# Documentation of the <br> Bundesbank Consumer Expectations Survey 

## Wave 4

Deutsche Bundesbank
Research Centre

Version: 1.1 (23 June 2020)
Contact: online-pilot@bundesbank.de

## Notes

## 1. General coding:

For all questions, the following codes apply.

| -9999 | Dropout: The respondent did not answer the question due to dropout |
| :--- | :--- |
| -9998 | No answer: The respondent clicked "no answer" instead of answering the question |
| -9997 | Don't know: The respondent clicked "don't know" instead of answering the question |
| -6666 | Does not apply: The question or response option was not shown to the respondent due to <br> filters or prior item non-response |
| -5555 | Recoded by BBk: A coding or data error that was recorded by the Bundesbank |

## 2. Legend for question header:

Each question header includes information on the name of the question, whether it was part of the core questionnaire ("CORE") or was specifically included for a research project ("PRO"), the broad topic and the variable name(s).

| Legend | Question <br> name | Question source | Topic | Variable name |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Example 1 | 001 | CORE | Current policy issue | currsit |
| Example 2 | 101 | Pro | Risks owning/renting | rentorbuy_[a-i,_other] |

## 3. Question filtering and coding:

Coding details, filters and conditional redirects are highlighted by cour ier. If questions are posed to all respondents, this is not explicitly stated. For filtered questions, the filter is listed at the top and refers to the question name, e.g.:

| O03B | CORE | Intention to buy property | intbuyprop_owner |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input filter: $002==2\|3\| 4$ |  |  |  |

## 4. Variable names

Variable names are indicated in the top right corner. In case the question has multiple items, the items are indicated by underscores and a letter. Enumeration letters correspond to variable names. The coding of the variables is numeric and indicates the scale.

| $\mathbf{0 0 4}$ | CORE | Expectations qualitative | expmacroquali_[a-f] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| After the term "inflation rate", an info box (i) with the following definition is |  |  |  |
| shown: "Inflation is the percentage increase in the general price level. It is |  |  |  |
| mostly measured using the consumer price index." |  |  |  |
| Order of items a-f is generated randomly for each respondent. |  |  |  |

Now we would like to ask you about your assessment of general economic developments in Germany over the next twelve months.

QUESTION: What developments do you expect in the following metrics over the next twelve months? Will ...

1 = decrease significantly
2 = decrease slightly
3 = stay roughly the same
4 = increase slightly
5 = increase significantly
For more information, please click the (i) button.
a The unemployment rate in Germany
b Rents in your area
c Lending rates
d Interest rates on savings accounts
e The inflation rate (i)
f Property prices in your area

Structure of the questionnaires and the dataset

| Variable name | Topic | Wave 4 | Origin |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| currsit_text | Current policy issue | 001 | Core |
| expmacroquali_[a-g] | Expectations qualitative | 004 | Core |
| infdef | Inflation expectations qualitative | 005A1 | Core |
| inflexppoint | Inflation expectations quantitative | 005B1 | Core |
| infdef | Price expectations qualitative | 005A2 | Core |
| inflexppoint | Price expectations quantitative | 005B2 | Core |
| infexprob_[a-j] | Inflation expectations probabilistic | 401A | Core |
| infexprob_[a-j] | Inflation expectations probabilistic | 401B | Core |
| infexprob_[a-j] | Price expectations probabilistic | 401C | Core |
| infexprob_[a-j] | Price expectations probabilistic | 401D | Core |
| homeown | Home ownership | 002 | Core |
| exphp_point | House price expectations quantitative | 402A | Core |
| exphp_point | House price expectations quantitative | 402B | Core |
| exphp_prob_[a-j] | House price expectations probabilistic | 403A | Core |
| exphp_prob_[a-j] | House price expectations probabilistic | 403B | Core |
| exphp_prob_[a-j] | House price expectations probabilistic | 403C | Core |
| exphp_prob_[a-j] | House price expectations probabilistic | 403D | Core |
| ecbtarget | Knowledge target ECB | 404 | 6 |
| euroinf | Inflation goal since euro | 405 | 6 |
| ecbinf_[a-d] | ECB point target | 406A | 6 |
| ecbinf_[a-d] | ECB midpoint of interval | 406B | 6 |
| ecbreact1 | Reaction of ECB to inflation 1 | 407A | 6 |
| ecbreact2 | Reaction of ECB to inflation 2 | 408A | 6 |
| ecbreact1 | Reaction of ECB to inflation 3 | 407B | 6 |
| ecbreact2 | Reaction of ECB to inflation 4 | 408B | 6 |
| payment1 | Change in payment behaviour 1 | 409A | Z |
| payment2_[a-d] | Change in payment behaviour 2 | 409B | Z |
| percprob_[a-e] | Perceived problems | 410 | PRO 03 |
| behachange_[a-l] | Behaviour change | 411 | PRO 03 |
| constr_a, constr_b | Liquidity and credit constraints | 412 | PRO 04 |
| incexp_[a-l] | Income expectations probability | 413A | PRO 04 |
| incexp_[a-l] | Income expectations probability | 413B | PRO 04 |
| stockexp_[a-c] | Stock market expectations | 414 | PRO 05 |
| news_corona_[a-e] | Expectations qualitative | 415 | PRO 04+05 |
| earnfinlos_corona_[a-c] | Losses due to coronavirus | 416 | PRO 04+05 |
| restr_corona_a | Restriction public life | 417 | PRO 04 |
| restr_corona_b | Restriction public life | 417 | PRO 04 |
| incexp_post_[a-l] | Income expectations probability | 418A | PRO 04 |
| incexp_post_[a-l] | Income expectations probability | 418B | PRO 04 |
| expgdp_[a-h] | GDP expectations probability | 419 | PRO 04+05 |
| hpxp_post_[a-c] | House price expectations | 420 | PRO 05 |
| prob_job1 | Probability job loss / job finding 1 | 421A | PRO 04 |
| prob_job2 | Probability job loss / job finding 2 | 421B | PRO 04 |
| stockexp_post_[a-f] | Stock market expectations probability | 422 | PRO 05 |
| portchoice | Portfolio choice problem | 423 | PRO 05 |
| spendbig_[a-d] | Big ticket items | 424 | CORE |
| creditdem_[a-c] | Credit demand A | 425A | PRO 05 |
| creditdem_[a-c] | Credit demand $B$ | 425B | PRO 05 |


| qinterest | Feedback questions 1 | 009 | CORE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| qeasy | Feedback questions 2 | 009 | CORE |
| qlong | Feedback questions 3 | 009 | CORE |
| feedbackopen | Open feedback question | 010 | CORE |
| feedbackhelp_[a,b] | Feedback on aids used | 011 | CORE |
| eastwest1989 | RESIDENCE IN 1989 | eastwest1989 | SOZ |
| eduschool | EDUCATION SCHOOL | eduschool | SOZ |
| eduwork | PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION | eduwork | SOZ |
| employ | EMPLOYMENT STATUS | employ | SOZ |
| profession | PROFESSION | profession | SOZ |
| hhsize | HOUSEHOLD SIZE | hhsize | SOZ |
| hhchildnum | HOUSEHOLD CHILDREN | hhchildnum | SOZ |
| hhinc | HOUSEHOLD INCOME | hhinc | SOZ |
| pinc | PERSONAL INCOME | pinc | SOZ |

Welcome to a new survey in forsa.omninet.

