5,837 5,806	807 788	82 81	86 83	229 210	2,745 2,885	- 197 - 180	8.8 9.3	301 290
Feb. Mar.			•			- 80 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 1			5,788 5,777 5,779	747 729 • 749	114 123 125	83 83 86	214 218 224	3,025 3,023 2,897	- 210 - 191 - 178	9.7 9.7 9.3	331 372 409
Apr. May	: Eastern	Corm	:		• •	•					103 107	87 87	227 232	2,800 2,695	- 153 - 130	9.0 10 8.6	422 423
1996		Gerri		<u> </u>	1	1		,	F00 i	4401	745						
1996 1997 1998 1998 May	-		•		•			•		355	71 49 34	278 235 314 9		1,169 1,363 1,375	+ 122 + 194 + 12	15.7 18.1 18.2	57 56 79
June July			•		•	•		•	583 585 591	357 360 361	38 33 28	283 327 363	147 157 150	1,372 1,302 1,316	+ 60 - 13 - 48	18.1 17.2 17.4	101 99
Aug. Sep. Oct.	· ·		· ·						594 600 600	362 365 361	23 24	391 416	154 174	1,294 1,232	- 87 - 143	17.1 16.3	88 90 81
Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan.	-				•	•		•	598 594	355 342	24 25 26	435 442 421	184 181 159	1,188 1,201 1,313	- 180 - 179 - 144	15.7 15.9 17.4	73 64 55
Feb. Mar.	- E		-		•	•		•	587 588 589 p	315 305 313	31 39 42	382 381 382	158 155 153	1,430 1,442 1,392	- 158 - 163 - 157	18.9 19.1 18.4	63 79 87
Apr. May			•								33 30	377 367	148 147	1,346 1,303	- 123 - 69 1	17.8	87 86 78

Source: Federal Statistical Office; Federal Labour Office. — * Monthly figures: levels at end of month; employed persons and employees: averages; short-time workers: levels at mid-month; annual and quarterly figures: averages. — 1 Work-place concept; from 1996 provisional. — 2 Annual figures, calculated by the Bundesbank; deviations from the official figures refer to the economic classifications "Site preparation" and "Building of complete constructions or parts thereof; civil engineering". — 5 Employees involved in job creation schemes and receiving productive grants towards labour costs (up to December 1997 approved cases) and (from January 1998 approved, but from April 1998 statistically recorded) structural adjustment

measures (SAM). — 6 Relative to the total labour force. — 7 From January 1998, figures favourably affected by including, for the first time, enterprises which were identified in the 1995 survey of craft enterprises and which are now required to report. — 8 From March 1997, figures favourably affected by including, for the first time, building contractors who were identified in the 1995 survey of craft enterprises and are now required to report. — 9 Comparison with previous periods not possible because of the deletion of payments towards on-the-job training, vocational assistance measures and methodological changes in the collection of statistics. — 10 From May 1999 calculated on the basis of new labour force figures.

IX. Economic conditions

7. Prices

Germany

	Consumer p	rice index fo	or all househ	olds	0003880			ngo esentes - suttor - contain 400 mer-1		geodetario Xiandon collettario contributi 1 1 1 1	Indices of	1919 - M. W. W. WARD, A. M. W. W.	p
		By region	age 1992, alter - 49, 2005	By product	group 1				Index of	84 y 88 80 97 97 11 1	foreign trac	le prices	1
	Total	Western Germany	Eastern Germany	revergences with the state of t	Other durable and non- durable consumer goods	Services excluding house rents	House	Overall con- struction price level 2	propducer prices of industrial products sold on the domestic market 2	Index of producer prices of farm products	Exports	Imports	Index of world market prices of raw materials
Period	1995 = 100	k		Santanan ana amin'ny sora amin'ny	And a second	Barradak analasa shadibi e shakala da	A	allaste educido con estilos constante testentente	ankantoo aliinaliko - sikäään oliinalikeeneltä	1991 = 100	1995 = 100	6	
	Index le	vel	n och under prosekter och käller och käller och	n 2 (Yen ref Brader of Fr, dyn reed 122) and 12		nin, andreas and -says light was soon of	n ann nda aite nnaaite dhilaite p			že			n men open nin og noder sænder e denne sæn
1995 1996 1997 1998	100.0 101.4 103.3 104.3	100.0 101.3 103.2 104.1	100.0 101.9 104.2 105.3	100.9 102.1	100.0 100.5 101.8 101.9	100.0 101.6 104.1 106.1	100.0 103.4 106.3 108.0	99.8 99.0	100.0 98.8 99.9 99.5	91.6 91.1 92.5 87.1	1. 300.0 100.0 101.5 101.4	100.0 100.4 104.0 100.7	108.5
1997 July Aug. Sep.	103.9 104.0 103.8	103.7 103.9 103.6	104.8 104.9 104.8	102.8 101.7 101.5	101.9 102.2 102.2	105.8 106.1 105.3	106.5 106.6 106.6	99.0	100.1 100.3 100.4	92.4 93.5 94.2	101.8 102.1 102.0	104.4 105.3 104.7	123.6 128.8 125.1
Oct. Nov. Dec.	103.7 103.7 103.9	103.5 103.6 103.8	104.7 104.6 104.8	101.4 101.6 102.3	102.4 102.3 102.1	104.5 104.6 105.3	106.7 106.8 106.9	98.7	100.3 100.3 100.2	92.4 93.2 93.0	102.0 102.0 101.9	104.5 104.1 104.1	121.6 117.3
1998 Jan. Feb. Mar.	103.9 104.1 104.0	103.7 103.9 103.8	104.8 105.1 104.9	103.5 103.5 103.0	101.8 101.6 101.7	104.9 105.9 105.6	107.3 107.5 107.6	98.4	100.1 100.1 100.0	92.2 93.3 92.7	102.0 102.0 102.0	104.0 103.6 103.0	106.5 103.8
Apr. May June	104.1 104.4 104.5	103.9 104.2 104.4	105.0 105.4 105.5	103.6 104.3 104.5	101.9 102.0 101.9	105.1 105.7 106.2	107.8 107.9 108.0	99.1	100.0 100.0 99.9	90.9 88.8 89.3	102.0 101.8 101.7	102.7 102.1 101.1	105.2 101.8 98.2
July Aug. Sep.	104.8 104.6 104.4	104.6 104.5 104.2 104.0	105.7 105.6 105.4 105.2	103.6 102.5 101.9 101.4	102.2 101.8 102.0 101.9	107.2 107.6 106.5 106.1	108.1 108.1 108.3 108.3		99.7 99.5 99.4 98.9	88.2 86.7 85.8 84.2	101.6 101.4 101.1 100.7	100.6 99.9 99.0 98.0	97.1 94.6 93.4 87.5
Oct. Nov. Dec.	104.2 104.2 104.3	104.0 104.1 104.1 103.9	105.3 105.3	101.4 101.7 102.1 103.1	101.9 102.0 101.9 101.6	106.1 105.9 106.2 105.2	108.3 108.3 108.4 108.7	98.7	98.9 98.5 98.3 97.8	84.2 82.7 86.2 83.5	100.7 100.6 100.4 100.1	97.7 97.2 97.1	86.2 80.1
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	104.1 104.3 104.4 104.8	103.9 104.1 104.3 104.6	105.0 105.3 105.3 105.6	103.1 103.1 103.0 103.4	101.8 101.4 101.6 102.8	105.2 106.2 106.2 105.4	108.7 108.8 108.9 109.0		97.8 97.7 97.7 98.3	р 84.2	100.2	97.1 97.2 98.0 98.7	83.7
Мау	104.8	104.7		103.5			109.1						405.2
1995 1996 1997 1998	+ 1.7 + 1.4 + 1.9 + 1.0	+ 1.6 + 1.3 + 1.9 + 0.9	+ 1.9 + 1.9 + 2.3 + 1.1	+ 0.5 + 0.9 + 1.2 + 0.9	+ 0.7 + 0.5 + 1.3 + 0.1	+ 2.4 + 1.6 + 2.5 + 1.9	+ 4.2 + 3.4 + 2.8 + 1.6	0.2 - 0.8	+ 1.7 - 1.2 + 1.1 - 0.4	- 0.1 - 0.5 + 1.5 - 5.8	± 0.0 + 1.5 - 0.1	+ 0.4 + 3.6 - 3.2	+ 13.2
1997 July Aug. Sep.	+ 2.2 + 2.4 + 2.2	+ 2.1 + 2.4 + 2.1	+ 2.5 + 2.6 + 2.6		+ 1.6 + 1.9 + 1.5	+ 3.1 + 3.3 + 3.0	+ 2.9 + 2.9 + 2.7		+ 1.5 + 1.7 + 1.6	- 1.2 + 1.3 + 3.2	+ 1.9 + 2.4 + 2.2	+ 4.7 + 5.9 + 4.6	
Oct. Nov. Dec.	+ 2.1 + 2.2 + 2.0	+ 2.0 + 2.1 + 2.0	+ 2.7 + 2.5 + 2.3	+ 2.0 + 2.3 + 2.6	+ 1.3 + 1.3 + 0.8	+ 3.0 + 3.6 + 3.4	+ 2.5 + 2.4 + 2.3	- 0.8	+ 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.1	+ 3.7 + 6.3 + 4.6	+ 2.0 + 2.2 + 1.9	+ 3.7 + 3.3 + 2.4	+ 7.5 + 6.5 - 1.6
1998 Jan. Feb. Mar.	+ 1.3 + 1.2 + 1.2	+ 1.3 + 1.2 + 1.1	+ 1.5 + 1.4 + 1.3	+ 1.6 + 1.4 + 1.4	+ 0.1 ± 0.0 + 0.3	+ 2.6 + 2.5 + 2.2	+ 1.9 + 1.7 + 1.6	- 0.9	+ 0.7 + 0.7 + 0.7	+ 3.2 + 4.1 + 2.0	+ 1.6 + 1.3 + 1.1	+ 1.2 + 0.1 - 0.5	– 11.5 – 12.8 – 14.5
Apr. May June	+ 1.5 + 1.4 + 1.4	+ 1.5 + 1.4 + 1.4	+ 1.4 + 1.4 + 1.4	+ 1.5 + 1.3 + 1.1	+ 0.5 + 0.6 + 0.7	+ 2.8 + 2.6 + 2.5	+ 1.7 + 1.5 + 1.6		+ 0.3 + 0.1 - 0.1	- 3.4 - 8.1 - 4.1	+ 0.8 + 0.4 + 0.1	0.7 - 1.6 - 2.4	– 11.4 – 18.0 – 18.4
July Aug. Sep. Oct.	+ 0.9 + 0.6 + 0.6 + 0.5	+ 0.9 + 0.6 + 0.6 + 0.5	+ 0.9 + 0.7 + 0.6 + 0.5	+ 0.8 + 0.8 + 0.4 ± 0.0	+ 0.3 - 0.4 - 0.2 - 0.5	+ 1.3 + 1.4 + 1.1 + 1.5	+ 1.5 + 1.4 + 1.6 + 1.5	± 0.0	- 0.4 - 0.8 - 1.0 - 1.4	- 4.5 - 7.3 - 8.9 - 8.9	- 0.2 - 0.7 - 0.9 - 1.3	- 3.6 - 5.1 - 5.4 - 6.2	- 21.4 - 26.6 - 25.3 - 31.0
Nov. Dec. 1999 Jan.	+ 0.5 + 0.5 + 0.4 + 0.2	+ 0.3 + 0.5 + 0.3 + 0.2	+ 0.5 + 0.7 + 0.5 + 0.2	+ 0.1 - 0.2 - 0.4	- 0.3 - 0.2 - 0.2	+ 1.2 + 0.9 + 0.3	+ 1.4 + 1.4 + 1.3	± 0.0	- 1.8 - 1.9 - 2.3	- 11.3 - 7.3 - 9.4	- 1.4 - 1.5 - 1.9	- 6.1 - 6.6 - 6.6	- 29.1 - 31.7 - 24.1
Feb. Mar. Apr.	+ 0.2 + 0.4 + 0.7	+ 0.2 + 0.5 + 0.7	+ 0.2 + 0.4 + 0.6	- 0.4 ± 0.0 - 0.2	- 0.2 - 0.1 + 0.9	+ 0.3 + 0.6 + 0.3	+ 1.2 + 1.2 + 1.1		- 2.4 - 2.3 - 1.7		- 1.8 - 1.7 - 1.6	- 6.2 - 4.9 - 3.9	- 9.5 - 1.0
May	+ 0.4	+ 0.5	+ 0.3	index of w	+ 0.5		+ 1.1		ha Eadaral	Statistical (Dffice. — 2	 Excluding	+ 4.4

Source: Federal Statistical Office; for index of world market prices: HWWA Institute. $-\!\!-\!\!1$ Calculated by the Bundesbank on the basis of figures

provided by the Federal Statistical Office. — 2 Excluding value-added tax. — 3 HWWA index of raw material prices, on a Deutsche Mark basis.

IX. Economic conditions

8. Households' income * Germany

	Gross wage salaries 1	s and	Net wages a salaries o, 2		Governmen current trar		"Mass incor	ne" o, 4	Disposable	income 5	Private Savi	ng 6	Saving ratio 7
Period	DM billion	Change from previous year in %	DM billion	Change from previous year in %	DM billion	Change from previous year in %	DM billion	Change from previous year in %	DM billion	Change from previous year in %	DM billion	Change from previous year in %	%
1994	1,512.2	1.6	1,015.7	- 0.2	515.8	4.0	1,531.5	1.2	2,173.4	3.4	267.4	- 1.7	12.3
1995 1996 p 1997 p 1998 p	1,560.9 1,572.2 1,565.3 1,587.7	3.2 0.7 - 0.4 1.4	1,024.0 1,047.5 1,030.3 1,043.4	2.3 - 1.6	540.3 551.7	5.1 - 0.3 2.1 2.0	1,566.2 1,587.8 1,582.1 1,606.1		2,339.7	3.7 3.8 1.8 2.6	278.9 293.3 287.5 289.3	4.3 5.2 - 2.0 0.6	12.5 12.1
1996 1st qtr P 2nd qtr P 3rd qtr P 4th qtr P	364.1 375.9 390.0 442.1		247.4 248.9 265.6 285.6	2.9 2.5	133.3 134.5	1.0 0.8 - 1.2 - 1.8	383.1 382.2 400.1 422.4	2.4 2.2 1.2 - 0.1	575.2 566.6 568.8 629.0	4.8 3.2 3.7 3.5	81.8 62.3 59.5 89.7	9.1 5.3 1.8 4.0	10.5
1997 1st qtr P 2nd qtr P 3rd qtr P 4th qtr P	362.8 375.5 386.3 440.8		242.9 244.8 260.0 282.6	- 1.6 - 2.1	136.4 136.9	2.8 2.3 1.8 1.5	382.5 381.2 396.9 421.4	- 0.2 - 0.3 - 0.8 - 0.2	582.7 580.3 577.5 642.3	1.3 2.4 1.5 2.1	80.2 61.0 58.6 87.7	- 1.9 - 2.1 - 1.5 - 2.3	13.8 10.5 10.2 13.7
1998 1st qtr P 2nd qtr P 3rd qtr P 4th qtr P	365.1 381.1 394.3 447.2		244.6 247.9 265.2 285.7	1.3 2.0	140.4	- 0.3 2.4 2.5 3.3	383.7 387.6 405.6 429.2			2.5 2.1 3.1 2.9	79.5 63.5 59.0 87.4	- 0.9 4.1 0.6 - 0.4	

Source: Calculated by the Bundesbank on the basis of figures provided by the Federal Statistical Office. — * Figures not yet adjusted to ESA 95. — o Modified definition as a result of the revision of the accounting of child benefit. — 1 Including employers' other social security expenditure (inter alia on company old-age pension schemes but excluding employers' contributions to social security funds); residence concept. — 2 After deducting wage tax payable on gross wages and salaries and employees' contributions to social security funds. From the beginning of 1996 including the child benefit payable to employees. — 3 Social security pensions, maintenance payments

and civil servants' pensions (net), less households' transfers to government. From the beginning of 1996 excluding the child benefit paid to employees, but including, as before, the child benefit paid to non-tax-payers. — 4 Net wages and salaries plus government current transfers. — 5 "Mass income" plus all households' property income and plus self-employed persons' private withdrawals from entrepreneurial income, less current transfers to non-residents. — 6 Including claims on company pension funds. — 7 Saving as a percentage of disposable income.

9. Pay rates and actual earnings Germany

	Overall econ	omy					Producing se	ctor (includin	g construction	n)		
	Negotiated v	vage and sala	ıry level 1	yy y goddalaw Calabia, a fan deila, and denne deila	Wages and s per employe		Negotiated v	vage and sala	ry level 1		Wages and per employ	
	on an hourly	basis	on a monthl	y basis	(work-place		on an hourly	basis	on a monthl	y basis	(work-place	
Period	1995=100	% from previous year	1995=100	% from previous year	1995=100	% from previous year	1995=100	% from previous year	1995=100	% from previous year	1995=100	% from previous year
1991 1992 1993 1994	76.7 85.8 92.2 95.3	11.9 7.5 3.4	78.6 87.2 92.9 95.6	11.0 6.5 2.9	81.8 90.5 94.6 96.7	10.5 4.6 2.2	73.4 82.8 90.6 94.3	12.9 9.3 4.1	76.9 85.9 92.0 94.8	11.7 7.1 3.0	77.6 88.4 92.3 96.1	13.9 4.4 4.1
1995 1996 p 1997 p 1998 p	100.0 102.7 104.2 106.1	4.9 2.7 1.5 1.9	100.0 102.4 103.9 105.8	4.6 2.4 1.5 1.8	100.0 101.8 102.6 104.1	3.5 1.8 0.8 1.4	100.0 103.8 105.8 107.6	6.1 3.8 1.9 1.7	100.0 102.9 104.6 106.3	5.5 2.9 1.7 1.6	100.0 102.9 104.7 106.4	4.1 2.9 1.7 1.6
1998 1st qtr P 2nd qtr P 3rd qtr P 4th qtr P	97.0 97.7 109.3 120.5	1.7 2.1 2.0 1.8	96.7 97.4 108.9 120.1	1.6 2.1 1.9 1.7	98.1 100.4 102.7 115.2	0.9 1.7 1.6 1.4	97.1 98.7 114.8 119.9	0.6 2.1 2.1 2.0	96.0 97.5 113.4 118.4	0.5 2.0 2.0 1.9	99.3 107.1 102.6 116.4	1.2 1.9 1.5 1.8
1999 1st qtr 🏼 P	99.6	2.7	99.3	2.6			100.9	4.0	99.7	3.9	101.0	1.7
1998 May P June P	97.7 97.9	2.1 2.2	97.4 97.5	2.0 2.1	-		98.7 98.7	2.1 2.1	97.5 97.5	2.0 2.0	106.0 112.1	1.0 2.7
July P Aug. P Sep. P	131.5 98.1 98.2	1.8 2.0 2.0	131.0 97.8 97.9	1.8 1.9 1.9	•	· ·	146.7 98.9 98.9	2.0 2.2 2.2	144.9 97.7 97.7	1.8 2.1 2.1	105.0 101.3 101.6	1.1 1.8 1.6
Oct. P Nov. P Dec. P	98.3 164.9 98.3	2.0 1.6 1.9	98.0 164.3 98.0	1.9 1.6 1.9	- - -		99.0 161.6 99.1	2.1 2.0 2.1	97.8 159.6 97.8	2.0 1.9 2.0	104.2 133.8 111.1	0.8 1 <i>.</i> 1 3.5
1999 Jan. P Feb. P Mar. P	99.5 99.6 99.8	2.6 2.6 2.8	99.2 99.2 99.4	2.5 2.6 2.7			101.0 101.1 100.8	4.0 4.2 3.7	99.7 99.8 99.5	3.9 4.1 3.6	99.5 98.9 104.6	0.0 0.9 4.3
Apr. P	100.1	2.5	99.7	2.5			101.3	2.6	100.0	2.6		.

1 Current data are normally revised upwards on account of additional reports. — 2 Source: Federal Statistical Office. Revised figures according to the new ESA 95. — 3 Producing sector, excluding electricity, gas, steam and hot water supply, and excluding installation and building completion work.

Calculated by the Bundesbank on the basis of data from the Federal Statistical Office, using the old and new classifications of the economic sectors.