## Important information concerning the study

- To navigate through the survey, please only use the "Continue" button at the bottom of the screen. Please do not use the buttons in your browser or the back button on your phone or tablet.
- To ensure that the individual questions are displayed correctly, use an up-to-date browser such as Google Chrome, Mozilla Firefox (version 12 or later), Apple Safari (version 6 or later), Opera (version 20 or later) or Microsoft Edge. Using older browsers, particularly Internet Explorer 8 and earlier, can result in limited functionality in terms of design and ease of use.

If you have any questions, problems or comments concerning the content, operability or look of the survey, you can contact the forsa.omninet Support Team Monday to Friday from 09:00 to 18:00 on the free telephone number: 08003677201 or by email: omninet @forsa.de.

\section*{| 000 | CORE | OPENING 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |}

Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey that we are conducting on behalf of the Deutsche Bundesbank.

It will take roughly 20 minutes to complete. We would like to ask you about your expectations regarding economic developments. There is no right or wrong answer for most of the questions we are interested in your views and opinions. Your answers will be treated in a confidential manner. It helps us a great dealif you answer the questions as carefully as possible.

If you are unable or do not want to answer a question, simply click CONTINUE until the next question appears.

| $\mathbf{0 0 0}$ | CORE | OPENING 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| We assure you that the data we collect will be used only in anonymised form to assist the Deutsche |  |  |
| Bundesbank in fulfilling its tasks as part of the European System of Central Banks. This includes, for |  |  |
| example, use of the data for monetary policy and financial stability purposes, including research. |  |  |
| The data will only be shared in anonymised form and on a project-by-project basis with research |  |  |
| bodies for non-commercial research purposes. The data we collect are stored, processed and shared |  |  |
| in such a way as to prevent them being linked to you personally. The data are therefore anonymous. |  |  |
| By participating in this survey, you give your consent for your data to be stored, processed and |  |  |
| shared for the purposes stated above. |  |  |
| You will find more information, details of contact persons for technical issues and selected results of |  |  |
| the survey on the Bundesbank's website: |  |  |
| https://www.bundesbank.de/en/bundesbank/research/pilot-survey-on-consumer- |  |  |
| expectations/bundesbank-online-pilot-survey-on-consumer-expectations-794568 |  |  |
| 001 | CORE | Current policy issue |

## Variable is not included in the scientific use file.

Question: To begin with, we would like to ask you a general question: what, in your opinion, are the three most important problems in Germany at present?

Please type your answerin the text field.
[Input field]

| --- | Split sample 1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| The entire sample is split randomly into four groups. Randomisation dummy |  |
| (drandom1) is used for questions 004, 005A1, 005B1, 005A2, 005B2, 401, |  |
| One factor variable: drandom1 |  |
| $1=$ group A1 |  |
| $2=$ group B1 |  |
| $3=$ group C1 |  |
| $4=$ group D1 |  |


| ---- | START SPLIT SAMPLE 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\mathbf{0 0 4}$ | CORE | Expectations qualitative | expmacroquali_[a-g] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| After the term "inflation rate", an info box (i) with the following definition is |  |  |  |
| shown: "Inflation is the percentage increase in the general price level. It is |  |  |  |
| mostly measured using the consumer price index." This only relates to groups A1 and |  |  |  |
| B1. |  |  |  |
| Order of the seven categories is generated randomly for each respondent. |  |  |  |

Now we would like to ask you about your assessment of general economic developments in Germany over the next twelve months.

QUESTION: What developments do you expect in the following metrics over the next twelve months? Will ...

Please select one answer for each row.

1 = decrease significantly
2 = decrease slightly
3 = stay roughly the same
4 = increase slightly
5 = increase significantly

For more information, please click the (i) button.
the unemployment rate in Germany
b rents in your area
c lending rates
d interest rates on savings accounts
[If drandom1 = 1 2] the inflation rate
e [If drandom1 = 3 | 4] prices in Germany ingeneral
f property prices in your area
g economic growth in Germany


Now we would like you to think more carefully about the inflation rate.

## The inflation rate

Inflation is the percentage increase in the general price level. It is mostly measured using the consumer price index. A decrease in the price level is generally described as "deflation".

| 005A1 | CORE | Inflation expectations qualitative | infdef |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom1= $1 \mid 2$ |  |  |  |

QUESTION: Do you think inflation or deflation is more likely over the next twelve months?
Note: Inflation is the percentage increase in the general price level. It is mostly measured using the consumer price index. A decrease in the price levelis generally described as "deflation".

Please select one answer.
1 = Inflation more likely
2 = Deflation more likely

| O05B1 | CORE | Inflation expectations quantitative | inflexppoint |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom1= $1 / 2$ |  |  |  |
| Both the inflation and deflation rates are entered and stored as positive values. |  |  |  |
| The value of 005A indicates whether the respondent's input describes an inflation |  |  |  |
| or deflation rate. |  |  |  |
| If 005A1 = 1 \| -9997 | -9998 |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: What do you think the rate of inflation will roughly be over the next twelve months? |  |  |  |
| If 005A1 = 2 |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: What do you think the rate of deflation will roughly be over the next twelve months? |  |  |  |
| Note: Inflation is the percentage increase in the general pricelevel. |  |  |  |
| It is mostly measured using the consumer price index. |  |  |  |
| A decrease in the price levelis generally described as "deflation". |  |  |  |
| Please enter a value in the input field (values may have one decimal place). |  |  |  |
| [Input field] percent |  |  |  |


| O05A2 | CORE | Inflation expectations qualitative | infdef |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom1 $=3 \mid 4$ |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: Do you think prices are more likely to increase or decrease over the next twelve |  |  |  |
| months? |  |  |  |
| Please select one answer. |  |  |  |
| $1=$ More likely to increase |  |  |  |
| $2=$ More likely to decrease |  |  |  |


| O05B2 | CORE | Inflation expectations quantitative | inflexppoint |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom1= $3 \mid 4$ |  |  |  |
| Both the inflation and deflation rates are entered and stored as positive values. <br> The value of 005A indicates whether the respondent's input describes increasing or <br> decreasing prices. |  |  |  |
| If 005A2 = 1 \| -9997 | -9998 |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: Byroughly what percentage do you think prices in general will increase over the next |  |  |  |
| twelve months? |  |  |  |
| If 005A2 = 2 |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: Byroughly what percentage do you think prices in general will decrease over the next |  |  |  |
| twelve months? |  |  |  |
| Please entera value in the input field (values may haveone decimal place). |  |  |  |
| [Input field] percent |  |  |  |


| 401A | CORE | Inflation expectations probabilistic | infexprob_[a-j] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom1 $=1$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 401A-D requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum doesn't equal |  |  |  |
| 100. The four questions (401A-D) are stored in the same variables infexprob_[a-j]. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that the rate of inflation will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100, with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100 .
a The rate of deflation (opposite of inflation) will be $12 \%$ or higher.
b The rate of deflation (opposite of inflation) will be between $8 \%$ and $12 \%$.
c The rate of deflation (opposite of inflation) will be between $4 \%$ and $8 \%$.
d The rate of deflation (opposite of inflation) will be between $2 \%$ and $4 \%$.
e The rate of deflation (opposite of inflation) will be between $0 \%$ and $2 \%$.
$\mathrm{f} \quad$ The rate of inflation will be between $0 \%$ and $2 \%$.
$\mathrm{g} \quad$ The rate of inflation will be between $2 \%$ and $4 \%$.
h The rate of inflation will be between $4 \%$ and $8 \%$.
i The rate of inflation will be between $8 \%$ and $12 \%$.
j The rate of inflation will be $12 \%$ or higher.