X. Foreign trade and payments

1. Major items of the balance of payments of the European monetary union *

New table ¹

		1998			1999			
tem	1998	3rd qtr	4th qtr	Dec.	1st qtr	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.
A. Current account	+ 67,029	+ 19,293	+ 17,932	+ 7,527	+ 9,173	- 188	+ 3,877	+ 5,4
1. Foreign trade								
Exports (f.o.b.) incl. supplementary items	779,388	190,757	198,801	65,438	177,937	53,037	58,137	66,
Imports (f.o.b.) incl. supplementary items	657,331	158,308	163,910	54,388	158,860	49,026	50,916	58,
Balance	+ 122,057	+ 32,449	+ 34,891	+ 11,049	+ 19,077	+ 4,011	+ 7,221	+ 7,
2. Services		encounter d'interio					anu a concurado	nan (nan (1. 60)
Receipts	247,554	67,438	59,735	21,218	47,850	14,516	15,969	17,
Expenditure	244,409	64,749	60,376	20,941	51,024	15,802	16,596	18,
Balance	+ 3,145	+ 2,689	- 641	+ 277	- 3,174	- 1,286	- 627	- 1,
3. Factor income (balance)	- 12,637	- 3,768	- 2,752	+ 63	- 1,156	- 1,329	- 164	+
4. Current transfers	des du Numeria des	Condition Conditional Andrews			anaana waxaa waxaa	n e - égéneter		
Transfer payments from non-residents	60,580	12,231	12,524	4,815	22,437	12,619	5,332	4
Transfer payments to non-residents	106,116	24,309	26,091	8,677	28,011	14,203	7,885	5
Balance	- 45,536	- 12,078	- 13,567	- 3,862	- 5,574	- 1,584	- 2,553	- 1
B. Balance of capital transfers	+ 12,645	+ 2,995	+ 3,722	+ 2,007	+ 2,421	+ 2,661		
C. Financial account (net capital exports: -) ²	+ 7,911	- 3,252	+ 8,691	+ 16,315	- 21,613	+ 11,825	+ 6,733	- 40
C, Financial account (net capital exports. –) 2		14. CL-554 E			10-10-11-	-		
1. Direct investment	- 100,154		1	1000L		-		4104
Investment outside the euro area	- 177,893			(change)	1	-		
Foreign investment in the euro area	+ 77,739	+ 2,205	+ 15,446	+ 13,081	+ 18,265	+ 6,333	+ 3,433	+ 8
2. Investment in securities	- 90,791	+ 12,324	- 46,725	- 15,088	- 41,893	+ 8,062	- 16,791	- 33
Investment outside the euro area	- 307,087	- 55,014	- 54,722	- 17,586	- 64,575	- 17,219	- 19,756	- 27
Equities	- 82,353	- 9,795	- 17,332	- 7,011	- 15,202	- 6,300	- 3,064	- 5
Bonds and notes	- 206,861	- 42,494	- 34,288	- 10,594	- 47,769	- 7,397	- 18,472	- 21
Money market paper	- 17,873	- 2,725	- 3,102	+ 19	- 1,604	- 3,522	+ 1,780	+
Foreign investment in the euro area	+ 216,296	+ 67,339	+ 7,997	+ 2,498	+ 22,682	+ 25,281	+ 2,965	- 5
Equities	+ 68,506	- 400	+ 29,231	+ 2,405	- 13,513	+ 5,943	+ 2,837	- 22
Bonds and notes	+ 119,443	+ 50,461	- 15,246	+ 8,383	+ 33,164	+ 23,470	- 5,757	+ 15
Money market paper	+ 28,347	+ 17,278	- 5,989	- 8,290	+ 3,031	- 4,132	+ 5,885	+ 1
3. Financial derivatives	- 8,273	+ 1,203	- 5,647	- 203	- 1,551	- 2,147	- 248	+
 Credit transactions and other investment (balance) 	+ 198,866	i + 3,523	+ 105,479	+ 16,220	+ 27,688	3 + 13,552		
Eurosystem	+ 1,750	1		1				
Public authorities	- 9,551	- 1,477			Contract Con	1	and we l	1
Credit institutions	+ 192,922	+ 5,156		L. A BA	-			
long-term	- 1,736	i – 13,328		ri but	1-405			
short-term	+ 194,659	+ 18,484		****	Cline and a second seco		*	-
Enterprises and individuals	+ 13,745	i + 98	8 + 13,441	+ 8,924	- 440) + 268	. 7,469) + f
 Change in the monetary reserves of the eurosystem (Increase: –) 	+ 8,263	8 + 2,799	+ 6,692	+ 16,114	+ 4,005	5 - 2,420) + 4,623	i + 1

closely comparable with earlier observations. * Source: European Central Bank. — 1 See note on the title page of the Statistical Section. — 2 Series for which data from January 1999 are not

X. Foreign trade and payments

2. Major items of the balance of payments of the Federal Republic of Germany (Balances)

	Current a	accou	nt		199 8))))))	*		000m-11-10 m-000 20.00-00 20	ad moontaladan waataa			900 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 - 1000 -			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		1		Mem	o item:
Period	Balance c on currer account		Foreig trade		Supple menta trade items [:]	ry	Servi	ces 5	Facto		Curre		Capita transfe		Finai acco		reserv	ionetary ves at action	uncla	nce of assifiable sactions	Chan the B bank exter asset	ge in undes- 's net nal s at action
	DM millio	on			******	od word to de alternation	g	COM NO MERCON - NOT MOTIVISION	L ² 11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-													
1981	- 7,	,195	+	27,720	-	3,492	-	9,312	+	3,388	-	25,498	-	1,843	+	7,654	+	633	+	751	+	2,283
1982		,305		51,277	-	2,070	-	8,351	+	22	-	26,573	-	1,902	+	2,542	-	8,381	-	6,564	-	3,078
1983 1984		,410 ,627		42,089 53,966	-	2,258 3,040	-	7,259 3,232	+++++	7,488 13,569	-	25,651 30,636	-	2,033 1,992	-	17,566 36,261	++++	5,359 2,056	- +	170 5,570	+++	4,074 3,099
1985		,226		73,353	_	1,848	_	1,345	+	13,638	_	29,572		2,501	_	53,373	- T					
1986		,214		12,619		3,520	_	4,736	+	11,381	_	27,530	-	2,301	_	76,783	-	5,043 11,187	+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	6,690 1,904		1,843 5,964
1987	6	,864		17,735	-	4,288	-	9,426	+	9,378	-	29,535	-	2,186	-	40,282	- 1	37,901	-	3,495	-	41,219
1988 1989		,395 ,234		28,045 34,576	_	2,791 4,107	-	14,555	+	16,630	-	32,933	-	2,029		122,721	ŧ	•	+	2,693	+	34,676
1990 •		,234 ,428						13,323	+	26,872	-	34,784	-	2,064		110,286	-	5,405	+	8,521	+	18,997
1990 0	* ·	,428 ,374		05,382 21,899	_	3,833 2,804	-	17,711 22,800	++	32,859 33,144	_	35,269 57,812	-	4,975 4,565	-+	89,497 12,614	- +	11,611 9,605	+++	24,655 10,720	-	10,976 319
1992	- 21,	,064	+	33,656	-	1,426	-	36,035	+	33,962	-	51,221	-	1,963	+	69,792	-	52,888	+	6,123	_	68,745
1993 8	- F	,887		60,304	-	3,038	-	43,812	+	27,373	-	55,714	-	1,915	+	21,442	+	22,795		27,435	+	35,766
1994 8		,532		71,762	-	1,104	-	52,102	+	4,852	-	59,940	-	2,637	+	57,871	+	2,846	-	21,548	-	12,242
1995 8 1996 8	1	,159 ,447		85,303 98,538	-	4,722 4,209	-	52,361 53,145	+	332 1,688	-	55,710	-	3,845	+	63,492	-	10,355	-	22,134	-	17,754
1997 8	3	,434		16,467	_	6,149	_	55,145 56,928	+	3,022	-	51,318 52,801	- +	3,283 51	+	23,244 709	+ +	1,882 6,640	-	13,397 3,549	++	1,610 8,468
1998 ⁸		249		28,579	-	3,659	-	61,796	-	16,123	-	53,250	+	1,293	+	23,487	_	7,128	_	11,403	-	8,231
1997 2nd qtr 8	+ 3,	,700	+	29,986	-	1,657	-	13,142	+	645	-	12,133	_	543	+	9,014	-	28	_	12,143	+	461
3rd qtr 8	5	458		31,909	-	1,847	-	19,319	-	746	-	15,454	+	1,391	-	22,349	+	6,001	+	20,413	+	6,537
4th qtr 8		,575	+ :	33,102	-	1,014	-	10,471	-	1,572	-	12,471	-	926	-	7,282	-	1,159	+	1,792	-	431
1998 1st qtr 8	5	571		28,084	-	274	-	14,507	-	4,050	-	15,825	+	534	+	25,339	-	2,531	-	16,771	-	982
2nd qtr 8 3rd qtr 8	1 ·	071 730		34,979 32,601	-	1,318	_	15,226 19,786	_	3,984 3,178	_	9,380 14,362	 +	139 996	+ +	4,515 20,722	-	2,199 1,134	-	7,248 14,854	-	1,989 484
4th qtr 8		981		32,915	-	1,062		12,278	-	4,911	_	13,683	- -	97	-	27,089	_	1,134	+	27,469	_	404
1999 1st qtr 8	- 5,	435	+ 3	31,519		1,033		16,449	_	8,805	-	10,667	+	486	_	83,592	+	26,083	+	62,459	_	31,673
1997 Aug. 8	- 4,	401	+	7,503	-	833	-	6,767	+	846	-	5,149	+	549	+	6,070	+	1,960	_	4,177	+	2,298
Sep. 8	+	803	+	13,501	-	373	-	6,689	-	426	-	5,211	+	420	-	5,730	+	752	+	3,755	+	847
Oct. 8	- 3,	736	+	9,794	-	332	-	5,605	-	2,159	-	5,436	-	71	+	10,029	+	505	-	6,727	+	669
Nov. 8		732		11,388	-	508	-	3,515	-	504	-	5,129	-	386	-	6,521	-	252	+	5,427	-	111
Dec. 8		579	+ .	11,920	-	174	-	1,352	+	1,091	-	1,906	-	468	-	10,790	-	1,413	+	3,091	-	988
1998 Jan. 8 Feb. 8	1	235	+	5,126	-	194	-	7,064	-	4,680	-	5,423	+	452	+	8,075	+	63	+	3,645	+	428
Mar. 8	1	788 452		11,085 11,873	-+	283 203	_	3,949 3,493	- +	1,612 2,242	_	6,029 4,372	- +	238 321	+ +	523 16,742	-	1,471 1,124	+	1,974 22,391	-	1,051 359
Apr. 8		594		10,705	-	351	_	5,731	+	900	_	3,929		265		1	-					1
May 8	1	789		13,674	_	959	-	5,375	+	3,631	_	3,929 2,920	+ -	265 40	+	21,558 7,865	_	984 1,037	+ -	20,684 7,577	_	910 1,094
June 8	1	689		10,600	-	8	-	4,120	-	1,253	-	2,531	-	365	+	18,209	-	178	-	20,355	+	15
July 8		214	+ 1	13,623	-	732	-	6,768	-	3,462	-	3,875	+	415	+	10,808	+	742	_	10,751	+	856
Aug. 8	4 1	852	+	8,012	-	211	-	6,387	+	1,328	-	5,594	+	594	+	4,120	-	1,155	-	707	-	327
Sep. 8	1	664		10,966	-	62	-	6,631	-	1,044	-	4,893	-	14	+	5,795	-	722	-	3,395	-	1,012
Oct. 8 Nov. 8		476 653		12,016	-	74	-	6,388	-	1,810	-	5,220	-	83	-	12,029	-	763	+	14,351	+	173
Dec. 8		196	+ 1 +	15,309 5,590	-	300 689	_	3,664 2,226	_	2,142 959	_	5,550 2,913	+	275 289	+ -	18,759 33,819	- +	7,211 6,711	- +	15,476 28,594	-+	12,471 7,522
1999 Jan. 8	1	490	+	8,703	_	456	_	6,681	_	7,329	_	2,728	+	960	_	58,985	+	24,340		42,175	Ŧ	1
Feb. 8	- 1	363		11,240	-	554	-	4,061	-	1,823	-	5,166	-	300	+	16,086	++	1,948	+ -	42,175	+	27,072
Mar. 8	+ 3,4	419	+ 1	11,576	-	23	-	5,708	+	346	-	2,773	-	174	-	40,694	-	205	+	37,654	-	8,235
Apr. 8p	+ 5,!	544	+ 1	11,300		268	-	6,242	+	4,386	-	3,632	-	146	+	11,384	-	245	-	16,537	-	272
	Euro milli	ion						and a second second				••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			un de Millen et Lagra		**************************************	an a			in an d Phiny shell days you	
1999 1st gtr 8	- 2.7	779	+ 1	16,115	_	528		8,410		4,502	_	5,454		240	*********	12 740		12 336		21 025		16.40
1999 Jan. 8		341	+ ,	4,450	-			1				1	+	248	-	42,740		13,336	+	31,935		16,194
Feb. 8		1	+	4,450 5,747	_	233 283	-	3,416 2,076	_	3,747 932	-	1,395 2,642	+	491 153	- +	30,158 8,225	+ +	12,445 996	+ -	21,564 8,881	+	13,841 1,858
Mar. 8	3		+	5,919	-	12	-	2,918	+	177	-	1,418	-	89	-	20,807	- -	105	+	19,252	+	4,211
Apr. 8p	+ 2,8	835	+	5,778	-	137	_	3,191	+	2,242	-	1,857	_	75	+	5,821	-	125	_	8,455	_	139
																, 1				-,		

o From July 1990 including the external transactions of the former GDR. – 1 Special trade according to the official foreign trade statistics: imports c.i.f., exports f.o.b. – 2 From January 1993 including additional estimates for external transactions which do not have to be reported and which are included up to December 1992 in Supplementary trade items. – 3 Mainly

warehouse transactions for account of residents and deduction of goods returned. — 4 See footnote 2. — 5 Excluding the expenditure on freight and insurance included in the c.i.f. import value. — 6 Capital exports: –. — 7 Increase: –. — 8 Figures subject to significant uncertainty owing to changes in the method of data collection in foreign trade.

X. Foreign trade and payments

3. Foreign trade (special trade) of the Federal Republic of Germany, by group of countries and country *

Until the end of 1998 DM million, from 1999 euro million

		-	1		1998 1		1999			
Group of countries / Country		1996	1997	1998 1	November	December	January	February	March	April P
All countries ²	Exports Imports Balance	788,937 690,399 + 98,538	888,616 772,149 + 116,467	949,675 821,096 + 128,579	82,495 67,186 + 15,309	75,553 69,963 + 5,590	35,302 30,853 + 4,450	38,574 32,827 + 5,747	43,004 37,086 + 5,919	41,364 35,586 + 5,778
 Industrialised countries 	Exports Imports Balance	602,346 530,496 + 71,850	667,038 585,621 + 81,417	723,708 615,213 + 108,495	63,235 50,309 + 12,927	57,046 52,754 + 4,292	27,958 23,161 + 4,797	30,451 24,753 + 5,698	32,839 27,856 + 4,984	
1. EU member countries		453,715 388,558 + 65,157	493,554 424,430 + 69,124	535,475 440,746 + 94,729	46,347 35,883 + 10,464	41,855 37,580 + 4,275	21,156 16,708 + 4,448	22,897 17,580 + 5,317	23,771 19,533 + 4,238	one contraction of the statement
of which EMU member countries	Exports Imports Balance	350,928 310,391 + 40,537	375,758 337,439 + 38,319	408,655 352,012 + 56,643	35,626 29,065 + 6,561	31,610 29,814 + 1,796	16,279 13,613 + 2,666	17,646 14,270 + 3,376	18,109 15,945 + 2,164	1
of which	Durance	101/201/201			No. of Concession, Name				- 47E	
Austria	Exports Imports Balance	45,506 27,275 + 18,231	46,680 29,082 + 17,598	50,101 32,055 + 18,046	4,356 2,789 + 1,567	3,979 2,723 + 1,255	1,967 1,339 + 628	2,018 1,346 + 671	2,175 1,445 + 729	re rozzoał kan erozzane
Belgium and Luxemburg	Exports Imports Balance	49,832 43,906 + 5,926	51,666 47,421 + 4,245	53,896 45,915 + 7,981	4,648 3,879 + 770	4,190 3,771 + 418	1,999 1,417 + 582	2,304 1,639 + 665	2,437 1,890 + 547	in a final contraction of the first second
France	Exports Imports	87,911 73,681 + 14,230	94,420 81,090 + 13,330	105,775 90,145 + 15,630	9,441 7,550 + 1,891	8,246 7,644 + 602	4,445 3,577 + 867	4,882 3,419 + 1,463	4,600 4,145 + 455	No distance of the second s
Italy	Balance Exports Imports	59,271 58,343	65,053 61,074 + 3,978	70,355 63,307 + 7,048	6,137 5,091 + 1,046	5,015 5,362 - 347	2,790 2,414 + 376	3,050 2,512 + 539	3,195 2,779 + 416	22400000000000000000000000000000000000
Netherlands	Balance Exports Imports	60,277 61,097	63,054 67,537	65,062 65,561	5,251 5,255	5,017 5,627 - 610	2,422 2,600 - 177	2,674 2,530 + 144	2,697 2,747 - 49	0100 - 100 -
Spain	Balance Exports Imports	- 819 28,959 22,856	- 4,483 33,071 25,941	- 499 38,414 28,290	- 5 3,382 2,235	3,080 2,356	1,573 1,159	1,619 1,215	1,767 1,230	e - 1 - v - v - v - v - v - v - v - v - v
Sweden	Balance Exports Imports	+ 6,103 19,042 14,589	+ 7,130 20,630 14,819	+ 10,124 21,722 15,990	+ 1,147 1,929 1,292	+ 724 1,768 1,329 + 439	+ 414 885 609 + 276	+ 404 892 617 + 275	+ 536 915 707 + 208	An unit of the set of
United	Balance Exports	+ 4,453 63,667	+ 5,812 74,962	+ 5,732 81,850	+ 637 6,796	6,653	3,056	3,381	3,754	and the second se
Kingdom	Imports Balance	47,486 + 16,181	54,342 + 20,620	56,226 + 25,623	4,244 + 2,552	5,203 + 1,450	1,863 + 1,193	2,067 + 1,315	2,251 + 1,503	Culture in an and a first of the second s
Other European industrial countries	Exports Imports Balance	57,088 50,631 + 6,456	62,869 56,705 + 6,164	66,591 57,843 + 8,748	6,317 4,747 + 1,570	5,264 4,978 + 287	2,190 2,167 + 23	2,795 2,317 + 478	3,107 2,725 + 382	nopenania internationale de la constante
of which Switzerland	Exports Imports	37,791 27,397	39,847 29,858	42,636 32,487	4,287 2,729	3,406 2,948	1,548 1,225	1,772 1,366	2,198 1,606	10000 MARKet 4111114.04/00
3. Non-European industrial countries	Balance Exports Imports	+ 10,395 91,544 91,307	+ 9,989 110,615 104,487	+ 10,149 121,643 116,624	+ 1,558 10,571 9,678	+ 458 9,927 10,196	+ 324 4,612 4,286	+ 407 4,758 4,856	+ 592 5,961 5,597	010 - FERTINA 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10 - 10
of which	Balance	+ 237	+ 6,128	+ 5,018	+ 892	- 270 1,451	+ 326 857	- 98 723	+ 364 927	Ref. It. Transmission
Japan	Exports Imports Balance	34,440 - 13,248	37,478 - 17,002	40,651 - 22,357	3,620 - 2,020	3,190 - 1,739	1,567 – 710	1,583 - 860 3,529	1,992 - 1,066 4,377	ALL CARGON AND ALL CARG
United States	Exports Imports Balance	60,114 49,488 + 10,626	76,617 59,039 + 17,578	89,303 67,311 + 21,992	7,901 5,433 + 2,469	7,467 6,323 + 1,144	3,301 2,420 + 880	2,968 + 561	3,277 + 1,100	1998 XO *11 FLI * 199900
II. Countries in transition	Exports Imports Balance	82,665 80,347 + 2,317	102,960 96,792 + 6,168	115,191 108,441 + 6,750	9,579 9,039 + 539	9,193 9,630 – 437	3,739 4,166 - 427	4,055 4,535 - 481	4,871 5,286 – 414	
of which Central and east European countries	Exports Imports	70,024 61,846	90,282 74,304	101,227 84,130	8,512 6,976	7,839 7,578	3,275 3,131 + 145	3,503 3,488 + 15	4,203 4,163 + 40	
in transition China ³	Balance Exports Imports	+ 8,179 10,887 18,012	+ 15,978 10,629 21,534	+ 17,097 11,900 22,965	+ 1,536 916 1,965	+ 262 1,227 1,974 – 747	+ 145 429 974 - 546	+ 15 508 992 - 484	+ 40 593 1,066 – 474	roar an anna lle mile and
II. Developing countries	Balance Exports Imports Balance	- 7,124 101,677 78,699 + 22,978	- 10,906 116,124 88,792 + 27,332	- 11,065 108,921 89,332 + 19,589	- 1,049 9,125 6,898 + 2,227	- 747 9,068 7,413 + 1,656	- 546 3,529 3,491 + 37	- 484 3,983 3,502 + 481	- 474 5,197 3,901 + 1,295	nd i dadocoo narnaretettet
of which Newly industrial- ising countries in south-east Asia 4	Exports Imports Balance	44,456 35,725 + 8,730	48,444 40,094 + 8,350	36,658 41,678 - 5,020	2,916 3,460 – 544	2,705 3,464 - 759	1,159 1,631 - 472	1,324 1,673 - 349	1,670 1,804 – 134	111 1171 1171 1171
OPEC-countries	Exports Imports Balance	16,708 12,525 + 4,183	20,024 13,932 + 6,092	19,214 11,201	1,788 820	1,657 946 + 712	602 398 + 204	670 363 + 308	879 428 + 451	eregeren Houseful () m

* Source: Federal Statistical Office. Exports (f.o.b.) by country of destination, imports (c.i.f.) by country of origin. Inclusion of individual countries in groups of countries according to the current position. — 1 The figures on "All countries" include revisions which have not yet been broken down by

region. — 2 Including fuel and other supplies for ships and aircraft and other data not classifiable by region. — 3 Excluding Hong Kong. — 4 Brunei, Hong Kong, Indonesia, Malaysia, Philippines, Singapore, South Korea, Taiwan and Thailand.