| 401B | CORE | Inflation expectations probabilistic | infexprob_[a-h] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom1 $=2$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 401A-D requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. The four questions (401A-D) are stored in the same variables |  |  |  |
| infexprob_[a-j]. Categories infexprob_a and infexprob_j are coded as -6666. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that the rate of inflation will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100.
b The rate of deflation (opposite of inflation) will be $8 \%$ or higher.
c The rate of deflation (opposite of inflation) will be between $4 \%$ and $8 \%$.
d The rate of deflation (opposite of inflation) will be between $2 \%$ and $4 \%$.
e The rate of deflation (opposite of inflation) will be between $0 \%$ and $2 \%$.
$\mathrm{f} \quad$ The rate of inflation will be between $0 \%$ and $2 \%$.
g The rate of inflation will be between $2 \%$ and $4 \%$.
$h \quad$ The rate of inflation will be between $4 \%$ and $8 \%$.
i The rate of inflation will be $8 \%$ or higher.

| 401C | CORE | Inflation expectations probabilistic | infexprob_[a-j] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom1 $=3$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 401A-D requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. The four questions (401A-D) are stored in the same variables |  |  |  |
| infexprob_[a-j]. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that prices in general will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100.
a Prices will decrease by $12 \%$ or more.
b Prices will decrease by between $8 \%$ and less than $12 \%$.
c Prices will decrease by between $4 \%$ and less than $8 \%$.
d Prices will decrease by between $2 \%$ and less than $4 \%$.
e Prices will decrease by between $0 \%$ and less than $2 \%$.
f Prices will increase by between $0 \%$ and less than $2 \%$.
g Prices will increase by between $2 \%$ and less than $4 \%$.
h Prices will increase by between $4 \%$ and less than $8 \%$.
i Prices will increase by between $8 \%$ and less than $12 \%$.
j Prices will increase by $12 \%$ or more.

| 401D | CORE | Inflation expectations probabilistic | infexprob_[b-i] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom1 $=4$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 401A-D requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. The four questions (401A-D) are stored in the same variables |  |  |  |
| infexprob_[a-j]. Categories infexprob_a and infexprob_j are coded as -666. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that prices in general will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100 .
b Prices will decrease by $8 \%$ or more.
c Prices will decrease by between $4 \%$ and less than $8 \%$.
d Prices will decrease by between $2 \%$ and less than $4 \%$.
e Prices will decrease by between $0 \%$ and less than $2 \%$.
f Prices will increase by between $0 \%$ and less than $2 \%$.
g Prices will increase by between $2 \%$ and less than $4 \%$.
h Prices will increase by between $4 \%$ and less than $8 \%$.
i Prices will increase by $8 \%$ or more.


| 002 | CORE | Home ownership |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QUESTION: Does your household live in a rented property or an owner-occupied apartment or <br> house? <br> Please select one answer. <br> 1 = Rent and do not own any other home(s) <br> $2=$ Rent but own other home(s) <br> $3=$ Occupy own apartment <br> $4=$ Occupy own house |  |  |


| --- Split sample 2 | RANDOMISATION 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The entire sample is split randomly into two groups. Randomisation dummy (drandom2) |  |
| is used for question 402. |  |
| One factor variable: drandom2 |  |
| $1=$ group A2 |  |
| $2=$ group B2 |  |


| --- | -- | START SPLIT SAMPLE 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 402A | CORE | House price expectations quantitative | exphp_point |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input filter: drandom2 $=1 \& 004 \_f=1\|2\| 4 \mid 5$ |  |  |  |
| Data for questions 402A and 402B are stored in the same variable. |  |  |  |
| If 004_f = 1 \| 2 |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: By roughly what percentage do you think property prices in your area will decrease over |  |  |  |
| the next twelve months? |  |  |  |
| If 004_f = 4\| 5| -9997 | -9998 |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: By roughly what percentage do you think property prices in your area will increase over |  |  |  |
| the next twelve months? |  |  |  |
| Please entera value in the input field (values may have one decimal place). |  |  |  |
| [Input field] percent |  |  |  |


| 402B | CORE | House price expectations quantitative | exphp_point |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input filter: drandom2 $=2$ |  |  |  |
| Data for questions 402A and 402B are stored in the same variable. |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: By what percentage do you think property prices in your area will change over the next |  |  |  |
| twelve months? |  |  |  |
| Please enter a value in the input field (values may have one decimal place. Please use a full stop rather than a comma as |  |  |  |
| the decimal separator. If it is assumed that property prices will fall, please enter a negative value. |  |  |  |
| [Input field] percent |  |  |  |


|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The variable exphp_point2 is automatically created to simplify the filters for question 403D. |  |  |  |
| ```[If drandom2 = 1 & 004_f = 1 \| 2] gen_exphp_point2 = exphp_point*-1 [If drandom2 = 1 & 004_f = 3] gen_exphp_point2 =0 [If drandom2 = 1 & 004_f = 4 | 5 | -9997 | -9998] gen_exphp_point2 =exphp_point [If drandom2 = 2] gen_exphp_point2 =exphp_point [If drandom2 = 1 & 004_f = 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | -9997 | -9998 & exphp_point = -9997 | -9998] gen_exphp_point2 =-9997 | -9998 [If drandom2 = 2 & exphp_point = -9997 | -9998] gen_exphp_point2 =-9997 | -9998``` |  |  |  |


| ---- | END SPLIT SAMPLE 2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| --- | Split sample 3 | RANDOMISATION 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The entire sample is split randomly into four groups. Randomisation dummy |  |  |
| (drandom3) is used for question 403. |  |  |
| One factor variable: drandom3 <br> 1 <br> $2=$ group A3 <br> 3 <br> 3 <br> $4=$ group B3 <br> 4 |  |  |


| --- | START SPLIT SAMPLE 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 403A | CORE | House price expectations probabilistic | exphp_prob_[a-j] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom3 $=1$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 403A-D requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. The four questions (401A-D) are stored in the same variables |  |  |  |
| exphp_prob_[a-j]. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that property prices in your area will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100 .

Decrease by $12 \%$ or more
b Decrease by between $8 \%$ and less than $12 \%$
c Decrease by between $4 \%$ and less than $8 \%$
d Decrease by between $2 \%$ and less than $4 \%$
e Decrease by between $0 \%$ and lessthan $2 \%$
f Increase by between $0 \%$ and less than $2 \%$
g Increase by between $2 \%$ and less than 4\%
h Increase by between 4\% and less than 8\%
i Increase by between 8\% and less than 12\%
j Increase by 12\% or more

| 403B | CORE | House price expectations probabilistic | exphp_prob_[b-i] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom3 $=2$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 403A-D requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. The four questions (401A-D) are stored in the same variables |  |  |  |
| exphp_prob_[a-j]. Categories exphp_prob_a and exphp_prob_j are coded as -6666. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that property prices in your area will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100 .
b Increase by 8\% or more
c Increase by between $4 \%$ and less than $8 \%$
d Increase by between $2 \%$ and less than 4\%
e Increase by lessthan 2\%
f Decrease by lessthan 2\%
g Decrease by between $2 \%$ and less than $4 \%$
h Decrease by between $4 \%$ and less than $8 \%$
i Decrease by $8 \%$ or more

| 403C | CORE | House price expectations probabilistic | exphp_prob_[a-j] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom3 $=3$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 403A-D requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. The four questions (401A-D) are stored in the same variables |  |  |  |
| exphp_prob_[a-j]. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that property prices in your area will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100.
a Increase by 12\% or more
b Increase by between $8 \%$ and less than $12 \%$
c Increase by between 4\% and less than 8\%
d Increase by between 2\% and less than 4\%
e Increase by between $0 \%$ and less than $2 \%$
f Decrease by between $0 \%$ and less than $2 \%$
g Decrease by between $2 \%$ and less than $4 \%$
h Decrease by between $4 \%$ and less than $8 \%$
i Decrease by between $8 \%$ and less than $12 \%$
j Decrease by $12 \%$ or more

| 403D | CORE | House price expectations probabilistic | exphp_prob_[a-j] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom3 $=4$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 403A-D requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. The four questions (401A-D) are stored in the same variables |  |  |  |
| exphp_prob_[a-j]. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that property prices in your area will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100 .