X. Foreign trade and payments

4. Services and factor income of the Federal Republic of Germany (Balances)

Until the end of 1998 DM million, from 1999 euro million

	Servic	es																			
]				Other	service	5							
								ar Algerica, in California						of whi	ch	08					
														9**********************							
					Trans-	Finan	cial	Paten and	S	Gover	nment			Service selfem				Compe sation		Invest	ment
Period	Total	A	Travel	*********	portation 1	servic	es	licence	es	transa	ctions 2	Total		person				employ		incom	
1994	-	52,102	-	49,310	+ 4,96	+	1,650	-	3,421	+	8,771	-	14,756	-	1,680	-	1,254	+	347	+	4,506
1995 1996	-	52,361 53,145	-	49,046	+ 5,064		2,675	-		+	6,848		13,883	-	1,765	-	955	-	1,417	+	1,749
1997	-	56,928	_	50,527 51,723	+ 4,840 + 6,21		2,652 2,310	_	3,774 2,603	+ +	6,699 6,634		13,036 17,757	_	2,180 2,405	-	1,216 2,044	-	1,779 1,764	+	3,467 1,258
1998	-	61,796	-	53,666	+ 5,908	1	3,062	-	2,879	+	5,572	-	19,793	-	2,600	-	3,039	-	1,821	-	14,302
1997 3rd qtr 4th qtr	-	19,319 10,471	-	18,138 9,976	+ 1,532 + 1,724		737 361	-	380 786	+ +	1,935 1,187	-	5,005 2,981	-	574 623	-	296 272		873 502	+	127 1,069
1998 1st qtr	-	14,507	-	10,445	+ 1,266		898	- 1	577	+	1,996	_	7,646	-	583	_	718	+	139	_	4,189
2nd qtr 3rd atr	-	15,226 19,786	-	13,391 19,060	+ 1,530 + 1,426		871 558		766 770	++	1,040 1,272	-	4,510 3,212	-	715 629	-	1,031	-	513	-	3,471
4th qtr	-	12,278	-	10,770	+ 1,685		735	-	767	+	1,264	_	4,425	-	674	_	554 735	_	911 537	_	2,267 4,375
1999 1st qtr	-	8,410	-	5,899	+ 416	+	226	-	376	+	599	-	3,377	-	442	-	433	+	18	-	4,520
1998 June	-	4,120	-	4,927	+ 544	+	173	-	129	+	375	-	155	-	245	+	43	-	174	-	1,078
July Aug.	-	6,768 6,387	-	5,710 6,955	+ 517 + 355	++	237 221	-	229 247	+	436 405	-	2,019 166	-	223 248	-	628	-	302	-	3,160
Sep.	-	6,631	-	6,395	+ 554		99	-	294	+ +	405	_	1,027	_	248 157	-+	33 108	_	305 304	+	1,632 740
Oct. Nov.	- 1	6,388	-	4,918	+ 430	1	155	-	291	+	485	-	2,250		163	-	446	-	177	-	1,634
Dec.	_	3,664 2,226	_	2,876 2,977	+ 427 + 829	+++	215 366	-	287 189	+ +	409 370	_	1,552 624	_	268 242	-+	347 57	-	210 150	-	1,931 810
1999 Jan.	-	3,416	-	2,211	- 34		18	-	107	+	218	_	1,300	-	176	-	134	+	18	_	3,765
Feb. Mar.	-	2,076 2,918	_	1,686 2,002	+ 210		35 173	-	67 202	+ +	165 217	_	734	-	149 117	-	121 178	-	6 6	-	926
Apr.	-	3,191	-	2,218	+ 223	1	104	_	92	+	101	_	1,309	_	104	_	96	+	121	+	171 2,363

1 Excluding the expenditure on freight included in the c.i.f. import value. — 2 Including the receipts from foreign military agencies for goods and ser-

vices supplied. — 3 Engineering and other technical services, research and development, commercial services etc. — 4 Wages and salaries.

5. Current transfers of the Federal Republic of Germany (Balances)

6. Capital transfers (Balances)

	Until the end	of 1998	3 DM m	illion,	from 19	99 eu	ro millio	'n								DM m	illion / i	euro mi	llion		
		Public	1	to Audioantina Producente das						Privat	te 1							1			end a Talogy Welletty (1999)
					national nisation:	s 2										A lease and the second s					
Period	Total	Total		Total		of wh Europ Comr		Other currer public		Total		Remitt by fore worke	eign	Other curren private transfe	e					- · .	
1994		<u> </u>			2.000			1		Totar				transf		Total 4		Public	1	Private	. 1
	- 59,940	I	44,588	-	34,904	- 1	31,698	-	9,684	-	15,352	- 1	7,500	- 1	7,852	-	2,637	- 1	2,323	-	314
1995 1996 1997 1998	- 55,710 - 51,318 - 52,801 - 53,250		40,247 35,306 36,849 37,381	-	33,188 30,699 31,534 33,184		29,961 27,576 28,525 30,407		7,060 4,607 5,315 4,198	-	15,463 16,013 15,952 15,869		7,600 7,401 7,519 6,936	- - -	7,863 8,612 8,433 8,933	- - +	3,845 3,283 51 1,293	-	4,394 2,617 2,821	+ - +	549 666 2,873
1997 3rd qtr 4th qtr	- 15,454 - 12,471	- 1	11,276 8,747		9,747 7,482	-	8,886 6,695	-	1,529 1,266	-	4,178 3,723	-	1,880 1,880		8,955 2,299 1,844	+ +	1,293 1,391 926		2,442 560 799	++	3,735 1,952 127
1998 1st qtr 2nd qtr 3rd qtr 4th qtr	- 15,825 - 9,380 - 14,362 - 13,683	- - 1	11,895 5,463 10,155 9,868	-	10,310 6,114 8,502 8,258		9,232 5,804 7,631 7,740	- +	1,585 650 1,653 1,610		3,929 3,917 4,207 3,816		1,734 1,734 1,734 1,734 1,734	- - -	2,195 2,183 2,473 2,082	+ - + -	534 139 996 97		579 484 506 873	+ + +	1,113 344 1,502 776
1999 1st qtr	- 5,454	-	3,483	_	2,734	_	2,207	_	749	_	1,971	_	857	_	1,113	+	248	_	205	+	453
1998 June	- 2,531	-	1,276		2,054	-	1,967	+	779	-	1,255	_	578	_	677	-	365	_	161	-	204
July Aug. Sep.	- 3,875 - 5,594 - 4,893	-	2,391 4,259 3,506	-	1,976 3,466 3,059		1,406 3,205 3,020	- - -	414 792 447	-	1,484 1,336 1,387	-	578 578 578	-	906 758 809	++	415 594 14	-	189 156 161	+ + +	604 750 148
Oct. Nov. Dec.	- 5,220 - 5,550 - 2,913		3,922 4,257 1,689	-	3,386 3,664 1,208		3,244 3,356 1,140		535 593 481	-	1,298 1,293 1,224	-	578 578 578		720 715 646	- + -	83 275 289	-	193 246 434	++++++	109 521 145
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	- 1,395 - 2,642 - 1,418		794 1,927 762	-	563 1,626 545		388 1,321 498		231 302 217	-	601 714 656	- - -	286 286 286	-	315 428 370	+ -	491 153 89		59 75 71	+ - -	549 78 18
Apr.	- 1,857	-	1,290	-	1,107	-	1,050	-	183		568	-	286	-	282	- 1	75	-	69	_	6

1 The classification of "public" and "private" transfers depends on which sector the participating domestic body belongs to. — 2 Current contributions to the budgets of international organisations and to the EU budget

(excluding capital transfers). — 3 Payments to developing countries, pension payments, tax revenue and refunds, etc. — 4 Where identifiable; in particular, debt forgiveness.

X. Foreign trade and payments

7. Financial account of the Federal Republic of Germany

Until the end of 1998 DM million, from 1999 euro million

			- model and a second seco	1998		The second se	1999		1997-1997-1997-1997-1997-1997-1997-1997	
	1996	1997	1998	2nd qtr	3rd qtr	4th qtr	1st qtr	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
I. Net German investment abroad (Increase/capital exports: –)	- 192,463	- 382,252	- 559,297	- 150,409	- 58,758	- 185,612	- 120,103	+ 25,339	- 29,364	- 28,7
1. Direct investment 1	- 76,483	- 69,859	- 152,401	- 22,054	- 6,914	- 70,045	- 21,035	- 7,630	- 9,468	- 8,4
Equity capital Reinvested earnings ²	- 35,614 - 9,155	- 41,913 - 6,200		1 .	10			É	1	8
Credit transactions of German direct investors Other capital	– 25,665 – 6,048	ę.	– 34,312 – 7,114	1		ē ·		E .	£	£
2. Portfolio investment	- 46,018	- 154,081	- 246,021	- 77,850	- 37,514	- 64,942	- 58,312	- 17,604	- 23,001	- 13,
Equities ³ Investment fund certificates ⁴ Bonds and notes ⁵ Money market instruments	- 21,931 - 4,274 - 20,572 + 759	– 14,935 – 76,627	– 21,045 – 109,234	- 7,794 - 37,244	- 3,608 - 11,518	- 2,761 - 36,476	- 4,476 - 35,653	– 1,112 – 13,809	– 2,627 – 13,829	– 1 – 10,
3. Financial derivatives 6	- 8.842			www.		- 4,390	+ 1,519	+ 591	+ 1,594	↓+ 2,
4. Credit transactions	- 57,105	- 138,896	- 141,324	- 41,769	- 14,946	- 45,138	- 42,067	+ 50,050	+ 1,494	↓
Credit institutions 7 Long-term Short-term	- 60,710 - 16,107 - 44,603			- 15,454	- 18,879	- 13,502	- 9,630	- 1,391	- 5,113	- 4,
Enterprises and individuals Long-term Short-term 7	+ 3,686 - 1,766 + 5,452	+ 5,759 - 562	- 115 + 4,590	+ 3,036 + 2,152	+ 2,969 + 933	+ 32,084 + 1,009	+ 9,029 - 305	- 1,134 - 170	+ 2,447 + 28	3 –
General government	- 595				+ 2,209	+ 4,115	+ 4,293	- 262	4	1
Long-term Short-term 7	- 1,326 + 730	1		1	1	ę.	+ 4,264	- 273	+ 746	
Bundesbank	+ 515	+ 500	- 151	-	+ 250	1	-	0	-	
5. Other investment ⁸	- 4,015	- 4,354	- 7,569	- 1,317	- 3,562	. – 1,097	- 208	67	+ 16	5 -
I. Net foreign investment in Germany (Increase/capital imports: +)	+ 215,707	+ 381,543	+ 582,784	+ 154,924	+ 79,480	+ 158,522	+ 77,363	- 17,114	+ 8,558	5
1. Direct investment 1	+ 8,482	+ 16,656	+ 34,983	+ 11,221	- 18,956	i – 5,308	+ 10,318	8 + 1,562		
Equity capital Reinvested earnings ² Credit transactions of	+ 3,604 - 6,818		+ 12,374 -							ô + -
foreign direct investors Other capital	+ 12,629 - 933					8		1	+ 5,885 - 13	1
2. Portfolio investment	+ 142,060	+ 158,462	+ 255,465	5 + 72,751	+ 85,524	+ 52,686	+ 20,559) + 8,933	4,754	4 + 18
Equities 3 Investment fund certificates	+ 22,064 - 2,319	- 4,142	- 2,768	3 – 1,199	- 466	5 - 1,415	+ 1,620) + 456	5 - 124	4 –
Bonds and notes ⁵ Money market instruments	+ 102,850 + 19,465	+ 122,912 + 12,242	2 + 147,873					1		5 + 1
3. Credit transactions	+ 65,143	+ 207,193	+ 292,399	9 + 70,963	3 + 12,874	+ 111,148	46,509	9 – 27,593	7 + 7,180	0 + 12
Credit institutions 7 Long-term Short-term	+ 39,236	+ 205,009 + 50,231 + 154,778	+ 63,03	5 + 20,25	3 + 6,529		+ 13,581	1 + 3,384	1 + 6,73	8 + 2
Enterprises and individuals Long-term	+ 5,712 + 623	2 + 15,865 1 - 959	5 + 10,070 9 + 9,179	5 - 4,85	1 + 6,48	5 - 317	+ 2,169	9 – 5	5 + 3,86 7 + 1,90 9 + 1,96	3 +
Short-term 7		1			-	3 - 1,452		0000000		8 +
General Government Long-term Short-term 7	+ 5,523 + 2,211 + 3,312	- 7,35	I – 8,36	1 - 1,51	1) - 5,383	3 – 2,473	3 - 84		0 – 3 +
Bundesbank	- 1,773	3 - 643	3 + 3,58	B – 11	1 + 98	8 + 3,672	aan 10.00	****	8 – 7,90	A form
4. Other investment	+ 22	2 - 76	3 - 6	3 – 1	1 + 3	8 - 4	1 – 2	3 1.	2 -	6 –
III. Balance of all statistically recorded financial movements	+ 23,244	nermal fail tiğle (1971) för 10°- 10°-10°-100	9 + 23,48	general soft of California		2 – 27,08	Contraction and and a second se	0 + 8,22	5 - 20,80	7 + 5

From 1996, new definition for direct investment. — 2 Estimated. —
 Including participation rights. — 4 From 1991 including accumulated earnings. — 5 From 1975 excluding accrued interest. — 6 Options, whether or not evidenced by securities, and financial futures contracts. — 7 The trans-

action values shown here are mostly derived from changes in stocks. As far as possible, purely statistical changes have been eliminated. — 8 In particular, subscriptions of the Federal Government to International Organisations.