| h | Increase by between $16 \%$ and less than 20\% |  | Increase by between 20\% and less than 24\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| i | Increase by between 20\% and less than 24\% | i | Increase by between $24 \%$ and less than 28\% |
| j | Increase by $24 \%$ or more | j | Increase by $28 \%$ or more |


| -- | -- | END SPLIT SAMPLE 3 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 404 | 6 | Knowledge target ECB | ecbtarget |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QUESTION: The primary objective of the European Central Bank (ECB) is to maintain price stability. |  |  |  |
| What do you think the ECB's target in terms of the rate of price increase is? Does it aim to keep the |  |  |  |
| rate of price increase over the medium term ... |  |  |  |
| Please select one answer. |  |  |  |
| 1 = significantly above $2 \%$ ? |  |  |  |
| $2=$ above, but close to, $2 \%$ ? |  |  |  |
| $3=$ below, but close to, $2 \%$ ? |  |  |  |
| $4=$ significantly below $2 \%$ ? |  |  |  |


| --- | Split sample 4 | RANDOMISATION 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The entire sample is split randomly into four groups. A randomisation dummy |  |  |
| (drandom4) is used for questions 405, 406, 407, 408. |  |  |
| One factor variable: drandom4 |  |  |
| $1=$ group A4 |  |  |
| $2=$ group B4 |  |  |
| $3=$ group C4 |  |  |
| $4=$ group D4 |  |  |


| ---- | START SPLIT SAMPLE 4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| $\mathbf{4 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{6}$ | Inflation goal since euro | euroinf |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom4= 1 | 2 |  |  |

QUESTION: Since the introduction of the euro, how often do you think the annual rate of price increase in the euro area has been between 1\% and 3\%?

Please select one answer.
1 = Significantly more than half of the time
2 = Somewhat more than half of the time
3 = Roughly half of the time
4 = Somewhat less frequently than half of the time
5 = Significantly less frequently than half of the time

| 406A | $\mathbf{6}$ | ECB point target | ecbinf_[a-d] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom4 $=1$ |  |  |  |
| Data for questions 406A and $406 B$ are stored in the same variable. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: Assume that the ECB aims to maintain an annual rate of price increase of $\mathbf{2 \%}$ over the medium term. In your opinion, how likely is it that the annual rate of price increase would develop as follows over the medium term?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100, with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100 .
a The rate of price increase will be below $1 \%$.
b The rate of price increase will be between $1 \%$ and $3 \%$.
c The rate of price increase will be above $3 \%$.
[If ecbinf_b > 0]
Question: And in your opinion, under the same assumption (that the ECB is aiming for an annual rate of price increase of $2 \%$ over the medium term), how likely is it that the rate of price increase will be between $1.5 \%$ and $2.5 \%$ over the medium term?
d The annual rate of price increase is [Input field] percent likely to be between $1.5 \%$ and $2.5 \%$ over the medium term.
Note: Please enter a value between 0 and [ecbinf_b].
[Limits for ecbinf_d = 0 to ecbinf_b]

| 406B | $\mathbf{6}$ | ECB midpoint ofinterval | ecbinf_[a-d] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom4 $=2$ |  |  |  |
| Data for questions 406A and 406 B are stored in the same variable. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: Assume that the ECB aims to achieve annual rates of price increase in the range of 1\% to $3 \%$ over the medium term, oriented around the $2 \%$ midpoint. In your opinion, how likely is it that the annual rate of price increase would develop as follows over the medium term?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100
a The rate of price increase will be below 1\%.
b The rate of price increase will be between $1 \%$ and $3 \%$.
c The rate of price increase will be above 3\%.
[If ecbinf_b > 0]
Question: And in your opinion, under the same assumption (that the ECB is aiming for an annual rate of price increase in the range of $1 \%$ to $3 \%$ over the medium term, oriented around the $2 \%$ midpoint), how likely is it that the rate of price increase will be between $1.5 \%$ and $2.5 \%$ over the medium term?

Note: Please enter a value between 0 and [ecbinf_b].
Please enter a value in the input field (values may have one decimal place)
d The annual rate of price increase is [Input field] percent likely to be between $1.5 \%$ and $2.5 \%$ over the medium term.

Note: Please enter a value between 0 and [ecbinf_b].
[Limits for ecbinf_d = 0 to ecbinf_b]

| 407A | $\mathbf{6}$ | Reaction of ECB to inflation 1 | ecbreact1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom4 $=3$ |  |  |  |
| Data for questions 407A and 407B are stored in the same variable. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: If the rate of price increase is higher than the ECB is aiming for, the ECB can use a variety of monetary policy instruments to dampen the rise in prices.

Assume that the ECB aims to maintain an annual rate of price increase of $\mathbf{2 \%}$ over the medium term. In your opinion, how strong or reserved should the ECB's response be in the event of the actual annual rate of price increase climbing by 0.7 percentage point, from $2 \%$ to $\mathbf{2 . 7 \%}$ ?
Please select one answer.
$1=$ No reaction
$2=$ Weak reaction
$3=$ Moderate reaction
$4=$ Strong reaction
$5=$ Extremely strong reaction

| 408A | R | Reaction ofECB to inflation $\mathbf{2}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ecbreact2 |  |  |
| Droup filter: drandom4 $=3$ |  |  |
| QUESTION: Keep assuming that the ECB aims for an annual rate of price increase of 2\% over the |  |  |
| medium term. |  |  |
| In your opinion, how strong or reserved should the ECB's response be in the event of the actual |  |  |
| annual rate of price increase climbing by $\mathbf{1 . 4}$ percentage points, from 2\% to 3.4\%? |  |  |
| Please select one answer. |  |  |
| $1=$ No reaction |  |  |
| $2=$ Weak reaction |  |  |
| $3=$ Moderate reaction |  |  |
| $4=$ Strong reaction |  |  |
| $5=$ Extremely strong reaction |  |  |


| 407B | $\mathbf{6}$ | Reaction ofECB to inflation 3 | ecbreact1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom4 $=4$ |  |  |  |
| Data for questions 407A and $407 B$ are stored in the same variable. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: If the rate of price increase is higher than the ECB is aiming for, the ECB can use a variety of instruments to dampen the rise in prices.

Assume that the ECB aims to achieve annual rates of price increase in the range of 1\% to 3\% over the medium term, oriented around the $2 \%$ midpoint. In your opinion, how strong or reserved should the ECB's response be in the event of the actual annual rate of price increase climbing by 0.7 percentage point, from $2 \%$ to $2.7 \%$.

```
1 = No reaction
2 = Weak reaction
3 = Moderate reaction
4 = Strong reaction
5 = Extremely strong reaction
```

| 408B | $\mathbf{6}$ | Reaction ofECB to inflation 4 | ecbreact2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom4 $=4$ |  |  |  |
| Data for questions 408A and 408B are stored in the same variable. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: Keep assuming that the ECB aims to achieve annual rates of price increase in the range of $\mathbf{1 \%}$ to $\mathbf{3 \%}$ over the medium term, oriented around the $2 \%$ midpoint.

In your opinion, how strong or reserved should the ECB's response be in the event of the actual annual rate of price increase climbing by 1.4 percentage points, from $\mathbf{2 \%}$ to $\mathbf{3 . 4 \%}$ ?

```
1 = No reaction
2 = Weak reaction
3 = Moderate reaction
4 = Strong reaction
5 = Extremely strong reaction
```

$\square$

| 409A | Z | Change in payment behaviour 1 | payment1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QUESTION: Thinking about purchases you have made in stores over the past few weeks, have you |  |  |  |
| changed your payment behaviour at the point of sale, i.e. with regard to which means of payment |  |  |  |
| you use, or have you not changed anything? |  |  |  |
| Please select one answer. |  |  |  |
| $1=$ Yes, I have changed my payment behaviour. |  |  |  |
| $2=$ No, I have not changed my payment behaviour. |  |  |  |


| 409B | Z | Change in payment behaviour 2 | payment2_[a-d] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input filter: payment1 $=1$ |  |  |  |
| Order of the categories a to d is generated randomly for each respondent. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: Over the past few weeks, have you used the following means of payment more frequently, less frequently or as frequently as usual to pay for purchases in shops?

Please select one answer for each row.

1 = More frequently
= Less frequently
3 = As frequently as usual
4 = I do not own/do not generally use this means of payment
Cash
Contactless payment by card
Inserting a card into the terminal plus PIN or signature
Mobile payment using a smartphone

| $\mathbf{4 1 0}$ | PRO 03 | Perceived problems | percprob_[a-e] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Order of the six categories is generated randomly for each respondent. |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: To what extent do you think the following developments/matters are a serious problem |  |  |  |
| at present? |  |  |  |
| Please select one answer for each row. |  |  |  |
| 1 = No problem at all |  |  |  |
| 2 -> 9 [no label] |  |  |  |
| $10=$ An extremely serious problem |  |  |  |
| Please select the answers that apply. |  |  |  |
| a Climate change |  |  |  |
| b Brexit |  |  |  |
| c Coronavirus pandemic |  |  |  |
| d Refugee situation in Greece, Syria and Turkey |  |  |  |
| e The economy |  |  |  |



| 412 | PRO 04 | Liquidity and credit constraints | constr_[a-b] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QUESTION: Do you have or do you anticipate difficulties in covering your current expenditure in the |  |  |  |
| near future due to the coronavirus pandemic? |  |  |  |
| Over the next month, I anticipate ... |  |  |  |
| Please select one answer. <br> $1=$ no difficulties, as my household's income will be sufficient <br> $2=$ no difficulties, as I can draw on savings <br> $3=$ some difficulties, but I can borrow money or take out a loan if needed <br> $4=$ some difficulties, and I will probably be unable to borrow money or take out a loan <br> Over the next three months, I anticipate ... <br> Please select one answer. <br> $1=$ no difficulties, as my household's income will be sufficient <br> $2=$ no difficulties, as I can draw on savings <br> $3=$ some difficulties, but I can borrow money or take out a loan if needed <br> $4=$ some difficulties, and I will probably be unable to borrow money or take out a loan |  |  |  |


| ----- | Definition income | - |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Now we would like to ask you about your expectations for your household's average monthly net income over the next twelve months.

This refers to the total amount, comprising wages, salaries, income from self-employment and pensions, in each case after deducting tax and social security contributions. In this amount, please include any income received through public aid, earnings from rental or leasing, housing allowance, child benefits and any other sources of income. Please assume that taxes and social security contributions will remain unchanged.

| --- Split sample 5 | RANDOMISATION 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The entire sample is split randomly into two groups. Randomisation dummy (drandom5) |  |
| is used for the questions 413 and 418. |  |
| One factor variable: drandom5 |  |
| $1=$ group A5 |  |
| $2=$ group B5 |  |


| ---- | START SPLIT SAMPLE 5 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 413A | PRO 04 | Income expectations probability | incexp_[a-I] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom5 $=1$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 413A/413B requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. Data for questions $413 A / 413 B$ are stored in the same variables. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that your household's average monthly net income will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100, with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories must add up to 100 .

```
Fall by €2,000 or more
b Fall by between €1,500 and less than €2,000
c Fall by between €1,000 and less than €1,500
d Fall by between €500 and less than €1,000
e Fall by between €250 and less than €500
f Fall by between €0 and lessthan €250
g Increase by between €0 and lessthan €250
h Increase by between €250 and less than €500
i Increase by between €500 and less than €1,000
j Increase by between €1,000 and lessthan €1,500
k Increase by between €1,500 and less than €2,000
l Increase by €2,000 or more
```

| 413B | PRO 04 | Income expectations probability | incexp_[a-I] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom5 $=2$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 413A/413B requires the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. Data for questions $413 \mathrm{~A} / 413 \mathrm{~B}$ are stored in the same variables. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that your household's average monthly net income will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories must add up to 100 .

I Increase by $€ 2,000$ or more
k Increase by between $€ 1,500$ and less than $€ 2,000$
j Increase by between €1,000 and less than €1,500
i Increase by between $€ 500$ and less than $€ 1,000$
h Increase by between $€ 250$ and less than $€ 500$
g Increase by between $€ 0$ and less than $€ 250$
f Fall by between $€ 0$ and less than $€ 250$
e Fall by between $€ 250$ and less than $€ 500$
d Fall by between $€ 500$ and less than $€ 1,000$
c Fall by between $€ 1,000$ and less than $€ 1,500$
b Fall by between $€ 1,500$ and less than $€ 2,000$
a Fall by $€ 2,000$ or more


| 414 | PRO 05 | Stock market expectations | stockexp_[a-c] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QUESTION: The German stock index (DAX) stood at 9816 points on 30 March 2020. Where do you |  |  |  |
| think the DAX will stand in twelve months' time? |  |  |  |
| Probably at Input field] points |  |  |  |
| And assuming the DAX develops better or worse than you expected, what do you think would be the |  |  |  |
| lowest and highest possible level of the DAX in twelve months' time that can be realistically |  |  |  |
| assumed? |  |  |  |
| Please enter a value in both fields: |  |  |  |
| At least [Input field] points [Limits = 0 to 100000] |  |  |  |
| At most [Input field] points [Limits = 0 to 100000] |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{4 1 5}$ | PRO 04, PRO 05 | Expectations qualitative | news_corona_[a-e] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Order of the five categories is generated randomly for each respondent. |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: How closely do you follow the news on the coronavirus pandemic? |  |  |  |
| Please select one answer for each row. |  |  |  |
| $1=$ Very closely |  |  |  |
| 2 = Closely |  |  |  |
| $3=$ In passing |  |  |  |
| $4=$ Not at all |  |  |  |
| News on ... |  |  |  |
| a the impact on everyday life |  |  |  |
| b the impact on economic growth |  |  |  |
| c the impact on the financial markets |  |  |  |
| d monetary policy measures ofthe European Central Bank (ECB) |  |  |  |
| e fiscal policy measures of the Federal Government |  |  |  |