X. Foreign trade and payments

8. External position of the Bundesbank *

	Monetary res	erves and othe	r claims on noi	n-residents				Liabilities to r	non-residents		
		Monetary res	erves							T	
End of year or month	Total	Total	Gold	Foreign currency balances 1	Reserve position in the Inter- national Monetary Fund and special drawing rights	Claims on the ECB 2 (net)	Loans and other claims on non- residents 3	Total	Liabilities arising from external trans- actions 4	Liabilities arising from liquidity Treasury discount paper	Net external position (col. 1 less col. 8)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
1993	122,763	120,143	13,688	61,784	8,496	36,176	2,620	39,541	23,179	16,362	83,222
1994	115,965	113,605	13,688	60,209	7,967	31,742	2,360	24,192	19,581	4,611	91,774
1995 1996 1997 1998	123,261 120,985 127,849 135,085	119,544	13,688 13,688 13,688 13,688 17,109	68,484 72,364 76,673 100,363	10,337 11,445 13,874 16,533	28,798 22,048 22,649 -	1,954 1,441 966 1,079	16,390 15,604 16,931 15,978	16,390 15,604 16,931 15,978		106,871 105,381 110,918 119,107
1997 Oct.	114,100	113,159	13,688	67,903	11,139	20,430	941	16,367	16,367		97,733
Nov.	114,367	113,427	13,688	67,687	11,622	20,430	941	16,506	16,506		97,861
Dec.	127,849	126,884	13,688	76,673	13,874	22,649	966	16,931	16,931		110,918
1998 Jan.	127,904	126,939	13,688	75,841	14,842	22,568	966	17,296	17,296	_	110,608
Feb.	128,968	128,252	13,688	76,819	15,178	22,568	716	17,466	17,466	_	111,502
Mar.	130,030	129,315	13,688	77,882	15,177	22,568	716	18,230	18,230	_	111,800
Apr.	130,743	130,028	13,688	78,267	15,248	22,825	716	18,305	18,305		112,438
May	131,839	131,123	13,688	79,189	15,347	22,900	716	18,248	18,248		113,590
June	132,198	131,483	13,688	78,771	16,125	22,900	716	18,440	18,440		113,758
July	131,745	131,029	13,688	77,094	17,184	23,064	716	18,554	18,554	-	113,191
Aug.	132,596	132,130	13,688	78,143	17,236	23,064	466	19,131	19,131	-	113,465
Sep.	133,401	132,936	13,688	78,525	17,659	23,064	466	18,840	18,840	-	114,561
Oct.	134,128	133,662	13,688	79,380	17,473	23,122	466	19,776	19,776	-	114,351
Nov.	140,284	139,818	13,688	85,429	17,580	23,122	466	14,516	14,516	-	125,768
Dec.	135,085	134,005	17,109	100,363	16,533	-	1,079	15,978	15,978	-	119,107

* Valuation of the gold holdings and the claims on non-residents according to section 26 (2) of the Bundesbank Act and the provisions of the Commercial Code, especially section 253. In the course of the year, valuation at the balance sheet rates of the preceding year. — 1 Mainly US dollar assets. — 2 European Central Bank (until 1993 claims on the European

Monetary Cooperation Fund – EMCF). — 3 Including loans to the World Bank. — 4 Including liquidity paper sold to non-residents by the Bundesbank; excluding the liquidity Treasury discount paper sold to non-residents between March 1993 and March 1995, as shown in column 10.

9. External position of the Bundesbank in the European monetary union *

New table 1

	Euro million									
	Monetary rese	rves and other c	laims on non-res	idents						1
	Active Line active	Monetary rese	rves							
End of year or month	Total	Total	Gold and gold receivables	Reserve position in the Inter- national Monetary Fund and special drawing rights	Foreign currency reserves	Other claims on non-euro- area residents 2	Claims within the Eurosystem	Other claims on residents in other EMU member countries	Liabilities to non-residents	Net external position of the Bundesbank (col.1 less col.9)
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1998 Dec. 3	95,316	93,940	29,312	8,461	56,167	140	1,225	11	8,169	87,146
1999 Jan.	116,482		27,475	8,458	45,562	4,506	30,460	21	15,494	100,988
Feb.	114,235		27,475	7,146	45,878	3,730	30,000	6	15,106	99,129
Mar.	115,913	85,979	29,048	7,518	49,414	20,588	9,337	8	7,197	108,715
Apr.	116,365	86,105	29,048	9,091	47,966	18,672	11,578	10	7,510	108,855
May	107,532	86,221	29,048	8,779	48,394	13,505	7,799	8	7,010	100,522

* Assets and liabilities vis-à-vis all EMU member countries and non-EMU member countries. Within a quarter the stock figures are computed on the basis of cumulative transaction values. At the end of each quarter the stock figures are shown on the basis of revaluation at market rates. — 1 See note

on the title page of the Statistical Section. — 2 Including loans to the World Bank. — 3 Based on the euro opening balance sheet of the Bundesbank as at January 1, 1999.

X. Foreign trade and payments

10. Assets and liabilities of enterprises in Germany (other than banks) vis-à-vis non-residents *

Until the end of 1998 DM million, from 1999 euro million

	Until the e	nd of 1998	DM million,	, from 1999	euro millio)	an and the second term of the second		2000-2220-0010-000007-99 00 27	ensembler of LCC Net OCT 2010 of the left		oor 2000 court from when we not all his worker.	29-4-4-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-6-	
	Claims on	non-residen	ts		nananise eessi 2000-200 cmm eessi ees	2 1.000-0 -2000-01-01	5.000	Liabilities 1	o non-resid	ents				
			Claims on	foreign non	-banks	1.1.1 89 (5 -148)	10.20mm - 10.00mm - 2010.000000000.00000000			Liabilities to	o foreign no	on-banks	-boyy that the strength of the boy	
	~~~~~	anna (Cada Ing			from trade	credits	glowiogly op as a result of Albert Carlow					from trade	credits	
End of year or month	Total	Balances with foreign banks	Total	from financial operations	Total	Credit terms granted	Advance payments effected	Total	Loans from foreign banks	Total	from financial operations	Total	Credit terms used	Advance payments received
	All cour	ntries												
1995 1996 1997 1998	398,987 441,888 461,760 502,610	150,756 155,956 141,722 140,729	248,231 285,932 320,038 361,881	114,420	161,504 171,512 187,666 191,992	146,910 155,722 172,843 176,485	14,594 15,790 14,823 15,507	322,819 351,943 392,071 424,140	73,813 73,713 80,743 81,092	249,006 278,230 311,328 343,048	137,314 162,435 181,987 215,528	111,692 115,795 129,341 127,520	73,315 75,721 85,746 87,576	38,377 40,074 43,595 39,944
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	251,064 261,657 274,087 283,043	66,585 68,564 66,837 68,025	184,479 193,093 207,250 215,018	1	96,396 98,083 101,622 99,791	88,413 89,841 93,377 91,279	7,983 8,242 8,245 8,512	219,970 223,426 234,121 240,618	42,908 41,987 43,946 44,422	177,062 181,439 190,175 196,196	113,559 117,553 123,381 130,443	63,503 63,886 66,794 65,753	B	5
	EU cou	ntries												
1995 1996 1997 1998	262,908 287,183 287,024 307,523	138,155 141,428 130,611 130,398	145,755 156,413	63,748 68,161	79,996 82,007 88,252 92,703	71,388 73,261 80,199 83,927	8,608 8,746 8,053 8,776	190,620 204,124 236,747 265,214		127,753 141,184 167,970 196,341	89,223	50,589 51,961 57,813 58,847	41,405 41,443 46,097 46,896	9,184 10,518 11,716 11,951
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	152,176 157,363 163,059	63,499 61,389	90,689 93,864 101,670	45,547 51,282	48,317 50,388	-	4,695 4,776 4,804 4,940	135,857 136,520 142,927 144,420	36,863	100,121 101,617 106,064 107,357	1	30,835	22,513 24,345	1
Apr.	166,978					40,237	4,940	144,420	1 37,003	107,007	, ,,,,,,,	. 50,011	,	
				countrie	_			1 445 400	46 142		1 60.019	39,037	31,982	7,055
1995 1996 1997 1998	167,412 171,830 174,416 190,953	74,597 66,022	97,233 108,394	36,309 42,064	60,924	54,529 60,694	6,314 6,395 5,636 5,877	153,278	48,060 51,339	99,055 105,218 126,290 146,987	66,594 82,879	38,624 43,411	30,771 35,206	7,853 8,205
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar.	95,970 96,790 100,892	31,658 31,121	65,132 69,771	28,797 32,039	36,335 37,732	34,438	1	102,844 106,225	26,780 27,915	74,844 76,064 78,310 80,146	55,014 55,693	21,050 22,617	16,847 18,241	4,203 4,376
Apr.	102,485 Others				37,566	34,174	\$ 3,392	* (0,555	21,407	\$ 00,140	* 57,50	/	,,	
		ndustria	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.			1 22 062	÷ 7.614	3 01 107	8,342	72,845	46,460	26,385	20,998	5,387
1995 1996 1997 1998	66,890 78,545 89,482 109,682	8,212 6,436	70,333 83,046	37,293 45,814	33,040 37,232	30,219 34,050	2,821 3,182	93,654 95,662	7,181 7,884	86,473 87,778 89,303	57,768 55,306	28,705 32,472	22,731 26,280	5,974 6,192
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	56,467 61,439 66,711 72,801	3,943 4,222	57,496 62,489	37,497 41,720	19,999 20,769	18,147 19,026	1,852 1,743	55,004 58,877	4,603 4,644	50,401 54,233	33,766 37,054	i 16,635 17,179	12,946 13,500	3,689 3,679
		ies in tra	nsition											
1995 1996 1997 1998	17,524 22,025 27,427 30,107	5 200 7 296	21,825	5 4,092 I 5,916	17,733	16,123 19,487	1,610 1,728	9,342 10,690	) 90	9,297	613 595	8 8,684 5 10,005	3,458 4,007	5,998
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	15,012 15,152 15,760 15,068	2 198 ) 195	14,954 5 15,565	4 4,028 5 4,305	10,926 11,260	i 10,221 10,512	705 748	6,029 5,993	67 8 73	5,962 5,920	) 394	) 5,532 1 5,526	2,404 2,472	3,128 3,054
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		ping cou												
1995 1996 1997 1998	51,66 54,13 57,82 55,29	6,839 6,110 7 4,379	44,820 48,019 53,44	9 9,287 8 12,481	38,732 40,963	39,107	2,613 7 1,860	44,82 48,97	3,547 2 3,992	41,276	) 15,929	1 26,445 29,051	I 9,362	9 18,356 2 19,689
1999 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr.	27,40 27,70 28,55 28,19	3 924 7 1,03	1 26,77 I 27,52	9 7,938 6 8,321	3 18,84 1 19,20	17,932 5 18,255	2 909 5 950	25,873 26,32	3 2,414 4 2,366	23,459 23,958	9 10,56 3 10,704	2 12,89 4 13,254	7 4,50 4 4,89	7 8,390 3 8,361

* Including the assets and liabilities vis-à-vis non-residents of individuals in Germany. The assets and liabilities vis-à-vis non-residents of banks (MFIs) in Germany are shown in Table 4 of Section IV, "Banks". Statistical increases

and decreases have not been eliminated; to this extent the changes in totals are not comparable with the figures shown in Table X, 6.

#### X. Foreign trade and payments

# 11. Deutsche Mark exchange rates for the national currencies of the EMU countries, the Deutsche Mark value of the ECU * and euro conversion rates

Yearly or monthly	France	Italy	Netherlands	Belgium/ Luxembourg	Austria	Spain	Finland	Ireland	Portugal	ECU 1 EC	values 1
average	100 FRF	1,000 ITL	100 NLG	100 BEF/LUF	100 ATS	100 ESP	100 FIM	1 IEP	100 PTE	= [	
	Spot midd	le rates on t	he Frankfu	rt exchange	in DM	(*************************************	8- 19 or		L	-	
1991 1992	29.409			4.857	14.211		41.087	2.671	1.149		2.05076
1992	29.500 29.189		88.814	4.857	14.211	1.529	34.963	2.656	1.157		2.02031
1994	29.189	1.0526 1.0056	89.017 89.171	4.785 4.8530	14.214	1.303	28.915	2.423	1.031		1.93639
1995	1	1			14.214	1.2112	31.108	2.4254	0.9774		1.92452
1995	28.718 29.406	0.8814 0.9751	89.272	4.8604	14.214	1.1499	32.832	2.2980	0.9555		1.87375
1997	29,705	1.0184	89.243 88.857	4.8592 4.8464	14.214 14.210	1.1880 1.1843	32.766	2.4070	0.9754		1.90954
1998	29.829	1.0132	88.714	4.8476	14.210	1.1843	33.414 32.920	2.6297 2.5049	0.9894		1.96438
1997 Dec.	29.871	1.0202	88.739	4.8471					0.9763		1.96913
1998 Jan.	1	1 1			14.212	1.1824	33.102	2.5926	0.9785	1	1.97583
Feb.	29.861 29.833	1.0160 1.0134	88.737	4.8476	14.214	1.1798	33.047	2.5113	0.9776	1	1.97581
Mar.	29.833	1.0134	88.722 88.726	4.8456 4.8476	14.213 14.214	1.1800	32.977	2.4970	0.9768		1.97517
Apr.						1.1794	32.957	2.4987	0.9772		1.98022
May	29.832 29.821	1.0125 1.0141	88.806 88.740	4.8458	14.213	1.1778	32.949	2.5205	0.9761		1.97947
June	29.825	1.0141	88.720	4.8477 4.8480	14.211 14.212	1.1772 1.1782	32.907 32.905	2.5177	0.9762	-	1.96831
July	29.828	1.0143	1					2.5203	0.9767		1.97348
Aug.	29.828	1.0143	88.705 88.676	4.8492 4.8492	14.213 14.213	1.1784	32.902	2.5158	0.9775		1.97320
Sep.	29.823	1.0133	88.650	4.8476	14.213	1.1783 1.1776	32.887 32.858	2.5103 2.5035	0.9770 0.9756		1.96980
Oct.	29.824	1.0108	88.677	4.8472					1	1	1.96381
Nov.	29.823	1.0105	88.693	4.8478	14.213 14.214	1.1767 1.1760	32.868 32.890	2.4942	0.9751		1.95626
Dec.	29.820	1.0099	88.734	4.8482	14.214	1.1754	32.895	2.4870 2.4838	0.9751 0.9753		1.95791 1.95733
							52.055	2.4030 2	0.37331	1	1.93735
	Irrevocable	euro conve	rsion rates	(EUR 1 =	currency ur	nits) ²					
	6.55957	1936.27	2.20371	40.3399	13.7603	166.386	5.94573	0.787564	200.482	3	1.95583
	* Calculated fro	om daily quotati	ions. — 1 Accor	ding to data f	rom the Euro-	conversion ra	ato				
	pean Commissio	n. — 2 Applicab	le from January	/ 1. 1999. — 3 D	eutsche Mark	conversion re	ale.				

## 12. Exchange rates of the Deutsche Mark and the euro against other currencies *

Yearly or monthly	United States	Japan	Denmark	Sweden	United Kingdom	Norway	Switzerland	Canada	Australia	New Zealand
average	USD	JPY	DKK	SEK	GBP	NOK	СНЕ	CAD	AUD 1	NZD 1
	Spot middl	e rates on t	he Frankfu	rt exchange	(1 or 100 ci	urrency unit	ts = DM)			1.41.0
1991	1.6612			27.421	2.926	25.580				
1992	1.5595	1.2313	25.869	26.912	2.920	25.580			1.2942	
1993	1.6544	1.4945	25.508	21.248	2.755		111.198	1.2917	1.1476	0.8406
1994	1.6218	1.5870	25.513	21.013		23.303	111.949	1.2823	1.1235	0.8940
		ŧ		21.015	2.4816	22.982	118.712	1.1884	1.1848	0.9605
1995	1.4338	1.5293	25.570	20.116	2.2620	22.614	121.240	1.0443	1.0622	0.9399
1996	1.5037	1.3838	25.945	22.434	2.3478	23.292	121.891	1.1027	1.1782	1.0357
1997	1.7348	1.4378	26.249	22.718	2.8410	24.508	119.508	1.2533	1.2889	1.1453
1998	1.7592	1.3484	26.258	22.128	2.9142	23.297	121.414	1.1884	1.1070	0.9445
1997 Dec.	1.7767	1.3732	26.252					1		0.9445
	1	1.3732	26.252	22.840	2.9525	24.522	123.608	1.2466	1.1789	1.0491
1998 Jan.	1.8167	1.4032	26.254	22.669	2.9707	24.235	123.133	1.2620	1.1895	1.0574
Feb.	1.8142	1.4435	26.240	22.460	2.9746	24.009	123.953	1.2647	1.2211	
Mar.	1.8267	1.4160	26.234	22.925	3.0341	24.085	122.703	1.2896	1.2224	1.0511
Apr.	1.8147	4 3733							1.2224	1.0426
May		1.3732	26.223	23.200	3.0338	24.084	120.461	1.2698	1.1833	0.9931
June	1.7746	1.3153	26.243	23.068	2.9057	23.816	120.031	1.2285	1.1204	0.9515
June	1.7917	1.2780	26.254	22.660	2.9604	23.656	119.901	1.2228	1.0806	0.9123
July	1.7979	1.2784	26.243	22,508	2.9553	23.585	118.794	1.2110	1	
Aug.	1.7887	1.2363	26.254	21.991	2.9209	23.136	119.651		1.1114	0.9276
Sep.	1.7030	1.2648	26.257	21.531	2.8614	22.469		1.1674	1.0554	0.8883
-	1	1	1	ł	1	1	121.424	1.1187	1.0031	0.8583
Oct.	1.6378	1.3623	26.301	20.894	2.7760	22.048	122.618	1.0625	1.0135	0.8767
Nov.	1.6816	1.3973	26.302	21.040	2.7928	22.567	121.490	1.0920	1.0660	0.9021
Dec.	1.6686	1.4217	26.286	20.711	2.7884	21.984	122.878	1.0825	1.0334	0.8737
										0.0757
	Euro refere	nce exchan	ge rates pul	hlished by t	he Furones	n Control P	ank / ELID 1	= currency	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
		and an an an	ge lates pu	onstruct by t	ne curopea	n central b	ank (EUK 1	= currenc	y units) ²	
1999 Jan.	1,1608	131.35	7.4412	9.0826	0.70312	0 6547 5	1 (055)			
Feb.	1.1208	130.78	7.4352	8.9077	0.68851	8.6512 8.6497	1.6055	1.7646	1.8387	2.1588
Mar,	1.0883	130.20	7.4325	8.9403			1.5979	1.6786	1.7515	2.0623
		le l	1		0.67127	8.5065	1.5954	1.6510	1.7260	2.0451
Apr.	1.0704	128.16	7.4327	8.9140	0.66502	8.3186	1.6015	1.5944	1.6684	1.9723
May	1.0628	129.71	7.4333	8.9722	0.65825	8.2348	1.6025	1.5527	1.6046	1.9249

* Calculated from daily quotations. — 1 Exchange rates from Australia and New Zealand; those for New Zealand calculated from rates as at the middle and end of the month. — 2 The ECB publishes daily reference exchange

rates, which are calculated on the basis of the concertation between the central banks at 2.15 p.m.

#### X. Foreign trade and payments

# 13. External values of the Deutsche Mark and selected foreign currencies

External val	ue of the De	eutsche Mar	k	a anna an	unes 1. 2012/17/1000-0000/0000-0000-0000-0000-0000-0	Nominal e against th	e currencie	ues of sele s of 18 ind	cted foreig ustrial cour	n currencie ntries 1	es	evening yourgents internationally S	