| 416 | PRO 04, PRO 05 | Losses due to coronavirus | earnfinlos_corona_[a-c] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Question: Have you experienced a loss of income or other financial losses (e.g. in equities, etc.) in <br> connection with the coronavirus pandemic? <br> $1=$ Item named <br> $2=$ Item not named <br> Please select all answers thatapply. <br> a Yes - loss of income [multiple answers allowed] <br> b Yes - other financial losses [multiple answers allowed] <br> c No - neither loss of income nor financial losses [single answer allowed] |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{4 1 7}$ | PRO 04 | Restriction public life | restr_corona_[a-b] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Respondents are only allowed to fill in the input field. The variable |  |  |  |
| restr_corona_a indicates the selected unit (day, week, or month) and the variable |  |  |  |
| restr_corona_b indicates the value given for the selected unit. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: How long do you think the restrictions on events and gatheringscaused by the coronavirus pandemic will last? For ...

Please enter the number that you think is most likely. You can enter the value either in days, weeks or months.
$1=$ days [Range of valid values: 0 to 730]
2 =weeks [Range of valid values: 0 to 106]
3 = months [Range of valid values: 0 to 24]
[Input field] days, weeks or months

| --- | Rplit sample 6 |
| :--- | :--- |
| The entire sample is split randomly into six groups. Randomisation dummy (drandom6) |  |
| is used for the treatment. |  |
| One factor variable: drandom6 |  |
| $1=$ group A6 |  |
| $2=$ group B6 |  |
| $3=$ group C6 |  |
| $4=$ group D6 |  |
| $5=$ group E6 |  |
| $6=$ group F6 |  |


| --- | -- | START SPLIT SAMPLE 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  | --- | Treatment | --- |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| [if drandom6 = 1] |  |  |  |

Now we would like to show you a summary of the measures the European Commission has implemented to promote human rights and democracy.

The European Commission has set out priorities and next steps to be taken in the area of human rights and democracy, and has passed the EU Action Plan on Human Rights and Democracy for the period 2020-2024. The aim of this plan is to enable decisions on matters of human rights and democracy to be made more quickly and effectively.

```
[if drandom6 = 2]
```

Now we would like to show you a summary of the possible economic consequences of the coronavirus pandemic.
We are experiencing the first truly global economic crisis since the Great Depression of 1929. The financial crisis of 200809 also hit the industrialised countries in particular. Many emerging market economies collapsed for a short time, but recovered quickly. The coronavirus pandemic, however, is directly affecting the real economy. According to experts, there will be a deep recession.
[if drandom6 = 3]
Now we would like to show you a summary of the possible economic consequences of the coronavirus pandemic.

There is a high degree of uncertainty about the economic consequences of the coronavirus pandemic. The exact outcomes will depend on how the virus spreads and how quickly the implications for health and for the economy can be successfully contained. Expert opinions on this subject differ greatly.
[if drandom6 = 4]
The European Central Bank (ECB) is responsible for monetary policy throughout the euro area, including Germany. Now we would like to show you a summary of the monetary policy measures initiated by the ECB with regard to the coronavirus pandemic.

On 19 March 2020, the ECB launched the pandemicemergency purchase programme (PEPP) with a total volume of $€ 750$ billion, which is valid until the end of the year. It is available to all countries and will remain in force untilthe ECB considers the coronavirus pandemic to have ended.
[if drandom6 = 5]
Now we would like to show you a summary of the measures taken by the Federal Government to combat the economic impact of the coronavirus pandemic.

The Federal Government haslaunched an assistance package for employees, self-employed persons and enterprises. The package totals $€ 750$ billion. $€ 600$ billion in assistance funds will be provided to enterprises. $€ 400$ billion of this is envisaged to take the form of guarantees.
[if drandom6 = 6]
Now we would like to show you a statement made by a member of the Federal Government on the measures taken to combat the economic impact of the coronavirus pandemic.
"We have the financial strength to cope with this crisis. There is enough money available and we are putting it to good use. We will take all the measures necessary to protect employees and enterprises. Everyone can be sure of that."

| ---- | END SPLIT SAMPLE 6 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| --- | BACK TO SPLIT SAMPLE 5 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 418A | PRO 04 | Income expectations probability | incexp_post_[a-I] |
| Group filter: drandom5 $=1$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 418A/418B requires the sum of the variables to be 100. <br> The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the <br> question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not <br> equal 100. Data for questions $418 A / 418 B$ are stored in the same variables. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that your household's average monthly net income will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories must add up to 100.
a Fall by $€ 2,000$ or more
b Fall by between $€ 1,500$ and less than $€ 2,000$
c Fall by between $€ 1,000$ and less than $€ 1,500$
d Fall by between $€ 500$ and less than $€ 1,000$
e Fall by between $€ 250$ and less than $€ 500$
f Fall by between $€ 0$ and less than $€ 250$
g Increase by between $€ 0$ and less than $€ 250$
h Increase by between $€ 250$ and less than $€ 500$
i Increase by between $€ 500$ and less than $€ 1,000$
j Increase by between $€ 1,000$ and less than $€ 1,500$
k Increase by between $€ 1,500$ and less than $€ 2,000$
I Increase by $€ 2,000$ or more

| 418B | PRO 04 | Income expectations probability | incexp_post_[a-l] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom5 $=2$ |  |  |  |
| The programming of questions 418A/418B required the sum of the variables to be 100. |  |  |  |
| The current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. Data for questions 418A/418B are stored in the same variables. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that your household's average monthly net income will change as follows over the next twelve months?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100, with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories must add up to 100 .

I Increase by between $€ 2,000$ or more
k Increase by between $€ 1,500$ and less than $€ 2,000$
j Increase by between $€ 1,000$ and less than $€ 1,500$
i Increase by between $€ 500$ and less than $€ 1,000$
h Increase by between $€ 250$ and less than $€ 500$
g Increase by between $€ 0$ and less than $€ 250$
f Fall by between $€ 0$ and lessthan $€ 250$
e Fall by between $€ 250$ and less than $€ 500$
d Fall by between $€ 500$ and less than $€ 1,000$
c Fall by between $€ 1,000$ and less than $€ 1,500$
b Fall by between $€ 1,500$ and less than $€ 2,000$
a Fall by between $€ 2,000$ or more


| $\mathbf{4 1 9}$ | PRO 04, PRO 05 | GDP expectations probability | expgdp_[a-h] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The programming of question 419 requires the sum of the variables to be 100. The <br> current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the <br> question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not <br> equal 100. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely is it that German economic output will develop as follows over the next twelve months?

The economic output of a country is estimated using gross domestic product (GDP). It measures the value of all goods and services produced by the economy over a given period of time.

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100, with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100 .
a Increase by 15\% or more
b Increase by between 10\% and less than 15\%
c Increase by between 5\% and less than $10 \%$
d Increase by between 0\% and less than 5\%
e Fall by between $0 \%$ and less than $5 \%$
f Fall by between $5 \%$ and less than $10 \%$
g Fall by between $10 \%$ and less than $15 \%$
h Fall by $15 \%$ or more

| 420 | PRO 05 | House price expectations | hpxp_post_[a-c] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

QUESTION: What do you think: by approximately what percentage will property prices in your area change over the next twelve months?