Nominal against the	currencies o	f	Real against the	currencies c	of		1944 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44 - 44	ne n		11 TH 1 T	2022/2020 Differ the manufacture	and the second se	Bronn and a Bronn a
			38 countries	18 industria	al countrie	S	GRAGERING GO IL TILA TILA TILA TILA TILA TILA TILA T				arrente da como en especialmente de	for a subsequence of the second of the secon	
38 countries	18 industrial countries	the EU countries	on the basi consumer p		on the basis of tl deflators of total sales	ne US dollar	Pound sterling	Canadian dollar	Swiss	Japanese yen	French franc	Italian Iira	Spa pes
	91.8	85.2		91.9	91	.9 110.0	120.1	122.2	89.6	64.5	93.7	146.9	
•	90.4	85.3	ė.	89.6	ŧ	1	120.5	124.1	88.0	70.2	91.6	143.9	1
•	93.1	87.5		92.8	ŧ	E	115.8	116.5	86.3	73.2	94.6	139.6	1
	94.9	94.6		95.4	95	.5 108.8	105.0	109.6	88.1	89.0		115.8	4
	94.9	95.6	1	95.5	95	.4 106.7	105.0	102.5	93.7	96.0	96.8	110.4	Alle No Looks I
100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100	.0 100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0		1	100.0	
98.8	98.1	96.5	95.8	97.3	97	.5 105.5	102.3	102.3	98.8	1	5	8	4
94.8	93.1	92.8	90.4	92.5	92	1	1	103.2	92.9	1	1	110.1	3
98.7	93.6	92.7	р 91.8	92.5	р 92	.6 120.1	123.0	97.3	94.8	77.6	97.5	109.9	
96.8	92.2	92.2	91.2	91.6		. 120.3	123.7	100.3	95.1	1	÷		1
96.3	91.9	92.3	90.7	91.2	2 91	.3 119.1	123.6	100.4	95.5		3	108.3	1
95.8	91.8	91.9	89.7	90.9	****	. 119.9	126.1	102.0	94.5	79.5	96.0	108.5	
96.2	92.4	92.0	89.9	91.1		. 120.7	126.7	101.2	93.1		-		÷.
97.8	93.7	92.6	91.5	92.5	2 92	.4 121.0	122.6	100.1	93.7		1	8	È
98.1	93.7	92.3	91.7	92.8		. 123.3	125.2	99.2	93.7	72.7	97.5	110.3	
98.1	93.8	92.4	91.8	93.1		. 124.0	124.9	98.0	92.8		1	-	
99.0	94.4	92.7	92.2	93.5	2 93	.3 125.9	124.3	95.1	94.0	70.6	-		1
101.6		93.1	93.8	93.7		. 120.4	122.7	94.6	96.0	74.0	98.8	111.3	****
102.1	95.2	93.7	93.9	93.5	in the second se	. 114.9	119.1	92.0	97.1	2	-		š.
101.1	a. 10		р 92.6	92.9	2,p 93	.4 116.2	118.8	5	1	-	1	1	2
101.6	1	£	р 93.1	93.0		. 114.9	118.6	92.0	96.7	84.3	98.4	110.4	- 1010

1 Including Germany. --- 2 Quarterly average.

# 14. Effective exchange rates * of the euro and selected foreign currencies

Effective excha of the euro against the cu of 16 countrie	rrencies	Memo il Indicato price col	rs of th					Effective nomin against 18 indu	al exchange rate strial countries ³	es of selected for	reign currencies	111-0111/-01-01-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-00-
Contract waters and DECLARECOM STRUCTURE		38 coun	tries 4	18 indu	strial co	untries 4		11-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5 1-5				ALL CLL COLORY
Nominal 2		on the b		5	Liberroom, and weighter	on the b of the deflators of total s	;	US dollar	Pound sterling	Canadian dollar	Swiss franc	Japanese yen
1990 = 100		1995 = 1	100	1990 =	100			(1)	gen			nan ( nan dad ( ) ja - nan mar anna mar and a dia an
92.7	92.1	р	92.4	p	100.3			103.4	97.7	76.1	106.3	136
90.9	90.5	P	91.9	р	99.3	5,p	99.9	105.5	98.9	77.8	106.0	134
89.5	89.1	р	90.9	q	98.4			107.8	100.8	77.3	105.6	132
88.4	87.7	P	90.2	р	97.8			108.1	f	1		133
88.0	87.3					ero La la constante de la const		108.5	102.2	80.6	104.5	13

* The effective exchange rate corresponds to the external value of the currency concerned. — 1 Source: ECB. According to BIS calculations based on the weighted averages of the effective exchange rates of the euro. The original figures have been rescaled to 1990 = 100 on the basis of the weighted averages of euro area countries' effective exchange rates. The weights used in that calculation are based on manufactured goods trade in 1990 with the following countries: USA, Japan, Switzerland, United Kingdom, Sweden, Denmark, Greece, Norway, Canada, Australia, New

Zealand, Hong Kong, South Korea, Singapore, Taiwan and Mexico. Where consumer prices are not yet available, estimates have been used. — 2 Excluding Mexico. — 3 The method of calculation is largely consistent with the procedure used by the BIS to compute the effective exchange rates of the euro. Comparable results for previous years are contained in table X.13 (for Germany: real external value of the Deutsche Mark). — 4 Including EMU countries. — 5 Quarterly average.

May

1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1998 Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sep. Oct. Nov. Dec.

# Overview of publications by the Deutsche Bundesbank

This overview is designed to inform readers about selected recent economic and statistical publications by the Deutsche Bundesbank. Except where stated, these publications are published both in German and English, and on the Internet.

The publications are available to interested parties free of charge from the Press and Public Relations Division. Against reimbursement of the costs, a monthly updated file with approximately 40,000 time series published by the Bundesbank can also be obtained on magnetic tape or on ZIP diskette from the Statistical Data Processing Division. Please submit orders in writing, using the addresses specified on the back of the title page.

#### Annual Report

#### Monthly Report

For information on the articles published between 1980 and 1998 see the index attached to the January 1999 Monthly Report.

#### June 1998

 The economic scene in Germany in spring 1998

#### July 1998

 Recent trends in Germany's external relations with the south-east Asian emerging economies

- East German enterprises' profitability and financing in 1996
- Financial market prices as monetary policy indicators

# August 1998

- Review of monetary targeting in 1997-8 and of the 1998 monetary target
- The performance of German credit institutions in 1997
- Present and future financial burdens facing the central, regional and local authorities from expenditure on personnel
- The Bundesbank's credit register for loans of 3 million Deutsche Mark or more

# September 1998

The economic scene in Germany in summer 1998

# October 1998

- Operational features of the new European exchange-rate mechanism
- West German enterprises' profitability and financing in 1997
- The methodological basis of the Deutsche Bundesbank's corporate balance sheet statistics
- Banks' internal risk management models and their prudential suitability

# November 1998

- The implementation of the ESCB's monetary policy by the Bundesbank and its formulation in the General Terms and Conditions
- Trends in and structure of the overall capital stock
- The indicator quality of different definitions of the real external value of the Deutsche Mark

 Updating the calculation of the external value of the Deutsche Mark and adjusting it to the conditions of European monetary union

# December 1998

- The economic scene in Germany in autumn 1998

## January 1999

- Launching the economic and monetary union on January 1, 1999
- Changes in households' asset situation since the beginning of the nineties
- The Bundesbank's method of assessing the creditworthiness of business enterprises

## February 1999

 The economic scene in Germany around the turn of 1998-9

### March 1999

- Monetary analysis for the euro area
- Hedge funds and their role in the financial markets
- German balance of payments in 1998

# April 1999

- The role of economic fundamentals in the emergence of currency crises in emerging markets
- Development of public sector investment, and its financing
- Taylor interest rate and Monetary Conditions Index

# May 1999

 International cooperation and coordination in the area of financial market supervision and surveillance  The economic scene in Germany in spring 1999

### June 1999

- Overall financial flows in 1998
- Recent developments in electronic money
- Trends in international capital links between enterprises from the end of 1995 to the end of 1997

Europäische Organisationen und Gremien im Bereich von Währung und Wirtschaft, Mai 1997³

The market for German Federal securities, July 1998

# Special Statistical Publications

# Statistical Supplements to the Monthly Report¹

- 1 Banking statistics (monthly)
- 2 Capital market statistics (monthly)
- 3 Balance of payments statistics (monthly)
- 4 Seasonally adjusted business statistics (monthly)
- 5 Exchange rate statistics (quarterly)

# **Special Publications**

The monetary policy of the Bundesbank, October 1995²

Makro-ökonometrisches Mehr-Länder-Modell, November 1996³

Macroeconometric model of the German economy, April 1994⁴

Weltweite Organisationen und Gremien im Bereich von Währung und Wirtschaft, April 1997³

- 1 Banking statistics guidelines, January 1999⁵
- 2 Banking statistics customer classification, January 1999⁶
  (The lists of enterprises can also be obtained on diskette for a fee of currently DM 50).
- 3 Aufbau der bankstatistischen Tabellen, Januar 1996^{o,3}
- 4 Ergebnisse der gesamtwirtschaftlichen Finanzierungsrechnung für Westdeutschland 1960 bis 1992, November 1994^{o, 3}
- 4 Financial accounts for Germany 1990 to 1997, June 1998

o Not on the Internet.

Only the headings and explanatory notes to the data contained in the German originals are available in English.
 Also available (in different editions) in French, Spanish, Russian and Chinese.

³ Available in German only.

⁴ Available in English only.

**⁵** Only the sections "Monthly Balance Sheet Statistics" and "External position" will shortly be available in English translation.

**⁶** Only the sections "Overall survey on sectoral classification", "Survey on breakdown by industry or activity" and "Explanatory notes on the system of customer classification by industry or activity" are available in English translation.

⁷ Only the headings and explanatory notes to the data contained in the German original will shortly be available in English.

⁸ This publication will shortly be available in English.

- 5 Annual accounts of west German enterprises 1971 to 1996, March 1999⁷ (The data of this Special Statistical Publication can also be obtained on diskette for a fee of currently 50 DM)
- 6 Ratios from the annual accounts of west German enterprises for 1990, March 1994^{9,1}
- 7 Erläuterungen zum Leistungsverzeichnis der Außenwirtschaftsverordnung, März 1994^{o,3}
- 8 Balance of payments statistics of the Federal Republic of Germany, 2nd edition, February 1991°
- 9 Securities deposits, August 1998
- 10 International capital links, June 19997
- 11 Balance of payments by region, August 1998
- 12 Technological services in the balance of payments, May 1998¹
- 13 Off-balance-sheet operations of German banks, December 1998

# **Banking regulations**

- 1 Bundesbank Act and Statute of the European System of Central Banks and of the European Central Bank, June 1998
- 2 Gesetz über das Kreditwesen, März 1999⁸

- 2a Grundsatz I über die Eigenmittel der Institute, Oktober 1998⁸
- 7 Merkblatt für die Abgabe der Groß- und Millionenkreditanzeigen nach §§ 13 bis 14 KWG, September 1998⁸

## **Publications on EMU**

Informationsbrief zur schafts- und Währungs	Wirt-
Nr. 1, September 1996	
Nr. 2, Oktober 1996	
Nr. 3, Januar 1997	
Nr. 4, Februar 1997	
Nr. 5, April 1997	
Nr. 6, Mai 1997	
Nr. 7, Juni 1997	
Nr. 8, Juli 1997	
Nr. 9, September 1997	
Nr. 10, Februar 1998	
Nr. 11, April 1998	
Nr. 12, April 1998	
Nr. 13, Mai 1998	
Nr. 14, Juli 1998	
Nr. 15, Oktober 1998	
Nr. 16, November 1998	

Nr. 17, Dezember 1998

Der Euro ist da. Wir sagen Ihnen, worauf es ankommt. (Faltblatt)³

For footnotes, see p. 79*.