Note: Please enter a value in the input field (values may have one decimal place). Please use a full stop rather than a comma as the decimal separator. If it is assumed that property prices will fall, please enter a negative value.

Probability: [Input field] percent [Limits $=-100$ to 100]

And assuming that property prices fall or rise to a greater extent than you expected, what do you think would be the lowest and highest possible change in property prices in your area over the next twelve months that can be realistically assumed?

Note: Please enter a value in the input field (values may have one decimal place). Please use a full stop rather than a comma as the decimal separator. If it is assumed that property prices will fall, please enter a negative value.)

At least: [Input field] percent [Limits $=-100$ to 100]
At most: [Input field] percent [Limits = -100 to 100]

| 421A | PRO 04 | Probability job loss/job finding 1 | prob_job1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QUESTION: Which of the following best describes your status? |  |  |  |
| Please select one answer. |  |  |  |
| $1=1$ am in employment. <br> $2=1$ am seeking employment and am currently unemployed. <br> $3=$ Neither answer applies. |  |  |  |


| 421B | PRO 04 | Probability job loss/job finding 2 | prob_job2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input filter: 421A $=1 \mid 2$ |  |  |  |
| [if 412A $=1]$ |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely are you to lose your job over the next twelve months? |  |  |  |
| Note: Please enter a value between 0 and 100. |  |  |  |
| Please enter a value in the input field (up to one decimal place may be used). |  |  |  |
| [Input field] percent |  |  |  |
| [if 412A = 2] |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: In your opinion, how likely are you to find a job over the next twelve months? |  |  |  |
| Note: Please enter a value between 0 and 100. |  |  |  |
| Please enter a value in the input field (up to one decimal place may be used). |  |  |  |
| [Input field] percent |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{4 2 2}$ | PRO05 | Stock market expectations probability | stockexp_post_[a-f] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The programming of question 422 requires the sum of the variables to be 100. The |  |  |  |
| current sum of all entered points is shown to the respondent when answering the |  |  |  |
| question. Respondents are asked to correct their responses if the sum does not |  |  |  |
| equal 100. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: The next question concerns investment in the stock market. Please think of an equity fund whose development is reflected in the German stock index (DAX).

Now assume that someone invests $€ 10,000$ in this fund for a total period of twelve months. In your opinion, how likely is it that such an investment will have the following value in twelve months' time?

Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100 , with 0 meaning that an event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your opinion. Please note that your answers to the categories have to add up to 100 .
a $€ 13,000$ or more
b $€ 11,000$ to less than $€ 13,000$
c $€ 10,000$ to less than $€ 11,000$
d $€ 9,000$ to less than $€ 10,000$
e $€ 7,000$ to less than $€ 9,000$
f Less than $€ 7,000$

| --- | Split sample 7 |
| :--- | :--- |
| The entire sample is split randomly into two groups. Randomisation dummy (drandom8) |  |
| is used for question 423. |  |
| One factor variable: drandom7 |  |
| $1=$ group A7 |  |
| $2=$ group B7 |  |


| ---- | START SPLIT SAMPLE 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 423 | PRO 05 | Portfolio choice problem | portchoice |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QUESTION: Imagine you are about to decide to invest $€ 10,000$ for a period of twelve months. You |  |  |  |
| have two investments to choose from. |  |  |  |
| - Investment A pays a return that is calculated based on the development of the German stock index |  |  |  |
| (DAX) over the next twelve months. |  |  |  |
| - Investment B pays a fixed annual return of 1\%. |  |  |  |
| [if drandom7 =1] |  |  |  |
| Please indicate the exact amount you would invest in Investment A. |  |  |  |
| [Input field] |  |  |  |
| [if drandom7 = 2] |  |  |  |
| Please indicate the exact amount you would invest in each Investment B. |  |  |  |
| [Input field] |  |  |  |


| --- | -- | END SPLIT SAMPLE 7 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 424 | CORE | Big ticket items | spendbig_[a-d] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| QUESTION: Please indicate in each case how likely you think it is that over the next twelve months |  |  |  |
| you will.... |  |  |  |
| Note: The aim of this question is to determine how likely you think it is that something specific will happen in the future. |  |  |  |
| You can rate the likelihood on a scale from 0 to 100, with 0 meaning thatan event is completely unlikely and 100 meaning |  |  |  |
| that you are absolutely certain it will happen. Use values between the two extremes to moderate the strength of your |  |  |  |
| opinion. |  |  |  |
| [Limit for each category: 0 to 100] |  |  |  |
| a buya house or an apartment? [Input field] |  |  |  |
| b buya car? [Input field] |  |  |  |
| c make other major purchases (furniture, fridge, electrical appliances, etc.)? [ Input field] |  |  |  |
| d build up additional financial reserves? [Input field] |  |  |  |


| --- | Split sample 8 | RANDOMISATION 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The entire sample is split randomly into two groups. Randomisation dummy (drandom8) |  |  |
| is used for question 425. |  |  |
| One factor variable: drandom8 |  |  |
| $1=$ group A8 |  |  |
| $2=$ group B8 |  |  |


| --- | -- | START SPLIT SAMPLE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 425A | PRO 05 | Credit demand | creditdem_[a-c] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom8 $=1$ |  |  |  |
| Data for questions 425A and 425B are stored in the same variables. |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: Imagine you were to make one of the above purchases over the next twelve months. |  |  |  |
| What share of the purchase would you finance using a loan? (You would have to use your own |  |  |  |
| savings or income for the remaining amount.) |  |  |  |
| [Limit for each category: 0 to 100] |  |  |  |
| a Share ofthe purchase ofa house or apartment financed using debt [Input field] |  |  |  |
| b Share ofthe purchase of car financed using debt [Input field] |  |  |  |
| c Share ofother major purchases financed using debt (furniture, fridge, electrical appliances, etc.) [Input |  |  |  |
| field] |  |  |  |


| 425B | PRO 05 | Credit demand | creditdem_[a-c] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Group filter: drandom8 $=2$ |  |  |  |
| Data for questions 425A and 425B are stored in the same variables. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: Imagine you would make one of the above purchases over the next twelve months. What share of the purchase would you finance using your own funds (savings, income)? (You would have to take out a loan for the remaining amount.)
[Limit for each category: 0 to 100]
a Share of the purchase of a house or apartment financed using equity [Input field]
b Share of the purchase of a car financed using equity [Input field]
c Share of other major purchases financed using equity (furniture, fridge, electrical appliances, etc.) [Input field]

| ---- | END SPLIT SAMPLE 8 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |


| 009 | CORE | Feedback questions |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| We would now like you to answer a few questions regarding your assessment of the survey. |  |  |
| QUESTION: How interesting did you find the survey overall? |  |  |
| 1 = Very interesting |  |  |
| 2 = Interesting |  |  |
| 3 = Partly interesting/partly uninteresting |  |  |
| 4 = Not so interesting |  |  |
| 5 = Not interesting at all |  |  |
| QUESTION: How easy or difficult was it to answer the questions overall? |  |  |
| 1 = Very difficult |  |  |
| 2 = Somewhat difficult |  |  |
| 3 = Partly difficult/partly easy |  |  |
| 4 = Somewhat easy |  |  |
| 5 = Very easy |  |  | | QUESTION: How did you find the length of the survey? |
| :--- |
| 1 = Far too long |
| 2 = Somewhat too long |
| 3 = Just right |
| 4 = Somewhat too short |
| 5 = Far too short |


| $\mathbf{0 1 0}$ | CORE | Open feedback question | feedbackopen |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Variable is not included in the scientific use file. |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: Did you have problems answering any of the questions? If yes: which questions or <br> topics? <br> Please select one answer. <br> 1 = Yes: which questions or topics? [Input field] <br> $2=$ No |  |  |  |


| $\mathbf{0 1 1}$ | CORE | Feedback on aids used | feedbackhelp_[a,b] |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| The input field for feedbackhelp_b is activated if feedbackhelp_a=1. Variable <br> feedbackhelp_b is not included in the scientific use file. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: Did you use any resources to answer the questions and, if so, what were they?

```
Please select one answer.
1=Yes,[Input field]
2=No
```

| eastwest1989 | CORE | RESIDENCE IN 1989 | eastwest1989 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input filter: age $>28$ |  |  |  |
| QUESTION: Which part of Germany were you living in shortly before the fall of the Berlin Wall on 9 <br> November 1989? <br> Please select one answer. <br> $1=$ In eastern Germany, the former GDR <br> $2=$ In western Germany, the Federal Republic of Germany <br> $3=$ I moved to Germany after 1989 |  |  |  |


| eduschool | SOZ | EDUCATION SCHOOL | eduschool |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Note: Categories are different from those in waves 1 to 3. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: What is your highest level of educational attainment?
Please select one answer.
1 = Still at school
2 = Completed lower secondary school
3 = Completed higher secondary school
4 = Polytechnical secondary school certificate, 10th grade
5 = University of applied sciences entrance diploma/completed technical school
$6=$ General or subject-specific university entrance diploma/senior school-leaving certificate (from a grammar school)/East
German secondary school up to 12 th grade (also with apprenticeship)
7 = Other school-leaving certificate
$8=$ No school-leaving certificate (and currently not a student)

| eduwork | SOZ | PROFESSIONAL EDUCATION |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input filter: eduschool $>1$ | eduwork |  |

QUESTION: What level of vocational training or university degree do you have? Please think of your highest qualification here.

## Please select one answer.

1 = Currently in training or studying (bachelor's degree not yet completed)
2 = Completed vocational training (apprenticeship)
3 = Completed vocational training (vocational school or commercial college)
4= Completed training at a technical or commercial college, school for master craftsmen or engineers or university of cooperative education with short preparation time (up to 880 hours)
$5=$ Completed training at a university of cooperative education with long preparation time (more than 880 hours)
6 = Bachelor's degree, applied sciences degree, completed training at an engineering college
7 = Diploma or master's degree, completed teacher training course
8 = Doctorate/postdoctoral qualification obtained
$9=$ Other professional qualification
$10=$ No vocational training completed (and currently not in training/studying)

| employ | SOZ | Employ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Note: Categories are different from those in waves 1 to 3. |  |  |
| QUESTION: Which of the following best describes your employment status? |  |  |
| Please select one answer. |  |  |
| 1 = In full-time employment (including apprenticeship) |  |  |
| 2 = In part-time employment (including phased retirement) |  |  |
| $3=$ In casual or irregular employment (including paid internship and integration measures) |  |  |
| $4=$ On maternity leave/parental leave/longer-term sick leave/other leave. Planning to return to work. |  |  |
| 5 = Unemployed (officially registered) |  |  |
| $6=$ At school, university or in an unpaid internship |  |  |
| $7=$ Retiree or pensioner |  |  |
| $8=$ Retired early or about to retire (including unfit for work or reduced ability to work) |  |  |
| $9=$ Federal volunteer service/voluntary year |  |  |
| $10=$ Homemaker |  |  |
| 11 = Other form of non-employment |  |  |


| profession | SOZ | profession |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input filter: employ $=1$ <br> waves 1 to 3. | $2\|3\| 4$. Note: Categories are different from those in |  |

QUESTION: Which professional status currently applies to you?

```
Please select one answer.
1 = Non-salaried employee, including in agriculture
2 = Salaried employee
3 = Civil servant, including judge, career soldier and regularsoldier
4 = Self-employed or entrepreneur (including self-employed farmer) without employees
5 = Self-employed or entrepreneur (including self-employed farmer) with employees
6 = Trainee/intern
7 = Unpaid family worker
8=Other
```

| hhsize | SOZ | HOUSEHOLDSIZE | hhsize |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QUESTION: How many persons live permanently in your household, including yourself? Please also consider all children living in your household. |  |  |  |
| Please enter a value in the input field. |  |  |  |
| [Input field] |  |  |  |


| hhchildnum | SOZ | HOUSEHOLD CHILDREN |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | hhchildren.

QUESTION: Please state the age of your children, starting with the oldest child.
Oldest child [Input field]
Second-oldest child [Input field]
... -oldest child [Input field]

| hhinc | SOZ | HOUSEHOLD INCOME | hhinc |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Note: Categories are different from those in waves 1 to 3. |  |  |  |

QUESTION: How high is the total monthly net income of your household?
This refers to the total amount, comprising wages, salaries, income from self-employment and pensions, in each case after deducting taxand social security contributions.

In this amount, please include any income received through public aid, earnings from rental or leasing, housing allowance, child benefits and any other sources of income.

```
1 = Less than €500
2 = €500 to €999
3 = €1,000 to €1,499
4 = €1,500 to €1,999
5 = €2,000 to €2,499
6 = €2,500 to € 2,999
7 = €3,000 to €3,499
8 = €3,500 to €3,999
9 = €4,000 to €4,999
10=€5,000 to €5,999
11 = €6,000 to €7,999
12 = €8,000 to €9,999
13 = €10,000 or more
```

| pinc | SOZ | PERSONAL INCOME | pinc |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Input filter: hhsize > 1. If pinc > hhinc, both hhinc and pinc are asked again. <br> Note: Categories are different from those in waves 1 to 3. $\mathbf{l}$ |  |  |  |

QUESTION: And how high is your total personal monthly net income?

```
1 = Less than €500
2 = €500 to €999
3 = €1,000 to €1,499
4 = €1,500 to €1,999
5 = €2,000 to €2,499
6 = €2,500 to €2,999
7 = €3,000 to €3,499
8 = €3,500 to €3,999
9 = €4,000 to €4,999
10 = €5,000 to €5,999
11= €6,000 or more
```

|  | FORSA | Automatically recorded |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Information that is included by forsa. |  |  |  |
| Description |  |  | Variable name |
| Age of respondent |  |  | age |
| Gender of respondent |  |  | gender |
| 1 = Male |  |  |  |
| 2 = Female |  |  |  |
| 3 = Other |  |  |  |
| Sampling weights |  |  | weights |
| Bundesland |  |  | state |
| Size of town where respondent lives |  |  | citysize |
| Regional classification according to bik |  |  | bik |
| Official municipality key |  |  | ags |
| Date (day/month/year) and time (start and end, hour and minute) of interview |  |  |  |
| Duration of interview in seconds |  |  | duration |
| Number of interruptions |  |  | interruptions |
| Type of device used |  |  | device |
| 1 = Desktop computer |  |  |  |
| 2 = Smartphone |  |  |  |
| 3 = Tablet |  |  |  |
| Name and version of browser used |  |  | browser |
| Height and width of browser window |  |  |  |
| Name and version of operating system |  |  | os |

